"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Thunderstorms probable today; Friday fair; fresh south winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,684. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Elsewhere N. Y. State, N. J., Conn. | THREE CENTS Other States.

ONLY TWO STATES REPORT FIGURES ON REGISTRATION

Vermont and Delaware Drop Below Estimates, but 10,000,000 Total Is Expected.

LARGER STATES YET TO COME

Returns Show Exemption Claims Are Very Numerous, and Rules May Be Tightened.

PLANNING FOR THE DRAFT

War Department Soon to Issue the Rules for Exemptions—Few Slackers Reported.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The estimate of the number of men registered under the provisions of the draft law was still placed at 10,000,000 men here tonight, although the official reports from Delaware, Vermont, and the District of Columbia and estimates from several other States which were received by Provost Marshal General Crowder indicated that there had been a slight falling off from the mark set by the Census Bureau. Returns from other States which had not submitted figures, it was believed, would go far to make up the deficiencies. Another estimate made here tonight, which was unofficial, was that the registration might fall 6 per cent. below the census, or about 9,600,000.

The meagre official returns showed that the percentage of those who had claimed exemption was large—in some cases more than half of the total number registered—and if this proves true in other parts of the country, when final returns are in, there may be a tightening of the exemption rules. It had been predicted that few on registration day would indicate their position in this regard. The official reports received tonight follow:

State.	Estimated Total.	Number Registered.	Indicated Exemptions.
Delaware	29,855	21,864	12,051
Dist. of Columbia	86,928	32,327	19,780
Vermont	96,620	27,488	13,254

Some of the States in which the canvass had not been completed forwarded estimates of their total registration. These included an estimate of 950,000 for Pennsylvania, whose eligibles the Census Bureau figures had placed at 876,378. Michigan State officials sent an estimate of 325,000, against a census estimate of 328,154; Rhode Island, 52,802, against 60,790; New Jersey, 304,228, against 309,563, and Wisconsin, 218,700, against 229,897. The Governors of Missouri and Ohio said that their reports would be delayed because of storms. A report received here from New York State, said that the total registration probably would exceed the estimate.

In studying the figures here tonight officials pointed out that the numbers by which one or two cities alone had exceeded the estimates would wipe out the entire deficiency of smaller States.

In some of these cities registration still was in progress today, the Attorney General having approved the action of Provost Marshal General Crowder in authorizing an extension of time where cards were lacking or where the registration machinery proved otherwise inadequate to its task.

Until the records or the great manufacturing centres are completed, results of the registration cannot be gauged accurately. General Crowder said tonight that it was not to be expected that the registration figures would check with the census estimates, if for no other reason because hundreds of thousands of men in the army and navy and National Guard were not required to register.

Few Slackers Reported.

Messages from Governors all over the country show that there are relatively few slackers to be dealt with. Already the machinery of the Government is moving to bring these few to a reckoning.

The chief factor in bringing them to book, however, will not be legal processes. General Crowder and the forces of the Department of Justice place full reliance in the people themselves in bringing forward these shirkers. No plan that would serve that end will be overlooked. No man skulking in temporary safety because he is a stranger in his community, or because his age is not known, will escape if the processes of law can bring him to an accounting. But it is upon the indignation of men and women whose sons or other kin have faced the issue with courage and cheerfully recorded their names that the Government chiefly depends to bring slackers into the open.

Exemption Rules Prepared.

As the registration figures came in tonight the work of preparing for the next great step proceeded without interruption. Already the regulations which will govern exemptions are virtually complete. It is probable that a few days will see them duly promulgated by President Wilson and the work of assembling the boards in each community under way. The personal honor of the President, of Secretary Baker, and of every member of Congress who voted for the bill stands pledged to the statement that even-handed justice and fairness to all men, high or low, white or black, will govern in the great task.

Much must be done before the names of those who will compose the armies can be enrolled. Millions of registration cards must be examined and classified. Those who are wholly unfitted physically for a soldier's grim business must be eliminated; the quotas of the States must be assigned; the machinery for distributing this quota equally through every remote county or precinct of each state must be perfected.

The local exemption boards will almost equal in number the registration precincts. Assurance has been given that

Continued on Page 3.

Luxemburg Workers Strike Because of High Prices

GENEVA, June 6, (via Paris.)—The Gazette de Lausanne says that it learns that a general strike has begun in the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, owing to the high cost of living and the refusal of proprietors of factories, mostly Germans, to increase wages as a result of the insecurity of their factories from attacks by allied aircraft.

Five thousand workmen, says the newspaper, began a strike at Esch, regardless of severe warnings by the German commander. The strike spread to other towns and German cavalry immediately occupied five of the principal industrial communities.

CITY REGISTRATION REACHES 569,118

Missing Districts and Mail Enrollment Will Bring Total Above 573,749 Estimate.

MANHATTAN TOTAL 255,863

In Some Districts Registration Exceeded Combined Vote for Wilson and Hughes.

The number of men of draft age who registered under the provisions of the selective draft law in New York on Tuesday was, according to official figures received by the Central Board of Control yesterday, 569,118. Four election districts were still missing in Brooklyn last night, and these would not increase the total materially. To this number should be added those New Yorkers who registered by mail, or who registered with the City Clerk prior to leaving the city. It was estimated last night that between 15,000 and 20,000 men had registered by mail or otherwise, which would bring the total registered strength of the men of draft age in New York City to about 585,000. The War Department's estimate for New York City was 573,749.

It was said last night at the offices of the Central Board of Control that the figures given out were believed to be correct. Chairman Edward F. Boyle of the New York City Board of Elections, the executive officer of the Central Board of Control, pointed out that the total registration in New York would approximate five-sixths of the total number of votes cast for President in the city last November, which was 697,431. In some Assembly districts the number more than doubled the vote cast for President Wilson and Mr. Hughes. For instance, in the First Assembly District the number of men of draft age who registered was 6,511, whereas the combined vote of the President and Mr. Hughes was only 4,044. In the Sixth District the draft register totaled 11,256, whereas the vote for Mr. Wilson and Mr. Hughes was 5,004. In the Thirty-fourth Assembly District in the Bronx where the registry totaled 24,961 on Tuesday, the vote for the Presidential candidates was 25,485.

The vote in New York City, as tabulated last night, with four election districts in Brooklyn missing, is as follows:

New York City Registration.

Borough.	Total.	Borough.	Total.
Manhattan	255,863	Queens	40,606
Bronx	73,316	Richmond	9,445
Brooklyn	189,888		
Total			569,118

Manhattan.

A. D.	Total.	A. D.	Total.
1	6,311	17	6,821
2	10,412	18	7,540
3	9,759	19	8,824
4	9,123	20	6,433
5	5,986	21	9,258
6	11,254	22	767
7	6,560	23	19,158
8	11,401	24	7,500
9	6,748	25	5,157
10	12,000	26	9,473
11	5,813	27	6,096
12	9,442	28	8,723
13	9,101	29	4,421
14	7,733	30	10,200
15	5,966	31	7,068
16	6,077		
Total			255,863

Bronx.

A. D.	Total.	A. D.	Total.
30	2,300	34	24,961
32	19,796	35	16,026
33	10,233		
Total			73,316

Brooklyn.

A. D.	Total.	A. D.	Total.
1	6,182	13	6,182
2	5,293	14	7,802
3	8,817	15	6,506
4	7,504	16	12,268
5	4,807	17	4,028
6	7,078	18	10,746
7	7,238	19	6,667
8	7,717	20	5,085
9	12,518	21	8,173
10	5,470	22	16,145
11	5,207	28	24,819
12	8,540		
Total			189,888

(Four election districts missing.)

Queens.

A. D.	Total.	A. D.	Total.
1	8,516	3	14,790
2	7,306	4	9,993
Total			40,606

Richmond.

A. D.	Total.
1	9,445

Executive Officer Boyle of the Central Board of Control made the following statement last night:

"The registration was completed last night by midnight, in most cases by 11 o'clock. Some questions have been asked about what the tardy ones who did not register should do. If they present themselves at their Assembly District Headquarters and make an affidavit it will be accepted. This applies to any who should have registered but who did not do so yesterday.

"I don't know how many there are who should have registered and who did not do so. This office will take no part in rounding up the 'slackers.' Its function deals with the registration and classification. The registration part was placed in charge of the chief executive officer of each Assembly District, who put them in lockers and kept the key. No police officers were necessary to guard them and no one attempted to interfere.

"We started in at 9 o'clock today to make a careful classification under the rules. We hope to complete this sometime tomorrow. I have not the slightest idea what the percentage of those who are exempt will be after the tabulation is finished. A list will be prepared in each Assembly District showing those who have registered—names and addresses—and this will be open to inspection to the public. It will be hung up at the Assembly District Headquarters.

"We are certainly gratified over the results of the registration and the way we were able to handle it. There were endless possibilities for trouble and confusion, and the Lord was certainly good to us, for we got through without a hitch. When the final recapitulations and classifications are made I believe we will have accurate figures upon which the Federal Government may rely with confidence."

LORD NORTHCLIFFE TO HEAD MISSION OF BRITISH HERE

Newspaper Owner Succeeds Balfour as Chief in Negotiations in America.

WILL HAVE WIDE POWERS

He Will Co-ordinate Work of Various British Boards and Co-operate with Allies.

MAN OF GREAT INFLUENCE

London Daily News Comments Sarcastically on the Government's Choice.

LONDON, June 6.—Lord Northcliffe, at the request of the War Cabinet, has accepted the position of head of the British War Mission in the United States in succession to Arthur J. Balfour, who is to return to his duties at the Foreign Office.

Lord Northcliffe's task will be to coordinate the various British Missions, and act in concert with the missions of the Entente Allies and of the American and Canadian Governments. He has made many visits to the United States and Canada.

Lord Northcliffe is well known as a writer and newspaper proprietor. He controls among other journals The London Times and London Daily Mail. He has a controlling interest in Newfoundland paper mills, and the Imperial Paper Mills at Gravesend, near London. He has long taken an active part in British political affairs, and recently has been engaged in vigorous support of Premier Lloyd George's home rule for Ireland policy.

Northcliffe's Critics Cynical.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 7.—Beyond publishing official notice of Lord Northcliffe's mission to America the London papers make no editorial comment. The only comment comes from the writer of gossip in the anti-Northcliffe Daily News, who says:

"Mr. Balfour is temperamentally rather cynical, but it would be interesting to hear what he really thinks of such a successor. Well, Mrs. Pankhurst is to go to Russia. The Government have only to send Mr. Horatio Bottomley as envoy extraordinary to Paris or Rome to satisfy the public that things really are moving and that the people who do things are all being employed together."

The war had not proceeded very far when an Englishman, on being asked to define Lord Northcliffe's influence on the Government and people, said: "They hate him; they admire him; but try as they may they cannot be indifferent to him."

In no country, it is believed, since the war began has a man in civil life been so constantly in the public eye or labored so consistently, early and late, for schemes which he believed would benefit the empire and its allies and bring confusion and defeat to the Germans.

These schemes have pertained to almost every department of activity directly or indirectly identified with the war. They have concerned attacks, exposures, and appeals in regard to the Government, and sympathy, information, advice to allies and neutrals. They form a long list from the time he declared that Lord Kitchener was working beyond his physical and mental limitations, and the exposure of the fact that shrapnel instead of high explosive shells were being used at Neuve Chapelle, the condemnation of the Gallipoli excursion, Nixon's fiasco on the Tigris, numerous attempts to prove the futility, ridiculousness, and even harmfulness of the censorship of the press; the remorseless attacks upon the old gang, as he terms the Asquith Ministry through all its changes; the fearless espousal of David Lloyd George as the man who should really lead; his numerous trips to the western battle fronts and to Spain, all of which he recorded in feverish, graphic English in newspapers, magazines, and books, and finally the measured but exultant welcome he gave the United States when we entered the war.

Northcliffe is not quite 52 years of age. For several years, as Alfred Harmsworth, he took assignments as a reporter and studied law alternately. He became a barrister at law and a star reporter almost simultaneously, but he liked reporting best and stuck to it through all his rise from editing a little paper called Answers in 1888 to the greatest owner of newspapers, magazines, and periodicals in the world in 1904, when he was first knighted and then raised to the peerage as Baron Northcliffe of the Isle of Thanet.

EFFECT ON SPRING-RICE.

Washington Speculates as to His Standing with Northcliffe Here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—No official comment on the appointment of Lord Northcliffe as head of a permanent British commission in the United States was obtainable in Washington tonight. Officials apparently felt that if any statement was to be forthcoming it should have the approval of the President.

The most interest in the selection of Lord Northcliffe centres in the bearing it may have on the status of Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador. Sir Cecil Spring-Rice has been criticised by Lord Northcliffe, who practically called for the appointment of a new British Ambassador to Washington. This criticism came at a time when the United States and Germany were still on nominally friendly terms.

The impression was created that Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador in Washington, was succeeding in getting the American press to publish information favorable to the German cause, and Lord Northcliffe, who apparently believed the allegations to that effect, let it be known that he thought that von Bernstorff was outmanoeuvring Spring-Rice in creating sentiment in America. The comment of Lord Northcliffe along that line was cabled to American newspapers, and created considerable discussion. The British Government apparently was not influenced by it, as the status of the British Ambassador was not disturbed.

Lord Northcliffe's appointment to such an important diplomatic mission will give the British Government the opportunity to raise his rank, and success in dealing with the United States might cause the king, at the instance of Prime Minister Lloyd George, to elevate him to the peerage of Viscount or Earl.

American Airmen Fought 15 Battles in 2 Weeks of May

PARIS, June 6.—A summary of the exploits in the second half of May of the Lafayette Aerial Squadron, composed chiefly of Americans, shows that it engaged in twenty-five patrols. Fifteen battles resulted in which Adjutant Raoul Lufbery was engaged five times, Sergeant Willis Haviland (Minneapolis) twice, Sergeant Dovell three times, Corporal Thomas Hewitt (New York) twice, and Corporal Kenneth Marr (San Francisco) twice.

The summary mentions the decoration of Adjutant Lufbery with the Military Medal by the King of England, and cites the meritorious conduct of this aviator and also of Sergeant Haviland, Sergeant Charles Johnson, (St. Louis,) and Lieutenant William Thaw (Pittsburgh.)

BRITISH AT ARRAS WIN MILE FRONT

Capture Positions on Slope of Greenland Hill, North of the Scarpe.

FRENCH IN STIFF FIGHTING

Germans Attack at Several Points Along the Aisne, Netting Small Gain.

LONDON, June 6.—Active operations on the front east of Arras were resumed last night, the British making an attack on the line from Roeux to Gavrelle, north of the Scarpe River. The War Office announces tonight that the troops carried the German positions on a front of about a mile on the western slopes of Greenland Hill, a sprawling height that lies northeast of Roeux and Fampoux. One hundred and sixty-two prisoners were captured in the course of this operation.

The early statement follows:

We attacked last night north of the Scarpe and made further progress on the western slopes of Greenland Hill. We gained ground slightly west of Lens.

Successful raids were made by us at night north of Armentieres. The enemy's trenches were entered in a number of points and many casualties were inflicted on his garrisons.

The text of this evening's statement reads:

The operations commenced last night north of the Scarpe were successfully completed during the day and all our objectives gained. We have captured the enemy's positions on the western slopes of Greenland Hill on a front of about a mile and taken 162 prisoners, including four officers.

We have also captured a few prisoners as a result of raids carried out early this morning north of Ypres.

There has again been considerable artillery activity on both sides at a number of points along our front, particularly on the north bank of the Scarpe and in the neighborhood of Vimy Village, Armentieres and Ypres.

Activity in the air continued yesterday. Eight German airplanes were brought down in the air fighting, one of which fell within our lines. Eight others were driven down out of control. Seven of our machines are missing.

In connection with the reports of raids and increased artillery fire on the Ypres front the Belgian official report, issued through the French War Office, is illuminating. It says:

During the course of the day the artillery of both sides was active along the whole front, particularly before Dixmude and between Steenstraete and Hetsas. On the latter part of our front we carried out fires of destruction on enemy batteries and works.

Our aviators bombarded the stations at Vyswegen and Langemarck.

A Central News dispatch from Amsterdam says that the German newspapers are exhibiting considerable concern on account of the greatly increased artillery activity along the salient between Ypres and Wytschaete, which has been mentioned repeatedly in the official communication. In Germany this is believed to be the forerunner of a new and fierce action.

The concentration of troops made be-

Continued on Page 3.

PRESIDENT URGES CONGRESS TO RUSH FOOD MEASURES

Explains Necessity of Speedy Action at White House Conference with Senators.

ALLIES' NEEDS PRESSING

Settlement of Food Controller Question Especially Desired by Mr. Wilson.

DELAY PERTURBS BRITISH

Commons Told Success of the War Depends on American Exports on Highest Scale.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The urgent necessity of speeding up food legislation was emphasized by President Wilson tonight in a conference with Senators at the White House. He asked the Senators to do what they could to see that pending legislation was hurried through, so that the control of the country's food products might be expedited. The conference had particular point because of its coincidence with the statement in the House of Commons by Mr. Bathurst, Secretary to the Food Control Department, that it was "of the greatest importance to the success of the allied cause that the food exports from America should be on the highest possible scale for the remainder of the war" and indicated that England was disturbed over delay here in passing food regulation.

At the conference were Senators Underwood of Alabama, Walsh of Montana, Sheppard of Texas, King of Utah, Chamberlain of Oregon, and Smith of South Carolina, Democrats, and Page of New Hampshire and Warren of Wyoming, ranking Republicans of the Agricultural Committee. All the Democratic Senators except Senators King and Walsh are on the Agricultural Committee. Every one of these Senators has taken an active part in the food legislation at every phase.

The conference lasted more than an hour. President Wilson took the Senators into his confidence, telling them that the situation before the country and as it affected the Allies would be grave, unless ample power were given by Congress to adequately regulate the country's food supply. This, he said, must be done at once. The President expressed concern over the future unless Congress took action to insure broad power to handle the situation as emergency requires.

Work Farmers Must Do.

Mr. Wilson felt that farmers ought to be encouraged to produce the biggest crop the country has seen and that one way to stimulate this was to give the Government the means to see that the farmer got the most advantageous price for his effort. This meant that there ought to be the fixing of a minimum price for agricultural products, a provision that is contained in the Lever bill now in joint conference. The President wanted the bill brought out as soon as possible and acted on. One of the features of this bill is the provision for a food administrator.

The President urged the Senators that a food administrator is needed to successfully carry out the work of food control, and he hoped the opposition felt in the Senate against it would be dissipated. He wanted the Senators to use every influence to have the remaining food bills put through quickly.

After the conference it was learned that, while some of the Senators believed that the food control bill ought to pass, others in the conference were still opposed to it. The bill will have bitter opposition when it comes up. The argument against it is that it puts too much power into the hands of a dictator.

A Senator who has followed Congressional action on the food bills said tonight, when his attention was called to the statement of Mr. Bathurst and the anxiety over Congressional tardiness displayed by the London press, that he regarded the work of Congress as rather remarkable for its speed. He pointed out that two of the Administration's most important food bills had already

Continued on Page 3.

French Chamber's Insistence on Alsace Stirs German Socialist Press to Fury

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 6, (via London.)—The French Chamber's decision that the war must continue until Prussian militarism has been destroyed and Alsace-Lorraine regained has caused the greatest indignation all over Germany, and not least among the Socialists.

For some time it has been possible to notice a decided change in the attitude toward France of large classes of Germans who, even up to the beginning of the present year, had displayed something akin to compassion for that country. German papers preserve rather a forced calmness in discussing the proceedings in the French Chamber, though all of them, without any exception, emphasize the stereotyped phrase, "Alsace-Lorraine was German, is German, and will remain German forever, no matter what the Chamber may decide."

Vorwärts takes the Chamber's action perhaps hardest, because even the French Socialists, who only yesterday were ready to sit down with the German Socialists at Stockholm and discuss with them peace without annexation, now seem to have identified themselves with the war aims of the capitalistic groups in a long article dealing with the future of Alsace-Lorraine the Socialist organ says:

"Only a few weeks before the outbreak of the war our immortal Jaurès declared that the self-administration of Alsace-Lorraine, such as it enjoyed within the structure of the German Empire, had disposed of that question, so far as France was concerned, forever."

In another article on the proceedings of the Chamber the same paper says:

"We notice with regret that the French Chamber and Government, for the present at least, are still insisting on war aims which, as the land lies, are simply impossible without defeating Germany. Such a defeat of Germany could not be achieved within three years of war, and there is surely no certainty that it will be accomplished in another three years. France claims that she did not want war in 1914; all the more must it be deplored that she wants war in 1917, since to demand Alsace-Lorraine means to insist on war, means to desire the total collapse of Europe, means a universal catastrophe which may hit France harder than perhaps any other belligerent. How long will the suicidal mania of the West succeed in keeping the common sense which

Continued on Page 3.

AMERICAN STEAMER SINKS U-BOAT IN FIGHT; OUR DESTROYERS RIVAL ALLIES IN HUNT; U-BOATS' TOLL CUT TO LOWEST IN WEEKS

Only 18 Vessels Sunk by U-Boats Last Week; Total the Lowest Since Week of March 11

LONDON, June 6.—The weekly report of the British Admiralty concerning British shipping losses by mines or submarines says that fifteen vessels of 1,600 tons and over, and three vessels under 1,600 tons and five fishing vessels were sunk last week. The statement reads:

Arrivals numbered 2,693, and sailings 2,642.

British merchant ships of over 1,600 tons, sunk by mine or submarine, including one previously sunk, fifteen; under 1,600 tons, three; British fishing vessels, five.

British merchant ships unsuccessfully attacked, including four previously, seventeen.

This total of sinkings of British merchantmen by German submarines last week, (eighteen in all,) is actually the lowest since the week of March 11, when the total was seventeen, made up of thirteen vessels exceeding 1,600 tons and four of less than 1,600 tons. The figures of ship losses for the consecutive weeks since February, as given out by the Admiralty, are as follows:

Week of	Vessels Over 1,600 Tons.	Vessels Under 1,600 Tons.	Week of	Vessels Over 1,600 Tons.	Vessels Under 1,600 Tons.
March 4	14	9	April 22	40	15
March 11	13	4	April 29	38	13
March 18	16	5	May 6	24	22
March 25	18	7	May 13	18	5
April 1	18	13	May 20	18	9
April 8	17	2	May 27	18	1
April 15	19	9	June 3	15	3

BIG BRITISH LINER IN U-BOAT WAR

Vessel Well Known Here Is a Base for Seaplanes, Which Fight Underwater Craft.

AMERICAN SAW HER WORK

He Says Our Destroyers Are of Great Service in Convoying Incoming Food Ships.

Passengers arriving yesterday at an American port from England stated that a former transatlantic liner of considerable size, which was converted into a mother ship for airplanes and took part in the North Sea fight, was now being used by the British Admiralty in its new campaign to overcome the German submarine menace.

This vessel carries a number of airplanes and cruises round the British coast, waiting to pick up news of the undersea craft. Men are posted at the lofty mastheads on the lookout with powerful glasses, and directly a submarine is sighted an aviator goes up in a seaplane and drops bombs on its track.

In addition the Captain of the seaplane ship is kept posted on submarine activities by wireless from the naval stations at various points, and also receives S O S calls that are sent out by the steamships which are being attacked.

In her record-breaking days on the Atlantic the vessel could average twenty-one knots easily and her speed now is only two knots slower, which is faster than any submarine can steam on the surface.

One American passenger said that he saw the mother ship send out three seaplanes in the English Channel after two submarines that had been reported attacking a big liner about twenty miles away. The day was calm and clear and it was a remarkable sight to see the machines leave the surface of the sea and wing their way aloft like huge albatrosses.

The United States destroyers had proved of great service, he said, in protecting merchant steamships arriving from this country, loaded with grain and food supplies, which were badly needed over there.

No figures had been given out by the Admiralty as to the number of submarines sunk, but the passenger was told at Chatham that the toll averaged twenty-five a month, which was, it was said, ten more than the Germans could manufacture and place in the water during that period. The most satisfactory thing was that fewer ships were being sunk when he left England, and the naval officers he met were very cheerful on the subject and assured him that the good work would go on.

The Summer is the best time for catching submarines, according to experts, as the daylight continues to nearly 10 o'clock and the motor boat chasers can go out some distance from land to attack their enemies with bombs and deck guns. Smoke bombs and drums, which are dropped overboard and emit dense clouds of smoke after striking the water, have proved very effective in cases where steamships have been pursued by submarines. Practically all the American and British steamships are equipped with them now.

BERLIN ADMITS LOSS OF S-20

Says German Destroyer Was Sunk by Superior British Forces.

BERLIN, June 6, (via London.)—The loss of the German destroyer S-20 is admitted in an official statement issued by the War Office dealing with the attack on Ostend by British ships. The statement follows:

Enemy monitors shelled Ostend on the morning of the 5th, killing and wounding a great number of Belgian inhabitants and causing some material damage to houses. Strongly superior reconnoitering forces, attached to the advancing monitors, encountered two of our torpedo boats which were on guard. After fierce fighting the S-20 was sunk, firing to the last moment. A portion of the crew was rescued by us.

The enemy forces received several hits and retired before the fire of our shore batteries.

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OUR FLOTILLA NOW ACTIVE IN PATROL

American Destroyers, Aided by Weather, Master Tricks of Fighting Submarines.

SAILORS POPULAR ASHORE

Adopt Afternoon Tea and Amaze Public by Riding First Class in Railway Trains.

THE BRITISH PORT BASE OF THE AMERICAN FLOTILLA, June 6, (via London.)—The American destroyers have completed their first month of active service in the great war. They have been favored with excellent weather, which is a big factor in anti-submarine warfare. Most of the time they have had sunny skies and smooth seas, with just enough squall and storm to put their seamanship to the test. The favorable weather conditions made their task of learning the technique of anti-submarine warfare much simpler and easier.

The American boats are assigned to work hand in hand with the British squadrons, being virtually assimilated into the British naval machinery here. A destroyer is usually out for four or five days, and then returns to port for two or three days while coaling and loading supplies. Thus every American sailor gets at least half a day shore leave practically every week.

The Americans take their turn with the British boats in all routine work of patrol and convoy. The work, although largely routine, is interesting, and the Americans have never yet found time hanging heavy on their hands. The lookout must be constant, and eyes must be trained to an unbelievable degree of keenness. The young Americans take zealously to this business of finding the periscopic needles in the nautical haystack, and daily reports of submarines sighted, of observations made, of wireless warnings sent broadcast, show that the American boats are already making an average of results almost as satisfactory as the long-experienced English boats with which they are operating.

U-Boats Forced to Submerge.

There has been no actual battle as yet between an American destroyer and the enemy, although several reports show that U-boats have been sighted and have been compelled to beat a hasty retreat to the depths of the sea.

An assignment to convoy a liner "from home"—that is, from an American port—is regarded as an especially choice morsel. A transatlantic liner which sights the American flag approaching to escort her to land never fails to respond with a great waving of flags and handkerchiefs from her decks, and there is a fine exchange of wigwag signals in lieu of handshakes.

Several American liners can already testify to the vigilant work of the American destroyers as convoys. Occasionally a fortunate liner finds herself being escorted to port by American and British destroyers side by side, circling about her like twin sisters—a visible sign of the new alliance.

The American boats were ready for duty the minute they arrived. This was something of a pleasant surprise for the British naval men. It had been expected that some time would be necessary for certain installations and fittings, but the Americans had everything in readiness and were at once assigned to work.

Shore leave is generous on the American ships, and the American sailor is constantly in evidence in this village, in the countryside roundabout, and in a nearby city, where more metropolitan pleasures are available than in the restricted limits of this little place. The people of the towns have taken the American sailor and his strangely spendthrift ways right into their hearts. He seems always to have money, which is not so strange when it is considered that his rate of pay is considerably higher than that of the British tar.

"The American gets a dollar every time we get a shilling," is a common expression among the admiring British seamen.

One of the American sailor's favorite way of showing his opulence is his habit of always traveling first-class on the railroad which takes him from the village up to the city, a trip of a few miles. The extra cost is only a penny, but the unheard of idea of a common sailor travelling first-class strikes the populace as a startling and audacious manoeuvre worthy the best tradition of American extravagance.

Tars Take Afternoon Tea.

Local tradesmen who expected to find the visitor an "easy mark" soon learned their mistake, however, for he is seldom fooled twice, and quickly learns to demand value for his money.

Continued on Page 3.

EXCHANGE 60 SHOTS AT SEA

Steamer Awaits U-Boat First Sighted 7,000 Yards Distant.

FOUGHT HOUR AND A HALF

Hit by Shell, the Submersible "Stood Stern End Up" and Then Disappeared.

VICTOR WAS NOT DAMAGED

Neither Name of the Vessel Nor Location of the Battle Is Made Public.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The State Department was notified today that a German submarine was sunk by an armed American merchantman after a running fight lasting an hour and a half, in which sixty shots were exchanged. The name of the steamer is withheld for military reasons, and there is no disclosure of the scene of the engagement.

According to the report, after the submarine had fired thirty-five shots at the steamer, which responded with twenty-five shots, the final shot of the steamer apparently struck the submarine, which "raised clear out of the water and stood stern end up for a few seconds," then disappeared. No damage was done to the steamer.

The text of the official State Department announcement follows:

The Department of State is advised by telegraph of an engagement between an armed American steamer and a submarine. The guns of the steamer were manned by an American naval crew. The submarine was first seen at about 7,000 yards. She had a 6-inch gun forward and another aft. She flew no flag.

Upon sight of the submarine the steamer hoisted the American flag and waited for about ten minutes. As the submarine approached the steamer fired. The submarine responded. The steamer kept a speed that would permit the submarine to come within range.

Then followed a fight lasting for an hour and a half. The submarine came to a distance of about 2,300 yards. By that time the submarine had fired thirty-five snots and the steamer twenty-five.

The last shot of the steamer apparently struck the submarine, which raised clear out of the water and stood stern end up for a few seconds. Then she disappeared.

The Captain of the steamer and the commander of the guard believe that the submarine was sunk. The steamer suffered no damage.

Both the State and Navy Departments refused to make public the name of the steamer or any details regarding the armed guard. In explanation of this it was asserted that the Government does not desire the identity of the steamer to become known for fear the German Admiralty will endeavor to seek revenge by ordering unusual efforts to be taken to dispose of the steamer on some future voyage. But the statement was made officially that it was not the Mongolia that figured in this engagement.

SHIPPING OUTLOOK IMPROVES.

German Tonnage Helps—21 Ships in Our Yards Near Launching.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 6.—The Allies' shipping outlook has shown a marked improvement in the last few weeks, with the rate of destruction falling steadily. The placing of German tonnage in American harbors in use and increased American ship construction have aided in relieving the situation.

Twenty-one more merchant vessels, it was announced today, are ready for launching at American shipyards, which are hurrying to completion more vessels than were ever on the country's stocks before. Officials believe the Shipping Board's program will soon make the United States the leading shipbuilding nation of the world.

Two British shipping experts, J. A. Salter, Under Secretary of the Ministry of Shipping, and Thomas Royden, a Director of the Cunard Line and member of the Shipping Department, arrived today to discuss the shipping situation with American officials. They will aid in effecting an efficient shipping distribution.

With the Shipping Board the Commissioners also will take up means to keep vessels from unnecessary danger and conservation of tonnage by limiting cargoes and arranging new trade routes.

American seamen and ship owners, it was said today, have buried old differences and will unite in an appeal to retired officers and sailors to come forward to help man the Shipping Board's fleet. The Government is having great difficulty in finding officers and men for the German ships it is putting into commission, and will have a still harder time supplying crews for the greater fleet of vessels it will build.

GERMANS RETORT TO SIMS.

Hope Enemy Navy "Will Be Induced to Show" Itself Again.

AMSTERDAM, June 6 (via London.)—The Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger, commenting on Admiral Sims's speech on Sunday at the celebration in London of the first anniversary of the battle of Jutland, says that the Admiral may rest assured that the German Navy wishes nothing more than a new encounter with the enemy. The paper adds:

"Perhaps the latter will be induced to show himself again. We will submit to the test."

DISPROVE CHARGES ABOUT THE SOLACE

Experts Find Reported Conditions on Hospital Ship Untrue or Exaggerated.

VESSEL WAS OVERCROWDED

But Civilian Investigators Say This Was Unavoidable and Patients Were Well Treated.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The committee of civilian experts appointed by Secretary Daniels to investigate complaints of conditions on the naval hospital ship Solace, made in a round robin signed by thirty enlisted men, and which was presented to the Senate by Senator Calder of New York, filed a unanimous report today in which it brands the charges of insanitary conditions as "untrue" and "exaggerated."

While the ship was found to have been overcrowded at the time of the complaints, the experts found that there was no lack of care or medical attendance, that the patients suffering from infectious diseases were carefully segregated, that the sanitary regulations were observed and that the entire ship and its effects were sterilized after every trip to the hospital. It concluds that the "round robin was composed by one person, who wove into it complaints from various sources" and that most of it "rests on gossip and hearsay."

The committee reported that the care of naval patients could not be improved upon, and praised the ship's doctors and those in charge of the naval medical service. It praises most highly Dr. Norman J. Blackwood, the medical inspector in charge of the Solace. It reports that there was "no lack of kindness and intelligent care on the part of Dr. Blackwood," the medical inspector in command of the Solace, or his assistants"; that "they were dealing with an unprecedented emergency and in handling it they acquitted themselves admirably." It concludes that Surgeon General Braisted, Dr. Blackwood, and Dr. Pickerel, medical director in charge of the naval hospital, and their assistants are "all entitled to the highest praise for their devoted and untiring efforts and for the success which they achieved under extremely difficult conditions."

Inspected Entire Station.

The committee, composed of Dr. William H. Welch, director of the School of Public Health, Johns Hopkins University; Dr. Abraham Flexner, Secretary of the General Education Board and author of "Medical Education in the United States and Europe," and Nathan Straus, the philanthropist, went to the fleet, where every opportunity for observation was afforded, and spent an entire day on the Solace, cross-questioning the members of the staff and the patients and examining conditions on the hospital ship. They visited one of the largest naval hospitals, training station and navy yard, inspected the facilities and sanitary conditions, and individually interviewed all measles patients, sick or convalescent, who had at any time been aboard the Solace. They also made a careful inspection of two battleships.

"Altogether," the report states, "we had interviews with upward of 100 patients who were aboard the Solace, or had been aboard the Solace, either at the time of the round robin, shortly before, or shortly after. We did not know the names of the persons who signed the round robin. In the course of the inquiry we identified three of the signers, among them the person who undoubtedly composed the round robin and procured the signatures to it.

"Patients and convalescents were questioned in the absence of officers and attendants. We assured them their names would not be mentioned. We encouraged them to speak freely for the good of the service. It is our judgment that the statements which follow deserve. Throughout our inquiry, both on the hospital ship Solace and at the Naval Hospital, we observed that the men felt entirely free to talk of conditions under which they were living. There was no evidence whatsoever of fear or constraint.

"The Solace is the only hospital ship in the navy at present. Its normal capacity is 228 beds, of which thirty on the upper deck are set apart for communicable diseases. These thirty beds are arranged in three separate wards which do not communicate with one another, one ward having eight beds, one ten beds, and one twelve. Connected with each ward is a lavatory with a basin with running water, and two of the three wards have separate compartments for washing dishes and other vessels. As the measles ward has no such compartment, the dishes used in it are washed on the outside in large pans.

"The three wards just described are well ventilated and serve their purpose excellently under normal conditions. The main parts of the hospital—the medical and surgical wards and operating rooms—are on the deck below, and are models.

Great Rush of Recruits.

"Following the declaration of war there was an enormous and very rapid increase of the personnel of the navy," the investigators say. "Recruits from various parts of the country poured into the training camps and thence into the fleet—at Norfolk as many as 700 or more a day. Soon a fleet population of 25,000 was gathered there. The recruits were especially susceptible to the common infectious diseases. It happened that measles, mumps, and to some extent scarlet fever and cerebro-spinal meningitis, were more common and more widely distributed in the country at large than is usual this time of the year. The recruits passed through training stations far more rapidly than in normal times, and under these conditions it was inevitable that there should be a large increase in the number of common infections. The existing facilities were, therefore, subjected to a tremendous strain.

"The war vessels had at once to transfer their infectious cases to the Solace," the report states. "The Solace, equipped to handle comfortably thirty infectious cases, had to handle at times more than three times that number. The pressure was most severe between the 18th and 31st of May, the dates covered by the round robin. On May 18 there were seventy-two infectious cases on board. Eight more were added on the 19th, fourteen more on the 20th, and seven on the 21st—101 in all—over three times the normal capacity of the ship. It was impossible for the Solace to avoid congestion by more frequently transferring patients to the naval hospital. The naval hospital was itself overtaxed, and the bungalows and the tents which now enable the ship to accommodate a largely increased number of patients had not then been sufficiently provided.

"On account of its operating facilities and its facilities for taking care of noncontagious medical patients, it was important that the Solace stay by the fleet, avoiding as long as possible the loss of the time required for the trip to the hospital and back. Within the last few days an ambulance transport previously arranged for has been provided for carrying patients from the Solace to the naval hospital.

"Immediately upon the increase of the number of patients to be handled, the force of the Solace was increased to twenty. Cots and army stretchers were as rapidly as possible provided, and tents were erected on deck. At no time was there the slightest relaxation in the enforcement of strict sanitary precautions, with a view to preventing the spread of infectious diseases. That the precautions taken were effective is evident from the fact that both on board the Solace and at the naval hospital cross-infections have proved to be extremely rare."

Shameful Attack, Says Daniels.

Commenting on the report, Secretary Daniels said:

"Not only do the findings of these eminent health experts clear the name of a lieutenant attack, but they contain a statement of reassurance to the mothers of the nation. The report says that the sailors had been ill-treated and neglected made in a round robin, first receiving publicity through Senator Calder and then given country-wide circulation, are shown to have no other base than malice and falsehood.

"Dr. Welch, Dr. Flexner, and Mr. Straus not only investigated the Solace but likewise studied conditions in the fleet and shore hospitals. The report is a testimonial to the humanity and efficiency of Surgeon General Braisted and the medical staff and methods of the navy.

"Too much importance cannot be attached to this unhappy incident. There is no more skillful appeal to the fears and prejudices of the population than attacks upon the army and navy with regard to health measures, sanitation, and the treatment of the sick. The result is the same, whether reckless charges be inspired by sincerity or disloyalty. Enlistment is discouraged, popular confidence is weakened, and the very foundations of the national defense are sapped.

"The decisive manner in which these first attacks have been proved to be without foundation should serve as a warning to the people and a discouragement to future recklessness. The policy of the Navy is one of absolute openness. We have nothing to conceal. All that we ask is this: That before wide publicity is given to brutal charges some slight attempt be made to ascertain their truth."

The investigators in their report take up seriatim, the seven charges contained in the round robin, and answer each separately, the charges and their conclusion being as follows:

1. *When we were sent from our ships lying at different points in the fleet base we were compelled to carry our own baggage with fevers ranging from 100 to 103 degrees.*

"We find that patients are brought in a launch from the various ships in the fleet to the Solace, those who are very ill lying on stretchers, others occupying seats in the launch. Three officers of the Solace stand at the head of the gangway to receive the patients. Those who are able to carry their own bags up the gangway do so, those who are unable leave them to be removed subsequently by others. Occasionally they help one another. We were unable to find any one except the author of the round robin who stated that patients were compelled to carry their own baggage. Of the other two signers of the round robin, who, as has been said above, were identified, one stated that he knew of no general complaints about carrying bags, that he himself was able to carry his own bag. Another stated that he hardly felt sick at any time. The charge, therefore, of inhuman or unfeeling treatment in this respect is in our judgment absolutely untrue.

Plenty of Water for All.

2. *Drinking water, very scarce. I had three glasses while on board, (C. K. E.), and some men had only one glass apiece. I might add that there was no ice water and the water was very warm.*

"Under ordinary conditions on board the Solace water is kept in a water cooler in each ward. This water has been cooled, but except in very warm weather does not contain ice. During the prevailing cool weather this Spring the use of ice has not been considered necessary. For some unexplained reason the cooler in the measles ward was not in use during the period to which the round robin refers; instead water was brought up by the apprentice in pitchers or drawn by the patients from the faucet in the lavatory. Most of the persons interviewed stated that they got all the water they wanted, and that in their judgment no one needed to go without water. On the other hand, it is evident that the apprentice was so busy waiting on forty-odd persons that he was not able to serve water promptly. A patient who lay in a bunk close to the one occupied by the author of the round robin, and at the same time stated he 'had plenty of water and whenever he wanted it.' Another, referring to the same subject, stated that he 'could get a drink within five or ten minutes after asking for it,' and that he 'did not always have to wait.' Sometimes he 'did not have to wait at all.' Several patients stated that sometimes 'the water was warm.' In our judgment the charge in reference to the drinking water is grossly exaggerated and the implication of lack of care is entirely undeserved.

3. *The dishes used by men sick with measles were washed in lavatory, where vessels were standing around with germs of scarlet fever and mumps which said germs were thrown in same receptacle used by men with measles; the dishes, forks, and knives were wiped with toilet paper.*

"Two of the three wards have small apartments for washing dishes and other utensils. The measles ward has no such apartment. Orders require that the dishes used in this ward be washed in large pans outside on the deck. It appears that occasionally some dishes were, contrary to orders, washed in the basin, but it was, in our opinion, exceptional and did not take place frequently enough to interfere with men who desired to use the basin for its proper purpose. In any case, the only dishes or vessels thus washed were dishes and vessels which had been used by men suffering with measles. The charge that vessels were standing around with germs of scarlet fever and mumps in the measles compartment is impossible and absolutely absurd.

4. *All food was served to the men on one large platter, the motto of which was "help yourself or go without."*

"Men in bunks are served on trays. For those who are up and about food is brought on large platters, each platter containing a separate article.

The officers of the Solace were exonerated from other charges made in the round robin. The most serious of these was that blankets used by men with measles, mumps, and scarlet fever were piled together and afterward issued to the first patients who came for them. The blankets, it was alleged, were not sterilized. In answer to this charge the Commission states that the author of the round robin was not in a position to see what he claimed in this charge. It is stated that there was no indiscriminate piling together of blankets, that men with various diseases were kept in separate tents erected on deck, and that "the charge that blankets were not sterilized is absurd."

In conclusion, the Commission says:

"In our judgment, Surgeon General Braisted of the Navy; Dr. Blackwood, the medical inspector in command of the Solace, and his staff, as well as Dr. Pickerel, medical director in charge of the Naval Hospital, and his assistants are all entitled to the highest praise for their devoted and untiring efforts and for the success which they achieved under extremely difficult conditions."

OUR FLOTILLA NOW ACTIVE IN PATROL

Continued from Page 1.

Tea time in the village now has an American flavor. In all the little inns and shops, and further afield, even well into the wonderfully green countryside and along the cliffs, which remind the seamen of the Palisades along the Hudson anchorages, one may any afternoon find groups of British and American sailors drinking their tea and swapping yarns in true seamanly fashion. The American quickly acclimates himself to the afternoon tea habit, and finds it an amiable and satisfactory substitute for other things, with plenty of opportunity for confidential chats with his new allies on a thousand and one subjects which his active mind has been turning over since his arrival here.

There are other places where one may almost always find groups of blue-uniformed Americans. One is the local cemetery in a green wood atop the cliffs, where are buried many victims of German submarines whose graves are kept green by the visitors.

FRENCH SHIP DROVE OFF FOE.

Submarine Turned About and Fled After Steamer Opened Fire.

PARIS, June 6.—The defeat of a German submarine in a battle with the French steamer Orenoque is reported by the Ministry of Marine. The Orenoque, a vessel of 2,372 tons, was attacked in the Atlantic on April 22 when on her way to a West African port.

The submarine was sighted, half submerged, and headed for the steamer while a heavy sea was running. The steamer Captain immediately beat to quarters and opened fire. After the fourth shot the submarine disappeared.

DRAFT SLACKERS MUST FACE TRIAL

Columbia Student, No Longer Defiant, Pleads Guilty in Federal Court.

TEACHER GIVES HIMSELF UP

H. P. Levine Tells U. S. Marshal He Refused to Register and Is Immediately Put in Jail.

The work of rounding up those men of draft age in New York City who wilfully failed to register under the provisions of the Selective Draft law, is now under way. Several hundred cases reported to the United States Marshal's office, the Department of Justice Bureau of Investigation, and the Police Department, were under investigation last night, and those who prove unable to make affidavit showing a reasonable excuse for their failure to obey the law will shortly find themselves under arrest. All who can give a reasonable excuse and make affidavits to support them will undoubtedly be given a chance to do their duty as required by the law.

Just one arrest in New York, due to a willful failure to register, was made yesterday. Herman P. Levine, a public school teacher, went to the office of United States Marshal Power, in Brooklyn, and said he had not registered on Tuesday, and, furthermore, that there was no law which could compel him to do so. He submitted a long document to the Marshal in which he justified his course on various grounds, one of them that all wars, particularly the present one with Germany, were wrong. Marshal Power confiscated the packet of documents and United States Commissioner McGoldrick committed the prisoner to the Raymond Street jail in default of $1,000 bail.

Charles Francis Phillips, former Columbia student, who was arrested Tuesday night for failure to register and who at first showed a defiant attitude toward the authorities, repented after he was indicted by the Grand Jury yesterday. He went before United States District Judge Julius M. Mayer and said he was willing, if given the chance, to register. His repentance came too late, however, and he will have to stand trial, although Judge Mayer and Assistant United States District Attorney Harold A. Content stated that they appreciated that Phillips had done a manly thing in finally realizing his mistake. Mr. Content explained that under the law Phillips would be automatically registered as soon as the indictment against him was disposed of.

Anarchist Also Indicted.

Louis Kramer, the anarchist, who is in the Tombs waiting trial for engaging in a conspiracy with three other men, also in the Tombs, to dissuade men of draft age from registering, was also indicted yesterday. He remains defiant, and as soon as the conspiracy case against him is finished he will go on trial or refusing to register.

These three men are the only persons so far officially charged with failure to register. However, the authorities have the names of scores of others who have been reported by letter, telephone, and in person by men who registered. In several instances women and girls are also said to have informed the authorities concerning "slackers" they know.

The speed with which the Government is prepared to act in the case of all violators of the Selective Draft act is indicated by the fact that Kramer and Phillips were indicted by the Grand Jury before noon yesterday. As soon as the indictments were filed the prisoners were brought into court and arraigned before Judge Mayer. Winfred Bindel, who was advertised as one of the speakers at the anarchist meeting held in the Bronx Monday night, but who failed to appear, represented Phillips, while the interests of Kramer were looked after by Harry Weinberger, who was one of the speakers at the first big anarchist anti-conscription meeting held in Harlem two weeks ago. Weinberger announced as soon as he had entered a plea of not guilty for his client that he intended to demur to the indictment on the ground that the selective draft law is unconstitutional.

"Very well," said Judge Mayer, "we will hear argument on the demurrer at 4 o'clock this afternoon."

Judge Mayer thereupon fixed bail in the sum of $2,500 for Kramer and the prisoner was taken back to the Tombs. Phillips also pleaded not guilty. He was held in bail of $10,000. Kramer was already under $10,000 bail in the conspiracy case.

When the demurrer in the Kramer case came up for augument Mr. Russell appeared with Phillips. The latter was a very much subdued young man and said that he had undergone a change of mind and was ready to plead guilty to the charge of violating the registration law. He then read the following statement to the court:

Insists Law Is Wrong.

"Believing that the so-called conscription law is in direct violation of our constitutionally guaranteed liberty of conscience and freedom from involuntary servitude, and that conscription is a menace to the democratic institutions of our country, and believing, further, that registration is an integral part of the draft, I refused to present myself before the Registration Board on June 5. I now make the plea of guilty, withholding the right to test the constitutionality of this law upon the trial on the charge of conspiracy for which I stand indicted. I make this plea of guilty in order that my stand will not be misunderstood, and that I may not appear to be defiant and rebellious, cowardly, or indifferent to the duties of citizenship. In all my actions I have been moved solely by the desire to promote the cause of peace, which I believe to be for the true interests of democracy and of my country. I am now willing to register."

Phillips's change of front was due in large part, it was said, to the pleas of his parents and his sister. After he announced his willingness to register Judge Mayer said he would not require the $10,000 bail and permitted him to go under the bail which he had furnished in the conspiracy case in which he is a co-defendant with Owen Cattell, a son of Professor Cattell of Columbia, and Miss Eleanor W. Parker, the Barnard College senior.

As soon as Phillips had read his statement Lawyer Weinberg started to argue on his demurrer to the Kramer indictment. He held the selective draft is unconstitutional on five grounds. Judge Mayer overruled the demurrer and Kramer, along with his co-defendants, Louis Sternburg, Maurice Becker, and John Walker, will go to trial on the conspiracy charge at 10:30 o'clock next Monday morning.

Levine, the man under arrest in Brooklyn, is 23 years old, and is a teacher in Public School 160 at Rivington and Suffolk Streets, Manhattan. He was born in Russia and is a naturalized citizen.

Abraham Jordan, 50 years old, of 301 West 150th Street, was discharged last night by Magistrate Fuchs in the Men's Night Court after his arraignment on a charge of disorderly conduct. He was arrested on Tuesday night in a registration booth, where he endeavored to copy the registration cards. Jordan's explanation that he was merely endeavoring to assist the Government in checking up "slackers" satisfied the court.

The first draft slacker to be arrested in the Bronx is John Katz, 22 years, a Russian baker, who has been in America four years, and lives at 3,802 Third Avenue. He was locked up last night under the technical charge of larceny on the complaint of his roommate, Samuel Sechuk, who alleged that Katz had taken $80 from his clothes yesterday morning. While searching the prisoner at the police station Detective Duane found that he had no registration card and asked if he had registered on Tuesday. Katz admitted that he had not, but denied that he had stolen the money. Katz will, therefore, be held for the Federal authorities.

Charged with urging 600 persons at a street meeting at 110th Street and Fifth Avenue last night to resist the selective draft Abraha Tuvin, 23 years old, of 18 East 108th Street, and Julius Codkind, 25 years old, of 110th Street and Fifth Avenue, were arrested by Sergeant Benjamin Silverman and Corporal Max Repatein of the Eighth Coast Artillery, U. S. A. Both prisoners were arraigned before Magistrate Fuchs in the Men's Night Court. Tuvin was held in $5,000 bail for examination this morning by the United States District Attorney. Codkind was discharged.

According to the testimony, the men urged the crowd to resist the draft and asked all in favor of such resistance to raise their hands. Alexander Karlin, attorney for the men, pleaded for their discharge on the ground that they had registered on Tuesday in compliance with the law.

Magistrate Fuchs, after hearing the testimony, said:

"Several weeks ago, in this very court, I announced my opinion, and I again say it tonight. If this young man, Tuvin, is guilty, and I am not prejudging him by any means, he is most certainly guilty of treason."

The courtroom was crowded with spectators, several of whom were recognized as having been arrested a short time ago for activities in denouncing the draft law. One of the spectators, a young woman, fainted and was carried out of court by attendants when Tuvin was held for examination.

OUST TRAITORS, SAYS BUTLER.

Tells Alumni Columbia Rejects All Who Resist Government.

President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University, in an address at a luncheon of alumni held in the university gymnasium at the close of the commencement exercises yesterday, denounced members of the university who resist the Government in time of war.

"Virtue and valor are so general among American youth," he said, "as to be in danger of becoming commonplace, while vice and cowardice stick out their horrid heads in ways that, at least for the moment, attract and often enchain public attention. For every instance of failure to rise to the high plane of patriotic duty and loyal service there have been here a hundred, yes, a thousand, instances of a splendid and a contrary sort.

"So long as national policies were in debate we gave, as is our wont, complete liberty, of assembly, of speech and of publication to all members of the university who, in lawful ways, might wish to influence and guide public policy. Wrongheadedness and folly we might deplore but were bound to tolerate. So soon, however, as the nation spoke by the Congress and by the President declaring that it would volunteer as one man for the protection and defense of civil liberty and self-government, conditions sharply changed. What had been tolerated before became intolerable now. What had been wrongheadedness was now sedition. What had been folly was now treason.

"I speak by authority for the whole university—for my colleagues of the Trustees and for my colleagues of the Faculties—when I say, with all possible emphasis, that there is and will be no place in Columbia University, either on the rolls of its Faculties or on the rolls of its students, for any person who opposes or who counsels opposition to the effective enforcement of the laws of the United States, or who acts, speaks, or writes treason. The separation of any such person from Columbia University will be as speedy as the discovery of his offense. This is the university's last and only word of warning to any among us, if such there be, who are not with whole heart and mind and strength committed to fight with us to make the world safe for democracy."

Ambassador James W. Gerard of the class of 1890 also made an address at the luncheon, in which he brought the alumni to their feet with applause as he said: "Nothing this country has in life, property or honor will be worth while if the German Empire wins this war."

REGISTRATION HEAVY IN UP-STATE CITIES

Some Reach 12½ Per Cent. of Population—Whitman Pleased with Results.

ALBANY, June 6.—Twenty-five out of the fifty-seven counties outside of Greater New York registered a total of 93,590 men of conscription age yesterday, according to returns received late tonight at the Adjutant General's office. Ten of the eighteen up-State cities having a population of more than 30,000 registered a total of 129,437.

An analysis of the returns so far received convinced Governor Whitman tonight that New York State had responded patriotically to the call of the nation.

Figures so far received show that the registration in cities was something more than 11 per cent., in some cases going as high as 12%, and in some dropping below 8 per cent. of the population.

Eleven of the eighteen cities reporting, including New York, give a total registration of 690,901 from a total population of 6,161,530. Outside of New York the cities registered 129,437 out of a population of 1,134,317. Of this number the exemptions for legislative, judicial, and executive officers, persons totally disabled, those with dependent relatives indicated, and those with other probable exemptions totaled 96,630, or slightly less than 50 per cent. of the registration. In the counties figures so far presented show of the 93,590 registered, 46,676 probably are exempt.

Unofficial returns from thirteen of the fifty-seven counties outside of New York City were received here last night. These showed that the registration was not up to the official estimate. The total for the thirteen counties was 146,365, or 28,690 behind the official expectation.

The heaviest registration was in Monroe County, which returned a total of 33,852. Rochester, one of the largest cities up State, helped to swell the result. The official estimate for the county was 37,434. Westchester came next with a total registration of 29,508. This was 8,895 behind what the officials expected. Onondaga, whose chief city is Syracuse, stood up well with a total registration of 23,921, only 1,105 behind the expected total. Erie county showed a registration of 18,002. The following table shows the registration in the counties together with the estimated figures:

County.	Number Registered.	Estimated Number.
Broome	10,856	9,364
Delaware	3,247	4,986
Dutchess	7,581	9,772
Franklin	3,642	5,163
Lewis	1,710	2,850
Monroe	33,852	37,434
Onondaga	23,921	25,026
Orange	12,000	13,485
Rensselaer	9,796	11,867
Seneca	1,704	2,911
Ulster	6,342	10,175
Westchester	29,508	38,403
Wyoming	2,624	3,617
Total	146,365	175,055

Through a blunder the registrars in sections of Nassau County did not fill out their report sheets showing the totals on the registration on Tuesday night, but returned the names without any summarization. Two or three days will elapse before the details are worked out at the county seat at Mineola.

FAR WEST RETURNS SLOW.

Indications Are That Registration Will Exceed the Early Estimates.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—Registration under the Selective Draft act in the Pacific Coast States, Idaho, and Montana exceeded the estimates made by the Provost Marshal General's office at Washington, the partial returns today indicated. The response for registration was enthusiastically heeded in every city and hamlet in the Far West. Approximately 51,000 responded in this city.

The Police Department of San Francisco conducted a systematic search today for persons of military age who evaded registration. As far as they are found they will be turned over to the United States Marshal.

DENVER, June 6.—With one precinct missing, registration in Denver is almost 7,000 under the number expected. Returns from the State are coming in slowly, and the result may not be known for three days. The number enrolled here were 18,166, and more than 10,000 made claims for exemptions.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 6.—With reports of only eight shirkers throughout the entire State, Oregon is believed to have established a record in the war registration yesterday. Five of these shirkers were reported in Portland and the other three outside. The registration in Portland totaled 25,430 and the State probably will run it up to 86,000.

FEW DEFIED THE LAW.

Chicago District Leads in Number of Registration Arrests.

CHICAGO, June 6.—Theron G. Claiborne, chief of the Federal Bureau of Investigation announced today that twelve arrests had been made in the district under his jurisdiction in connection with registration. Three of the arrests were in Chicago, three in Gary, Ind., and six in Rockford, Ills.

DETROIT, June 6.—Four young men were arrested here today for failure to register yesterday. Persons of military age employed at automobile plants and other factories were not permitted to go to work until they showed registration credentials.

TOLEDO, June 6.—Four men were arrested today accused of failure to register for conscription service. They are August Bruna, Ray Holbein, John Heckman, and Albert T. Werthoff.

LAWRENCE, Mass., June 6.—Anthony Kaulinois was arrested here today for failing to register.

BRISTOL, Conn., June 6.—Anthony Crasnikesky, 29, was arrested today for failing to register. He persisted in his refusal today.

ORDER RESTORED IN BUTTE.

Guardsmen Return to Quarters—Indians Submit to Registration.

BUTTE, Mont., June 6.—After the streets had been cleared and sixty-five disturbers arrested, National Guard troops, which were called by the local authorities to assist in thwarting an anti-war demonstration in this city last night, returned to their barracks this morning and order was restored.

According to the police the disturbance resulted from an effort of Finns to hold an anti-draft demonstration.

IGNACIO, Col., June 6.—All except eleven of the Ute Indians who refused to register yesterday under the selective draft law came in today and submitted to registration. A posse, led by Sheriff John Alexander, went in search of the remaining eleven. The men who surrendered were under the impression that registration meant that they would have to go to France to fight.

WEBSTER CITY, Iowa, June 6.—Several natives of Alsace-Lorraine protested strenuously yesterday when they came to register under the selective draft law, and were listed as of German nationality. Finally an appeal was taken to the county attorney. He ruled that the men should be classed as Germans because the province was a part of the German Empire when the men were born, despite their French antecedents and sympathy.

NEW ENGLAND SHOWS UP WELL

Massachusetts Officials Assert Registration Exceeds Expectations.

BOSTON, June 6.—Massachusets exceeded all expectations in the extent to which her youth registered yesterday for military service, Charles F. Gettemy, Director of Military Enrollment, said tonight.

His figures were not complete, but, with 300 of the 354 cities and towns in the State accounted for, the total was 344,289. These figures, which include unofficial returns from ten cities, compare with his previous estimate for the same places of 324,412 eligibles and are only 2,600 less than the estimate of 346,865 for the entire State. Returns from the missing places and from various institutions will add materially to this total.

The figures for the registration will not be at hand for several days, the failure of registrars in this city and other places to classify and tabulate the cards properly having caused confusion in some of the returns.

Mr. Gettemy said that the State would be divided for selective draft purposes into 122 districts, 25 of which would be in this city.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 6.—Tabulation of Connecticut registration is still incomplete, less than two of the 168 towns in the State having reported to the Governor's office. The indications were, it was said, for a State registration close to 170,000. The figures for the ninety-eight towns reporting gave a total of 86,804.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 6.—Rhode Island's total registration was estimated today by George H. Webb, Director, at 52,800, as compared with a Census Bureau estimate of 54,875. The total in Providence was 21,910.

AUGUSTA, Me., June 6.—Although total registration figures will not be available for several days because of the difficulty of obtaining returns from the outlying districts, Adjutant General Presson said today that available reports indicated the State had exceeded the Census Bureau's estimate of 63,578.

REGISTER LATE COMERS.

One Man's Wife Went to Movies and Failed to Waken Him.

Scores of men who failed to register because of ignorance of the law, or unintentional negligence, or because of absence from the city, appeared at the office of City Clerk Scully yesterday to file affidavits and to register. In Manhattan the number who thus registered was about 800, while in Brooklyn there were about 125. In many cases the excuses were unusual. For instance, one man asserted that he fully expected to register at 8 o'clock, but his wife went to a moving picture show after he went to sleep and did not return to wake him until 11 o'clock, two hours after the polls closed.

"It was this way," he said to United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy, to whom he told his tale of woe. "I got home at the usual time, had my supper, and told my wife I intended to go to the registration place at 8 o'clock. She promised to wake me up if I happened to fall asleep. Well, I went to sleep, and she went to a moving picture show, and when she got back it was 11 o'clock. I did not intend to violate the law, and I am ready to register now."

The man made an affidavit and was sent to City Clerk Scully's office, where he registered.

A letter was received from a sailor who reported his failure to register. He said he had stood in line until fifteen minutes before his ship sailed. He wrote out the answers to the questions and mailed them in, adding, "I will be back some weeks hence ready to be drafted or do anything the country wants me to do. I am no slacker, just a plain sailor who is willing to do his bit."

The letter was placed on file, and the sailor will be registered on his return to New York, if his ship escapes the submarines.

In another case a man who appeared at the office of Marshal McCarthy said that he was on his way to New York, by automobile, Tuesday night and expected to arrive at his registration place at 8 o'clock. When about ten miles out he said he was held up by a punctured tire and when he got the new tire on it was 8:30 o'clock. The registration place was closed when he arrived. He made an affidavit and was registered by the City Clerk.

At least 100 men who said they were at sea on Tuesday appeared at the office of City Clerk. In nearly every instance they were sailors, and after filing their affidavits they were registered.

A traveling salesman who was on the train all day yesterday and did not see why he should stop off at some country Court House to register, arrived at the Federal Building in the afternoon. He was permitted to register.

OTHERS NAMED IN SPY PLOT

Prisoners Make Statements to Roosa and Arrests of Leaders Expected.

All five of the prisoners who have been arrested or detained in connection with the plot to smuggle mail into Germany and to establish German wireless stations in Mexico have made statements to Assistant United States District Attorney Frank M. Roosa implicating others, and arrests of the directing heads of the conspiracy are expected.

Harry F. Perissi, the agent in this country of the German General Electric Company, who was indicted for his part in organizing a secret mail service to Germany with the help of sailors on Scandinavian ships, was released yesterday on bail of $25,000 after he had talked freely to Government officials. His clerk, Irving Bonparte, and an alleged fellow-conspirator, Axel E. Malchar, a saloonkeeper, were released on bail of $5,000 each.

TWO STATES REPORT ON REGISTRATION

Continued from Page 1.

a man's own neighbors will be the judges to pass upon his case. There were more than 125,000 precincts and equal decentralization will characterize the exemption machinery.

President Wilson, upon whom the law imposes the duty of selecting and appointing all these boards, probably will delegate this authority to the State officials. Their loyal and enthusiastic response, exemplified in the registration, is certain.

Then comes the appointment of the Boards of Review, to which each man who may be chosen by his local board for army duty may carry his case if he feels himself wronged. These, broadly speaking, will be created for each Federal judicial district and the President may appoint them himself.

There is no statement yet available as to the process by which men will be drawn to appear before the exemption boards. Secretary Baker has said that something in the nature of a jury wheel might be employed, but beyond that no information has been given out.

Reports today from all parts of the country bore out the indications of last night that the great enterprise had been carried through without objection or opposition from a sufficient number of citizens to be worthy of mention. Registration was completed virtually without disorder—certainly with only a small part of the disturbances that usually characterize national elections.

General Crowder tonight outlined what is to follow registration:

"Registration marks the completion of the first well-defined step in the execution of the selective service law," he said. "The actual recording has been practically finished in a single day, but the arrangements and copying of the cards, their aggregation into appropriate groups, the publication of lists and the garnering in of delayed registrations will consume a week or ten days. In the meantime the machinery of the registration is being readjusted to serve as machinery for the further execution of the law. This work is proceeding rapidly and should be completed coincidently with the tying up of the loose ends of registration.

"When this is all done regulations governing the jurisdiction of the local boards will be issued and the machinery will then be ready to proceed to the drawing which will result in a determination of the order in which registered men will be examined for the purpose of their selection for military or industrial service.

"When this list of order is determined, it is expected that the War Department will be able to make a definite call for men, and as soon as this data is available the quotas necessary to fill the first call will be assigned to the several States.

"The policy of decentralization, the application of which has so successfully consummated the registration, will be adhered to throughout. The various States, knowing the number of men which they must call and the order in which each particular man is to be examined, then will turn to the various local boards the task of selecting the number of men necessary to complete the quota for the locality under the jurisdiction of each board.

"Precise time limits cannot be set at present for the reason that it is desired to have promptly on operation of the machines throughout the United States and to have each step taken simultaneously throughout the nation. Mountainous, heavily wooded and sparsely settled States cannot move with the expedition of compact and densely populated States. While dates are not to be named precisely, these steps will follow each other promptly with a fixed purpose of giving as much time as possible to men who are selected to adjust their affairs, to make their farewell and to avoid the inconvenience and suffering that would result from a hasty change from civil to military status."

Attorney General Gregory reiterated tonight his earlier statement over the absence of any serious disorders yesterday. A statement from the Department of Justice said:

"The reports received at the department throughout the day from officers and agents in widely separated sections of the country indicated the same absence of trouble and general response to the provisions of the Conscription act that characterized the reports received yesterday. These reports indicate that the registration may exceed materially the estimates prepared by the War Department on a basis of census figures. Department officials have been led by the heaviness of the registration to believe that the number of evasions of the law would prove even fewer than had been anticipated.

"Already several arrests have been made because of the willful refusal of the individuals in question to register, and the officers and agents of the department, acting on the instructions given them several days ago, will continue to take men into custody wherever such cases come to their attention and prosecute them in accordance with the criminal provisions of the Selective Draft act.

"The fact that a man has registered does not in any way curtail his freedom of action. Until he is actually selected he is at liberty to go where he pleases. Should he see fit to leave the country he may do so, but he must return immediately if he is selected for the draft."

JOFFRE'S PLANS ADOPTED HERE

French Say He Will Prepare Our Troops for Best Service.

PARIS, June 6.—A semi-official note says that Marshal Joffre while in America had a conference with American military chiefs, at which a plan of organization for the new American army was elaborated in agreement with the British leaders. The note says:

"It will surprise none that the Marshal took a preponderating part in the plan, literally everything which he advised being adopted. His collaborators styled him themselves 'the godfather of the American army.'

"At a moment when the first elements of this army are getting ready to take their place on our front beside our allies, the French Government considered it only fitting to confirm the Marshal in this sponsorship. The Minister of War feels that the moral authority attaching to his person and high situation, as well as his great experience gained in the present war, will enable him, in accord with the American high command, to give to the new troops all the necessary advice and direction, so as to prepare them morally and materially for the efforts they are called upon the make.

"The programme for this collaboration has already been drawn up. Marshal Joffre is officially intrusted with the mission of putting constantly at the disposal of our great sister republic what France has learned in three years of hard campaigning."

RESULTS PLEASE FRANCE.

M. Cambon Comments on Enthusiasm Shown in Registration.

PARIS, June 6.—M. Cambon, Secretary to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, said today:

"The news of the enthusiasm with which the Americans celebrated June 5 and the results of the registration has been received with the greatest satisfaction by Frenchmen."

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WHITMAN PROCLAIMS STATE'S WAR CENSUS

Orders an Inventory Between June 11 and 25 of the Commonwealth's Military Resources.

TO ENROLL MEN AND WOMEN

All Persons from 16 to 51 Years Called Upon—State Will Issue Identification Cards.

ALBANY, June 6.—A proclamation ordering a census and inventory of the military resources of the State to be taken between June 11 and June 25 was issued by Governor Whitman tonight. All persons, both male and female, who have attained the age of 16 years and have not reached their fifty-first birthday will be required to give such information as the State desires concerning themselves and their property.

No line between the prescribed ages will be exempt from answering the census questions, except persons in the military or naval service of the United States, those detained in penal institutions under sentence of felony, or in State hospitals or licensed private institutions for the insane, and Indians having a permanent residence on Indian reservations in the State.

The proclamation contains a warning of liability to arrest and imprisonment for any one "who neglects or refuses to appear personally, when called upon to do so, by or before those authorized to command his presence, or who makes incomplete or equivocal or willfully false or misleading answers, or who refuses to be sworn, or in any manner neglects or fails to comply with this proclamation."

Identification cards will be issued to all persons who personally give their answers to the census questions as evidence of such enrollment. Each census enumerator also will have a special card to be employed when he finds a man between the ages of 18 and 45. The enumerator will serve upon such a man notice that he is thereby enrolled upon the State Militia list.

All persons subject to the census who through illness or absence are unable to furnish the information called for in the manner prescribed shall within the date specified furnish from any director of census and enrollment officer or from the Adjutant General a form on which such information will be furnished, and properly fill out and execute the same under oath, returning the form to the enrollment officer at his permanent address in time to reach that official on or before June 25. In cases where this rule can not be complied with on account of exceptional circumstances application should be made to the enrolling officer, giving the grounds for such disability and requesting instructions.

An army of 50,000 volunteer census takers will be kept busy for two weeks in taking the census of the 5,600,000 persons who it is estimated come between the designated ages.

The police will begin taking a census of all male and female residents of New York between the ages of 16 and 50 years, beginning at 8 o'clock this morning. The census will be taken in accordance with instructions

ALLIED LABORITES RESENT PEACE CALL

British, French, and Belgian Delegates in Petrograd Protest Against Council's Action.

HINT AT BROKEN FAITH

And Express Strong Opposition to a Conference Admitting German Majority Socialists.

PETROGRAD, June 6, (via London.)—Arthur Henderson, British Minister without portfolio; Albert Thomas, French Minister of Munitions, and Emile Vandervelde, Belgian Minister of Munitions, have sent a letter to the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates expressing seurprise that a call had been issued by the council for an international conference to consider means of ending the war before the negotiations between the British, French, and Belgian delegations and the council had been concluded. The letter mentions the fact that the council invited the British majority and minority organizations representing the laboring classes to come to Russia to discuss conditions under which such a gathering would be called, and adds:

"We could not expect you would convoke a conference under conditions which the previous negotiations did not allow us to foresee. During these negotiations we showed our agreement with you on the peace formula of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates, on the express condition that this peace formula should be clearly defined and drawn up in such a manner as to exclude neither liberation of territories in accord with the wishes of their inhabitants nor reparation for damage caused to invaded countries. On the other hand we formally declared it was impossible for us to support a plenary conference before having drawn up in common agreement a series of conditions definite enough to remove all doubt, to discourage all diplomatic manoeuvres by our enemies, and to repudiate Socialist factions which would not be willing to co-operate in the work of anti-imperialism for which you are convoking the International. We are more than ever convinced that a plenary meeting to which would be admitted those supporting the present policy of the majority Socialists in the Central Empires would be harmful and dangerous."

The letter adds that it would be possible to think of common action only when the German Socialists had issued a declaration proclaiming a rupture with the imperialism of aggression and with the Emperor. It concludes:

"Finally, we draw your attention to the passage in your declaration concerning political liquidation with Imperialist Governments and classes. We are in complete agreement with the council in affirming the necessity of a rupture between Socialism and Government or classes whose war aims are tainted with imperialism, but we have not ceased and shall not cease to consider that national union against aggressive imperialism is the duty incumbent upon all classes, and one from which the Socialist proletariat could not hold aloof without abdicating and compromising vital interests of democracy and socialism. We shall be glad to attend the meeting in order to explain ourselves more fully."

The organ of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates refrains from publishing the letter of Mr. Henderson and his colleagues.

Henderson Cordially Received.

By HERBERT BAILEY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Monday, June 4.—Arthur Henderson informed me this afternoon that he had been received with every cordiality by the members of the Provisional Government, who keenly appreciate his mission and expressed great willingness to avail themselves of his experience and services. He has already addressed the Government in session and had private interviews with M. Terestchenko, the Foreign Minister, and M. Skobeleff, the Minister of Labor, and saw M. Kerensky, the War Minister, today.

Mr. Henderson is very desirous of bringing the Russian Socialists into intimate touch with the allied Socialists in order to thrash out questions of war and peace, while he is not less anxious to remove the absurdly false impressions current here regarding the strikes in Great Britain last month. The British Government has set no time limit to his mission. All he is asked to do is to render such services as Russia may require, remove misunderstandings, and report regularly on the labor and general situation.

POLICE CHARGE CROWDS IN STOCKHOLM RIOTS

Disorders Occasioned by Socialist Interpellations Negatived in the Riksdag.

LONDON, June 6.—Encounters between crowds of workers and the police and soldiers in Stockholm in the course of a debate in the Riksdag on Socialist interpellations are reported in a Reuter dispatch from the Swedish capital.

During the debate the streets near the Parliament building were barred by a double line of soldiers and police. Considerable crowds gathered and stones were thrown. The police used their swords and clubs, and several persons were injured.

APPROVES RIBOT'S WAR AIMS.

French Senate Indorses Premier's Statement Which Quotes Wilson.

PARIS, June 6.—The Senate today unanimously adopted a resolution, introduced by Senator Regismanset, President of the Radical Left, in support of the Government's attitude as to France's war aims.

Addressing that body, Premier Ribot defined the Government's attitude toward peace in the same general sense as in his speech in the Chamber of Deputies on Monday—restitution of Alsace-Lorraine and reparation for the damages in the invaded territories of France. After examining into the justice of these aspirations, M. Ribot referred to the resolution passed in the Chamber and added:

"What we voted in that resolution we shall again find, I am sure, in the note President Wilson is sending to Petrograd. We are in accord with the elevated and clear conception of President Wilson. He has said so himself. In the eyes of the United States, the restitution of Alsace-Lorraine will be neither conquest nor annexation; reparation for damages will not be indemnity of war, but a simple act of justice."

The Premier, discussing the future of the world, said:

"It is necessary that a league of peace be founded in the same spirit of democracy that France has had the honor of introducing into the world. The nations now in arms will constitute the society of nations. This is the future of humanity, or one might well despair of the future. President Wilson upon this point is with us. All nations not predatory must unite to prevent others from disturbing the peace. All must unite in an armed league to maintain throughout the world peace, justice and liberty."

LADY DECIES ON MISSION.

Former Miss Gould Going to Rumania with Hospital Contingent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 7.—The Daily Sketch announces that Lady Decies, formerly Miss Vivian Gould, is leaving for Rumania to work with the Scottish Women's Hospital contingent.

Since the beginning of the war she has worked hard in various charitable schemes, mostly connected with nursing the wounded.

BRITISH AT ARRAS WIN MILE FRONT

Continued from Page 1.

hind the Entente front greatly puzzles the German press, which speculates as to what will be the next move.

BERLIN ADMITS A SETBACK.

Say Their Position Was Penetrated Near Roeux Railway Station.

BERLIN, June 6, (via London.)—A British attack delivered yesterday only succeeded in penetrating the German position at the Roeux railway station, where fighting continues for small sections of trenches, says today's Army Headquarters statement.

The artillery battle in the Wytschaete salient continued with only short interruptions, the report adds.

The text of the statement reads:

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht—The artillery battle in the Wytschaete salient continued with brief interruptions. Strong reconnoitring advances by the enemy were repulsed.

During the evening and at night the fighting activity also increased in the neighborhood of the coast and also along the Artois front. At nightfall the British attacked with strong, deeply ranked forces on the northern bank of the Scarpe. Between Gavrelle and Fampoux the enemy was driven back with heavy losses by our Bavarian regiments. Further south the enemy's storming troops only succeeded in penetrating into our positions at the Roeux railway station. Fighting continued there for the possession of small trench sections.

Army Group of the German Crown Prince—On the Chemin des Dames and in Western Champagne the artillery activity was variable in intensity. During Monday night the French attempted a third attack northwest of Braye. This assault also failed to yield them any gain, but cost them considerable sacrifices. Strong French forces attacked our trenches on the Winterberg in the morning with equal lack of success and equally great sacrifices.

Army Group of Duke Albrecht—Nothing of importance occurred.

The German evening communication says:

The tense situation in the Wytschaete sector continues. On the Chemin des Dames infantry engagements have taken place which were successful for us. Otherwise there is nothing new to report.

GERMANS ATTACK ON AISNE.

Heavy Encounters at Several Points Net Small Gain Near Braye.

PARIS, June 6.—The Germans have not yet given up hope of driving the French from the Chemin des Dames, the high road that runs along the ridge north of the Aisne River. After their sanguinary repulse on the plateaus north of Craonne, where they sacrificed large numbers of men in useless attacks, the Germans have turned their attention again to the western end of the Aisne ridge.

A very violent bombardment on the front extending from the Ailette River to the Soissons Laon road continued throughout the night, the Germans also paying particular attention to the region northwest of Braye-en-Laonnois. Several attacks were delivered in this sector this morning. Two of these were directed against the Bois du Mortier, north of Vauxaillon, both of which broke down with losses under the heavy French gunfire.

On the front northwest of Braye-en-Laonnois the Germans had a little more success. They concentrated their efforts on a front of about a mile between the hamlet known as Le Pantheon and La Royère farm. The attack was repulsed after heavy fighting except at one point, at the Bovettes salient, where the enemy occupied some parts of the French first line.

Late yesterday the Germans delivered two attacks on the Hurtebise farm, near Craonne, but they were driven back to their trenches with considerable losses.

The text of the statement issued by the War Office tonight reads:

This morning, after the bombardment of our positions between the Ailette River and the Laon road and northwest of Braye-en-Laonnois, the Germans delivered several attacks at various points in this sector. Two attempts against the Bois du Mortier, north of Vauxaillon, broken down immediately by our fire, gave to the enemy no other result than appreciable losses.

The Germans concentrated their efforts north of the Chemin des Dames, where they attacked on the front of Le Pantheon-La Royère Farm. The enemy attack, repulsed in its entirety, was not able to reach our lines except at one point south of Filain. In the neighborhood of our Bovettes salient, after a stubborn engagement, some trench elements of the first line remained in the hands of the enemy. Everywhere else our assailants were driven back to their own trenches.

The day was calm on the remainder of the front, save in Belgium, where spirited artillery fighting took place in the sector of Nieuport.

The statement issued this afternoon follows:

There was great activity during the night over a large part of the Chemindes-Dames and further west, between the Ailette River and the Laon road. The artillery fighting became very intense late at night, especially east of Vauxaillon, north of the Laffaux mill and over the whole region northwest of Braye-en-Laonnois.

Near Hurtebise, after a spirited bombardment, the Germans late yesterday made two attacks in vain on our positions northeast of the monument. The Germans were driven back to their trenches after a violent engagement in which they suffered heavy losses at the hands of our soldiers, and our line was maintained everywhere. Over the remainder of the front there was intermittent cannonading.

On the Belgian front lively actions took place late at night.

Our pilots engaged in numerous fights with the enemy yesterday. Seven German airplanes and one captive balloon were brought down. It is also learned that another German airplane was forced to earth east of Filain on Monday.

KERENSKY SENDING SOLDIERS TO FRONT

All Men Up to 40 in Medical Services, with All Officers, Go to Fighting Lines.

PETROGRAD STRIKE IS OFF

Six-Hour Day and Other Demands of War Workers Granted—Kronstadt Reds Yielding.

PETROGRAD, June 6.—Minister of War Kerensky has directed that all officers employed with the Red Cross and other medical services behind the lines and all rank and file under the age of 40 years in those services shall be sent to the front within three weeks. The minister has left Petrograd for the northwest front.

The threatened strike in 140 factories in Petrograd, engaged in metal manufactures and other war work, which was fixed for today, has been averted. The strikers' claims were granted, including the six-hour day.

In south Russia the employers in the factories of the Donetz district offered the men a 30 per cent. increase in wages. Representatives of the workers, however, refused to accept the offer.

The Executive Committee of the Kronstadt group of workmen's and soldiers' delegates has adopted a resolution disavowing any intention of separating from Russia or of forming an independent republic, and declaring that on the contrary they will continue to recognize the Provisional Government until an all-Russian Central Council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates is able to take the central authority in its own hands.

According to the Russkia Volia a number of Kronstadt sailors landed at Oranienbaum, on the Gulf of Finland, nineteen miles west of Petrograd, recently and tried to induce the garrison to follow the example of Kronstadt, but were received coldly. Some of the more irresponsible men of the detachment said that Kronstadt would not hesitate to fire upon Oranienbaum if it supported the Provisional Government, whereupon those in authority in the town said they would reply with sixteen-inch guns. Several incendiary fires occurred in Oranienbaum during the holidays.

An official announcement, made prior to the departure of the Socialist Ministers Tseretelli and Skobeleff for Kronstadt, reads:

"The Provisional Government, recognizing that the present condition of affairs in Kronstadt is both menacing and intolerable, has requested the Socialist Ministers Tseretelli and Skobeleff to visit the fortress city with the object of clearing up its attitude toward the Central Power.

"They are charged with investigating the defense of the fortresses, the character of the local administration of justice, the conditions under which prisoners are detained and to make a full and detailed report of their investigation to the Government, in order that necessary measures may immediately be taken to deal with the trouble."

It is reported that a thousand soldiers from the Russian front have arrived at Dvinsk suffering from the effects of poison as a result of drinking vodka.

KRONSTADT AS A REPUBLIC.

Governed by a Council, Which Is Controlled by a Parliament.

KRONSTADT, June 6, (via London, Thursday, June 7.)—The Kronstadt secessionist administration is now fully organized and exercising all administrative, military, social, and economic functions of an independent Government.

The supreme executive is a governing council of thirty members, of whom twenty are soldiers and sailors and the remainder workmen, including one woman, who was elected from among the factory hands, and also one representative each of the local Socialist organizations.

Ultimate authority rests in a Parliament of 318 members, elected by the soldiers, sailors and workmen, with three representatives of each Socialist organization and three women factory hands, who are said to be extremely active social workers and enthusiastic propagandists.

The party groupings in the Parliament already are defined. The social revolutionaries dominate in the general political questions, being most eloquent and active and mostly related to the peasants, from whom come a vast majority of the military. In pursuance of the Kronstadt program of discouraging dominant personalities as being dangerous to liberty, the Government has no Ministers.

All departmental work is done by commissions, the members of which are to have equal power. There are commissions resembling petty War Ministries; which control the actions of the military and naval commanders, who are all locally elected, and also a General Revision Commission exercising the functions of a Controller General, which will check up expenditures and the work of departmental commissions. The Government publishes an official newspaper with reports of the debates in Parliament and other news.

RUSSIAN PEACE PLAN BREAKS PARTY TRUCE

Calling of a Socialist Congress Involves Renewal of Class Warfare.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Monday, June 4.—Russian Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates has decided to summon an international Socialist congress at Stockholm on July 8. The announcement of this important decision is accompanied by the still more important statement of the principles on which the proposed congress is to be based.

The aim of the conference is a strict blow at the coalition policy—at the union of parties in Great Britain, at the "Union Sacrée" in France, and the "Burgfriede" in Germany. The bearing of this principle on the present Russian coalition Government is not clear, but the assumption seems to be that the Russian coalition Government is a Government for peace, not for war, and that at any rate it will act in accordance with all of the workers' council.

For the combinations of national unities that now carry on the war there is to be substituted an international unity of one class that is to insist on peace. Europe is divided into great camps of States which are at war. The daring proposal of the Russian Socialists is to create a cross-division by organizing Europe into two new camps, that of the bourgeoisie and the proletariat, to neutralize the national division line and rob war of its sting. Revolution, in a word, is proposed as the alternative of war and the presupposition of peace.

It is as well that this should be put plainly. The British, French, and Belgian Socialists who are to be invited to the conference will be asked to decide on a radical change of attitude. They will be asked to transfer their energies from the work of active participation in a national war to that of the reassertion of the class principle as a means of securing peace.

The attitude of the council is severely logical, but for the practical success of the congress it would obviously have been better if there could have been a preliminary council of the allied Socialists.

There is another point that must be borne in mind. The views and policy of the council are not necessarily the views and policy of the Russian people. The revolution has thrown the Socialists to the top of the wave and given them an exceptional opportunity for urging their views on the masses of the people. The reception of their appeals by the masses has been enthusiastic, but this does not mean that the watchwords of the council are the final and considered view of the great bulk of the Russian people; still less that the peace policy they propose has the intelligent support of the Russian democracy.

The Russian democracy is politically untrained; its political education and organization have only just begun. The masses are easily swayed in one direction or another, and an audience that unanimously passes a resolution today may reverse it tomorrow. What you have in Russia at present is not a clearly articulate, disciplined, and organized public opinion, but an incoherent mass movement of which the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates is the most energetic exponent.

M. Thomas, M. Vandervelde, and Mr. Henderson are negotiating now with the Socialist leaders in the hope of insuring that a preliminary conference of allied Socialists may be held in London, as originally proposed by the British Labor Party.

PESSIMISTIC OVER RUSSIA.

French Writer Questions Whether She Has Conscience and Honor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 6.—The Russian situation is viewed here with frank pessimism. Frederick Masson, the French academician and famous historian, says in Le Gaulois:

"The consequences of the Russian revolution cannot be dissimulated. Is it possible to believe the Provisional Government will be able to re-establish order in the army and make possible an offensive in face of the declared opposition of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates? There was once a Russian Empire, but is there a Russian nation representing the various peoples inhabiting the territory of Russia? Is there a Russian conscience representing the collective conscience of the people? Is there Russian honor and a Russian fatherland?

"The person of the Emperor was a centre, a binding link. He symbolized the conscience and the honor of Russia. Now its elements are dissolving. Every one will try to realize the conception of his own dreams. In the peasant gatherings projects of unprecedented State control and despotism are looming up."

The Gazette de Lausanne declares that the present German optimism has only one real foundation—the deplorable turn things have taken in Russia. The writer lays the blame principally on the influence of Tolstoy's theories and adds: "However, the Russian armies in the course of the present war have not accomplished such exceptional exploits that defection on their part need be deplored. The aid of the United States will more than remedy the flabbiness, and perhaps even the treason, of the Muscovites."

NEW POST FOR ALEXIEFF.

Ex-Generalissimo Made Military Adviser of Provisional Government.

LONDON, June 6.—According to an official dispatch from Petrograd, General Michael Alexieff, who recently retired from the chief command of the Russian armies, has been appointed military adviser of the Provisional Government.

By HERBERT BAILEY.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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PETROGRAD, June 5.—The resignation of General Alexieff had been expected since the recent attack on him by the organ of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates. He had long found the position irksome.

When the council first sent delegations to the front and the soldiers instituted a system of election of officers, General Alexieff was official head of the mission to deal with these anti-disciplinary forces in a drastic manner. His request was refused and he was curtly reminded that no such methods as he proposed would be tolerated. Again, during the crisis that led to the formation of the coalition, he pressed his resignation on the Government, as they refused to give him powers to enforce discipline, but Guchkoff's assistant hurried to Moghilev and prevailed on him to withdraw his resignation.

His speech on the formula "no annexations, no indemnities"—and the subsequent attack by the Bulletin of the Council rendered his position intolerable, and when Kerensky visited headquarters Alexieff expressed his determination to resign.

Alexieff is a man of the Cromwellian school, reserved, strict, and vigorous. His successor, Brusiloff, is a man of another type, buoyant and affable.

HEARS TREATIES WERE STOLEN

German Paper Story of Burglaries at Russian Foreign Office.

AMSTERDAM, June 6.—The Hamburger Fremdenblatt publishes a Stockholm report, which is alleged to have emanated from Russian sources, that the original treaties between Russia and western powers, which were concluded since 1913 have disappeared from the Petrograd Foreign Office.

The rumor connects the disappearance of the treaties with "recent mysterious burglaries at the Foreign Office and in foreign embassies in the Russian capital."

TORNADO OF FIRE HITS ITALIAN LINE

Austria's Finest Troops Battle Hand to Hand with Foes for Carso Positions.

NAVAL GUNS BROUGHT UP

Italians Yield Near Jamiano, and Vienna Claims Victory and 6,771 Prisoners.

By PERCEVAL GIBBON.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE ITALIAN ARMY ON THE CARSO, June 5.—Probably the soldiers of every nation believe that victory is due them as certainly as their pay or their rations, or who would be a soldier? Certainly the Austrians believe it, and have to be led to a more reasonable state of mind.

But the Hungarian Honved prisoners who have come to the rear out of the flames and flying stone splinters on Monte Faiti were the toughest stuff yet encountered upon this diverse and terrible front. They swaggered back along the shrapnel-infested roads, containing themselves with difficulty, to the very gates of the barbed wire compound with the air of men who share the inheritance of victory. They were the best troops the enemy has yet shown us. I was told by a staff officer of the corps which captured these big fellows in the prime of life that they fought like tigers and could not believe they had been beaten.

They were part of the harvest of the fighting which has been going on during the last sixty hours. The Austrians, beaten everywhere, with losses standing, at a conservative estimate, at 85,000, have come back at us with a sort of despairing and frenzied gallantry which these generous Italians are the first to appreciate and admit, and they are fighting so much better than during the offensive that overcrowded the prisoner's camps that one has the impression that the abomination, terror, and disgrace has taken this length of time to filter through General Borcevic's skull to his brain.

Their main efforts have been upon the Carso, where, up till yesterday morning, they maintained an intense bombardment upon the ruins of their former line, where the Italian infantry was lying, trying, trying, under fire, to scratch itself a trench or some kind in the stone floor of the Carso. From their heavy calibre positions to the rear of Brestovica and south behind Hermada, around Vermovle, they shelled with 420-inch guns, while naval guns that were run up from Trieste upon railways to Sistiana or thereabouts bowled their great projectiles over the hump of Hermada upon the ruined Flondar lines and shallow rabbit scrapes where the tenacious Italian infantry were hanging on their new positions. Medeazza, Monte Faiti and all the line that extends thence southward to the westernmost cottages of Costagnevizza was enfiladed and spattered with flying steel and high explosives from copious batteries that shelter to the north behind San Marco, opposite Gorizia, where the guns are hidden among the full-leaved oaks of Panowitzer forest.

Upon the night of June 3 and 4, when the moment had ripened, the Austrians threw their sturmtruphen forward to blast a way for their main attacking forces into the new Italian positions. Faiti is one of that chain of blunt peaks which bounds the Carso on the north, and the Italians and Austrians have wrestled for months for possession of its crest. The line ran up the western slope of the mountain and turned south at an abrupt right angle upon its highest point, inclosing an angle which was marked upon the trench maps as the tooth of Faiti.

In the darkness of the night of June 3 Hungarian Honved storming troops came up to the two faces of the Italian position with a tremendous barrage fire shielding their front and shoved their desperate way into the lines. There were two battalions of chosen and eager fighting men, splendidly trained and equipped for their job, and their impetus and the intensity of the gun fire which supported them availed for a moment to carry them through. The Italians, penned between the two sides of their salient, fell back, and up the slopes began to move in the dark the Austrian supports who should have taken over the mountain from the storming forces, consolidated it, and held it. But they never got there.

What Italy did not know about gunnery she has learned during the last few months when Cadorna was training his new generation of gunners, and prompt as an answer to a bell came the Italian curtain fire, drawing behind the sturmtruphen and before their supports a very tempest vell of death which none could approach without destruction, and shutting in the stormers as into a chamber of fire. The Italians, who came roaring forward in the shell illuminated night to reattack.

Those who came were the Romans of the Tiber brigade, with all Rome's world-glory and world-glamour behind them for tradition. There were four companies of the Austrian stormingbattalions actually in some of the Faiti positions when the Tiber men came back, and they fought like trapped tigers. There were desperate and implacable battles, hand to hand and grenade to bayonet, upon those stony slopes, while all the guns in the south of Europe blazed at them. Sixty-two scowling, arrogant Hungarians went back to their cages behind the Italian line. The rest of those four companies, a thousand strong in all, are lying out under the tyrannous sun waiting for burial parties.

South of Faiti as far as Costagnevizza every Austrian attack was stopped dead, and there was even some gain of ground by the Italians which at one point carried them forward till they stand at this moment in the first ruined cottages of trench-tangled Costagnevizza itself.

Further south still the fighting is proceeding. There was a certain Italian retirement upon a section of the new conquered positions south of Jamiano, notably upon the northern centre of the sector about Komarie, but already nearly everywhere the lost ground has been retaken.

I have been watching the fight boiling back up the slopes all day and the forward crawl of the barrage fire that strides ahead of the attackers. What is chiefly to be noted is that it goes forward as steadily as water runs down hill, but the details are lost in a surge of smoke that spouts and drifts upon the hillsides and makes cauldrons of valleys. We shall know more tonight but in the meantime the Italians have the habit of victory, and they are proving themselves slaves to the habit.

AUSTRIANS TELL OF GAINS.

Say They Took 6,500 Italians in Recovered Positions.

VIENNA, June 5, (via London, June 6.)—The Austrians have regained positions taken by the Italians south of Jamiano, on the front above Trieste, and captured more than 6,500 Italians, the War Office announces. The statement follows:

South of Jamiano, halfway between Montfalcone and Hermada, our troops, in a counterattack systematically prepared and carried out, recaptured a considerable portion of the trenches captured in this sector two weeks ago by the Italians. The enemy vainly threw into the battle his reserves, which arrived on foot or were brought in motors, in order to snatch again from us the territory which we conquered. In a struggle lasting a day and a night and which early today, owing to fresh Italian reinforcements, increased to the utmost violence, our heroic infantry remained victorious on the entire line and the enemy was repulsed everywhere.

Italian attempts to bring relief to the southern wing by thrusts near Costagnevizza and east of Gorizia failed completely before the brave defense of our troops.

The number of prisoners brought back yesterday near Jamiano amounts to 271 officers and 6,500 men. The total announced in the last report is thus increased to the extraordinary number, for a defensive battle, of of 22,000 prisoners.

An enemy biplane was shot down in an aerial fight over Dampazzo.

Italians Admit Failing Back.

ROME, June 6.—The Italian line before Flondar, on the front above Tricste, has been withdrawn slightly, the War Office announced in the following communication:

Lively artillery duels continued yesterday on the front from the Monte Nero area to the heights east of Gorizia. On the Carso the violent shelling of our positions from Vercia to Jamiano was resumed, provoking an energetic reply from our batteries.

South of Jamiano the fighting was less intense after the heavy action of Monday. Our new line fronting Flondar, however, has been withdrawn slightly to a position which is more advantageous tactically. In yesterday's action we took 256 prisoners, including 10 officers.

There was intense aerial activity. One enemy machine was beaten down by gunfire near Mooe, in the Sexten Valley. Another was brought down in an aerial fight between the Vodice and Monte Santo.

Last night our bombing squadrons, notwithstanding violent shelling by anti-aircraft guns, dropped more than two tons of high explosives on the St. Peter's station of the Trieste-Lubiana Railway. Our machines returned safely.

8 GERMAN AIRPLANES FELLED IN RAID ON KENT

British Report Four Destroyed, Two Totally Disabled and Two Driven Down.

LONDON, June 6.—Eight out of eighteen German airplanes that took part in yesterday's air raid on Essex and Kent were driven down by British airmen. Four of these were to a certainty completely destroyed, while two others are believed to have been put totally out of commission.

Of the eighteen machines that started in the raid, two were brought down near the British coast after having dropped their bombs, as reported in the official British statement. The remaining sixteen were engaged by ten naval airmen from Dunkirk, who in a great battle over the sea destroyed two more of the Germans and drove down another four, two of which, it is reasonable to believe, according to the official report, were completely put out of action.

After the lesson of the Folkestone raid the British were ready for yesterday's visit, and from the moment the Germans left the Belgian coast they were engaged, first with patrols over the Channel, then with the land forces in England, and later, on their return, with the squadron of airplanes from Dunkirk.

The official statement follows:

Yesterday afternoon four Royal Naval Air Service pilots on patrol off Dunkirk observed about eighteen enemy aircraft off Ostend, well out at sea, proceeding in a northwesterly direction. Indecisive engagements took place, and the enemy were chased to England.

On their return journey the enemy were pursued and engaged by a naval seaplane from an air station on the Kentish coast. Two enemy aircraft were in turn attacked and driven down by this pilot, who then landed at Dunkirk. Other engagements between Royal Naval Air Service machines from home stations and the enemy also took place over the Thames estuary.

Later ten naval pilots from Dunkirk encountered sixteen hostile aircraft off Ostend, returning from their raid on England, and numerous fights took place. Two of these hostile aircraft were completely destroyed and four others were driven down out of control, of which two are considered also to have been destroyed.

In addition to this prompt defensive action, a warning was given the inhabitants of the districts visited, and they were able to take to cover, so that the casualties, while considerable, aggregating twelve killed and thirty-six wounded, were much smaller than in the case of Folkestone, which had no warning.

Anti-aircraft guns and airplanes succeeded in keeping the raiders from the naval and military centres, and the casualties occurred chiefly in small towns and villages, on which bombs were dropped indiscriminately.

The increasing importance of airplane attacks upon England and counterattacks in Belgium by the British is being much commented upon, and it is expected the Summer months will see many repetitions of yesterday's activity.

Germans Claim Success at Sheerness.

BERLIN, June 6, (via London.)—A German air squadron has dropped more than 5,000 kilograms (11,000 pounds) of bombs on military establishments at Sheerness, England. German Army Headquarters announced today. Good hits were observed.

Reporting on the aviation activities of the Western front forces, the official statement says:

One of our airplane squadrons dropped more than 5,000 kilograms of bombs on military establishments at Sheerness, at the mouth of the Thames. Good hits were observed.

During numerous aerial battles along the front the enemy lost eleven airplanes. Lieutenant Allmenroeder won his twenty-fifth and Lieutenant twenty-sixth victories, and Lieutenant Voss his thirty-third.

The raid alluded to in the official statement is that reported by the British authorities as carried out by the Germans over towns and villages in Essex and Kent. Sheerness is a fortified seaport and naval arsenal in the northwest corner of the island of Sheppey, in Kent, a vast dockyard being located there. It has a population of more than 18,000, according to the latest available figures.

ELATED OVER AIR DEFENSE.

LONDON, Thursday, June 7.—The morning newspapers today display with gratification the news of the toll exacted from the German air raiders, which, they remark, was a terrible price to pay for a raid which effected virtually nothing of military importance.

It is generally assumed that ten German machines were lost, which, some of the commentators express the belief, is almost enough to cause the Germans to cease repetitions of their airplane raids.

The damage inflicted on the raiders, taken in connection with the reduction in the sinkings of vessels by submarines and the success of naval and airplane attacks on enemy bases in Belgium, has instilled a spirit of elation in the editorials and news columns generally.

PRESIDENT URGES FOOD MEASURES

Continued from Page 1.

passed. One provides for food survey and food stimulation. It has gone through both houses, and now only awaits being reported out of a joint conference committee, which is expected to reach an agreement next week.

The vital feature of the bill as passed is the provision for a food census to ascertain agricultural stocks and for aiding farmers in supplying them with seed at cost price. It also enables the President to control shipments of food so that they do not go to enemy destination.

Another bill passed by the Senate provides against food hoarding and against speculation in grain futures. This is to go to the House early next week. The only remaining bill of importance to the Administration is the food control measure, carrying the appointment of the food administrator. It was said tonight that all the food bills probably would be disposed of within three weeks.

Delay Makes Britons Anxious.

LONDON, Thursday, June 7.—In the House of Commons today, in rely to a question on the food situation, Captain Charles Bathurst, Parliamentary Secretary to the Food Control Department, said it was not in the public interest to give any information regarding food supplies, but it was of the greatest importance to the success of the Allies' cause that food exports from America should be on the highest possible scale for the remainder of the war.

Captain Bathurst's statement is somewhat disquieting to the public and the press. The Daily Chronicle, in an editorial on the subject, thinks there is more in it than meets the eye, and proceeds to refer to the delay in the execution by the Washington Administration of the food plans owing to the disagreement in Congress.

"It is not for us," says the paper, "to criticise the course of American legislation, but in this case we may be pardoned for feeling considerable anxiety at delays, which, if extended further, might entail most serious consequences for the allied countries."

The Daily News, after remarking that the whole situation with respect to the production of food in Great Britain is thoroughly unsatisfactory and likely to remain so as long as men continue to be drawn from agriculture for the army, says:

"Increased importation is no less vital than increased home production, and the public will become greatly reassured when the measure that makes Mr. Hoover food controller in America and confers upon him plenty of powers becomes a law. Without desiring either to question or discuss the procedure of the United States Legislature, we may be permitted to emphasize the importance of setting the direction of food exportation from America at the earliest practicable moment on so secure a basis as the Food bill would insure. We do not doubt that exportation will be on the highest possible scale, but our assurance will be sensibly greater when Mr. Hoover's appointment is made definite and his work has actually begun.

"We are looking to the American Continent, North and South, for vital supplies for ourselves and our allies. We have had them all along and may hope to have them in the future on a more organized system. Confidence in the ability of the United States to handle the food problem with expedition and success is well confirmed by the perfect smoothness and ease with which the military registration was effected. It is a fine exhibition of voluntary discipline and devotion and will produce a deep impression in Europe. We do not doubt that when the food department gets to work it will display equal efficiency."

200

High-class New York grocery houses are making a special window display this week of the unsurpassed mineral water—*White Rock*. They will deliver it to your home in any quantity.

If your particular grocer cannot supply you, please notify us and we will arrange for delivery.

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Bangkoks, Panamas, Leghorns, Sennits, Fancy Braids, etc.

$5 to $25.

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Oxwoave (White Oxford Basket Weave) collarless or with attached soft collar—a whacking value for the money—$1.75.

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Don't Buy a Noise.

It is no longer necessary to do so.

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"And silence like a poultice comes to heal the blows of sound."

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Also ask for a demonstration at your office.

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If You "Know Where the Shoe Pinches"

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Put on Educators, built to make and keep your feet happy, because they are made for natural feet

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Every member of the family needs 'em Get your family's Educators today And when buying, don't forget to look for EDUCATOR branded on the sole. Because every broad-toed shoe isn't an Educator. And only the correct orthopædic Educators have this mark. Made by Rice & Hutchins, Inc., 15 High Street, Boston, Mass.

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FUNDAMENTAL CONDITIONS
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AVIATORS FLY TODAY FOR LIBERTY LOAN

Fleet of War Planes Will Bombard Manhattan with Bond Literature.

LEAVE CITY HALL AT 12:30

Public to Get an Idea of a German Air Raid — No Oversubscription Yet, Committee Reports.

The greatest fleet of airplanes that ever appeared over an American city will circle around City Hall at 12:30 today, and will then sweep from the Battery to the Bronx, distributing Liberty Loan circulars on the way. It is expected that these airplanes will give the people of New York a fairly good idea of what the residents of London and other British cities have witnessed when their homes were raided by German air fleets.

Captain Kilmer, U. S. A., commanding the aviation camp at Mineola, has completed the plans for today's Liberty Loan aerial rally. Unless the weather is extremely bad or some other unforeseen difficulty arises the fleet will rise promptly at noon and make a bee line for the City Hall, where it will be met by two planes from Governors Island. Before leaving their stations the machines will be stocked up with Liberty Bond circulars. Each machine will carry fifty pounds of circulars, which have been packed in such a manner that they will disperse automatically as they are thrown from the machines. If they should fail to disperse and if the packages should fall intact to the ground they would crush the life out of any one that they might strike.

As soon as the entire fleet assembles at the City Hall, Captain Kilmer will give the signal for a military formation, which will visualize for spectators below the precise manner in which a German air fleet moves out after its defenseless prey in English and French cities.

Following the completion of the military formation the squadron will disperse. Two of the machines will go down Broadway into the financial district, scattering circulars on the way. The other eighteen will fly toward Harlem and the Bronx. Some of them will take a course over Fifth Avenue, others will work up Broadway, while the remainder flank them on each side.

When the main section reaches Central Park they will dip close to the ground and give the spectators a good view of the movements of a flyer.

The bond circulars will have the following statement printed in red ink:

"This was dropped by a United States aviator. It might have been a German bomb. To avoid bombs buy bonds."

Various unofficial reports having been published to the effect that the Liberty Loan had already been fully subscribed and would be largely oversubscribed, the Liberty Loan Committee of the New York District took occasion yesterday to authorize the statement that the amount subscribed to date would not bring about an oversubscription and it is felt that there should be no let-up in the vigorous campaign for subscriptions, both large and small.

The committee announced that banks in two communities in this district, Millbrook, N. Y., and Verona, N. J., had sent in applications exceeding their theoretical allotments, made on the basis of banking resources. It is requested by the Liberty Loan Committee that the amount of subscriptions collected by banks be reported as rapidly as figures are available. It was also announced that within a few days the total of subscriptions in this Reserve District and throughout the nation would be published.

Among large subscriptions reported yesterday were: Harry Payne Whitney, $1,000,000; Johnson & Higgins, $1,000,000; the American Metals Company, Ltd., $1,500,000; August Belmont & Co., $1,000,000; J. S. Bache & Co., $1,500,000; Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, $2,000,000; Ambrose Monell, $500,000; Lawrence Turnure & Co., $500,000; the Minerals Separation North American Corporation, $100,000; Oelrichs & Co., $100,000; J. H. Rossbach & Bros., $100,000; Eagle Pencil Company, $100,000; the MacAndrews & Forbes Company, $100,000; the Freeport Sulphur Company, $500,000; New York Library, $100,000; Mrs. Anna M. Harkness, $650,000; Edward S. Harkness, $500,000; the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, $50,000, and the First National Bank of Tenafly, N. J., $112,000; B. Y. Frost & Co., $200,000.

The Liberty Loan Committee announced yesterday that about $300,000 worth of the $10 participation certificates, issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, had been sold. The following list gives the sales of certificates in amounts of $5,000 or more, but it does not include purchases made by stores, for most of them have taken the certificates from their customers. The United Cigar Stores Company purchased a large amount of certificates and put them on sale yesterday. The total bought by the company is not available.

Elliot Spalding	$5,000
City National Bank, Utica	10,000
Central National Bank, Rochester	5,000
First National Bank, Bridgeport	5,000
Public Bank, New York City	10,000
Kings County Trust Co.	5,000
Coal & Iron National Bank, New York	5,000
U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co., New York	20,000
Bankers Trust Co., New York	5,000
Chatham & Phenix National Bank	20,000
Oppenheim-Collins Co.	20,000
Endicott-Johnson Co.	20,000
Farmers Loan & Trust Co.	5,000
Manufacturers' Trust Co., Brooklyn	10,000
Cazenovia National Bank, New York	5,000
Mechanics & Metals' National Bank	30,000
American Exchange National Bank	61,000
Chase National Bank	10,000
N. Y. State National Bank, Albany	25,000
Hanover National Bank	5,000
First National Bank, Syracuse	10,000

Those who desire to purchase blocks of the $10 certificates should apply at the bond sales division of the Liberty Loan Committee, 50 Wall Street, or through the Federal Reserve Bank.

Secretary McAdoo has written to the Aero Club of America concerning the possibility of its getting Liberty Loan bonds numbered 1 of every denomination, from $10,000 down, to be resold at a premium, the premium going to the Red Cross. The Secretary says that many similar requests have been received and that all will be considered.

Plans are under way for Liberty Loan clubs in the public schools, particularly the high schools. B. K. Marcus of the Bank of United States has proposed to have school pupils subscribe to the loan by paying $1 a week, the club to be conducted along the lines of Christmas clubs. With the approval of President Willcox of the Board of Education he has made a canvass of the high schools, the Principals of which have shown a great interest in the plan and have indicated willingness to cooperate.

William H. Maxwell, City Superintendent of Schools, has directed that all Boy Scouts attending the public schools be excused at noon on June 11, 12, 13, and 14, when, at the request of President Wilson, the Boy Scouts will conduct a nation-wide Liberty Bond campaign.

At the Liberty Loan booth of operatic and concert stars at the Metropolitan Musical Bureau where Liberty bonds are being sold on TIMES subscription blanks, the operatic sales staff yesterday sold forty-one $50 bonds in two hours, making a total of sixty-five bonds for the first two days. Marie Tiffany, soprano, and Thomas Chalmers, baritone, both of the Metropolitan Opera company, were the sales force. Giovanni Martinelli, tenor of the Metropolitan, sent his representatives, Mr. Boucher, with an order for bonds. On Thursday Alice Nielsen, soprano of the Metropolitan, and Mabel Peterson, the newly engaged lyric singer, will officiate from 3 to 5 at the salesrooms, 608 Aeolian Hall.

"Liberty Bond Day," with an eight-hour sale of the bonds, will be celebrated tomorrow afternoon with a rally at the headquarters of the National League for Women's Service, 237 Madison Avenue. Five thousand invitations have been sent out. The sale of the bonds will begin at 3 o'clock and last until 11. Mayor Mitchel will address the rally and help with the sale of the bonds. Refreshments will be sold, the receipts being used to purchase bonds.

The 3,000 life insurance agents continued their canvass of the city yesterday, adopting the slogan, "Buy a Policy to Insure Liberty." An indication of the results of their work is furnished by the statement of one manager of a "team," who said that 122 agents had sold 335 bonds totaling $51,450.

The Railroad Committee on Liberty Loan announced yesterday that subscriptions received to date total $20,499,650, this figure including some of the large applications of railroad companies previously reported.

Through an arrangement made by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company with the Merchants Loan and Trust Company of Chicago, the 60,000 employes of the road will have an opportunity to subscribe to the loan on the installment plan.

The employes of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company have already invested $574,000 of their savings in Liberty bonds. Of the 7,690 employes, over fifty per cent. have filed subscriptions.

The four-day Liberty Loan rally among the 20,000 Bush Terminal employes had resulted in subscriptions totaling $15,000.

Felix M. Warburg, Chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee for the Funds for Relief of Jewish War Sufferers, has sent a letter to the chairmen of the various committees urging their co-operation for the sale of Liberty bonds.

Superintendent Frank of the Beth Israel Hospital announced yesterday that every doctor, orderly and nurse had subscribed to a Liberty bond.

Directors of the Union Carbide Company adopted a resolution yesterday permitting subscribers to new stock of the company to make payment in Liberty Loan bonds.

Subscriptions to the Liberty Loan, made out on TIMES blanks, continue to come in at the various banks and trust companies. Following is a record of applications reported:

Previously reported	$2,023,350
Through the American Exchange National Bank—	
Mrs. Lucy Doughty Dargan	6,000
Through Monroe County National Bank, East Stroudsburg, Penn.—	
D. W. La Rue	100
Through the Treasury Department in Washington—	
Frank M. Field and four others	500
Through Bank of The Manhattan Company—	
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews	10,000

FORD SUBSCRIBES $5,000,000.

Helps to Fill the Quota of Detroit, Where McAdoo Speaks.

DETROIT, June 6.—It was announced here this afternoon that Detroit already had oversubscribed its Liberty Loan allotment of $35,000,000. Henry Ford assisted the local committee in its final drive this morning by making a $5,000,000 subscription.

BERNHARDT AT LOAN MEETING.

Gathering at the Castle, Tarrytown, Gives Silent Tribute.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., June 6.—Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, who is recuperating from her recent operation, drove down from Briarcliff Lodge this afternoon to attend a Liberty Loan meeting at the Castle. The speakers were Mrs. August Belmont, Judge Charles Moore, and Robert E. Patterson. Mrs. Mme. Bernhardt's car entered the Castle grounds the audience rose and paid the great actress a silent tribute. Her physician had requested that there be no demonstration, not even the waving of a handkerchief, for he did not want his patient excited.

Two little girls from the school presented Mme. Bernhardt a beautiful bunch of irises and a French flag, and Miss Mason made a welcome address. Mme. Bernhardt smiled at those who greeted her, but did not speak. She remained quiet in her car until the meeting was over and then drove away.

BOND CAMPAIGN NOW IS IN FULL SWING

Nation Takes Heed of McAdoo's Warning—Labor Federation Subscribes $10,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—All the various and manifold activities of the campaign to push the Liberty Loan of 1917 were reported today at the Treasury Department to be in full swing, with progress recorded every hour. The effect of Secretary McAdoo's speech in New York on Monday night was reflected in many letters and telegrams received. The argument that Germany, if successful in defeating England and France, would seize the fleets of England and France, and, adding her own ships and submarines, proceed to attack the United States coast, seems to have made the deepest impression. The first letter in to-day's mail was the following from a New York subscriber:

Inclosed herewith find check for $1, being 2 per cent. of my subscription for a fifty-dollar bond. After reading your great speech delivered in New York last night which so clearly describes the dangers confronting this Republic, and the well-founded reasons existing for our participation in this awful war, I fail to see how any citizen can neglect to buy a bond, even if they carried no interest.

In recognition of the celebration today of Liberty Loan Labor Day, Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, sent the following letter to Secretary McAdoo:

Application is hereby made for a registered Liberty Loan bond of 1917 in the sum of $10,000. Inclosed please find check for $200, being 2 per centum upon the bond applied for. Please make out the bond in the name of the American Federation of Labor. This purchase is made upon Labor Day dedicated for Labor's Liberty Loan bond purchase.

Secretary McAdoo issued the following statement tonight:

"A number of letters have been recently received at the Treasury Department inquiring whether or not the Liberty Loan bonds are obligations of the United States Government. I am surprised that there should be any misunderstanding on this point. The Liberty Loan bonds are United States Government bonds. They are the direct obligations of the United States Government and the honor and the resources of the American people are the security therefor. They are called Liberty bonds because their proceeds are to be dedicated to the cause of human liberty."

The German Roman Catholic Knights of St. George, with headquarters at Pittsburgh, it was announced today, had subscribed for $25,000 of Liberty Loan bonds. The German-American Publishing Company of Columbus, Ohio, publisher of several newspapers, has sent a subscription for more than $10,000 of Liberty Loan bonds for itself and its employes.

Johnson & Adams, managers of the Southeastern department of the Continental Casualty Company, with headquarters at Washington, received instructions today from H. G. B. Alexander of Chicago, President of the company, to invest all premium receipts in the Southeastern department in June in Liberty Loan bonds. This will result in an estimated subscription of $25,000.

Ruth Law, who is making a long airplane flight to aid the Liberty loan, sent this telegram to the Treasury Department today:

Mansfield, Ohio, June 6.

Flight started at Cleveland, 11 A. M. Thence Warren, running into a blinding rainstorm; continued in same for one hour. Spending the night at Mansfield.

Leave for Toledo 7 o'clock Wednesday morning. Much interest shown. Mansfield appropriates $800,000, its share of Liberty Bond issue. RUTH LAW.

CERTIFICATES SELL QUICKLY

$200,000,000 Treasury Issue Again Is Heavily Oversubscribed.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—For the third time within six weeks an offering of $200,000,000 in Treasury certificates of indebtedness, convertible into Liberty Loan bonds and bearing a lower interest rate than the bond issue itself, has been heavily oversubscribed. The entire offering, which brings the total of outstanding certificates issued under the War Revenue bill up to approximately $870,000,000, was placed through the Federal Reserve Banks.

The extent of oversubscription of the latest issue has not been ascertained, but estimates places it as high as one-third. The last issue was oversubscribed approximately 40 per cent.

Because of the quick response the subscription books were closed today ahead of time. The issue was offered June 1. The certificates bear 3¼ per cent. interest and mature July 30, the date of the second installment on the Liberty Loan subscriptions. Another issue of $200,000,000 of certificates probably will be offered within the next ten days.

SAFEST and STRONGEST
Our
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

No Loans made on vacant land, factories, theatres, or other special risks.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. $9,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

A Message from JOHN WANAMAKER

There isn't an accountant, engineer, statistician, efficiency man—anyone who handles figures—who doesn't realize his need of a Calculating-Adding Machine that *he himself*, without special training, can use with *speed* on *all* figure work and get results the *first* time.

There is one machine that fills this need. It is the MONROE Calculating-Adding Machine.

The most efficiently conducted offices in the country have standardized on the Monroe after testing it in comparison with other machines. Referring to intricate discount and customs work in their office, the firm of John Wanamaker says:

"Since installing Monroes in our office, on this character of work alone, we have saved at least 33⅓ per cent. of the time formerly required by the work, and I take pleasure in telling you how successfully the Monroes have worked out with us."

For all around service and utility the Monroe stands absolutely alone. Anyone in your office can operate it. Simply set the numbers on the keyboard and turn forward for Addition or Multiplication, backward for Subtraction or Division. No complements or reciprocals necessary. Visible proof at every stage insures positive accuracy without re-checking.

Without Obligation Ask for a Demonstration of the

MONROE
Calculating-Adding Machine
'Phone Barclay 5173

Monroe Calculating Machine Co., Woolworth Bldg., New York

Portable. Occupies less than a square foot

Stand Behind the Man Behind the Gun

Your money is needed to help furnish the sinews of war

Your simple duty, if you can't enlist, is to invest. You can buy a Liberty Bond by paying a little down and the balance on easy installments.

Don't think if you can only subscribe $50 that your subscription is not important. Every one must do his part. The small subscription is just as important as the large. For subscription blanks and full information, apply to any bank or trust company, or your department store or the Liberty Loan Committee, 120 Broadway.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND TO-DAY

Space donated by P. Centemeri & Co., 400 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

WE HAVE
An Especially Attractive Assortment of
Engagement, Wedding and Commencement Gifts
Military Watches

Phelps & Phelps Inc.
William R. Phelps, Pres.
Jewelers
6 Wall Street

DOING OUR BIT
BELL SYSTEM
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

"SINEWS OF WAR"

Money has been called the "sinews of war"

IN the case of your telephone system, however, the real sinews of war are the things that money buys—cable, wire, pole lines, switchboards, and other equipment necessary in furnishing telephone service.

The Bell System's "sinews of war" include a billion dollar telephone plant, of which the following are parts:

Poles enough to make a solid fence across the continent.

Lead and Tin enough to load more than 8,150 coal cars and make a train 62 miles long.

Switchboards enough to extend 58 miles in one solid line.

Wire enough to wind around the earth at the Equator more than 800 times.

Telephones enough standing side by side to extend 820 miles, or from New York to Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Buildings enough to house 180,000 trained telephone workers.

Such are the telephone "sinews of war" mobilized for service to the Nation.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

Liberty Loan of 1917

THE members of the New York Stock Exchange unreservedly place themselves at the service of the Government to provide dollars as well as men.

We appeal to every American to help make the Liberty Loan subscription worthy of the Nation.

We urge you, as a matter of patriotism, self-interest and self-preservation, to subscribe as generously as you can to this loan.

No matter how small your subscription may be, from $50 upward, any New York Stock Exchange House will be glad to co-operate with you in every way and to see that your subscription is properly entered and cared for, and will put all its facilities at your disposal without charge and without profit.

A large majority of New York Stock Exchange houses have adopted a partial payment plan which will make it possible for any individual to invest his savings in the Liberty Loan.

To assure the success of the Liberty Loan, every individual must do his part, and we urge immediate response to this appeal.

LIBERTY LOAN SUB-COMMITTEE OF
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE HOUSES

The above appeal is heartily approved and endorsed by the Governing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange.

H. G. S. NOBLE, President

Detailed information will be furnished by applying to any member of the New York Stock Exchange

GERMANY ANXIOUS OVER TRADE FUTURE

But Pan Germans Are Making a Furious Campaign, Deriding Talk of After-War Boycott.

SURE OF A GERMAN PEACE

American Selfishness, They Say, Won't Let Wilson Cut Off Teuton Markets.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 6.—The furious annexationist propaganda, having its origin in the industrial centres of the Rhine Province and Westphalia, which is flooding all Germany, is met by increasing anxiety in banking and export circles regarding Germany's economic situation after the war. Although they are howled down by the Reventlowians and other annexationist enthusiasts, the great German banking papers constantly repeat their warnings. Apparently cooler-headed Germans realize fully that they would pay for annexing the smallest portion of France or Belgium by losing all hope of recovering their world markets.

In order to overcome this less noisy, but increasingly powerful opposition, the annexationists resort to a new argument, namely, that American selfishness will not allow President Wilson's administration or any other Government to deprive America of the advantage of reciprocal trade with the Central Empires. The National Liberal organs of the industrial magnates now assert, in direct contradiction of what they said a month ago, that the entry of the United States into the war will not produce economic disasters outweighing Germany's military advantage in Europe. The Weser Zeitung reprints the cable dispatch sent by The Hague correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES on May 8, as reprinted in the London papers, in which it was pointed out that America, with the Entente Powers, could so close the world's markets to German trade that, whatever her military position might be, her financial ruin would be certain. This assertion was openly admitted by several German papers at the time.

This great National Liberal annexationist shipping organ now declares that this idea of closing the world markets is "typically American in its exaggeration." Under the prominent headline "Dollar War; Dollar Peace," the Zeitung proceeds to argue that America, as heretofore, will fight Germany economically, and more with dollars than with soldiers. But, it says, the economic truth is somewhat different than people imagine "over there." It admits that America's economic strength is great, but says that Germany's is not less, as thirty-three months of war have shown.

"Germany's foremost enemies," it says, "are European, and these Germany has mastered in such a way that she can hope for a German peace; and when peace is made it will be shown that the Paris Conference has hatched an egg out of which no dragon will appear to strangle German trade. The Central Powers command too large and too well populated an area for the Allies to give up their trade lightheartedly, and Germany also possesses potash with which her enemies are obliged painfully to dispense. When peace comes Germany will see that her economic future is not fettered, but assured, and that applies to the rest of the world. So we need not be frightened at America's warnings, as America was always a braggart. Neither America nor her allies will give up the market of the Central Powers.

"We do not intend to send troops over the Atlantic to defeat them in their own country, and they will be able to say that they are unbeaten; but an unbeaten America is no counterpoise against her unvictorious allies. We need not beg peace of the United States, as we did not declare war. If America wants peace, good; but she must first get down off her high horse, and she cannot expect that we will hold the stirrup."

BIG AND LITTLE

THE big buyers believe in title insurance as well as the small buyers.

Last year we insured 28 titles where the value was half a million or over. Twelve of these were a million or more.

We get these large titles because people know we can make good. Our guarantee fund gets larger every year.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital $ 5,000,000
Surplus 11,000,000

176 B'way, N.Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Motor on Miles of Perfect Roads at 29

MOUNTAIN LAKES RESIDENTIAL PARK

The Countryside is Yours.

Up hill and down dale on 30 miles of Ammisited drives is motoring de luxe. Here is provided by man the only thing that Nature neglected to complete in this perfect residential site—namely, good roads.

All else is here—hills, valleys, woodlands, lakes and sparkling streams. Here 2,000 residents, many prominent in professional and business activities in New York, make their homes the year around, where epidemics are unknown. Cottage and country estate property still available.

Send for list of available homes and homesites at remarkable prices.

PUBLICITY SECRETARY OF MOUNTAIN LAKES, N. J.
New York Office, 2 Maiden Lane.
Tel. 1523 Cort.

HAIR

Its Nature, Growth and Common Affections. Rules for Its Preservation.
RICHARD W. MULLER, M. D.

LOSS OF HAIR

Prematurely Gray Hair, Seborrhoea and the Quartz Lamp Treatment.
RICHARD W. MULLER, M. D.
Illustrated. All Bookstores, $1.50.
W. R. Jenkins, Pubs., 48 St. & 6 Ave.

Benjamin Franklin, says:
"The noblest question in the world is, 'What good may I do in it?'"

Free Custodianship

As part of our service to our customers, we shall be glad to act, without charge, as *Custodian* for *Liberty Loan Bonds*, purchased through us, not exceeding $2,000. par value for any one individual.

A subscription to the Liberty Loan is a symbol of your active participation in the cause of right and justice, as well as an act of business foresight. Full particulars will gladly be furnished upon application at any of our offices.

Franklin TRUST CO.
Established 1888

46 Wall Street, New York
166 Montague Street, Brooklyn
569 Fulton Street, Brooklyn

J.M. Gidding & Co.
364-366-368 Fifth Avenue AT 40TH ST N.Y.

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALES

OF SUITS—COATS—CAPES,
GOWNS—DRESSES—WRAPS
BLOUSES and MILLINERY
At reductions ranging from

ONE-THIRD to HALF

(of the former prices)

(IN MANY INSTANCES SALE PRICES ARE CONSIDERABLY LESS THAN HALF THE REGULAR PRICES)

R.H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

American Homespuns

Woven by Hand of Hand-Spun Yarns--

To those who are particular about the materials which enter into their clothing, we announce a first shipment of honest-to-goodness - American - made-homespuns

Made by a Colony of Hand Weavers in one of our Southern States, on old-fashioned handlooms, from the wool of sheep raised on Southern hillsides. Dyed with old-fashioned dyestuffs and vegetable dyes from herbs gathered in neighboring forests.

Some Who Have Seen These Homespuns say they are better than the hand-woven Scotch or Irish fabrics and decidedly superior to the Canadian. We are pleased to offer them to those of our customers who want individual lounge, golf or country-side suits made from cloths woven of hand-spun threads, in America by Americans.

Materials possessing all that is so desirable in the old-fashioned hand-woven woolens and all that is necessary in the modern day treatment of a 36-inch-wide cloth. These woolens are to be had at this store exclusively. The price is $3.69 per yard.

Macy's—Second Floor, 35th St., B'way.

Running Board Trunks

Excellent for week-end and longer trips. Of three-ply basswood veneer, covered with enameled duck. Strong locks and catches. Contains two suitcases 13½ in. wide x 5 in. deep x 25, 28 or 30 in. long. Outside dimensions 10½ in. wide x 15½ in. high x 28, 30 or 32 inches long.

Three Sizes, as follows:

28 in.	30 in.	32 in.
$12.74	$13.74	$14.74

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St.

Shirts Made to Measure

We maintain a well-equipped workroom on the premises where skilled shirtmakers turn out custom-made shirts of unusual quality.

A complete stock of the season's newest imported and domestic shirtings; madras weaves predominate, at $2.89 and $3.44 each.

Silk Shirtings, $6.89 and $8.74.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 35th Street.

Every Straw Is Not A Sailor

Some men prefer other shapes and for them we have Panamas, Milans and Baliuags at "Lowest-in-the-City" prices.

For instance:

Panamas, $3.89 to $7.89
Milans, $4.89 to $6.89
Baliuags, $7.89 to $10.89

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Beach Robes, Special at $1.95

Made of Cotton Flannel in candy striped patterns of Blue and White, and Black and White. Shawl Collar, Pearl Buttons. All sizes.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Radium Dial Wrist Watches, $8.50

Just the watch for the man in uniform. Numerals can be easily seen in the dark. 7-Jewel lever movement.

Women's Fashionable Coats and Wraps
Formerly $25 to $35
Reduced to $17.50

High-grade coats and wraps from our regular stock in models for motoring, touring, afternoon and evening wear. The tailoring is of the highest standard and the materials include: Gabardine, Serge, Wool Velour, Wool Jersey, Fancy Plaids, Covert and Burella Cloth; Satin, Taffeta and Silk Poplin, trimmed with self material or marabou. Half or full lined. All colors and sizes, but not in every model.

Women's Washable Summer Skirts Special at $2.95

For sports and general wear better skirts were never offered at this price. The models are in the newest button-front and side effects, with flap or tailor-made pockets. Fashioned of Gabardine, Pique, Basketweave, Linen and Novelty Fabrics. Waistbands to 36.

New Models will be presented today in

The Annual June Sale of Blouses
at most remarkable price economies

At 89c—Plain and Corded Voile Blouses in sport and lace-trimmed effects. Very charming collars in various styles to select from. Trimmed with pearl buttons and exceptionally well finished.

At $1.89—Sheer Organdie Blouses with front and back of fine cluster tucks, broad collar and turn back cuffs. Embroidered in scalloped design in rose or blue. Also a good assortment of lace-trimmed models at $1.89.

At $2.79—Garden Smocks of Oxford and Beach Cloth. White with colored trimming, or in rose, Copenhagen blue, green or gold, with deep circular collar of white organdie. Just the thing for garden or beach wear.

At $3.89—Smart Georgette Crepe Blouses in plain and frilled models with insets of Filet lace. Also—very charming frilled blouses edged with Filet lace. In white or flesh color.

Today, Friday and Saturday—Last Three Days of
The Extraordinary Special Sale of

Women's Colored Kidskin Boots at $6.95

An opportunity such as this may not present itself again. The models are among the best in our stocks, and the workmanship and leathers are of the highest quality throughout.

The Models and Colors:

Brown Kidskin with low military heel and welt sole.
Slate Grey or Brown Kidskin with Louis XV. heel.
Pearl Grey or Ivory Kidskin with Louis XV. heel.
Tan Russia Calfskin with fibre sole and heel for sport wear.

On the Fourth Floor Today

The Annual June Sale of Women's Mid-Summer Dresses

Both as to variety of models and values presented this event is by far the most important of the Summer season. Dresses for afternoon and street wear, lawn parties, and every other occasion are included at most remarkable special prices.

500 Women's Silk Dresses at $18.50

Russian Blouse Dresses trimmed with embroidery. Made of Taffeta with White Georgette Crepe collar.

Smart Foulard Dresses with new side drapery. Colors; Navy Blue or Black. Sizes 34 to 44.

Also—Two-Piece Shirtwaist Dresses in Crepe de Chine or striped "Buddah" Silk with button-front plaited skirts; and Sport models in Coat effect. Skirt is of taffeta and Coat is of Crepe de Chine. Others in all Crepe de Chine. Dark and light colors. } $18.50

Bead Trimmed Cotton Georgette Voile Dresses at $15

Waist is beaded and skirt has very wide tucks. As dainty as much higher-priced Georgette Crepe Dresses. Rose, Copenhagen Blue, Pink, Light Blue, Lavender and White. Sizes 34 to 42.

Dainty Lingerie Dresses at $10.95

Cool, Summery Frocks that are easily laundered. Made of flouncings or trimmed with lace. In all white with self or colored ribbon belts. Sizes 34 to 44.

Imported Voile Dresses at $15 and $16.50

New and very charming models trimmed with braid, embroidery or hand-made lace. Sizes from 34 to 44.

Gingham Dresses
$7.50 $8.95 $10.95

Suitable for morning or porch wear, trimmed with Chambray or Voile, Checked or Plaid designs. Sizes 34 to 42.

Dainty Voile Dresses
$5.95 $7.50 $10

In attractive stripe and flowered patterns, some trimmed in solid colors. Sizes 34 to 44.

Taffeta, Satin and Georgette Crepe Dresses for Large Women

Smart frocks in very charming models for Summer wear, retaining all the grace and originality of their regular size originals. Sizes range from 42 to 50.

At $29.50, $39.50, $45, $49.50

The Saks Luggage Dept. Is Now Featuring

Neverbreak No. 250 Full Size Wardrobe Trunks

$25

$25

The "Neverbreak" No. 250 is the best wardrobe trunk ever made to retail at $25, and it is obtainable in New York only at Saks. Fitted with five roomy drawers, two of which are easily convertible into one for hats. Hard vulcanized fibre covered, trimmed with cold rolled steel hardware. Illustrated.

Lord & Taylor
38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

In Our Studios of Interior Decoration

A staff of competent Interior Decorators, each a specialist in some branch of the Furnishing Art, is at your service.

The perplexing problems which confront every homemaker may, with their assistance, be perfectly solved.

Perhaps you have a definite scheme of Furnishing, but find it difficult to secure the correct wall paper or draperies.

Or you may wish to be entirely relieved of the worry of furnishing a Country or Town House.

Or you may fancy an unusual and individual decorative effect.

No order is too trifling, none too large for our Studios to undertake. And this expert service is not only without charge, but it indeed is a means to economy, for our decorators not only know every source of supply, but are familiar with our vast assortments and the special values frequently offered.

Upon request a member of our Decorative Staff will call, or we will welcome an opportunity to consult with you at the Studios.

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE"
Meet me at the Fountain
SIXTH AVE. 18TH TO 19TH STREET

Today Is Double Profit-Sharing Day
Two "Sperry" Gold Stamps with Each 10c Purchase ALL DAY.

The Scale of Our Operations

And the advantage of a low rent neighborhood, two minutes removed from the congested shopping centres, enables us to guarantee "BETTER GOODS FOR THE SAME MONEY OR THE SAME GOODS FOR LESS MONEY THAN ELSEWHERE."

Drugs & Toilet Articles

Great June Sale Begins Today

Necessities for every medicine chest, and every bathroom cupboard. The very articles that you should supply yourself with at once, while prices are as low as they are quoted here. We reserve the right to limit quantities

A dozen specials from the big list printed here.

Blaud's Pills—100 in bottle for..... 12c	Sheffield's Tooth Paste—25c tube for... 13c	Plexo Greaseless Cream—25c size for.... 15c
Nuxated Iron Tablets—$1 size for. 65c	Borichlor Paste—50c size for..... 34c	Sal Hepatica—50c size for..... 35c
Woodbury's Facial Soap—25c cake for..... 16c	Prophylactic Tooth Brushes—35c size for 25c	Danderine—$1 size for. 60c
Absorbent Cotton—1 lb. package for.... 26c	Daggett & Ramsdell's Cold Cream—50c size for..... 33c	Fellow's Syrup of Hypophosphites—$1.50 size for..... 93c

We give S&H Green Trading Stamps as usual. Ask for them. Double S&H Stamps till 12 o'clock. Single S&H Stamps Thereafter. Double "Sperry" Gold Stamps all day Today.

...TISH GET 250 ...RECRUITS IN A DAY

...dway Headquarters Crowded with Englishmen in All Walks of Life.

...ACK BINNS VISITS OFFICE

Colin Campbell Insists Upon Doing Clerical Work When Rejected Because of His Age.

On the first floor of 280 Broadway, separated only by a few doors from the headquarters of the United States Army recruiting in the city, the British Recruiting Mission began yesterday to enlist British subjects for service with their own colors. It was the first time in the history of the United States that a foreign Government had recruited men in this country for its own military service. From the moment the doors opened until they closed the office was thronged with loyal Britons who were eager to serve, and before the day was over more than 250 had been enlisted.

The results of the first day were highly gratifying to Brig. Gen. W. A. White and the members of his staff. The throng of applicants was enough to inspire the envy of the American recruiting officers in the adjoining rooms, who usually have to wait for a red letter occasion to get more than 200 recruits in one day.

The British recruits came from all walks of life. There were a few editors among them, a number of actors, and a great many butlers and valets employed by wealthy American families. Just as General White had suggested several days ago, most of them said they had not enlisted before because they could not afford the transportation to the nearest recruiting centre in Canada. They were such a fit and vigorous lot of men that only about 10 per cent. of the 300 or more applicants were rejected.

The first to enlist at the British station was George L. Vexine, 22 years old, a waiter in the Vanderbilt Hotel, who came from England three years ago. He has a brother in the British Army, and he himself hopes to become a member of the aviation corps.

Among the actors who rallied to the colors were George Hassell, Duncan McRae, Colin Campbell, Leonard Mudie, Roland Bottomley, Malcolm Dunn, and Roland Young.

Most of the actors, being over age, could not pass, among them Colin Campbell. He insisted on doing his bit in some way or other, so he was enrolled in the clerical force of the office. The recruiting officers also received a visit from Jack Binns, of wireless fame, who made inquiries about enlistment and said he would return in a few days.

Lieut. Col. C. A. Warren of Toronto arrived yesterday and took charge of the medical department of the recruiting mission. He has six assistants, but at the pace recruiting took found himself in need of several more.

The British officers were faced with a perplexing problem when a man born in one of the British possessions of parents who were citizens of the United States applied at the British headquarters for enlistment in the aviation corps. Captain P. F. Sise put the case before Colonel R. D. Walsh of the United States Army recruiting staff, and the Colonel wired to Washington for instructions, as the applicant insisted that he was a British subject and not an American.

Another applicant who was eager to see service under the Union Jack was a Brooklyn boy, 19 years old, who said he was the son of Austrian parents, but wanted to fight for the Allies. The officers had to turn him down because he was not a British subject, but they advised him to enlist in the American Army.

BIER MUST PAY ALIMONY.

Court Upholds Claim of Wife, Who Is Suing for Divorce.

Dr. Elias Bier, a dentist with offices at the Hotel Majestic, was directed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum to pay $30 a week alimony to his wife, Mildred Dufree Bier, pending a suit for a divorce.

Mrs. Bier says she is compelled to live on the charity of her mother, Mrs. Sarah Dufree, at the Hotel St. Andrew, and by appearing in small theatrical parts, while her husband has an income of $9,000 to $12,000 a year. Mrs. Bier alleges that her husband owns a number of riding horses, one of which he has just purchased for $2,000, and that he lost $5,000 in the stock market last year.

Mrs. Bier, who is 21 years old, married the defendant, who is 43, on Jan. 8, 1916.

PLAN TO ABDUCT A MUNITIONS MAKER

Men Under Arrest in Connection with Baby's Disappearance Tell of Teuton Plot.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., June 6.—County authorities believe that the mystery surrounding Baby Lloyd Keet, who disappeared a week ago tonight, is nearing solution. Six persons were being held in custody tonight, one here, one at Ozark, Mo., and the other four, including a woman, at some unknown place to which they were taken when mob violence began to threaten them.

Confessions were said to have been made by the prisoners in which they told of a plan to abduct C. A. Clement, a local jeweler; another child, and a St. Louis munitions maker. The latter plot, Paul O'Day, the county prosecutor said, was merely discussed by the alleged conspirators after they had been approached by a German agent who desired them to aid in attempts to suppress traffic.

The plots discovered are said to have been outlined by one or more Chicago men whose names Judge Johnson of the Circuit Court of Appeals said had been furnished him. Judge Johnson announced also that several other persons were under surveillance, some for direct connection with the Keet mystery, and county officers said they were confident that the missing baby would soon be returned.

The six persons under arrest are C. J. Piersol, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor Adams, their sons, Claytus and Maxie Adams, and Sam McGinnis. McGinnis was taken into custody early today; the others late yesterday. McGinnis denied any connection with the plots.

County officials, fearing mob violence, removed Mrs. Adams, her sons, and Piersol from the county jail. Taylor Adams is held at Ozark, Mo., while Sam McGinnis is in custody here. Adams, in a statement to Judge Johnson, implicated one or more men from Chicago as being the leaders of the band which planned to abduct Clement and possibly others. The plan was given up as impracticable.

GEORGE HUBER'S WILL VALID

Surrogate Decides That Museum Man's Mind Was Sound.

The contest of the will of George H. Huber, owner of Huber's Museum in East Fourteenth Street and of Huber's Casino in the Bronx, which has been on trial for several days in the Surrogate's Court, was taken from the jury yesterday by Surrogate Cohalan and a verdict declaring that the decedent was of sound mind was ordered. The court ruled that the weight of evidence was all in favor of the testator's mental capacity at the time he made the will.

The will before the court was executed on June 16, 1916, a few days before Mr. Huber's death, and in it he left the bulk of his $500,000 estate to his young widow, Mrs. Grace Huber, who married Martin C. Wright a few weeks later. The contestant was George Huber Thompson, nephew of the decedent, who was one of the chief beneficiaries under a will made in 1912. The case for the contestant rested chiefly on alleged admissions by Huber shortly before his death that George Heber Thompson was his son and not his nephew.

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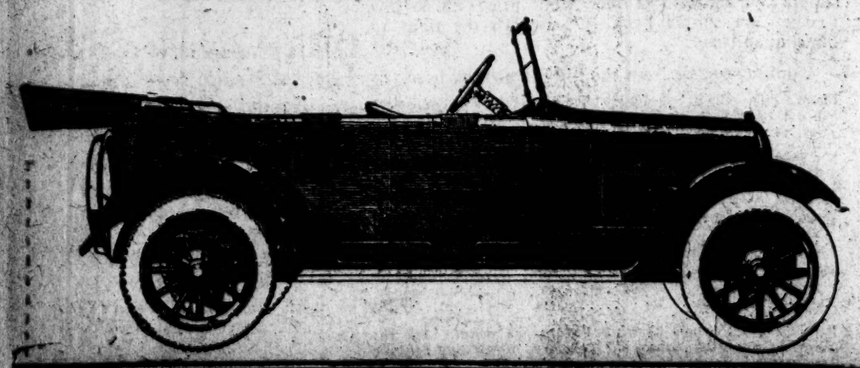

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stands today in the very forefront of the world's greatest pianists. But he is more than an artist. One cannot be in his presence a moment without realizing the strength, the intellect, the keen, analytical insight of the man. Bauer is a big man MENTALLY. *The world-wide pre-eminence he has achieved in musical art is the inevitable result of a great genius coupled with a great mind.*

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To possess the Duo-Art Pianola is to command the greatest talent of the world—to be able to hear in your own home, as often as you will, the most glorious music of the world, played for you by the world's most famous artists.

An Interesting Booklet, "Bringing to You the Message of Great Music," Sent upon Request.

The New MUSICAL ART

An Interview with Harold Bauer on the Duo-Art Piano

"IT is the instrument of a new musical art!" Mr. Bauer arose slowly from his chair as he gave this answer to a question I had put. He went on thoughtfully, choosing his words unhastily.

"I am intensely interested in the Duo-Art Piano. I am spending much time and effort with it.

"Do you know what work I was engaged in when you were admitted?" He turned and took from the top of the Piano which stood against the wall a music-roll. As he drew it out I saw that there were cryptic blue and red pencil marks and annotations opposite many of the perforations.

"This roll," he said, "is a very wonderful record of the Chopin Valse, Opus 42, as I played it a few days ago upon the Duo-Art Recording Piano. Placed in this reproducing Duo-Art Piano, it duplicates my performance with remarkable precision.

▼

"AND I have been sitting here playing the roll a few bars at a time—going over it most carefully—changing here the length of a note, there the strength of a tone—an accent.

"When I first began recording for the Duo-Art, it was the reproducing of my playing that was interesting to me. Now it is the *correcting*—the 'working-up' of the record, so to speak. Do you see? For the first time I stand aside and impersonally listen to *my own playing*. I am both critic and artist. Artist, because I can build—improve on the performance.

"I can listen to myself playing. I can hear my performance as a whole and I can repeat a single passage again and again. And I can *change* what I wish. I can remodel and refine.

"Do you comprehend? It is a new art. When I finally sign the record-roll, it is more than simply my playing. It is my carefully considered artistic conception of the music. As such it is preserved—a new and wonderful form of musical creation."

▼

HE drew a tobacco-case from his pocket and rolled himself a cigarette. Bauer is a man of vigorous mental calibre and like big men in more prosaic callings, inclined strongly towards conservatism. His unexpected enthusiasm and earnestness were therefore all the more significant.

"You consider, then," I asked, "that the Duo-Art is an instrument of real and prime importance to music?"

"Unqualifiedly yes," he answered. "The interesting and authoritative records by all the masters of the pianoforte cannot but make it so."

"And its effect upon musical taste?"

"A magnificent one," he spoke with emphasis. "It will develop a taste for the best in music. For it provides an opportunity to hear interpretations by the great musical artists of the world—an opportunity, I say, for the millions who live today, and the generations of the future to become intimately acquainted with the most wonderful art the pianoforte is capable of.

▼

"Certainly the Duo-Art Piano is a fitting climax to the really great Aeolian contributions to the art of music. Its value is almost incalculable. This is obvious. Need anyone be told that a piano of splendid musical quality, which furnishes *everyone*, a means of musical expression and which, in addition, reproduces the best aesthetic conceptions of the world's leading artists, is a great instrument—a wonderful innovation?"

I have read the above interview in print and find it an accurate report.

Harold Bauer

THE DUO-ART PIANO IS OBTAINABLE IN THE STEINWAY, THE STECK, THE STROUD, OR THE FAMOUS WEBER PIANO—GRANDS AS WELL AS UPRIGHTS. PRICES RANGE FROM $800 UPWARDS.

POLICE AMBULANCE TO GO TO FRANCE

Honor Legion Sets Aside $1,100 for It and Member of Force Will Drive It.

CHOSEN FROM VOLUNTEERS

Will Stay on Payroll and Wear Uniform if Possible—Other Similar Units to Follow.

A New York policeman wearing his uniform or khaki, with his police shield on his breast, will be sent to France in the near future to drive an ambulance, which is to be purchased by the Honor Legion from its treasury. The Legion has already set aside $1,100 for the purpose and a movement has been started by civilian backers of the legion to raise a special fund with which to send several ambulances with police drivers to France in the name of the legion.

The Honor Legion ambulance will be presented in a few days to A. Platt Andrews, Inspector General of the American Field Ambulance Service. One of the policemen who volunteered for the purpose will be presented along with it. Police Commissioner Arthur Woods intends to send out a call for volunteers to the whole force for the distinguished post of representing the Police Department in France. The man to be sent will be selected from among those who were chauffeurs or mechanics before they entered the Police Department. The volunteer picked for the post will not lose in salary or chance of promotion while he is on this duty.

The plan of appropriating $1,100 from the reserve fund of the legion, which is not a wealthy body, was carried with great enthusiasm at a recent meeting. It met with hearty approval from Police Commissioner Woods, who decided, with officials of the legion, that, to have the organization properly represented, the machine ought to be driven by a member of the legion in his uniform. The only difficulty which arose was the question of the Commissioner's legal right to create a post under his jurisdiction in France and to assign to it a man who would remain on the payroll of the Police Department. It is believed now that any legal obstacles present no insuperable bar.

The Legion of Honor consists of the medal men of the department who have been decorated for distinguished bravery. Among the honorary members of the legion are many wealthy men, including Vincent Astor and Andrew Carnegie.

The details as to the uniform have not been settled, but the driver will probably wear either the uniform of a New York policeman or a modification of it in khaki, so that with the help of the shield on his breast it will be possible at once to recognize the man running the ambulance as one of New York's finest.

The Automobile Club of America has sent an appeal to members to raise $20,000 to purchase and equip three motor ambulances and furnish six chauffeurs to operate them. Nine thousand dollars has already been provided for the purpose.

24 NEW STORM VICTIMS.

Another Tornado Sweeps Through Kansas and Missouri.

KANSAS CITY, June 6.—Tornadoes last night and early today spread death and destruction through rural districts of Missouri and Kansas. Reports tonight showed fifteen were killed in Missouri and nine in Kansas. The number of injured has reached approximately 150 and estimates of the property damage place it anywhere from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

The greatest loss of life apparently was in Boone County, Missouri, where eleven persons were killed. In Carroll, Chariton and Ray Counties, further west four are dead—three at Richmond and one at Whitman. In Kansas the deaths totaled eight in the country southeast and west of Topeka. One other was killed at Savonburg near Iola, where the tornado appeared early today.

The course of the tornado was marked by odd jumps. First it appeared near Topeka, early in the day, and then came to earth again in Ray County, Missouri, shortly after midnight. Then it tore through a wide section of that county, wiped out half the town of Dean Lake, in Carroll County, and then swooped down again, practically demolishing the little town of Whitman.

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In this great playground of Nature there are splendid forests of sweet-smelling pine, cool valleys that are a riot of gorgeous wild flowers, glaciers to explore, mountains to climb, hundreds of clear lakes and streams chuck full of trout—and then the riding, motoring or hiking.

There is a bigness, a grandeur about Glacier National Park not to be found elsewhere.

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Cretonne lined and with shoe pockets and convertible hat drawer; fitted with spring locks. Made exclusively for Lord & Taylor to our own specifications.

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Very Special
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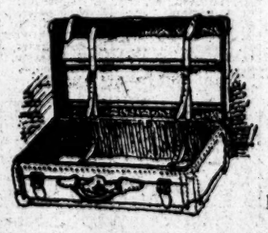
An unusually well designed model, constructed of 3 ply veneer basswood; covered and interlined with hard vulcanized fibre; cretonne lined; ten assorted hangers, shoe pockets, removable partitions; interchangeable hat drawer for two hats; top drawer locks.

Traveling Bags
Special
$8.95
Cowhide leather of excellent grade, with sewn-on, re-inforced corners. Lined with leather throughout; 3 inside pockets. Black or brown. Sizes 16, 17 and 18 inches.



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Golf Suits $22.50
With Knickers or Long Trousers
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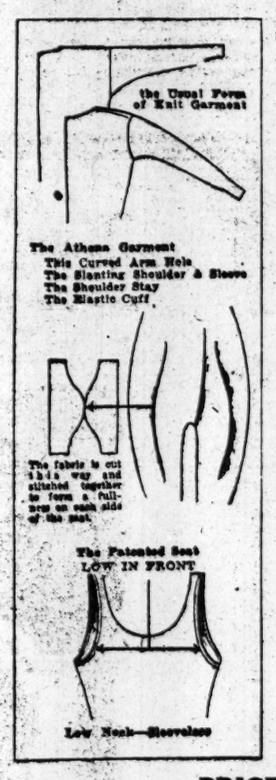
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Athen underwear is truly fashioned and tailored to fit. It is designed not merely to approach, but to *realize* the outlines of a woman's form.

The shaping—the tailoring—is not confined to any one part. Note the shaped shoulders, the proper fullness of bust—the perfect conformation of legs.

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If you will see Athena underwear, you will revise your ideas on the underwear subject.

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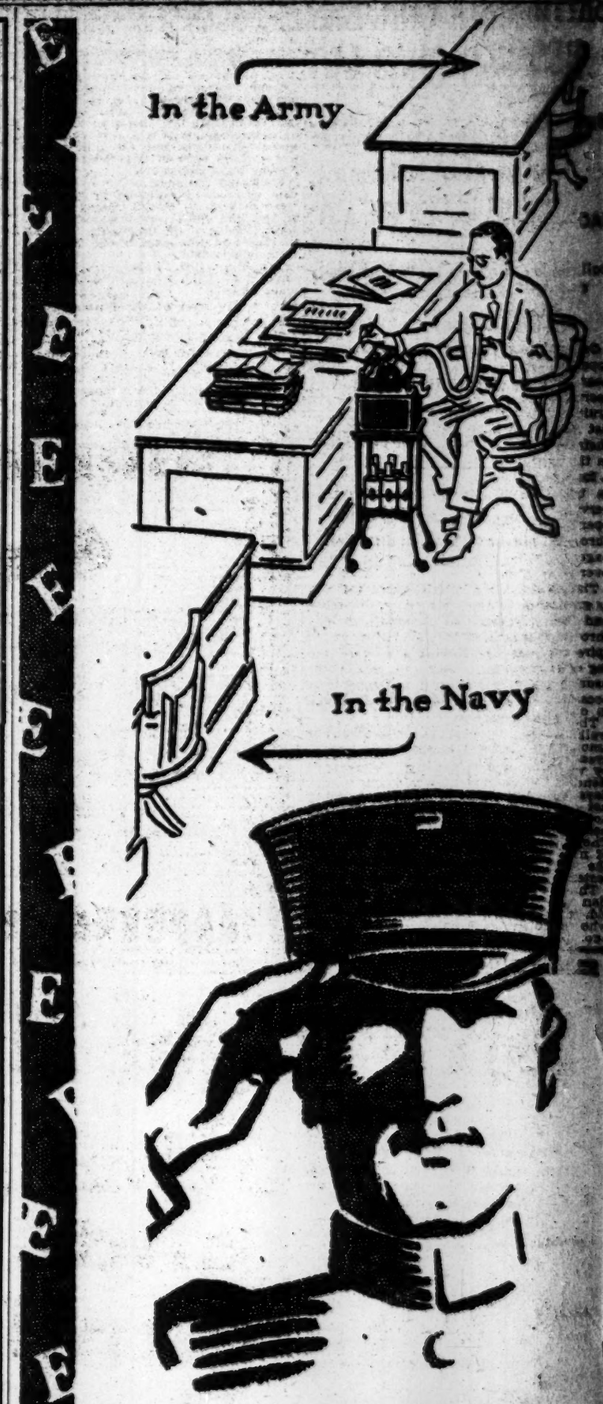

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COLUMBIA CONFERS DEGREES ON 2,440

President Butler Tells Graduates They Are About to Enter a "World in Ferment."

CALLS ALL TO SERVICE

Issue May Determine "Whether Mankind Is Still in Progress or Has Begun to Decline."

ALUMNI OMIT FESTIVITIES

Tablet In Honor of Seth Low Unveiled—Honorary Degrees to Marconi, Mayor Mitchel, and Others.

With exercises which expressed the spirit of service to the country, Columbia University celebrated yesterday its 163d Commencement. The merriment which in the past has formed a part of the day's program, with thousands of alumni back for a whirl of events, was lacking. A new note of seriousness pervaded the exercises.

In bidding the 2,440 graduates farewell, President Nicholas Murray Butler made a stirring appeal for each student to enter the service of the country, and pictured the world in ferment. He told them "the clock is about to strike the most portentous hour in all history" and that "there must be no faltering by any son or daughter of Columbia."

To emphasize further the need of every student to serve his country, a new feature was added to the exercises. Each dean of the many departments at the university was called upon to tell of the work which the students under his supervision were carrying on for the country. Their reports told of men in training for the army and navy, hundreds of students at the camps, Camp Columbia turned over to reserve officers, university officials in actual service at Washington or volunteering for any work the Government might delegate to them, and women engaged in studying food conservation.

Thousands of visitors, besides the many students receiving degrees, packed the university gymnasium, where the exercises were held.

Distinguished Men Honored.

Distinguished men of letters, science, and religion, and one woman, were the recipients of honorary degrees. Honors were again paid to members of the British and French Commissions and prominence was given to honorary degrees which were recently conferred upon René Viviani, Marshal Joffre, Arthur Balfour, and Baron Cuniliffe.

Mayor Mitchel, Judge Frank Harris Hiscock, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals of New York State, and Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo, Chinese Minister to the United States, received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Mayor Mitchel is a graduate of the class of 1899 and Dr. Koo of the class of 1909. As an undergraduate Dr. Koo took an active part in Columbia student affairs, editing the literary publication of the undergraduates and the daily paper, The Columbia Spectator. Judge Hiscock is a graduate of Cornell.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Sacred Theology was conferred upon the Right Rev. Charles H. Brent, Protestant Episcopal Bishop of the Philippine Islands, and the degree of Doctor of Science upon Robert A. Milliken, Professor of Physics in the University of Chicago; George E. Hale, Director of the Mount Wilson Solar Observatory, Pasadena, Cal., and Guglielmo Marconi, inventor of the wireless. Paul Elmer More, author and critic, received the honorary degree of Doctor of Letters and Anna Caroline Maxwell, dietitress of the School for Nursing at the Presbyterian Hospital, received the honorary degree of Master of Arts. Richard Townley Haines Halsey, author of works on American art, also received this degree.

The ceremonies of the day opened with the academic procession, which started from the steps of the Low Memorial Library at 10 o'clock in the morning. For nearly an hour the many candidates for degrees poured out from the main doors of the library and proceeded across the quadrangle to the gymnasium. Some of them wore khaki under their academic robes.

The Faculty followed the candidates for degrees in the long procession, their many colored hoods designating their academic ranks. Candidates for honorary degrees were immediately ahead of the Board of Trustees. Dr. Butler wore his Oxford gown.

Butler Sees Abnormal World.

After the procession had entered the hall, Chaplain Raymond C. Knox delivered the academic prayer and Dr. Butler then made his address.

"The hundreds, indeed the thousands, of American youth who pass out from this university today," said Dr. Butler, "go into a new and a strange world. It is more than a world at war; it is a world in ferment. Before such a scene the timid will despair, while the reckless will affect an indifference that they cannot really feel. The wise will follow a different course. They will not be hurried into judging of normal man on the basis of his latest abnormalities, and they will not permit themselves to forget all that human history teaches because the happenings of the moment seem to teach something quite different. The wise will not lose their sense of proportion in judging of events in time, in space, or in circumstance.

"If men and nations are engaged in a blind struggle for material gain, for mere conquest, for revenge, or for future privileges, then what is going on is in high degree a manifestation of bestiality in man. If, on the other hand, the struggle be one for the establishment on the largest possible scale, in the securest possible way, of those institutions and opportunities which make man free, then the contest rises to the sublime. In this latter case every contestant on behalf of such a cause is a hero, and every one who offers his life and his strength and his substance is a sincere lover of his kind.

"It may therefore well be that it is for the issue of this war to determine whether mankind is still in progress or has begun his decline: If the moral, the economic, and the physical power of men and of nations that love freedom is adequate to its establishment on a secure basis, then mankind is still in progress and new vistas of satisfaction and of accomplishment are to be spread out. If, on the other hand, the strength of men and of nations that love freedom is not adequate to this severe task, then has crossed the Great Divide of his political history and is to begin a descent into those dark places where force and cruelty and despotism wreak thir will.

"Nothing less than this is the alternative which now confronts not alone the nations of the earth, but every individual in each one of those nations. Let there be no faltering by any son or daughter of Columbia. The clock of time is about to strike the most portentous hour in all history. May each son of this ancient university take inspiration and courage from Alma Mater herself, who in her long life has in time of trouble never wavered, in time of danger never hesitated, in time of difficulty never doubted."

Tribute to Marconi.

Professor John Erskine presented the candidates for honorary degrees. In presenting Marconi Dr. Butler said:

"To Guglielmo Marconi—Plenipotentiary of the Italian Government in delicate and important negotiations relative to a war in which our countries are jointly engaged on behalf of free institutions: science has been granted the almost superhuman power to give wings to thought that they may fly to the uttermost parts of the earth bearing messages from and to the heart of man, and whose name has already become a common noun, I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Science in this university."

Dr. Butler, in presenting Mayor Mitchel, spoke of him as "sixth in the great series of Mayors that Columbia College has given to the metropolitan city that it loves and serves; bringing to this vast and many-sided metropolitan community all the resources of a high intelligence and a fine character; knowing no end but the public good; the highest type of devoted and courageous public servant."

Following the close of the exercises in the gymnasium memorial ceremonies were held in St. Paul's Chapel in honor of the late Seth Low of the class of 1870, Trustee of the university from 1881 to 1914, and President of the university from 1890 to 1901. A tablet in his memory was unveiled. A presentation of an endowment fund was also made by the class of 1892.

The List of Graduates.

Following is the list of those who received degrees and diplomas:

BACHELOR OF ARTS, (COLUMBIA.)

J. D. Alley, S. W. Allison, I. Aisamora, Jr., G. R. Andrews, J. R. Anthony, D. G. Archer, Merris Astrachan, R. M. Bacon, Edward Barsky, J. D. Beals, Jr., N. W. Benton, A. F. Bierhoff, J. P. Bowles, E. F. Brace, Ernest Brennecke, H. C. Bricker, G. E. Burghard, A. P. Burnett, A. J. Cardinal, H. W. Caygill, G. V. Cooper, R. H. Crandall, E. C. B. Darlington, A. W. Davis, E. H. Davis, B. R. De Graff, A. C. Denison, E. L. Dodge, G. J. Dohrenwend, Jr., O. E. Dohrenwend, Samuel Dreyer, Irwin Edman, D. E. Ehrlich, R. K. Everson, C. P. Ewers, H. N. Fairchild, A. J. Farrell, Walter C. Flower, M. C. Folkoff, D. R. Fox, A. P. Gelb, A. J. Gilmore, Edward Gluck, Harry Golembe, David Goodman, W. J. Gould, Jr., M. J. Gropper, C. E. Hamilton, J. R. Harrison, H. G. Harvitt, J. A. Healy, E. C. Henderson, C. M. Hendrycker, I. W. Hirshfield, H. Y. Ho, W. M. Hughes, Jr., R. H. Kahn, A. H. Kempner, S. L. Kent, J. H. Kerley, L. F. Kimball, Percy Klingenstein, E. F. Korkus, M. G. Lapolla, M. F. Levy, W. T. M. Liccione, Ansón Lichtenstein, A. V. Littauer, R. H. Lorenz, C. E. Loysaren, J. W. McKeon, H. S. Mangee, H. J. Mankiewicz, G. W. Martin, A. J. Messing, Henry Milch, W. H. Miller, Gilroy Mulqueen, R. K. Moulton, J. A. Newman, E. R. Nodine, Vernon O'Brien, A. N. Paddock, H. W. Palmer, R. L. Perkins, Leo Perla, A. E. Pettit, A. K. Potter, C. G. Proffitt, William Rankin, H. E. Reinhelmer, G. W. Riley, L. J. Ritter, M. S. Rosenthal, William Rothenberg, R. P. Samworth, W. R. Schenck, H. A. Schulte, L. L. Sell, A. B. Shavelson, R. P. Shepard, G. Simmons, E. M. Sperling, Franklin Spier, C. E. Springhorn, Emory P. Starke, C. F. Steinke, J. A. Stephens, Jr., J. H. Taber, H. F. Teall, K. W. Todd, E. B. Towns, S. S. Trischett, F. T. Ward, Joseph Warshow, G. M. Watts, F. J. C. Weinberg, R. B. White, Arthur B. Wilber, S. C. Williams, I. B. Wolfner, Samuel Zeiger.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE.

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BACHELOR OF ARTS, (BARNARD.)

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DOCTOR OF SCIENCE. (BARNARD.)

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BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN BUSINESS.

S. Lovich.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN EDUCATION AND BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN PRACTICAL ARTS (TEACHERS' COLLEGE.)

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Grimes, Rose C. Grimes, B. F. Gulick, U. S. Gunzel, Edna E. Haines, Mary Hall, Katharine R. Hallock, Warren W. Halsey, Marian Hamilton, Roberta S. Harding, Marie Harrington, Lovina B. Hart, E. E. Hartnett, Edith M. Hawkins, Isaac Heckelman, Marie Hennes, Elizabeth De M. Henry, Louis A. Herr, Ella F. Herre, Edythe P. Hershey, Elsie E. Hessler, Elma I. Heumann, Evelyn W. Hewitt, Katharine H. Hicks, Nannie M. Hilton, Mrs. Louise B. Hill, Herman Hjorth, Edith M. Hoffman, Ella J. Holley, T. W. Hopkins, Jean Hosford, Clarine I. Hoyt, Julia M. Hubbard, Helen Hubbell, Lillian A. Hudson, Alice O. Hule, Kathryn Hunter, Jane E. Hyde, Sarah E. Hyde, Evelyn S. Inglis, Katharine S. Ink, Bertha Johnson, Emma Johnson, Eleanor K. Johnston, Elizabeth Jones, Helen E. Jones, Frances L. Kane, Myrtle L. Kaufman, Lucy Kimball, Helen M. Kilbourn, Delia C. Kling, Louise Laitem, Agnes C. Langdon, Helen C. Lantz, Jessie L. Larkin, Dorothy M. La Salle, Louisa H. S. Lawton, M. R. Leffler, Margaret A. Lemon, Edla M. Lindholm, Ruhe V. Linn, Anna M. Love, Marie Lovemes, Ethelwyn Lowry, Cornelia B. Luce, M. E. McAdory, Marion H. McAllister, Bertha K. McCarthy, Pearl L. McCloskey, Allan C. McDill, E. G. McGehee, Jr., Jane L. McGrath, J. F. McKeehan, Julie C. MacIntyre, Mrs. L. E. MacKnight, Margaret P. Mathers, Mrs. R. E. Mathes, Susan J. Mathews, Jessie Mayer, G. S. Mayer, C. H. Meeker, Anna M. Megahan, Amy Meinhold, B. J. Merriam, Hermine W. Meyer, Blanche M. Miller, Malinda K. Miller, Margaret S. Miller, Mary C. Miller, Frances S. D. Mix, Flora L. Moore, Myria Morris, Zella H. Morris, Lauretta L. Morrissey, K. L. Morrissey, N. C. Morrissey, M. H. Mousizian, Rebecca Muendel, Anna L. Murphy, Georgia B. Murphy, Cleo Murtland, Carrie L. Nalty, Winnie Nichols, Belle Northrup, Sara L. Oller, Charlotte O'Neil, E. R. O'Neill, Ethel M. Orr, Dorothy Osborn, Julia R. Osterhoudt, Gertrude M. Peede, Blanche Pfefferkorn, Martha J. Phillips, Laura W. Pierce, Carrie M. Pimm, Regine Porges, Fanny E. Pray, Leafia La Randall, Lula A. Reed, Irene E. Reynolds, Alice R. Robinson, Ethel M. Robinson, Anna M. Rochefort, Mamie E. Rohr, Sigmund J. Rome, Rose Rosenfeld, Helen A. Rosa, Sara L. Rowe, Laura L. Rowson, Ida O. Rudy, Clara B. Sackett, Elizabeth Sage, Ernestina Saliva, Mira Sargent, Alphonse J. Sarre, Lucy S. Saunders, Rhoda Schellenberg, Ruth Scott, Elizabeth Searle, Beatrix A. Sepulveda, Virginia F. Shearer, W. Sherinyan, Blanche A. Skinner, Frances B. Skinner, Anabel Smith, E. H. Smith, (Mrs.,) Ida V. Smith, Flora B. Snowden, Edna I. Sparkman, Etta R. Spier, A. Maud Sproat, Helen J. Stall, Adda M. Starrett, Helen L. Stephens, Elizabeth M. Stevens, Judson L. Stewart, Frances Stobaugh, Wesley A. Stockinger, Edna M. Stockton, Harry Suchman, Mabel A. Tallant, Fred M. Taylor, Margaret E. Taylor, Elizabeth M. Teas, John G. Thompson, Elsie H. Thrall, Eleanor D. Toaz, Nellie A. Tower, Grace Townley, Ellinor B. Townsend, May Trumper, Elizabeth Tuller, Myra Vance, Leonora P. V. Sloot, Marguerite von der Au, Farrest C. Van Horn, Grace L. Van Syckle, M. M. Veverka, Margaret Vierling, Gilbert C. G. Wagner, Helen G. Walker, Alice C. Walton, Mary F. Warren, Sarah J. Weber, Anna E. Webster, Jessie Wedin, Deborah D. Weisel, Louise M. Welles, Jane B. Welling, Marian J. Wesley, Lillian Whaley, Amelia U. Wheeler, Luella N. C. Whitaker, Blanche S. Wilhite, Lillian Williams, Louise M. Williams, Mildred N. Wilson, Minnie J. Wilson, Adelaide J. Wise, Doris O. Woodbury, Ruth V. Woodbury, Annie J. Workman, Henry Youngerman, Dorothy Zeman, Elsie C. Ziese, Clay C. Curran, Edward W. Gesswein, Bessie B. Goodrich, S. Marie Jensen, Florence A. Marsh, Anna B. Murphy, Jessie H. Stewart, Lucy Kimball, Louise Laitem, Helen C. Lantz, Edla M. Lindholm, Cornelia B. Luce, Julie C. MacIntyre, Mrs. R. E. Mathes, Amy Meinhold, Margaret S. Miller, Katherine L. Morrissey, Rebecca Muendel, Anna L. Murphy, Winnie Nichols, Charlotte O'Neil, Dorothy Osborn, Gertrude M. Peede, Martha J. 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Townsend, May Trumper, Elizabeth Tuller, Myra Vance, Leonora P. V. Sloot, Marguerite von der Au, Farrest C. Van Horn, Grace L. Van Syckle, M. M. Veverka, Margaret Vierling, Gilbert C. G. Wagner, Helen G. Walker, Alice C. Walton, Mary F. Warren, Sarah J. Weber, Anna E. Webster, Jessie Wedin, Deborah D. Weisel, Louise M. Welles, Jane B. Welling, Marian J. Wesley, Lillian Whaley, Amelia U. Wheeler, Luella N. C. Whitaker, Blanche S. Wilhite, Lillian Williams, Louise M. Williams, Mildred N. Wilson, Minnie J. Wilson, Adelaide J. Wise, Doris O. Woodbury, Ruth V. Woodbury, Annie J. Workman, Henry Youngerman, Dorothy Zeman, Elsie C. Ziese, Clay C. Curran, Edward W. Gesswein, Bessie B. Goodrich, S. Marie Jensen, Florence A. Marsh, Anna B. Murphy, Jessie H. Stewart,

DIPLOMAS IN EDUCATION AND PRACTICAL ARTS, (TEACHERS' COLLEGE.)

E. K. Fretwell, Agnes L. Rogers, F. Steacy, F. E. Adler, C. A. Anderson, D. A. C. Barnett, R. D. Bennett, J. H. Bentley, H. F. Blair, C. Churchill, A. W. Clevenger, J. A. Crowell, E. F. Curtis, F. N. Frita, A. J. Fry, J. L. Gaunt, F. L. Henderson, L. M. Holton, C. B. Hudson, C. L. Hultgren, F. M. Hunter, F. W. Karver, H. H. Kenyon, L. A. King, B. E. Koonce, D. L. Koontz, J. A. Koontz, S. H. Layton, J. E. Luidens, A. A. McDonald, R. L. Nash, N. K. Nielson, W. D. Olson, F. W. Reinoehl, D. R. Reynolds, D. R. Rice, J. G. Rossman, R. K. Savage, R. C. Schwan, R. L. Shaffer, C. F. Sharp, C. R. Spaid, C. E. Stalley, W. H. Steegar, H. G. Streeter, E. Tuttle, W. T. Whitney, C. L. Wilson, M. J. Woodland, B. W. Young, N. A. Jackson, A. C. Johnson, Jr., D. C. Koughan, J. C. Mitchell, H. H. Morris, C. E. Teeters, G. C. Tillinghast, Marietta Riley, Susie Rose, Margaret Cooper, Flora E. Drake, Ethel Gowans, Mary D. Pierce, Rosella Pollock, Burr D. Straight, Mary E. Douglas, Mila M. Cearley, Gertrude M. Le Fevre, Katharine F. Ball, Ethel H. Flood, Nelle Johnson, James C. Bay, Alice L. Butler, Taung H. Cheng, Frances E. de Wet, Fannie W. Dunn, Charles E. Elliot, F. W. Gross, Alice M. Krackowizer, Ping Ling, Minnie N. Mason, Charles F. Niles, Mary D. Pierce, William E. Smythe, Rilla B. Tait, Frederick C. Walters, Elizabeth K. Wilson, E. J. McCoy, Frances F. McGuire, H. F. Cotterman, Mildred G. Gregory, Emma G. Rogers, L. F. Nellis, (Mrs.,) Ruth M. Morris, Genevieve Hawk, Z. C. Mayhew, (Mrs.,) Helen F. Ball, Annie K. Ball, Ruth E. Bradbury, Mary E. Davis, Mabel M. Erwin, Ethel B. Finley, Alice M. Georgeson, Frankie D. Haskell, Josie B. Herbert, Mabel A. Kimber, Ella Lavis, Sybil H. May, J. M. Moorman, (Mrs.,) Nettie M. Owen, Ella H. Pope, Ruth Powell, C. W. Reeves, Monica D. Ryan, Olive L. Sipprell, Mary C. Sullivan, Ethel S. Wakeman, Helen E. Wanamaker, Lotte May, Mabel H. Crawford, Thora M. Mernstrom, Mabel H. Girard, Adele Gurevich, (Mrs.,) Jessie M. Fairbank, Elsa D. Schubert, Ethel A. Strohm, Lou V. Walker, H. W. Martin, H. J. Buermeyer, G. M. Clelland, Helen M. Darsie, Grace C. Davis, M. C. Deshel, Naomi Geuger, Louise Humiston, A. A. Loew, Nora J. Nelson, Marion C. Scroggin, Olive L. Sipprell, Madeleine Sweet, Martha S. Wohlfell, Edith Allen, Louise F. Glanton, Julia L. Heard, Mabel C. Rogers, Marguerite Tucker, Harriet L. Barto, Ruth Ceanna, Anna Colman, Alice J. Daniel, Alice L. Edwards, J. G. Perlack, (Mrs.,) Maude L. Guthrie, Helen Hutchinson, Laura L. Lattin, Ruth C. Sloan, A. F. Payne, Isabel Hasen, O. E. Acker, Helen F. Corlay, J. Havender, Nettie M. Owen, L. W. Foster, (Mrs.,) Lucy Kimball, Louise Laitem, Helen C. Lantz, Edla M. Lindholm, Cornelia B. Luce, Julie C. MacIntyre, Mrs. R. E. Mathes, Amy Meinhold, Margaret S. Miller, Katherine L. Morrissey, Rebecca Muendel, Anna L. Murphy, Winnie Nichols, Charlotte O'Neil, Dorothy Osborn, Gertrude M. Peede, Martha J. Phillips, Laura W. Pierce, Carrie M. Pimm, Regine Porges, Fanny E. Pray, Leafia La Randall, Lula A. Reed, Irene E. Reynolds, Alice R. Robinson, Ethel M. Robinson, Anna M. Rochefort, Mamie E. Rohr, Sigmund J. Rome, Rose Rosenfeld, Helen A. Rosa, Sara L. Rowe, Laura L. Rowson, Ida O. Rudy, Clara B. Sackett, Elizabeth Sage, Ernestina Saliva, Mira Sargent, Alphonse J. Sarre, Lucy S. Saunders, Rhoda Schellenberg, Ruth Scott, Elizabeth

N.Y.U. GRADUATION FREE FROM DISPLAY

Students Not Present to Receive Degrees Conferred by Faculty in Small Room.

EACH GETS PATRIOTIC CALL

Messages Sent with Diplomas Exhort Service in War—Honors to Penfield and Others.

New York University held yesterday a modified commencement, which consisted only of the conferring of degrees, in place of the usual spectacular event. No candidates for degrees except the honorary recipients were present. The ceremony was held in one of the small rooms of the university at Washington Square before about 100 witnesses. There was no music, no speaking, and the only academic gowns in evidence were those worn by Chancellor Elmer E. Brown, Dr. George Alexander, President of the University Council; Dr. Frank A. Fall, Bursar, and the recipients of honorary degrees.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon James Byrne, member of the Board of Regents of New York State; Carlos Frederick MacDonald, physician and alienist; Frederic Courtland Penfield, Ambassador to Austria-Hungary, and Lucien Calvin Warner, capitalist. The Rev. Samuel D. Price, pastor of Calvary Presbyterian Church, Camden, N. J., received the degree of Doctor of Divinity; Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Telegraph and Telephone Company, and Paul M. Warburg of the Federal Reserve Board were honored with doctorates of Commercial Science. Mr. Warburg was the only honorary recipient not present. Chancellor Brown announced that Mr. Warburg had been called to Washington on Federal business, and that the degree had been conferred on him the night before at the dinner given by the university to the recipients of honorary degrees at the Hotel Biltmore.

Chancellor Brown, in an address at the beginning of the ceremonies, said:

"At its first meeting after the break with Germany, on Feb. 5, the Executive Committee of the Council sent a message to the President assuring him of the readiness and desire of the university to render all possible aid to the Government of the United States at all times, and particularly in the present crisis, and an expression of confidence that every member of this institution will hold himself in readiness to render whatever service his country may require. At the request of the graduating classes the spectacular ceremonial customary at commencement is omitted this year, our simple formality of conferring degrees here at Washington Square taking its place. The change represents the serious spirit in which we are taking the war with the German Government.

Shows Response to War Call.

Before the college year closed, said the Chancellor, 130 students had enlisted in the Naval Reserve, 30 in the Officers' Training Corps, nearly 300 were preparing for this service, 18 in the Marine Reserve Corps, 13 in the Coast Artillery, 35 in the Red Cross, and 120 had left for farm work. Since that time many more had entered different branches of the service. Among the Faculty at least four were engaged in confidential work, sixteen of the medical Faculty were in the Medical Reserve, four in the National Guard, and one was a Colonel in the regular army. One former Faculty member was a Lieutenant in the Canadian forces and about ten assistant professors and others were in the Officers' Training Corps. Three of the university laboratories have been put in Government service.

The university, said the Chancellor, already had two Red Cross ambulances provided by friends and a fund for another was being raised by the School of Pedagogy. "And only yesterday," he continued, "the Executive Committee of our council, in recognition of the fact that our graduating class has given up the pageantry of graduation, voted to send into service an ambulance to be known as the Ambulance of New York University, Class of 1917." This ambulance will go with the City Unit and will be driven by William T. Etgen, a graduate of the university.

Message to the Graduates.

In referring to the absent Class of 1917 the Chancellor said the following message would be inclosed with each diploma:

To the classes of 1917 of all divisions of New York University:

Let it be understood that every man and woman who enters this university is thereby enlisted in the service of his country, and every one who is graduated from this university is doubly dedicated to that service. We hold fast the belief that in serving our country we are rendering service to humanity. It is then for you, as for all of us, a question only of placing your strength where it is most needed, of placing it where, with your native bent and training, you can do the greatest good.

Many of you have already enlisted where the immediate stress and danger are greatest. Many others have entered upon laborious undertakings which are no less necessary and serviceable. All of you are under the same imperative obligation to serve wherever your country may call.

Some of you may have the high destiny of a short life crowned with transcendent sacrifice. Some of you may undergo the test of a long life filled with conflict and endurance. Many of you will have an inconspicuous career, in which you will, do common things a little better, a little more coherently, a little more generously, because you have drawn the breath of college life and the hand of the university has been laid upon you.

All of you will carry your university in your hearts wherever you may go. You cannot forget that you are not your own, that it is not unto yourselves that you are to live, but that you are consecrated to the making of the greater Commonwealth. And may the blessing of Almighty God go with you, every one.

Degrees Conferred on 880.

Besides the honorary awards, 880 degrees were conferred. These were distributed among the various schools as follows: College of Arts and Pure Science, 49; Washington Square College, 54; School of Pedagogy, 17; School of Applied Science, 63; Medical School, 70; Graduate School, 72; Veterinary College, 7; Law School, 193, and the School of Commerce, 351.

In spite of the war the number of graduates this year shows a normal increase.

For the first time in the history of the university the degree of Doctor of Public Health was granted by the Medical College and the degree of Doctor of Judicial Science by the Law School. The D. P. H. was conferred on Dr. S. Josephine Baker of the Bureau of Child Hygiene. Dr. Frank Overton, and Dr. Abraham Zinger, all of the university Faculty. The degree J. S. D. has for its requirements a college and a law degree. The recipients of this honor yesterday were Miss Celia M. Allespach, a member of the New York bar, the first woman to receive this degree; Tson Fah Hwang, a graduate of the Chinese University; Major Frank R. Lang of the War Department at Washington; Morris F. Kinnan, and Homer A. Stebbins.

List of Graduates.

Degrees and diplomas were conferred upon the following:

BACHELOR OF ARTS.

I. C. Bates, F. J. Burkett, J. J. Cantor, L. Charney, F. S. Cone, J. F. Curren, D. G. Davis, A. M. Fabian, N. Faim, M. H. Freitag, A. Gervasi, I. W. Halprin, C. J. Kraemer, Jr., F. Lanzetta, G. Kyriakides, A. Laub, S. Liebowitz, H. S. Mackler, R. F. Maronpot, I. Miller, D. S. Morse, J. J. Murray, A. J. Nichol, S. J. Phillips, I. H. Rowe, G. P. Russell, H. R. Schnitzer, C. Schupper, J. Shedrowitz, H. A. Smith, L. J. Sternberger, D. E. Weshner.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN PURE SCIENCE.

J. A. Breslin, H. W. Carlough, C. S. Cooper, G. I. Edelman, M. G. Filias, E. N. Hopson, Jr., M. Mnuchin, J. L. Rockowits, L. B. Smith, R. G. Stewart, J. Wagner, T. Weare, H. N. Martin, R. C. Pearson, L. Sitt.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

S. Breene, W. A. Brennan, J. N. Cahan, E. J. Carey, J. H. Guest, G. L. Hawkins, J. B. Kingsley, E. B. Moorhouse, H. P. Pfau, E. A. Sears, F. H. Van Saun, A. G. Voska.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

S. C. Abrahams, S. M. Bebarfald, H. S. Berlin, M. Birman, N. Bowsley, N. W. D'Ella, T. M. Egan, J. Feller, M. Goldstein, E. S. Harrison, F. House, N. M. Kaplan, E. Kasiofsky, H. C. Kranichfeld, S. Levine, I. Lichtman, A. Mally, S. B. Many, E. H. Moorhouse, J. Pasquarelli, A. F. Roberts, I. Rubin, H. A. Schachtel, H. Simon, A. Verguin, Jr., I. W. Weltman.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.

J. D. Ehrgott, J. Gilman, G. H. Hauser, Jr., A. Kratzman, C. L. McCrea, D. MacKenzie, E. S. Rowell, H. E. Smith, A. B. Stafford.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING.

S. J. Barll, H. Benowitz, G. G. Brown, I. Epstein, N. Goldstein, J. Grabowski, R. R. Lehman, R. McCulloch, J. W. Moody, Jr., J. Rizzak, N. Siegel, F. Talbot, L. M. Timken, S. S. Tomkins, E. C. Waugh.

BACHELOR OF ARTS.

T. Adams, I. Adda, I. Boyle, E. Hershfield, M. Louise Lynd, A. E. Thompson.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE.

M. E. Balsh, S. B. Boyle, E. D. Callahan, J. A. Carney, K. T. Chung, R. B. Cohen, H. A. Convissar, C. W. Cortright, I. Deacon, R. K. Decker, B. Fox, D. R. Gets, B. G. Gillard, L. M. Goble, W. H. Goodale, J. Hoffman, F. A. Hulshof, S. Jones, V. E. Judson, L. E. Kaplan, L. F. La Vance, J. E. Lawrence, Jr., E. R. Lilley, A. M. Marshall, J. A. Matteson, K. B. Miner, P. H. Moseley, G. Odate, M. R. Pesquera, E. Redmond, M. L. Reibert, H. A. Sauer, M. T. Small, T. H. Tang, H. Wallace, A. M. I. Walsh, C. E. A. Walton, R. E. Williams.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN PEDAGOGY.

E. C. Robbins, L. C. Spry, L. R. Wallace, M. J. Cullen, L. A. Greene, M. Hall, E. M. Jaede, M. Stitch, C. Levy, O. F. Serven.

DOCTOR OF PEDAGOGY.

A. Barnes, C. T. Jones.

MASTER OF PEDAGOGY.

E. B. Callahan, I. D. Cohen, J. M. Dow, A. E. Fitzelle, E. C. Gilkey, F. B. Graham, G. A. Kipp, C. Levy, M. M. G. McMurray, G. R. Manalan, I. J. Reich, F. G. Rice, M. Riley, M. B. Wohlfeil, E. A. Gardner.

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY.

Elizabeth Avery, N. Blechman, A. W. Courtney, H. D. A. Donovan, H. M. Goldstein, W. W. Mock, Fred J. Pererine, B. M. Steigman, John P. Taylor, F. A. Woll, C. V. Campbell, C. J. Carver, J. I. Davidman, Charles Harper, G. Q. Le Sourd, A. G. Peaks, A. F. Torrance, Hector T. Madison.

DOCTOR OF SCIENCE.

B. A. Hagner, W. G. Hubert, I. Weinstein.

MASTER OF ARTS.

Joseph Abelson, Stanley E. Benham, Jacob Bes, Carey C. Briggs, Mary E. Colburn, Everard W. Daniel, John W. Doyle, Paul F. Frabbito, Eugene Greider, Florentine Hackbush, C. A. Hallenbeck, R. J. Hammond, Gibson W. Harris, Elisabeth I. Howard, Arthur Husbech, J. T. Kaemmerlen, Harry Kessler, Le Roy E. Kimball, Claude W. Klock, Florence E. Meyer, Joseph H. Meyer, H. M. Normandeau, George W. Patterson, Ernest S. Quimby, A. Ranaudo, Grace A. Rayner, William W. Reid, John J. Reighard, Barnhard Riemer, Gertrude Robinson, Ruth E. Russum, H. S. Schwarz, Harold K. Seaman, D. H. Strawbridge, Angie V. Sutton, Alma E. Weiss, Jessie M. Wright, W. L. Wright.

MASTER OF SCIENCE.

T. H. Beard, W. G. Crockett, Anna H. Denny, Alfred R. Jayson, Harry A. Krall, Alfred M. Nielsen, John R. Palmer, Grace Macdougall, M. S. Lobenthal, Frances L. Haney, W. B. Nelson, Charles Weiss.

DOCTOR OF JUDICIAL SCIENCE.

Celia M. Allespach, Tson Fah Hwang, Morris E. Kinnan, Frank R. Lang, Homer A. Stebbins.

DOCTOR OF LAW.

Henry W. Jessup, Isaac Aaronson, Eleanor Bontecou, C. L. Bristol, Jr., Morris Buchter, Lucille C. Bunsi, Simmon H. Cohen, Zachary M. Deelman, Mary L. A. Drew, James P. Fagan, Edward E. Gardner, Morton Gottschall, Eugene Greider, Florence G. Haag, Olive Hale, Dorothy Kenyon, James L. Madden, Laurie Manley, Elisabeth J. Munroe, Louis Prankher, Geraldine G. Saltsberg, Lester E. Schwartz, William S. Stuhr, Jr., Regina Tockshaner, K. Umehara, C. W. Gerstenberg, Arthur B. Levis, Rose D. Zucher, Warren G. Small, C. W. Ripperger.

MASTER OF LAWS.

Paul Dreyer, Henry J. G. Nockin, Israel B. Scheiber, Alexander L. Taks.

BACHELOR OF LAWS.

L. D. Stapleton, L. Stotesbury, F. G. Stickel, A. J. Chambers, J. Aka, F. M. Alleva, T. A. Aurello, R. J. Baker, A. Berman, L. G. Bernstein, R. Bernstein, R. Binkowitz, A. J. Blank, R. Blank, J. Blumenfeld, M. Breakstone, H. Bregman, C. Bregoff, I. A. Cantor, W. G. Carter, W. Chalaire, R. W. Chandless, J. A. Coffey, M. G. Cohen, F. P. Connolly, L. H. Crossman, D. F. Cunningham, D. Diamond, B. F. Dreher, F. S. Dunn, A. Edelsack, J. H. Eisenberg, J. S. Eisinger, W. Evens, S. Forscher, J. D. Freedman, R. B. Garrettsee, A. H. Goldberg, E. J. Goldstein, H. Goldstein, M. F. Goldstein, P. Gorden, L. Gross, D. Q. Guiney, J. G. Haft, W. H. Hardifer, H. S. Hartstein, N. C. Helman, M. J. Hilton, J. Heyman, L. R. Hirsch, A. Hollander, R. Honig, L. Hughes, J. E. Hurwits, I. A. Jackson, M. James, P. E. Jamrosy, A. Kandel, S. H. Kaufman, K. K. Klein, M. H. Kleinberg, Helen M. Koster, A. L. Kramer, N. G. Krasner, L. C. Landolfe, P. A. Lee, H. F. Leinhardt, F. M. Levenstein, J. A. Levner, A. Lieberman, W. M. Luby, E. A. McCarthy, Bertha Mapes, H. Marcoshes, H. M. Maryanov, H. Mayer, Rebecca C. Meltzer, A. Morris, F. H. Moskovitz, M. Moss, M. Neumann, W. Neuman, C. Olshetsky, J. J. Osserman, T. C. Patterson, Jr. I. P. Peele, L. J. Peltin, H. D. Priomni, S. J. Polsky, L. Rachlow, A. Rathheim, D. Reich, M. Reich, H. B. Reichard, G. Rosenzweig, J. Rozenzweig, C. G. Roth, L. Rothfeld, P. Rude, S. Rusinow, E. Saphir, Esther Schaffer, Yetta T. Schenker, L. Schlesinger, M. R. Schneer, S. Schwartzman, A. A. Shapiro, Mary G. Siegel, Louise Smith, L. Spinner, I. A. Stern, H. L. Tepper, B. Trenchner, Esther Volinsky, A. H. Waisman, E. B. Welsburg, P. Weiss, Rose Weiss, E. S. Weltner, S. M. Wittenberg, R. R. Wolf, S. Wollman, J. H. Wright, A. Catiano, J. S. Baker, Sarah Dukore, A. A. Enklewitz, H. J. Green, G. S. Hatsfeld, J. P. Ifill, W. S. Jack, A. M. Jacobs, L. Kraus, S. S. Meyerson, J. M. Milberg, J. Miller, M. N. Mirsky, C. Moorehead, S. D. Muney, H. Pedolsky, Ethel E. Riegelman, J. Ritter, H. Rothbart, F. J. Rundbaken, B. W. Schnur, D. L. Schnur, A. Schwartz, L. R. Wallach, H. S. Ward, A. A. Wasserman, B. Waxenberg.

CERTIFICATE OF THE SCHOOL OF LAW.

W. Newman, H. Parvin.

DOCTOR OF MEDICINE.

J. L. Abrams, M. Alexander, M. M. Andrews, A. Ansehl, H. M. Bowlby, I. T. Broadwin, T. L. Caldroney, A. F. Cardwell, W. D. Crecos, B. Dubovsky, H. B. Feuerstein, J. R. Fischer, M. C. Fischman, M. L. Fuchs, J. E. Gavin, M. Gleich, W. H. Goldstein, J. Greenberg, B. W. Howell, L. G. Jordan, C. D. Karutz, L. F. Knoll, M. Koffler, M. J. Kutisker, E. J. Lorenze, Jr. E. M. Ungaro, A. L. Margolies, M. A. Miller, G. C. Menninger, J. F. Montague, J. E. Noll, W. J. O'Connell, S. Z. Orgel, L. A. Y. Pasarell, J. R. Patton, M. Rashbaum, Sc.B., H. M. Ray, M. Resnicoff, J. Schulhofer, S. Schwartzwall, W. H. Silverstein, C. Sirken, J. W. Smith, H. A. Solomon, M. Sonkin, I. E. Sumner, L. Ssertip, C. E. Teahach, D. Trepauer, J. J. Weiner, M. B. Weinstock, F. Weintraub, E. J. Williams, M. Winarsky, A. H. Friedrich, F. Kresch, M. S. Bender, H. P. Griffin, J. A. Mangiaracina, W. Mellor, D. D. Schoenfeld, R. B. Team, W. F. Williams, E. W. York.

DOCTOR OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

S. J. Baker, C. W. Berry, W. H. Gulifoy, L. I. Harris, F. Overton, A. Zingher.

DOCTOR OF VETERINARY SURGERY.

A. J. Allott, H. F. Baum, D. C. Boone, J. P. Mack, S. Schiff, S. D. Stroly, H. C. Ticehurst.

MASTER OF COMMERCIAL SCIENCE.

R. V. Ficker, J. H. Iskowitz, T. C. Jones, S. Lichtenberg, J. W. Randall.

BACHELOR OF COMMERCIAL SCIENCE.

Albert E. Aber, H. J. Abramson, Carl U. Ackerlind, Richard H. Akers, H. E. Alexander, Harry A. Alpert, E. J. Antinelmo, Fred N. Anibal, A. S. Applegate, Francis S. Ard, Mark I. Avramo, Spencer P. Bain, Hoyt C. Baker, Alexander L. Baris, Harvey A. Baron, Percy H. Barr, Bessie Barrack, Louis I. Barst, John Berg, Morris Barger, Samuel Berson, Ralph L. Bishop, Erik J. Blomquist, Frederick Boehm, Roy E. Booth, James D. Bowman, Charles H. Brand, Morris Brooks, Everett W. Brown, Hester Bussard, Harold G. Byington, Arnold Cady, Wilna D. Chapman, Sarah Christie, Edward S. Cobb, Isidore Cohen, Samuel Cohen, Bernard S. Coleman, William F. Copeland, Harry L. Corse, Leo F. Cyganik, Peter R. Daisley, George J. Debarbieri, M. J. Dennin, Jr., Elmer G. Diefenbach, Henry C. Draper, Abraham Drucker, D. G. Dudenhoeffer, Franklin L. Duerk, Robert G. Emerson, Leon Epstein, Joseph C. Feick, Abraham I. Feinstein, William H. Fenzel, George D. Fish, Nathaniel Fish, A. A. Fleischer, John Forester, Dillon W. Franks, Louis Freiman, Benjamin Gabrilove, Edward Gevitz, James E. Gillespie, Bernard E. Goerler, Louis H. Gold, Harris Goldstein, Abraham Goodman, S. G. Gottesman, B. W. Grant, John F. Green, Lewis Greenberg, Julia Greenfield, F. W. Grossbeldin, M. A. Guttelman, Solomon Haas, William T. Haldt, Francis W. Hannon, Raymond J. Hannon, Roy V. Harrington, Joseph N. Healey, John H. Heil, Alexander Helfat, Carl Heller, Harry Herskowitz, A. A. Hoffmann, Samuel Hoffman, Thomas J. Hogan, Jennie Horowitz, Henry Humagel, Jacob E. Horwitz, C. Iesaiane, Frank O. Ilg, Antelmette Ippolito, Franklin S. Isserd, Samuel Ivler, Richard G. Johnson, Ruth Johnson, George F. Jones, Raymond C. Jordan, E. W. Juergensen, Edward Katz, Benjamin Kaufman, Jacob B. Kaufman, Adrian I. Keegan, Jr., Frederick D. Kircher, Arthur Kerstein, Jr., Earl S. Kitts, Charles Klein, Alfred Koch, Moses Krakowitz, Edward Kranz, George O. Kriete, Max Krumholz, Meyer Kurz, Irving Kutner, Abraham Lasky, Emil Lechner, John Le Fore, Benjamin Levy, J. S. Lieberson, Robert C. Loudon, John B. Luse, Daniel J. Lynch, Isaac J. Lvoich, Ethel M. McEneaney, Alice E. McMillan, Wayne D. McMurray, Joseph Marans, Moses M. Markowitz, Earle G. May, Madeleine Mayer, H. S. Meinhardt, Harry Mendel, Henry Mendelsohn, Roy E. Meyers, A. J. Meyerson, Clarence F. Miller, Edward A. Miller, Henry E. Miller, Mollie C. Mitchell, Louis Moed, Abbie A. Morrill, Joseph K. Moyer, Joseph D. Murphy, James F. Neagle, Isaac Neidle, Morris Neuhauser, Abraham A. Newberg, David Nieman, Arthur W. Noble, Agnese C. Norton, Francis J. Nuckley, Georgia F. Nutt, Jacob W. Olsen, Charles Oppenheim, Minnie Orleans, G. D. Padrug, G. Pa Pavalka, G. M. Parker, Helen M. Parsons, M. D. Pfeffer, Chao-Hsing Pian, Cornelius M. Polson, Alvin M. Powell, Charles N. Price, John E. Rasch, B. R. de Arellano, Herbert H. Rapp, Charles F. Reuter, N. L. Reyes, Joseph C. Ritter, J. A. Robertson, Frank M. Rohn, W. W. Rohrbach, Henry L. Rolle, Jacob A. Ronder, David S. Rosenberg, Gabor Roth, M. M. Rothenberg, Herman Rothstein, Eleazer H. Ryall, Robert F. Sais, Conrad J. Sapbier, Joseph Saplrstein, Julian H. Sarpol, Louis Schade, Jr., H. B. Schaefer, Simon L. Schatz, Samuel Schoenfeld, Saul Schwartz, David J. Schwartz, Samuel Seigel, Moses Seligson, Samuel N. Selman, Malcolm P. Seymour, W. Y. Sharrock, Thomas F. Shiel, Benjamin Shour, David M. Siegel, Jacob Siegel, Lee Siegel, Harry Weinberg, Jerome Weinstein, Morris Weintraub, H. F. Wells, Charles F. Wertier, H. J. Wertheimer, E. H. Wetsel, Robert C. White, Thomas E. White, Samuel Siegler, Jacob Silverstein, Irving Silberswelg, I. E. Simpson, Frederick G. Sims, Lloyd E. Smalley, Alexander Smith, Harry D. Smith, Walter C. Smith, Charles Specht, Jr., William R. Sperling, Harry Sporn, Anthony Sposato, Thomas N. Spota, C. H. Sprague, Max Steinfeld, A. T. Stephan, K. Stephenson, Charles E. Stevens, Harold J. Stevingsam, Frederic M. Stowell, W. H. Strawbridge, Ernest C. Strobeck, Louis Sukovice, David Sussman, Jacob Tabachnik, William P. Taylor, Charles E. Thames, Albert R. Thiele, Leo A. Thomas, O. H. Thomason, Charles H. Towns, Howard R. Trengove, Hans E. Triest, Morris Troper, T. C. Turnbull, Jr., Jacob J. Turner, Salvador Unson, George W. Ursadt, William VanderClock, L. E. Voorhees, Irving H. Wagner, Kurt Walwer, Albert L. Ward, Henry A. Warden, Samuel Wasserman, Henry Waxman, Nathan Weil, David H. Wolpert, L. J. Woodbury, J. Ward Woolley, Leo Edgar Young, William J. Zucker, Jerome Zwicker.

BACHELOR OF COMMERCIAL SCIENCE.

David Golleb, Louis A. Buettner, Morris Ginsberg, Jacob Goodman, John D. Stevenson, Frank S. Harmon, Max Greenhouse, J. E. McDermott, James Crawford, D. de G. y David, Israel Feinbaum, Benjamin Frumberg, Lucile R. Hunt, Schoichi Kotari, Francis T. V. Lee, Israel Rosenblum, Rolfe E. Rowe, S. A. Townsend, Jr., Samuel Wohl.

CERTIFICATE OF THE SCHOOL OF COMMERCE, ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

E. L. Abrahams, Benjamin A. Acker, J. H. Adams, Jr., Daniel A. Benson, William H. Bird, Walter C. Bradshaw, Meyer Breger, Charles W. Brinks, George M. Broemler, Aurelia Brown, Clifford G. Chester, Harry L. Cooper, Bernard Davidson, Leo Deutsch, Samuel Elkind, William C. English, Olga Esteroff, William C. Etgen, J. T. Fleckenstein, James H. Gavan, Hayson G. Gates, Archibald Gold, Leo A. Goldberg, D. A. Goodkind, H. M. Greenberg, Oswin Hamisch, J. P. Hoesli, Clinton N. Hunt, David Hyett, Carl Joffe, Martin J. Kelley, Herman L. Kraus, Camille Landriani, J. H. R. Lowton, Eugene J. Lynch, John J. McGirl, Clarence P. Mears, A. Mittenthal, William J. Murphy, Edward J. Murray, S. O. Raduzner, Frank M. Reynolds, Bernard Rosenblatt, Harry Rosenblum, Lilel Rosenthal, Herman M. Scheck, Carl I. Schrag, Manning Schreiner, John P. Shanahan, R. A. Spencer, William H. Stark, William Tayer, Melville W. Taylor, C. J. Waldmann, James E. Wheelin, Lester H. White, Lester J. White.

Prizes and Honors Awarded.

Winners of prizes and honors were announced as follows:

COLLEGE OF ARTS AND PURE SCIENCE.—A. Ogden Butler Classical Fellowship, to C. J. Kraemer, Jr.; A. Ogden Butler Philosophical Fellowship, L. J. Sternberger; William H. Inman Fellowship in Science, L. B. Smith; James Gordon Bennett Civics Prize, D. G. Davis; Herman Ridder German Prize, E. E. Stevens; William K. Gillett (French) Gold Medal, A. Gervasi; Sherborne Vernon Damerel Memorial Prize, G. G. Brown; Class of 1917 Debating Medals, H. V. Arnold, W. O. Tait, R. H. Fox, B. M. Honor, L. J. Sentner, H. L. Golden West, presided over the establishment, and on the door she had three or four actresses in similar attire who allowed none to pass until they had paid over a quarter each.

Outside the booth a dozen members of the Lambs' Club in Wild West costume picked out the prosperous appearing and urged them to try their luck. Soon everybody in the alley wanted to get at the game. It was not a pikers' game, either, and it may be remarked at this stage that Macdougal Alley for the remainder of the week will be no place for pikers. Silver had no place there and only bills, and many of them of large denomination, were flung about the tables.

Mrs. Harris said that as long as the game was perfectly honest, with no more than the ordinary mathematical percentage in favor of the house, and as it was all for charity, she saw no reason why objection should be made to it. There was some hope of getting Mayor Mitchel and Police Commissioner Woods to look over the layout, but this was not done, though when the Mayor had finished his speech from the balcony of Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney's restaurant across the way the girls from the Golden West called across the crowd, "Come on over; we want the Mayor." It was said that the city administration was represented early in the evening by three of the policemen on duty at the festival, but that they had been asked to leave by the faro dealer on the ground that their presence aroused suspicion.

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In the crowd in the alley there was a large proportion of army, navy and marine officers in uniform, and several officers of our allies. Over Mrs. Lydig's garage the United States Marine Band, conducted by Lieutenant John Philip Sousa, U. S. A., gave a program, and a marimba band played in the restaurant, with songs by operatic stars.

In the theatre a bill of vaudeville topliners, which will be changed daily, held forth. The booths had everything to sell that could stimulate patriotism, and the attractions in the concessions included everything from movies of Charlie Chaplin to the original electric chair in which Leon Czolgosz was put to death.

Former Marist Pupils Celebrate.

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THEATRICAL NOTES.

Arthur Hopkins has engaged Jose Ruben to appear under his management next season. The actor's season with the Washington Square Players ended with the last performance of "Ghosts."

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LITTLE BALL ROLLS AT ALLEY FESTA

Real Gambling—for Charity—Draws Great Crowd and Big Bills.

MAYOR DID NOT LOOK AT IT

It Is No Place for "Pikers," but Then the Other Attractions Provided Are Not, Either.

The little wheel is spinning in Macdougal Alley. After disappearing for some years from the surface of New York life, certain games of chance, once more flourish, and flourish in the open. Nay, more—people are paying a quarter a head to get in and participate in this iniquity; for it is all being done for charity at the Alley Festa.

The Festa, which opened last night to crowds that jammed the little blind alley of studios so tightly that movement was barely possible, is arranged for the benefit of the American Red Cross and the allied war relief funds. For the crowds are provided such diverse attractions as contraltos from the Metropolitan and camels from the menagerie. Once within the alley, visitors are incited to contribute to charitable purposes by devices running all the way from the Coney Island canes-ringing and china-smashing to the pitfalls of roulette, high-low, faro, and klondike.

These last, which drew enormous crowds last night, including, according to rumor, some policemen in uniform, were introduced as a surprise even to the management of the festa. Mrs. Henry B. Harris, representing a stage relief fund, had a concession in a studio on the southern side of the alley, but she kept secret the nature of the entertainment. It was given out, according to representatives of John Moffat, Chairman of the Managing Committee of the festa, that in her concession, entitled "La Cantina della Fanciulla del West," Mrs. Harris would ensnare the coinage of the cautiously benevolent by a unique entertainment, the nature of which would not be disclosed till the opening night. The ground floor of the studio was decorated in the style of an old-fashioned Western saloon, but when the festa opened at 6 o'clock last evening there was no suggestion of drinks except certain obviously empty flasks which once contained Chianti and which hung upon the walls for local color.

But there were complete layouts for the four gambling diversions mentioned. Each table was in charge of a competent citizen dressed in the Wild West costume of a generation back, with faces tanned with walnut juice and eyes masked behind amber glasses. Mrs. Harris, in the costume of the Girl from the Golden West, presided over the establishment, and on the door she had three or four actresses in similar attire who allowed none to pass until they had paid over a quarter each.

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BERNSTEIN HAS WAR PLAY.

"L'Elevation," Written in a Saloniki Hospital, Causes Sensation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 6.—The greatest theatrical event since the beginning of the war is the production by the Comédie Française of Henri Bernstein's war play "L'Elévation." As a work of art the play fulfills every requirement, combining great dramatic intensity with extreme simplicity and directness of appeal. It is a present-day document likely to go down in the history of dramatic art. It is the first synthetic expression of the war spirit of France. It also marks a new manner of Bernstein art, which seems to have risen to a higher plane.

The play was conceived by Bernstein while operating as an aviator with the Saloniki army, and was discussed with his flight comrade, but was only worked out in a hospital at Saloniki.

No work by Bernstein has been produced at the Comédie Française since the famous occasion when his play "Après Moi" caused riots in front of the theatre. Since then the author once more held the public stage when at the Caillaux trial, on the eve of the war declaration, he made a dramatic outburst of justification of his past military career, announcing the imminence of the great catastrophe which, he said, would find him at his post.

Through the war play the action shows the uplifting influence of war on the leading characters. The first act, during mobilization, reveals the love of a doctor's wife for a young society man who leaves for the front. Through his wife's emotion the doctor divines the truth, but the call to duty forces them to bury the secret. The second act shows a conflict between the doctor and his wife, who has been summoned to her wounded lover's bedside. The doctor has proof that the man his wife worships is not worthy of her love, but refrains from using this information against the dying man. The latter on his death bed has written a confession of his past life. In the final scene he tells the woman who has come to die with him that she must live for her husband and reveals how, face to face with death on the firing line, he has accomplished a spiritual union with her.

Profound emotion, which gripped actors and audience alike, marked this première as unforgettable. The views of all critics are enthusiastic.

ASKS TO RAISE FARES.

Long Island R. R. Says Its Cost Increase Will Be $1,250,000 for Year.

President Ralph Peters of the Long Island Railroad appeared before the Public Service Commission yesterday in behalf of a new schedule showing increase of fares within the city. Similar increases outside of the city have received the sanction of the up-State Commission. After Mr. Peters had made a statement showing why the company considers it necessary to advance its rates, the hearing was adjourned until June 18. In his statement Mr. Peters said:

"The Adamson law, which necessitated the adjustment of the wages of engineers and trainmen, costs us $350,000 a year, and other wage adjustments make a total increase of about $550,000. Further increases in the cost of operation must be faced on account of fuel prices and electric power."

Mr. Peters thought that the total increase in costs would be at least $1,250,000 over

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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ST. LOUIS.....409 Globe-Democrat Building
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THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1917.

TEN MILLIONS ANSWER.

What they mistook for apathy was gravity. The American people have come in for some pretty hard knocks at the hands of those, mostly among themselves, who wanted more rage and red fire. It is admitted that never before did the American people go to war in such a mood; but it is becoming clearer all the time that the mood in which they are going to war is much deadlier than any in which they ever went to war before. They are not dancing and shouting. But those who misinterpreted that fact might have remembered that neither did France; France, which always before went to war dancing and shouting. There is no excitement, and because there had been excitement, say, in the little Spanish war, men thought there could be no war without it; but in place of that uncalculating effervescence of the little war there is a steady resolve to do what is necessary that this monster of autocracy shall perish from the earth and that liberty shall not. If we go gravely into a grim undertaking instead of going exultantly into a sporting excursion, if our mood of 1917 is not our mood of 1898, yet our mood of 1917 is France's mood of 1914; and our enemy should take no comfort from that.

And democracy had to endure the criticism of the same impatient persons, democracy as seen in all democratic lands. It was slow, unwieldy, ineffective; it could never do things efficiently, in the good despotic way. Democracy has the defects of its qualities, and in all democratic lands has demonstrated them in the last three years. But democracy has its own way of doing things, and it learns, which autocracy does not. Britain and France have learned. Our critics expected us to begin where Britain and France did, make the same mistakes, and learn tardily. What they forgot was that it is not the United States nor Britain which has been learning, but democracy, democracy which is the same in all these three lands and in all the other western lands which Germany threatens. It was not Britain alone which learned from Britain's mistakes, but the democracy of the world; and the United States enters the war not where Britain entered it, but where Britain stands today.

Therefore our enemies and our critics have seen the spectacle of ten million young Americans answering the call of their Government in a single day. They have seen the land dotted with booths often only a few rods apart, where all day long Young America enrolled himself without any of the disorder and without any of the unreadiness or grudging to which the doubters had been looking so assuredly. This sight they saw in two months, lacking one day, after the declaration of war. Democracy has not been slow. Autocracy could have mobilized an army in a few days, and did, but autocracy had to work for forty-five years to do it. Democracy, with no forty-five years' preparation, is not slow; to set two months against forty-five years is to prove it. The United States, like democracy, has been slandered. It has not grown indifferent or cowardly or sleepy; the mood of the ten millions going to the polling-places dissipates that slander. In all this vast country there were just two disturbances, both raised by foreigners, one in Montana and one in a little mining town on the Upper Peninsula of Michigan.

These young men went to register in the same polling-places where last year they and their fellow-citizens cast their ballots for President and for members of Congress. There is a mighty significance in that fact, though autocracy will not yet understand it. The people elected their temporary rulers. Those temporary rulers, that is, the people themselves, called the people out to war. The people respond by going to the same place where they elected their temporary rulers and enrolling themselves. The people chose the men who were to decide for them the issues of peace and war, and when the decision was made the people responded to their [illegible] in the same places and in the same way. We call ourselves to [illegible] and [illegible] Autocracy decides when it will be to its own interest to have a war and orders its people, drilled for that moment through forty-five years, from their homes into a camp. This contrast is one to silence impatience with democracy, but more impressive than the contrast itself is the way in which it is shown.

Ten millions. But these ten millions are drawn only from one body of Americans, those from 21 to 31 years of age. The military age in this country used to be from 18 to 45, and if the call had gone out for men of those ages the answer would have been as ready. America today, despite all the sneers of those who would have everything done in a jiffy and have no tolerance for an hour, presents a nobler spectacle than at any similar moment in her history, this spectacle of the people's war, the people's call, and the people's answer. If our enemy could learn the truth, could see it as it is in fact and not as it is misinterpreted for her by anxious forgers, the sneering laugh would die from her lips.

BAY STATE CONSTITUTION PATCHERS.

The Massachusetts Constitutional Convention, which began its sessions yesterday, is a child of politics. If there was any gnawing hunger for constitutional revision among the Bay State voters, it is strange that less than a third of those of them who took the trouble to go to the polls last Fall voted for delegates.

The convention is the creature of a minority. It will cost a lot of money. Doubtless it will be rich in crank proposals. Is it permitted to say that of these the initiative and referendum, beloved of Massachusetts Democrats and Progressives, is not the least cranky? This is the head and front, the beginning and middle, though, unfortunately, not the end, of Massachusetts radicalism. Delegates are classified as sheep and goats, saved or lost, according to their views of this political Philosopher's Stone and Grand Secret.

The so-called "sectarian" or "non-sectarian" amendment, directed in reality against the Catholic Church, is a fine bit of political bigotry. Somehow, the A. P. A. spirit, which Senator HOAR denounced, lingers in Massachusetts, otherwise so mightily different from her seventeenth century self.

GERMANY AND RUSSIA.

According to a Washington dispatch in yesterday's TIMES, the Russian Provisional Government has been warned that, if Russia makes a separate peace with the Central Powers, she will "become another Austria under German domination." That must be pleasant reading for intelligent Russians. The Russian Germanophiles understand, but the fanatics and the ignoramuses now strutting their little hour in the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates don't see this sure road to the economic and political annexation of European Russia to Germany and her Hapsburg vassals. We heard yesterday, too, of a meeting at Essen of the Rhenish-Westphalian branch of the Independent Committee for a German peace. The Pan Germans of that great industrial region propose that advantage be taken of the present weakness, disorganization, and anarchy in Russia not to make a separate peace at Petrograd, but to make separate offers to Finland and Little Russia. These, the Pan Germans believe, could easily be won over and gobbled up. The German and Austrian Socialist delegates to the Stockholm Conference are agreed on the "autonomy" of Finland and Russian Poland. The vultures are hovering over the immense Russian carcass already. The dividing of the spoil has begun, prematurely, perhaps.

Courland and Lithuania should be grabbed by Germany, one of these Essen altruists said, and colonised by German-speaking Russians from the interior. Thus "a complete bulwark of independent States" would be "established east of Germany and Austria-Hungary."

The penetration and conquest of Russia by Germany have been going on since PETER the Great's time. They have been most thorough and scientifically organized in our day. The Essen altruists are continuing a long tradition. The conquest of Slav territory, the occupation of Russian Poland, of Russia to the Dwina and further, were urged by writers of importance. Nearly forty years ago PAUL DE LAGARDE looked to the erection of a Central Europe, when "the Russians and Southern Slavs are "cleared from the Black Sea." German colonies were planted on the Volga, in the Saratov district, a hundred and fifty years ago. On the road to the Caspian, from the Austro-Hungarian border to the Black Sea, in Poland, from the Baltic provinces to Petrograd, the German community spread and intrenched itself.

"Weak and incapable nations must look on," says Prince VON BUELOW, "while foreign nations gain in number and importance within the "borders of their State." TREITSCHKE's description of the Slav "as a born Slav" is the German idea of the Russian. "That immense Colossus with feet of clay," he wrote in a passage which has a startling, contemporaneous bitterness and appositeness, "will be absorbed in its domestic and economic difficulties," and so the "peace of the world," a German peace, will be insured.

Germany led Russia to a [illegible] war in the East. She is now seeking to lure Russia into a ruinous peace in the West, to bring about the dissolution and Germanization of Russian Europe.

MEN AND MONEY.

Germans will be slow to learn the truth about what is happening in the United States in these historic days, but those who give orders to Germans will learn it promptly. They know perhaps already that Americans register for war duty in proportionately greater numbers than for voting. And they will learn that the money behind the men is equally freely tendered. If there is some reason to believe that the loan is oversubscribed now, it must be because millionaires are subscribing by tens of millions in public subscriptions, and nobody can say to how much more privately. Not without reason Vice President MARSHALL says:

> It will be very much better for the nation at large if these bonds are widely distributed among the people. It would be, in my opinion, a national misfortune if all this tax-free wealth represented by the Liberty Loan bond issue of $5,000,000,000 should pass into the possession of the rich and well-to-do of the nation, rather than in a large measure into the hands of the ordinary average American citizen.

Never was there an opportunity for the average American to kill so many birds with a single stone. He can make the rich pay taxes for every dollar of bonds secured upon the allotment to small subscribers. If this offering is sufficiently oversubscribed, the next offering may be at the same rate of interest. But if the rich are the chief subscribers it will be necessary to raise the rate of interest to make the loan attractive to investment subscribers, when the exemption demand is satisfied. That will make it necessary to raise the rate on this two billions also. As the rate of interest is raised it will be necessary to raise more money by taxation. Thus it comes about that the moderate investor who wishes to reduce his taxes and share the privilege extended to the very rich can do so best by making the rich pay taxes, and by reducing the general rate of tax.

Most important of all, whoever wishes to bring Germany to terms and save the lives of our soldiers and sailors can best serve those ends by putting the Government in funds. The money will be spent here, and in a great many cases will go back into the pockets out of which it came. The Liberty Loan might also be called the Prosperity Loan, for stimulation of trade is sure to follow the spending of these billions. The average American who is in any doubt what he ought to do should have his doubts removed by considering what Germany would wish him to do and then doing something different. What Germany wishes the average American to do is shown by the false German accounts of what Americans are doing.

THE ADVERTISING TAX.

There are one or two aspects of the proposed tax of 2 per cent. upon the advertising receipts of newspapers that should have the careful consideration of the Finance Committee of the Senate. Newspapers will be subject in more ways than one to the excess profits tax when it is imposed. They already pay a tax of 2 per cent. upon their corporation income. It is now proposed that another tax of 2 per cent. shall be laid upon the gross income from one of their chief sources of revenue. We are not aware that this kind of double tax is contemplated in respect to any other kind of business.

It is an accepted principle of taxation that taxes should bear equally upon subjects of taxation belonging to the same class. This principle seems to be violated in the advertising tax. An exception is made of newspapers whose annual profits do not exceed $2,000. This was intended to exempt small newspapers, but in this country not a few newspapers doing a large annual business are conducted at a loss. Having no profits, they would escape the advertising tax altogether, although their gross revenue from advertising might run into millions. They would escape also the corporation income tax and the excess profits tax. Manifestly, this would put them in a position of measurable advantage in their competition with newspapers paying a tax. We do not suppose the proposers of this tax intended to set up a discrimination of that kind. It would be a real discrimination, however, inevitably resulting from the operation of the new law.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN "PUBLIC OPINION."

Count CZERNIN, the Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, is no mean humorist. His peace recipe, "peace without annexations or indemnities," is for use in Russia only. The Telegraph Correspondence Bureau, an official branch of the Foreign Office, here speaking directly instead of through the worn trumpet of the Fremdenblatt, furnishes a syllabus of Austro-Hungarian press views on the objects sought by the Dual Monarchy in the war. "Public opinion," that is, opinion officially instructed, opposes the restoration of Serbia as it was before the war. Moreover, the Montenegrin mountain stronghold, Lovchen, commanding Cattaro and Cettinje, must not be given back. The other day the Vienna Neue Freie Presse said that with long-range guns from that fortress the Adriatic, so made a Teutonic trade route, could be commanded.

Serbia and Montenegro, little Slav kingdoms backed by Russia, were the barrier of the Teuton road to Asia. The Serbian capital, Belgrade on the Danube, through which goes the main railway to Saloniki and Constantinople, is "the key to the East." The Gulf of Saloniki, as the Armee Zeitung, the organ of the Austrian Army officers, said in 1905, "has in the "relations between the Danubian "countries and Asia Minor a situation "analogous to that of the Persian "Gulf in the communications between "Europe and India."

Serbia must be crushed. Austria proposed to do it in 1913. It has been done. It must not be undone. The Balkans must be controlled by the Central Powers. Serbia is on the road to Bagdad and Basra. A renunciation of annexations refers only to Russian territory.

The Austrian aims include, ironically, in view of the late Italian victories, an extension of the frontiers at Italy's expense. Since Austria has all the strategic advantage on the north and east of Italy, the proposal must be regarded as a whim of impotent hate of Italy. Albania must be "autonomous," dependent on Austria-Hungary. The fine Albanian Harbor of Avlona, commanding the entrance to the Adriatic, in Teuton hands, and Italy is bankrupt commercially on her Adriatic coast, beleaguered on sea and land by the Central Powers.

A Balkan customs union, Austro-Hungarian "commercial liberty and rights," that is, control "of the navigation of the Danube": these are familiar parts of the Hamburg-to-the-Persian-Gulf scheme. There must be "some form of indemnity" to recompense the Hapsburg Monarchy for the cost of the war. No annexations and indemnities from Russians—at present. If those innocents will make peace, the Central Powers will try to collect costs from the other Allies.

As a master of humorous impudence Count CZERNIN shines. Possibly the Muscovite Polyphemus is not quite as gullible as the Ballplatz Odysseus seems to suppose.

NO FOOD OR COTTON FOR THE ENEMY.

Holland is one of the neutral nations which have received large quantities of our grain and now ask for much more. Our Government has proof that Holland is supplying food to Germany. It is known that for several months past Germany has received, under the direction of Holland's Government, the following proportions of the country's agricultural exports: Beef, pork, and bacon, one-half; butter, three-quarters; cheese, two-thirds; vegetables, three-quarters; eggs, three-quarters. Why should we send to Holland wheat for bread to take the place of other food sold to Germany, or corn and oats to feed the cattle, thus making meat and dairy products for our enemy?

Why should Germany be permitted to get American cotton for her war explosives and her soldiers' clothes? Investigation has convinced a committee of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers that hundreds of millions of pounds have gone to Germany by way of neutral countries. The committee finds "good grounds for the belief" that in recent months exported cotton has been received in Germany by way of Italy. Shipments to Italian ports in the thirty-one weeks that ended on March 2 were 502,000 bales, or more than twice as much as Italy bought in corresponding weeks before the war.

To satisfy our normal requirements in a year we need about 620,000,000 bushels of wheat. Last year's crop was 640,000,000 bushels. Recent estimates of well-known crop experts give us only 651,000,000 this year. Mr. HOOVER says our European allies in the coming twelve months must import 540,000,000 bushels of wheat and 800,000,000 bushels of fodder grain. In his tabular statement he adds 131,000,000 for neutrals. Our allies look to the United States and Canada for the greater part of the 840,000,000 bushels. We shall have plenty of fodder grain, but cannot sell much wheat unless the quantity used at home is sharply reduced.

No American wheat should go to Holland or any other European neutral country, there to be shipped again to Germany or to take the place of other food which Germany receives from those countries. Neutrals should have no American fodder grain to increase Germany's supplies of beef, pork, butter, and cheese. Germany should not be able to use American cotton in making the explosives that sink our ships or kill our soldiers on the field. Our exports of food and cotton should be controlled and directed by the Government, and they should go only to our friends. The products of our soil must not give aid and comfort to the enemy.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Conscripts Need Not Be Humble.

While the law providing for a selective draft was under consideration in Congress, the opponents of that measure did their best to gain for themselves what advantage they could from the fact that in many minds the words "conscription" and "conscript" are of distasteful or repulsive association. The efforts to exploit this form of ignorance may or may not have been made in conscious unfairness, but, whether they were or not, they failed to defeat the bill and it became the law of the land. Surely every American ought to know, by this time, that conscription here is not the exercise of a compulsion disgraceful to those to whom it is applied, and that our conscripts are in no respect whatever deserving of either ridicule or reproach. Yet there is visible in several quarters a regrettable—one is tempted to say a reprehensible—inclination again to utilize the old prejudice and unduly to exalt the volunteer above the man who waits, exactly as does the taxpayer, to have the Government tell him the position in which he can be of most value to his country and the work that is most needed and he can best perform.

It cannot be too often asserted that the man who thus waits, provided, when the call comes, his answer is prompt and cheerful, has a perfect right to hold his head as high as any other man in the land. If he were inclined to resent insinuations against his courage and his patriotism, he could argue with some force that he, and not the volunteer, was deserving of the more honor, as he intrusts himself unreservedly to the disposition of those whose judgment, in theory at least, is better than his own, while the volunteer decides for himself the branch of the national service in which he will serve—and sometimes might have difficulty in proving that his decision was uninfluenced by personal preferences and interests not always closely related to those of the nation.

But to defend the "conscript" it is not necessary to depreciate the volunteer. The two are different, chiefly in temperament; neither is inferior or superior to the other, and public opinion should hold them for what they are, and that is equals.

Are They Not Guilty of Desertion?

Whether or not the requirement that all men between the ages of 21 and 31 should present themselves for registration with a view to military service was a "call to the colors"—that is a question on which opinions would differ. Probably it was not, speaking strictly and technically, but it came so near to being such a summons that it suggests consideration here of the fact that, in the European countries that have universal military service, the man who fails to respond to the "call to the colors" at the fixed date is held to be a deserter and is subjected to the penalties provided for desertion.

What the penalty is in time of war everybody knows, and it is not a year in prison. There is no expectation or desire, of course, that like summary and conclusive action should be taken in this country with respect to the absolutely large, but relatively minute, number of young men who for reasons foolish or vicious were not registered on Tuesday. Probably not many of them are real cowards, and probably fewer still are real traitors. It would be well, however, that they should be made to realize the full gravity of their offense, and the taking of stern measures against the more egregious recalcitrants would have an excellent effect in the way of discouraging other aspirants for martyrdom.

The youths who have conscientious objections to risking their skins, and those whose secret desire is to serve another flag by not serving ours, would be made wiser, if not better, if taught their true place in the body politic. The others—if, as charity suggests, there be others—would acquire a still higher, and therefore still more pleasing, sense of moral elevation above their barbarian fellow-countrymen if they were obliged to learn that resistance to the national will is a very serious matter.

A Mysterious Exclusion of Madmen.

A dispatch from London gives what purport, plausibly enough, to be bits of interesting information taken from the annual report of the insane asylum at Stettin, Germany. According to the excerpts from this document, thus provided, the experiment, now for the first time revealed, of using as soldiers the milder "cases" in the Stettin and other asylums has not been successful. The selected lunatics were willing enough to serve, but "they proved to be an unbearable nuisance in the various armies where they were placed, refusing to obey orders, deserting from their companies, and often becoming vagrants. Hardly any are of real military value, and many have been sent back to their asylums."

So often has the whole German race been called mad, of late, and so clear, to non-Germans, has been the evidence that a large majority of them really are the victims of definite illusions, delusions, hallucinations, and obsessions, arranged in the "complexes" and "constellations" so familiar to the psychiatrists, German and other, that one can at least pretend to be surprised at the failure of this effort to fill up the Kaiser's depleted regiments.

Abnormal mentality, however, is what constitutes insanity, and as what the rest of the world calls normality of mind is now exceptional in Germany, it is those elsewhere held sane that one would expect to find shut up, not the others. But opposed to this theory is the fact that each inmate of every asylum is well aware that all his fellow-inmates are mad, including those that share his own vagaries. The problem is a most confusing one.

DR. JORDAN REPLIES.

His Views on the Use of Webster's Anti-Draft Speech.

New York, June 5, 1917.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some time since Professor C. H. Van Tyne of the University of Michigan published a useful edition of the "Letters of Daniel Webster." In this is contained a speech against "the Draft," delivered in Congress on Dec. 19, 1814, at a time when President Madison was trying to compel a reluctant people to invade Canada.

A journalist attached to the American Union Against Militarism found this speech in Van Tyne's volume, and, thinking it timely, the question of conscription being likely to come before Congress, he had it reprinted, practically without comment. It is an argument against militarism, which is confessedly the foe we were then proposing to fight in Europe.

But Professor Van Tyne finds that this address as reprinted constitutes "a treasonable sheet," "willful misrepresentation of facts," for he now tells us that Webster later was "ashamed of this sophomoric effusion." He was then "a green young politician, fresh from Federalist New England, making a speech for home consumption."

In his later and wiser days, "the light withdrawn which once he bore, the glory from his gray hairs gone forever more," Webster repudiated these early idealisms of pacifism, free trade, and free soil.

But the fact remains that this speech was made and that it is found in Van Tyne's Webster, although I, whom Van Tyne goes out of his way to attack, had never heard of it until I saw a copy of the reprint.

We may readily forgive Dr. Van Tyne for rescuing this "easily answered" document from the oblivion to which it now appears Webster consigned it. But the insolent bromism in the last paragraph of his letter to THE TIMES of today is quite another matter. He says: "There is Jane Addams, whose noble service to humanity before the war is surpassed only by her fanatical betrayal of it during the last two years."

DAVID STARR JORDAN.

TICKET DEALERS HIT IN WAR REVENUE BILL

Senate Committee Puts a Tax of 50 Per Cent. on the Profits of Speculators.

IMPOST ON PLEASURE BOATS

Final Touches to be Put on Bill Today, but It May Not Reach the Senate Until Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—A blow at ticket speculators during war time is aimed in an amendment to the War Revenue bill agreed upon today by the Senate Finance Committee. The amendment, offered by Senator Thomas of Colorado, provides for a 50 per cent. tax upon the amount charged by speculators above the box office rate. The speculator handling the tickets is to keep account of them and make the tax return to the Government.

Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Finance Committee, said tonight that the committee had practically finished its work and that outside of the changes made today there probably would be no others of consequence. He expects the final touches to be made tomorrow, when the bill will be turned over to experts for one day for any suggestions that might improve it. The committee expects to have the experts return the measure by Saturday night. It now looks, said Senator Simmons, as if the bill would not be offered in the Senate until the middle of next week.

The amendment, which is expected to do away with ticket speculating rather than to swell the Government's war tax, reads as follows:

"That upon tickets of admission to theatres, operas, and other places of amusement sold at news stands, hotels, and places other than the ticket offices of such theatre, opera, or other place of amusement, 50 per cent. of the amount for which said tickets are sold in excess of the price charged at the ticket office shall be assessed as a tax."

Senator Thomas, in offering the amendment, said he did not think it fair to allow ticket speculators to make extravagant profits during war time from a public that is to have a heavy burden of tax to pay. The admission tax on tickets of 5 per cent., he said, would impose sufficient of a strain without the public being called upon to pay a toll to the speculators.

"If the speculator insists on keeping in business he ought to pay a heavy tax out of the profit he makes," argued the Senator.

Under Senator Thomas's scheme the ticket speculator making 50 cents on the sale of a ticket, which is regarded as the average profit, would have to turn 25 cents of it over to the Government.

The Revenue bill carries with it penalty of fine or imprisonment for failure to make full and honest return of any taxes imposed.

The 5 per cent. admission tax to agricultural fairs, Chautauqua and lyceum shows and others coming into the category of being run by distinctively local organizations was struck from the Revenue bill. The tax now applies only to tickets for theatres, operas, circuses, and like performances. The tax has already been removed from moving-picture admissions of 25 cents or under.

The committee fixed a graduated tax for pleasure boats. Those under five tons in weight are taxed $5 flat. For boats over five tons and not over fifty feet in length the tax is to be 50 cents a foot; for boats over fifty feet and not more than 100 feet, $1 a foot; boats over 200 feet, $2 a foot. The yield from this tax will be approximately $500,000.

Sporting goods are all to be taxed at the rate of one-eighth of a cent for each 5 cents of retail cost price. Such goods as come under the classification of toys will be exempt. The committee expects to raise $2,000,000 from this tax.

A manufacturers' tax was fixed upon cameras. It is graduated, as follows: Upon cameras costing less than $5, 25 cents; costing $5 and less than $10, 50 cents; $10 and less than $15, 75 cents; $15 and less than $20; $1; $20 and more, $1.50. The committee estimated a levy of $1,000,000 from this tax.

The existing postal rates were agreed to, also the stamp taxes. The tax on musical instruments was eliminated.

FOR A SUFFRAGE COMMITTEE

Measure Recommended by the President Is Reported to the House.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Favorable report on the resolution to create a special House committee on woman suffrage was ordered today by the Rules Committee, after all pressing war measures are disposed of.

President Wilson recently recommended the establishment of such a committee.

THE NIGHTINGALE AND THE LARK:

or,

WHY THE BIRDS SING ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

"The French have lost more men of letters than any other nation fighting in the War of Wars. 'Many of them were very young, * * * who died like Crusaders could sing like troubadours.'"—Manitoba Free Press.

Philomel—O Philomel,
Thou singest not thy wonted strain
Midst shattered boughs—midst Night and Death,
Above the desolated plain:
Thy sobbing throat but strives to tell
How one more dear than Itylus lies slain!

Philomel—O Philomel,
How Youth divine the Muse loved best,
And gave him the Pierian Rose,
Lies cold beneath yon wooded crest!
What now avails the Muse's spell?
His thousand songs are muted in his breast!

Philomel—O Philomel,
The Muse put sweetness on his tongue—
Yes, but what valor in his heart! . . .
So, he was first of those who sprung
To hunt that Beast whose hunger fell
Takes toll of every land's great-hearted young!

* * * *

Alouette—O Alouette,
Not now the same thy bell-like chime
The early plowman loved to hear,
While the mauve morn-light thou didst climb!
No, no, 'tis now thy tribute debt
Thou payest one who hath forsaken Time!

Alouette—O Alouette,
That Soul of Youth thou bearest up—
Thy hero and thy troubadour
Who hath drunk deep the Black-wine-cup!
Sing thou, 'neath Heaven's parapet,
How, henceforth, with Immortals he shall sup!

* * * *

Philomel—and Alouette!
The one, sweet Youth, to sing thy dirge,
The other, thy transcendent march,
Where, leaning o'er the unseen verge,
High fames, whose star hath never set,
Greet their young brother come from War's dread scourge!

EDITH M. THOMAS.

DR. HALL REMOVED.

Son of Famous Presbyterian Is Dropped by Union Seminary.

Dr. Thomas C. Hall, who was decorated by the Kaiser and has lived in Germany most of the time since the war began, has been removed as Professor of Christian Ethics at the Union Theological Seminary. This action was taken by the Directors of the seminary at a meeting last week. Dr. Hall was in Germany at last accounts and no word has been received of his leaving there since the United States declared war.

Dr. Hall, who had been Professor at the seminary for nineteen years, was one of the most active pro-German speakers and writers in New York when the European war broke out. At the recent trial of Captain Franz von Rintelen and others for conspiring to interfere with shipments of munitions to the Allies, Professor Hall was represented in the testimony of David Lamar as the chief organizer of the plot. Dr. Hall had just returned from one visit to Germany in April, 1915, when, it was alleged by Lamar, he started the plot to break up the munitions industry in this country. Before Captain von Rintelen's arrival in this country, Lamar said, Dr. Hall called him into consultation and unfolded the scheme of the German Government to produce labor troubles in munitions plants and to work for an embargo. Lamar also asserted that his introduction to von Rintelen was brought about by Dr. Hall.

Later in 1915, Dr. Hall, who had obtained an indefinite leave of absence from the seminary, went to Germany, where, it was reported, he was working in prison camps as a representative of the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A. During his visits to Germany Dr. Hall has written letters and articles to newspapers in this country assailing the enemies of Germany for alleged atrocities. Since the United States declared war no word regarding Dr. Hall has been received by his friends in this country. He did not leave Germany with Ambassador Gerard's party, and, so far as is known, is still in that country.

The medal conferred on Dr. Hall by the German Kaiser is the Order of the Crown, Third Class, a decoration given to civilians for having achieved merit in the eyes of the German Government. Dr. Hall, who is fifty-nine years old, was born at Armagh, Ireland, and after being graduated from Princeton and from the Union Theological Seminary studied at Berlin and Gottingen. He found a German wife in Jennie L. E. Bartling of Gottingen in 1884.

He held pastorates in Omaha and Chicago before coming to this city and was at one time a candidate for the pulpit of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, which was held for many years by his father, the late Rev. Dr. John Hall. Dr. Hall is the author of "The Power of an Endless Life," "The Social Significance of the Evangelical Revival in England," "The Synoptic Gospels," "John Hall, Pastor and Preacher," "Social Solutions in the Light of Christian Ethics," and "Religion and Life."

BERNHARD RENEWS CHARGE.

Says Gerard Often Discussed German Annexation in East.

BERLIN, June 6, (via London.)—Georg Bernhard make the following assertions in the Vossische Zeitung this morning in reply to the denial which James W. Gerard, former American Ambassador to Germany, forwarded to the Legation at the Hague, of a statement he is alleged to have made to the Berlin editor with respect to President Wilson's attitude on the restoration of Belgium and probable German annexations in the East:

"I can very well conceive that my statement is embarrassing to Mr. Gerard, but he cannot dispose of it with a mere denial. He not only once, but repeatedly delivered himself of expressions which absolutely tally with the statements contained in my editorial of May 24, under the caption, 'Allies.'

"My conversations with Mr. Gerard were invariably very comprehensive and frequently extended over several hours. I discussed in detail with him, as well as with Mr. Penfield, the American Ambassador at Vienna, during my visit to that city, the possibilities of a Wilson peace mediation. Both gentlemen were averse to such mediation. Mr. Gerard naturally endeavored to convince me that intervention on the part of President Wilson was bound to be favorable to us.

"In the course of the conversations I became more and more convinced that American and English interests were closely interlocked and that in view of the intimate financial relations between the two countries, Mr. Wilson's endeavors would lie in the direction of bringing about a peace favorable to England. Nothing was emphasized more plainly than America's consent to German territorial annexation in the East in order to persuade Germany to renounce all claims for indemnity in the shape of money or territory in the West. This idea was invariably the kernel of Mr. Gerard's expositions, which betrayed utter indifference to the fate of England's Russian ally.

"Russia was to be sacrificed by England, if only for the purpose of keeping alive the animosity between Germany and Russia, the benefits of which were bound to prove a valuable political legacy in the future."

With respect to Georg Bernhard's previous utterances in the Vossische Zeitung alleging a similar attitude on the part of the former American Ambassador, who was quoted as saying that the United States would raise no objection to German annexation in the East, Mr. Gerard denied categorically that he had made any such statements. The allegations of Bernhard were characterized by Mr. Gerard as absolutely false.

UPHOLDS MRS. SANGER FILM

Justice Bijur Differs from Greenbaum on Birth Control Movies.

Differences of opinion between Supreme Court Justices Nathan Bijur and Samuel Greenbaum as to the propriety of conducting birth control propaganda by means of moving picture plays were shown yesterday when Justice Bijur approved the film "Birth Control," based on the experiences of Mrs. Margaret H. Sanger in attempting to change existing laws on the subject, and enjoined License Commissioner Bell from interfering with the play. Justice Greenbaum had taken a contrary view on the day before of the production "The Hand That Rocks the Cradle" and restrained the presentation of the play on the ground that it encouraged violation of existing laws. Justice Bijur said: "The subject of birth control is plainly one in which the public has an interest and concerning which two conscientious and opposite views may properly be held." He ruled that the play in question "may not properly be interpreted as more than an attempt to present a dramatic argument in favor of the change of an existing law, and that, while its form, its force, and its good taste may furnish ground for an honest difference of opinion, there is nothing in it which can reasonably be viewed as against morality, decency or public welfare. It affords, therefore, no basis for the exercise of any discretion on the part of the Commissioner. It is a measured and decent exercise of the right of free speech, guaranteed by our Constitution and essential to our national wellbeing, and as such is beyond the power of the Commissioner of Licenses to forbid.

"Compared with the importance of guarding the commonwealth against even the possibility of disturbing the foundation of our social solidity by unduly limiting the vital right of free speech, the contention that the exhibition here complained of might be construed as immoral seems to me to be negligible."

CITY-WIDE WELCOME TO ITALY'S MISSION

Mayor Names Committees to Receive and Entertain Distinguished Guests.

ARRIVE TUESDAY AFTERNOON

Trip Up Hudson and Meeting of Compatriots at City College Stadium on the Program.

Plans for entertaining the members of the Italian War Commission when they come to this city next Tuesday were completed yesterday at a meeting of the Reception Committee of Citizens appointed by Mayor Mitchell. It is planned to receive the visitors in much the same manner that the French and British Commissions were recently received here. The party will be in New York City three days and the present program provides for several receptions, dinners, and sight-seeing trips.

The members are due in Jersey City next Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. They will be met by several members of the Official Reception Committee and brought to the Battery on a yacht. From the Battery they will be escorted to the City Hall, where an official reception will be held at 4 P. M. The reception will be similar to that given the members of the French and British Commissions. The Mayor will welcome the guests to the city and speeches by members of the commission are expected. From City Hall they will go direct to the residences provided for them while in the city. At 9 o'clock Tuesday evening there will be a reception at the Metropolitan Museum of Art under the auspices of the Mayor's Committee and the Trustees of the Museum.

On Wednesday the party will be treated to a water trip on a yacht around Manhattan Island, and there will also be a trip some distance up the Hudson River. At 7:30 that evening the visitors will be guests at a private dinner given by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, as Chairman of the Mayor's Reception Committee. At 10 o'clock there will be a special performance at the Metropolitan Opera House in aid of the Italian War charities.

Will Meet Fellow Italians.

On Thursday at 12:30 P. M. the visitors will be entertained at luncheon by the Merchants' Association. At 2:30 there will be an assembly of the Italian civic organizations and citizens generally in the City College Stadium. It is proposed that a great number of Italian civic organizations will parade to and assemble at the Stadium, where there will be patriotic exercises. The Commission made a special request that its members have an opportunity to address the Italian population of the city in their own tongue. At 7:30 that evening the visitors will be the guests of the city at a dinner at the Waldorf. On Friday morning at 9 o'clock the Commission will leave New York for Philadelphia.

Mayor Mitchel called the committee together yesterday in the Board of Estimate Chamber at the City Hall and told the purpose of the reception.

"The occasion," he said, "is similar to that when the city received the visits of the French and British War Commissions. The same reason exists for demonstrating to these representatives of our ally, Italy, our sympathy and the promised co-operation of the people of this country as represented by the citizenship of the City of New York."

The Mayor then announced these appointments: Chairman of the Committee, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler; Chairman of the Executive Committee, Lloyd Griscom; Vice Chairman, George T. Wilson; Chairman of the Finance Committee, Thomas W. Lamont; Chairman of the Decorations Committee, Cass Gilbert; of the Illumination Committee, Henry S. Thompson; of the Dinner Committee, Robert Adamson; of the Stadium Assemblages, George McAneny; Metropolitan Museum Reception Committee, Robert W. deForest; Escort Committee, General Daniel Appleton; Opera Performance Benefit, Otto H. Kahn; Transportation Committee, R. A. C. Smith; Secretary of the full committee, Arthur Remington. In accepting the chairmanship of the full committee, Dr. Butler said:

Praise for Italian Citizen Body.

"Surely nothing could be more gratifying to the citizenship of New York than to provide for a hearty and cordial reception to this distinguished company of men who come from one of the greatest and oldest and finest nations in Europe with a message of friendship, goodwill, and co-operation with us in a great world struggle. It is particularly interesting that they find here in New York a great company, numbered by hundred of thousands of their compatriots who are in America as a bond of union between the Italy that they had left and the America with which they have thrown in their lot—a body of our citizenship, highly honored, useful, patriotic, and law-abiding—who will join with their fellow-Americans of every type in seeing that this distinguished commission is welcomed as it should be in this metropolitan community and made to feel here perfectly and completely at home."

Mr. Griscom added that the committee proposed to use every endeavor to make the reception in every way as successful as were those to the British and French missions.

BELGIUM WILL SEND MISSION.

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ARMY FLIERS GIVE SPECTATORS THRILLS

Loop-the-Loops and Spiral Dives at Relief Garden Party on Governors Island.

22D REGIMENT PARADES

Fortune Tellers and Vendors of All Sorts of Wares at Benefit That Yields More Than $5,000.

The garden party held yesterday afternoon on Governors Island for the benefit of the Army Relief Society attracted more than 3,000 visitors. The response this year was electric, probably owing to the war, for the aim of the organization is to lessen the privations of the wives and children of the officers and men of the United States Army who have given the best years of their lives to their country.

The ferryboats, which ran every fifteen minutes from the Government dock at South Ferry, were crowded shortly after noon, although the official program was not sceduled to start until 3 o'clock. In three hours, at the dock, $1,000 was taken in for admission. The proceeds of tickets sold will amount to more than $5,000.

A short walk from the island dock brought the visitors to the reception tent, where the Reception Committee was lined up. The occasion marked the first appearance of Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, the new commanding officer of the Eastern Department, and Mrs. Bell, and they were cordially greeted. Assisting them in receiving were Mrs. Charles F. Roe, President of the New York branch of the organization; Mrs. James M. Lawton, Colonel and Mrs. J. C. F. Tillson, Mrs. Henry L. Stimson, Colonel Orin B. Mitcham, and Colonel George T. Bartlett. Admiral and Mrs. N. R. Usher were kept away owing to the recent death of Mrs. Usher's father.

A path was marked from the reception tent to the parade ground by Red Cross flags, and here much interest was centred on the military events, which opened with the escort to the colors. This was followed by flying manoeuvres by the Army Aero Squadron, Colonel Carl Hartman in charge, and the spectators were thrilled with loop-the-loops and spiral dives. Lieutenants Blakeman and William Thaw and Captain Miller were among the aviators.

The Twenty-second Regiment, still bronzed from the Arizona sun, made a stirring appearance in battalion drill and the evening parade. Two military bands played selections between events. Hundreds remained over for dinner, served in tents, and the dancing in the clubhouse, which continued until 11 o'clock.

While there were all sorts of refreshments, the "hot-dog" vendors did a land-office business. The popularity of "hot-dogs" evidently was not anticipated by the Misses Sue Shattuck and Ann Ruggles, when they appeared among the parade grounds throng, wheeling in a tea wagon containing a kettle of "hot-dogs," with a general side supply of pickles and mustard. They were kept busy from that moment on until their supply was exhausted.

The fortune tellers were very popular, too, as they are always sought after in war times. Miss Sue Spiller, as Princess Iamah, in Mrs. T. Q. Donaldson's tent, read fortunes by cards. Princess Zaza, in another tent, read palms. Mrs. Russell C. Graves and Mrs. E. M. Loudin assisted Mrs. Donaldson. Mrs. Dudley Field Malone was among those assisting at the ice cream and candy booth, which had Mrs. J. P. Finley in charge. Mrs. Stephen C. Mills, Mrs. Ewing Booth, and Mrs. William Chamberlain were in charge of one of the hot coffee and tea booths. The pretty daughters of the military officers of the Island and nearby forts, in smart frocks, some with swagger sticks, sold confections and cigarettes.

Olmsted-Overton Wedding June 23.

The wedding of Miss Margaret Clough Overton, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clough Cosby Overton of this city, and William Beach Olmsted, Jr., son of the Rev. William Beach Olmsted of the Pomfret School and Mrs. Olmsted, will take place on Saturday, June 23, at Ridgefield, Conn.

Miss Olmsted will have Mrs. Robert W. Wigton of Philadelphia as matron of honor, and the bridesmaids will be the Misses Christina M. Nichols, Gertrude Mali, Augusta Dixon, and Nancy Olmsted. Frederick Olmsted is to be the best man. The ceremony will be solemnized by the bridegroom's father, the Rev. William Beach Olmsted, assisted by Bishop Oxford, an uncle of the bridegroom, and the Rev. William B. Lusk of the Ridgefield Church.

Miss Hoyt to Wed James R. Sloane.

Mrs. Jesse Hoyt of 969 Park Avenue announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Isabel Hoyt, to James Renwick Sloane, son of Professor William Milligan Sloane and Mrs. Sloane, formerly of this city but now of Princeton, N. J. Miss Hoyt, who made he début several years ago, is a sister of Mrs. George R. Leslie, Jr., and of Jesse Hoyt. Her mother was formerly Miss Cornelia B. Waring.

Mr. Sloane was graduated from Princeton in 1900, and is a member of the University and Princeton Clubs. Dr. Francis J. Sloane is his brother. One of his sisters, Miss Mary Renwick Sloane, married Joseph L. Delafield, and the other, Miss Margaret M. Sloane, married Benson Bennett Sloane.

No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

Kreykenbohm-Henkel.

The marriage of William K. Kreykenbohm and Miss Mabel Henkel, daughter of former United States Marshal William Henkel and Mrs. Henkel, took place at 7 o'clock last evening in the Chapel of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Samuel Dunfedge. Miss Henkel was attended by her sister, Miss Georgiana Henkel, as maid of honor. The Misses Helen Henkel and Marie Rooney were the bridesmaids, and the flower girls were Ardis Henkel and Marie Michel. Henry Kreykenbohm was his brother's best man, and the ushers were George Kreykenbohm, J. Totten, and George Kreykenbohm. A small reception followed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henkel, 339 East Eighteenth Street.

Miss Louise Stewart a Bride.

The marriage of Poindexter B. Powers of this city, son of Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Powers of Augusta, Ky., and Miss Louise Stewart, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James B. Stewart of this city, took place in the Holland House ballroom last evening, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Dr. J. Pike Powers of Knoxville, Tenn., an uncle of the bridegroom. Miss Virginia Ballard was the maid of honor and Miss Frederica Fry was the flower girl. Duke Hampton was the best man, and the ushers were George W. Given, Harold B. Powers, George Bartholomew, and George J. Green. There were 500 guests.

R. A. Shaw Weds Miss Ethel Henry.

The marriage of Robert A. Shaw and Miss Ethel Marie Hanry, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Henry of 2 West Ninety-fourth Street, took place at noon yesterday in the Rose Room of the Hotel Majestic. The Rev. Oliver P. Barnhill of the Marble Collegiate Church officiated. The bride wore a white satin and chiffon gown embroidered in pearls, and was attended by Miss Grace Birdseye, in a pink silk frock topped by a pink tulle hat, and carrying pink sweet peas. Joseph N. Biddlecome was the best man.

Drake-Lawrence Wedding.

Edith White Lawrence was married to W. Wilson Drake of Warrenton, Va., on Tuesday evening at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Joseph Dalngerfield Lawrence, Grimes Hill, S. I. The bridegroom is a Spanish war veteran and a former member of Squadron A. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Arthur H. Allen. Arthur Hagermayer acted as best man, and the bride's sister, Mrs. Norman Bentley Gardiner, was the matron of honor.

Snyder-Major Engagement.

The engagement of Miss Dorothy Cruikshank Snyder to Cedric Alywin Major, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Major, of 183 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, was announced yesterday. Miss Snyder is the daughter of Mrs. Susie Cruikshank Snyder of 436 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, and was graduated yesterday morning from the Misses Masters School at Dobbs Ferry. She made her début last Winter.

Mr. Major was graduated from Cornell in 1912, and is assistant to the general counsel of the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

MISS ENDICOTT IS BRIDE IN ST. GEORGE'S

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Endicott Marries Beverley R. Robinson.

BISHOP GREER OFFICIATES

Church Filled with Prominent Guests — Miss Lillian Endicott Her Sister's Only Attendant.

The wedding of Beverley Randolph Robinson, the son of Dr. Beverley Robinson and Mrs. Robinson of 42 West Thirty-seventh Street, and Miss Gladys Endicott, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Endicott and a granddaughter of the late William H. Seward, Secretary of State under Lincoln, was solemnised at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square. The church chancel was decorated with palms, dogwood, and lilacs, and the ceremony was performed by Bishop David H. Greer and the rector of the church, the Rev. Karl Reiland. The church was crowded with guests.

The bride, who walked with her father, wore a short-skirted frock of white satin draped over a petticoat of point lace. It was highwaisted and had a deep V embroidered in pearls from the low round neck to below the waist line. There was no girdle, it being a one-piece robe, and the short band sleeves and neck were also pearl embroidered. The long square train was of silver brocade, and a shawl of old point lace worn by the bride's mother and her grandmother formed the veil. It was arranged in a Russian coronet effect in the front and was held with orange blossoms. A deep point fell at each side to below the knees, with a third and shorter one at the back. Her silken hose and slippers were also embroidered, the latter in pearls. She wore a diamond pendant, the gift of the bridegroom, and carried lilies of the valley and orchids with maidenhair ferns.

The bride's only attendant was her younger sister, Miss Lillian Endicott. Her frock of pale blue chiffon was over white lace, the skirt arranged in a double-tier skirt with rolled-under edges, and the low-cut corsage had a white-lace guimpe. The sleeves were short and her large pale blue crêpe hat was trimmed with silvered pink and blue roses, and her bouquet was white lilacs and pink roses with showers of rosebuds.

Mr. Robinson had William H. Wheelock as his best man, and the ushers were Cabot Ward, John Shillito Rogers, Walter E. Hope, Courtland Nicoll, Charles C. Stillman, Arthur W. Butler, and Norton Perkins, all of New York; Edward L. Pruyn of Albany, Henry F. du Pont of Delaware, and J. Randolph Robinson.

The ceremony was followed by a small reception for the families and a few close friends of the bride and bridegroom at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Endicott, 100 East Thirty-sixth Street, which was decorated with white lilacs and dogwood. Mr. Robinson and his bride are going to California to remain three months, and on their return will live in the house they have taken at 111 East Thirty-eighth Street.

Mr. Robinson graduated from Harvard in 1898 and from the Columbia Law School in 1901, and was one of the five to found The Columbia Law Review. From 1904 to 1906 he was an Alderman, and the following three years, 1907-9, he was a member of the State Assembly, and for several years was President of the Republican Club of the Twenty-seventh Assembly District. He is a member of the law firm of Masten & Nichols and is a member of the Knickerbocker, Union, University, Century, and Seahawanaka Yacht Clubs.

MISS PARIS'S BRIDAL PARTY.

Attendants for Her Marriage to William Walter Phelps on June 13.

The wedding of Miss Nina Perry Paris, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis U. Paris of New York and William Walter Phelps, a son of Mrs. Sheffield Phelps of Rosehill, Aiken, S. C., and New York, will be celebrated on Saturday, June 16, at 3:30 o'clock in the choir of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Morningside Heights, and the ceremony will be performed by the Rev. William B. Lusk of Ridgefield, Conn., where Mr. and Mrs. Paris have a Summer home.

Miss Paris will have her young sister, Miss Margaret G. Paris, as her maid of honor, and her other attendants will be her sister Mrs. William P. Philips; her cousin, Miss Mary Allison Swan, and the bridegroom's sisters, the Misses Claudia and Eleanor Phelps. The ushers will include the bride's brother, Irving Paris, 2d; David Duncan, and Maurice Fremont Smith of Boston.

Mr. Phelps, who is a grandson of the late William Walter Phelps, is assistant secretary to Frank A. Scott, Chairman of the General Munitions Board of the Council of National Defense, in Washington, and after their marriage he will take his bride to that city.

Ederheimer-Seeligman.

Richard Ederheimer and Miss Helen Adele Seeligman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard E. Seeligman of 320 West Eighty-third Street, were married at 6:30 last evening at Delmonico's. The Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman performed the ceremony.

MARRY IN HASTE IN WAR.

Miss Alice Fox Weds Dr. John Gerster of Officers' Corps.

A hurried war wedding celebrated yesterday afternoon was that of Dr. John Gerster, a son of Dr. Arpad G. Gerster and Mrs. Gerster, and Miss Alice Fox. The wedding was originally set for June 25, but as Dr. Gerster is a member of the Officers' Reserve Corps and has been ordered to Fort Benjamin Harrison, near Indianapolis, Ind., the ceremony was celebrated quietly at 3:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Austen G. Fox, 37 East Thirty-ninth Street, which was decorated throughout with palms, marguerites and June roses.

The ceremony was performed in the drawing room before a temporary altar of white flowers by Bishop David W. Greer. The bridal party passing through an aisle outlined by flower-topped white posts joined by white ribbons.

The bride, who was unattended, walked with her father, who gave her in marriage. Her robe was white charmeuse and tulle, and her veil of old point lace, a family heirloom, was held with orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of white orchids and sweet peas with showers of lilies of the valley.

Dr. Gerster's best man was Dr. Alma R. Chamberlain, and the four ushers were Austen H. Fox, a brother of the bride; Dr. Kirby Dwight, Ernest Stauffer, Jr., and J. T. Hanemann. A small reception followed the ceremony. The engagement was announced on May 1.

Married at Hotel Majestic.

Miss Ethel M. Henry, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Henry of 2 West Ninety-fourth Street, and Robert Arthur Shaw of this city were married at noon yesterday at the Hotel Majestic. Only the immediate families and a few intimate friends were present.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES N. WHEELWRIGHT, for twenty-seven years in the circulation department of The New York World, died suddenly on Tuesday at his home, 112 Curtis Avenue, Morris Park, N. J. He was a member of the World's Quarter Century Club, and was the designer of the official badge of that organization. He was a member of the Thirteenth Coast Defense Command, N. G. N. Y.

ELLIS DUNN, for many years a farmer near Plainfield, N. J., died at his home there yesterday in his seventy-fifth year.

Mrs. MARY CURTISS PHELPS, wife of Frank Phelps, a retired merchant of Stamford, Conn., is dead at her home, 50 Lindale Street, Stamford. She was a sister of Julian W. Curtiss of the A. G. Spalding Company.

CLARENCE THOMPSON McCORMICK, son of John P. McCormick, formerly an editor on the staff of The Jersey Journal, is dead at Kingston, Jamaica. Mr. McCormick was employed by William R. Grace & Co. of this city as the company's representative in Jamaica.

JAMES M. WILKES, a resident of this city for twenty years and a salesman of men's wearing apparel for Steiner & Co., died on Tuesday at Elmira, N. Y.

ANNA GOLDMARK GROSS, a playright and author, died yesterday at her home, 202 Riverside Drive. She was the author of "Gnomes of the Ozark Mountains." She is survived by two sons.

JAMES COPELAND ORR, 57 years old, a retired hat manufacturer, died on Monday at his home, 303 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, leaving a widow, two sons, and a daughter.

Mrs. JANE BENTON, a native of York, England, died on Monday at the home of her son in Port Jefferson Station, L. I., aged 84 years.

EDWARD SCHREPPER, stage carpenter for the Vitagraph Company, and formerly stage manager for Keeney's Theatre, died in the Bushwick Hospital on Tuesday from apoplexy. Mr. Schrepper was born in Louisiana forty years ago, and was a Past President of Brooklyn Lodge, No. 30, T. M. A. His home was at 977 Madison Street, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM E. STORY, exchange editor of The Brooklyn Citizen, died in the Long Island College Hospital on Tuesday. Mr. Story lived at 214 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, and at different times had been connected with many of the largest newspapers in the country.

JOHN DRAKE GUNNING, a former President of the Village of Freeport, died suddenly there on Tuesday from an attack of apoplexy. Mr. Gunning was born in Brooklyn fifty-two years ago, and was the son of his father in the contracting plumbing business. About sixteen years ago he removed to Freeport. He was one of the organizers of the Freeport Home Defense League, and was a former President of the Freeport Club, Past Master of Joppa Lodge, F. and A. M., Past High Priest of Freeport Chapter, R. A. M., and a member of the Masonic Veterans' Association. He was also a member of the Board of Education.

ANDREW J. BELTON, for a quarter of a century Superintendant for the Bebber Line Steamship Co., died from pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 199 Fenimore Street, Brooklyn, aged 51 years.

Mrs. CAROLINE RANSFORD, widow of Josiah Ransford, who was a Deputy Shipping Commissioner of the Port of New York, died at her home, 390 Dean Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. She was 67 years old.

BRECKINRIDGE STUYVESANT GIBSON, Jr., who died at his home at Stamford, Conn., on Tuesday, was a lineal descendant of Peter Stuyvesant. Mr. Gibson was graduated from St. Stephen's College, Annandale, N. Y. He was with the A. G. Spalding Company for more than fifteen years. Later he became manager of the Bridgeport (Conn.) branch of the Maxwell Motor Car Company.

Miss ANNIE HARRISON, one of the oldest actresses on the American stage, died on Tuesday at Amityville, L. I. She was in her seventy-first year, and first appeared here fifty years ago. She had acted in support of Lillian Russell and many other stars.

Captain JOHN R. McGINNIS of the Thirty-sixth United States Infantry, who had stationed at Fort Snelling, Minn., died there on Tuesday. Captain McGinnis was a son of Brig. Gen. John R. McGinnis, retired, and was appointed to the United States Military Academy in 1898.

Mrs. ALZINA A. WEBB, 77 years old, wife of Carlos Webb, custodian of the Municipal Building at Irvington, N. J., is dead at her home, 647 Stuyvesant Avenue, Irvington.

ROBERT WILLIAMS, son of James E. Williams, formerly editor of The Iron Era, published at Dover, N. J., and a member of the First Battalion of the New York Naval Militia, died at the Naval Hospital at Philadelphia of meningitis on Tuesday, in his nineteenth year.

HEYWOOD BROUN MARRIES.

Dramatic Critic Weds Miss Ruth Hale—Going to France.

Heywood Broun, dramatic critic, and Miss Ruth Hale, who has been doing theatrical publicity work, were married last evening in St. Agnes Chapel, in West Ninety-second Street. Earlier in the day they got a marriage license in the Municipal Building. A small reception followed at the home of Mr. Broun's mother, Mrs. Heywood C. Broun, 195 Claremont Avenue.

The bride is 30 years old, daughter of Richard Hale of Knoxville, Tenn., and was engaged in newspaper and publicity work in Washington, D. C., before coming to New York.

Mr. Broun, who is 28, is to sail for France shortly as the representative of The New York Tribune, and his bride will accompany him. For a short while he was engaged with George Creel in censorship work.

MRS. MELISSA BAXTER DIES.

Sister of Late Gov. Bookwalter of Ohio Shared in $16,000,000 Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., June 6.—Mrs. Melissa Jane Baxter, widow of Abram C. B. Baxter of Columbus, Ohio, died at her residence, Quiet Corner, formerly the late Clyde Fitch's home, Dublin Road, here tonight, in her seventieth year.

Mrs. Baxter was a sister of the late ex-Governor Bookwalter of Ohio. With her two brothers, W. H. Bookwalter of Beatrice, Neb., and F. M. Bookwalter of Springfield, Ohio, she shared in his $16,000,000 estate. Mrs. Baxter's husband owned 90,000 acres of land in Nebraska, Washington, Kansas, Illinois, and Ohio. She was owner at the time of her death of the Bookwalter Hotel, James Luffel water wheel works, and other real estate holdings in Springfield, Ohio.

Besides her son, John Wesley Baxter, she is survived by a niece, Mrs. Clinton M. Hall, 55 West Fifty-fifth Street, New York City.

Major Malcolm Johnston.

Major Malcolm Johnston, former Speaker of the Oklahoma Legislature, and who fought against Geronimo with the United States Cavalry, died on Tuesday at his home, 86 Pompton Avenue, Verona, N. J., in his fifty-ninth year. He was formerly a collector of internal revenue in the Arkansas region, and was wounded several times in fights with moonshiners. He lost a fortune, it is said, in the Galveston flood.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

ANDREWS—JENKINS.—Theodora Jenkins to Edward P. Andrews.

CONNOR—GOODWIN.—Hannah Goodwin to James R. Connor.

KURZENAKER—CONAWAY.—Mabel Conaway to Emil Kurzenaker.

Married.

AUSTIN—NORTHWOOD.—Helen G. Northwood of New York to Earnest W. Austin of Honolulu, June 6.

DRAKE—LAWRENCE.—On June 5, 1917, at the home of the bride, Grimes Hill, Staten Island, by the Rev. Arthur H. Allen, Edith White Lawrence, daughter of Mrs. Joseph Daingerfield Lawrence, to W. Wilson Drake of Warrenton, Va.

GERSTER—FOX.—On Wednesday, June 6, by the Right Rev. David H. Greer, Bishop of New York, at 37 East 39th St., N. Y. City, Alice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Austen G. Fox, to Dr. John C. A. Gerster of N. Y. City.

GRISWOLD—PETERS.—On June 6, at the Church of the Savior, Brooklyn, by the Rev. John H. Lathrop, Carolyn Whitney, daughter of John M. and the late Mary Whitney Peters, to Frank Dennison Griswold.

HAGER—TABER.—On Wednesday, June 6, at St. Bartholomew's Church, by the Rev. Leighton Parks, Mary Hathaway, daughter of Mrs. Mary Frick Taber, to Dorsey Hager of Tulsa, Okla.

KOBBE—DUBOIS.—On Saturday, June 2, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Helen Jay, daughter of the late Robert Ogden Duonis and Mrs. Dubois, to Frederick William Kobbe.

LEA—PHILLIPS.—On Wednesday, June 6, at the Pouch Mansion, Brooklyn, by the Rev. S. Parkes Cadman, Helen Jones Phillips to Frederick Cordes Lea.

LEVY—FRANKEN.—June 6, Edna Franken, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Franken, to L. Myron Levy, New York.

McDONNELL—CORSA.—On Tuesday, June 5, 1917, at St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, New York City, by the Rev. Charles L. Goodell, D. D., Ethel Castree, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dayton Corsa, to Joe Hunter McDonnell.

MAGINNIS — FREEMAN.— On Wednesday, June 6, at the Church of the Incarnation, New York City, by the Rev. Dr. Thomas Reed Bridges, Vesta, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Quackenbush Freeman, to Mr. William D. Maginnis, Jr., of New Orleans, La.

OLYPHANT—OAKEY.—On Tuesday, June 5, 1917, at the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, D. D., Grace Hutchinson Oakey, daughter of the late John Forbes Oakey, Esq., to Robert Morrison Olyphant, Jr.

ROBINSON — ENDICOTT.—On Wednesday, June 6, 1917, at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, New York, by the Rt. Rev. David H. Greer, D. D., assisted by the Rev. Karl Reiland, D. D., Gladys, daughter of Robert Endicott, Esq., to Beverley Randolph Robinson.

ROCKE—IDDINGS.—In Rome, Italy, on March 24, 1917, in her father's house, at 44 Via Sardegna, Elizabeth, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Morris Iddings, to Lieut. Col. Cyril Rocke, Irish Guards, with the British Army in France.

SEARLES—SQUIER.—At Rahway, N. J., on Saturday, June 2, Miss Marjorie Stuart Squier, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Craig Squier, to Harold Malcolm Searles.

SHAW—HENRY.—On Wednesday, June 6, by the Rev. Oliver Paul Barnhill, Ethel Marie Henry, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Henry of 2 West 94th St., New York, to Robert Arthur Shaw.

KOREKIN—LENZ.—June 4, Elizabeth Lenz to Andrew J. Korekin.

Brooklyn.

GUERNSEY—HORSFIELD.—June 5, Marguerite Roberts Horsfield to Homer W. Guernsey.

LOVELL—STUTZER.—June 5, Marjorie E. Stutzer to Malcolm R. Lovell.

McQUAIL—MURRAY.—June 6, Katherine B. Murray to John E. McQuail.

MALONEY—POWERS.—June 6, Adele Powers to Dr. James H. Maloney.

SAUNDERS—HARDING.—June 4, Ruth T. Harding to the Rev. Thomas H. Saunders.

WITTMER—BAIN.—June 2, Henrietta M. Bain to George Wittmer.

Newark.

HALLGARTH—SCHRECK.—June 6, Kathryn A. Schreck to Thomas J. Hallgarth.

Died.

ACKER.—On Tuesday, June 5, 1917, Lotta B., daughter of John and Lottie Acker. Funeral private.

ADAMS.—At Woodside, L. I., on June 5, Charles, husband of Mary Adams. Funeral from her late residence, 44 Stryker Av., Woodside, on Thursday, June 7, 1917, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

ALLAN.—On Wednesday, June 6, 1917, George H. Allan, aged 48 years. Funeral services at Reeves's Chapel, 313 Sumner Av., Brooklyn, at 8 P. M., Friday, June 8.

ANDEM.—Herbert Warren, suddenly, at Cupey, Cuba, May 30. Services at his father's residence, Montclair, N. J. Funeral private.

ATKINSON.—Thomas, on June 5. Funeral services at his late residence, 55 East 95th St., on Friday, June 8, at 1 P. M.

BAXTER.—Melissa Jane, widow of the late Abram B. Baxter of Columbus, Ohio, at her residence, Quiet Corner, Dublin Road, Greenwich, Conn., June 6. Prayers at her late residence June 7. Funeral and interment privately at Springfield, Ohio. Columbus and Springfield (Ohio) papers please copy.

BENESCH.—On Tuesday, June 5, Gabrielle Benesch, beloved sister of Mrs. Adele Schoenbaum. Funeral service Thursday, June 7, at 2 P. M., at Meyers's Burial Parlors, 228 Lenox Av.

CHAMBERLIN.—On June 5, Eva Steck, at New York Skin and Cancer Hospital. Interment Hughesville, Penn.

CURRAN.—On Wednesday, June 6, 1917, John E. Curran. Funeral from his late residence, 15 West 64th St., on Saturday, June 9, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Paulist Fathers' Church, 59th St., Columbus Av., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

DWYER.—On Wednesday, June 6, Annie E., beloved wife of Francis A. Dwyer, at her residence, 568 Pacific St., Brooklyn. Funeral from her late home on Friday, June 8, 9:15 A. M.; thence to St. Augustine's Church, 6th Av. and Sterling Place, Brooklyn, where a requiem mass will be celebrated at 9:30. Interment Calvary.

EDGAR.—On Tuesday, June 5, at Ashfield, Mass., Robert Morris Edgar, son of Robert W. and Jane E. Edgar, in the 57th year of his age. Funeral service will be at Ashfield. Interment in Beechwood Cemetery, New Rochelle.

FINCKEL.—At Mountainside Hospital, Montclair, N. J., Wednesday evening, June 6, 1917, Helen Albert, wife of Conyers B. Finckel. Due notice of funeral later.

GALLAGHER.—Suddenly, at her residence, 117 Clark St., Martha J., Glen Ridge, N. J., June 6, 1917. Funeral services at the Congregational Church, Glen Ridge, on Friday at 3:15 P. M.

GIBSON. — Breckenridge Stuyvesant, Jr., suddenly, at his residence, 34 Clark's Hill Av., Stamford, Conn., on June 5, 1917, in the 44th year of his age. Funeral at Madelin, N. Y., on Thursday, June 7, 1917, P. M.

GROSS.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, June 5, Anna Goldmark Gross, dearly beloved mother of Alexander J. and Felix Gross. Funeral from her late residence, 202 Riverside Drive, Thursday, June 7, at 10 A. M.

HARRISON.—Annie. Services FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell's.) Thursday, 2 o'clock. Auspices Actors' Fund.

HEDDEN.—On Tuesday, June 5, at her residence, Martha Washington Pearse, wife of the late Cornelius Howard Hedden and eldest daughter of the late Augustus Frederick Pearse and Anne Laura Wilson Pearse, in the 88th year of her age. Funeral services at the Greenwich Presbyterian Church, West 13th St., between 6th and 7th Avs., on Friday, June 8, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. Interment in Greenwood Cemetery.

HUNT.—Suddenly, on June 5, 1917, Sarah E., widow of Francis J. Hunt and daughter of the late Henry and Ellen Held. Requiem mass at St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, Greenwich, Conn., on Friday, June 8, 1917, at 10 A. M.

JESSUP.—On June 6, at the age of 1 year and 3 months, William J. Jessup, dearly beloved son of Howel H. Jessup and Eleanor Jessup, (nee Vyse.) Funeral Friday, 10 A. M., from 543 Hart St., Brooklyn; private. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery.

JONES.—On June 6, Ellen Jones, beloved wife of Thomas Jones. Funeral Friday, June 8, at 9:30 A. M. A solemn requiem mass at St. Columkille, Brooklyn. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

KANE.—On June 6, William Kane. Funeral service at his late residence, 269 West 136th St., Thursday, 8 P. M.

KEATING.—Suddenly, on June 5, Maud Scott Keating, beloved wife of Cletus Keating, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius J. Scott, at her residence, 315 West 97th St. Funeral and requiem mass on Friday morning, June 8, at 10:30, Holy Trinity Church, West 82d St., between Amsterdam Av. and Broadway. Please omit flowers.

LEE.—On May 30, 1917, in the 83d year of her age, Laura F. Rogers, wife of the late George Lee of Leesburg, Loudoun County, Va., passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Abbott B. Rhett Cowart, Northumberland County, Va. Interment in Loudoun, Baltimore, Washington, and Richmond papers please copy.

LEMBERG.—At his residence, 1,096 Belmont Av., Bronx, Charles Lemberg. Services on Friday, June 8, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Mount Olivet.

MANNHEIM.—On June 6, 1917, Leopold P. Mannheim, aged 51 years. Funeral from Winterbottom's Parlors, 75 West 47th St., on Thursday at 2 P. M.

MARKHAM.—At Ossining, on Wednesday, June 6, 1917, Eliza Y. Markham, widow of Frank C. Markham and daughter of the late Samuel R. and Cornelia A. Trowbridge of New York, in the seventy-second year of her age. Funeral from Trinity Church, Ossining, on Friday morning on arrival of 9:30 train from New York. Interment at convenience of the family.

PHELPS.—At Stamford, Conn., June 5, 1917, Mary Curtiss, wife of Frank Phelps. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

PIERCE.—Suddenly, June 5, Mary Rogers, formerly of Boston. Funeral private.

SIGLER.—At Montclair, N. J., June 5, 1917, Albert M., son of the late William and Leah Kent Sigler. Funeral services will be held at his home, 84 Valley Road, Thursday, June 7, at 2 P. M.

ST. JOHN.—Wednesday, June 6, 1917, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. William H. Faulhaber, Tuckahoe, N. Y., Hiram E. St. John, aged 75 years. Interment at White Plains Rural Cemetery, White Plains, N. Y.

STONE.—Mrs. Lewis Stone. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell's.) Time later.

THIBAULT.—Annie Jane, beloved wife of Eugene Thibault and sister of Mrs. Ella M. Rice. Funeral at 10:30 A. M. Thursday. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

TODD.—On Wednesday, June 6, 1917, at his home in Old Tappan, N. J., Albert Uel Todd, in the 74th year of his age. Funeral private.

VERAK.—June 6, Frank, aged 42. Funeral chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company, 161 8th Av., corner 18th St. Saturday, 1 o'clock.

VON ISAKOVICS.—Alois, passed away June 5. Funeral services Thursday at 8:30 P. M. at his late residence, Monticello, N. Y. Burial Friday noon at Kensico, N. Y.

VON ISAKOVICS.—At Monticello, N. Y., on Tuesday, June 5, 1917, Alois Von Isakovics. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Monticello, Thursday evening at 8:30 o'clock.

WILKES.—James. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th (Campbell's,) Friday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Friends invited.

WINFIELD.—At Mt. Vernon, N. Y., June 6, 1917, Rebecca M., widow of Hervey B. Winfield, in her 85th year. Funeral services at the residence of her son, Richard M. Winfield, 904 Rich Av., Mt. Vernon, Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

Died.

YOUNG.—June 5, Robert A. Young of 137 East 33d St. Notice of funeral later.

ADDL.—Joanna M., 1,980 Bathgate Av., Bronx, June 4, aged 81. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

ALLEN.—Michael, 309 East 37th St., June 4. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

BEAMES.—William E., 369 East 194th St., June 4.

BLACK.—Albert S., 427 West 18th St., June 4, aged 57.

BLUM.—Charles, 1,367 Plimpton Av., June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

BUNTIN.—Harry, 2,415 8th Av., June 5, aged 31. Funeral service today.

CARROLL.—John, 417 East 84th St., June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

CLARK.—Sarah H., 560 West 184th St., June 5. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

COLBERT.—Michael, West New Brighton, June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

EVANS.—Jennie, Tompkinsville, S. I., June 4, aged 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GAVAN.—James J., 1,463 Rosedale Av., Bronx, June 4. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

GILLANLAND.—Eliza, 885 West End Av., June 4, aged 73.

HYLAND.—Emma, 564 East 158th St., June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

INGRAHAM.—Lyman R., 235 West 119th St., June 5, aged 74. Funeral private.

JENNINGS.—Richard, 229 West 83d St., June 5. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

KELLY.—Lillian, 437 Hudson St., June 4. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

LAWRENCE.—Charles W., June 4, aged 75. Funeral 144 East 20th St.

LYNCH.—Julia, 756 2d Av., June 4.

McCORMACK.—James F., June 5. Funeral 304 West 126th St., tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MAHER.—Elizabeth, 285 3d Av., June 4. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

MOYNIHAN.—William, 1,954 3d Av., June 3, aged 17. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

MURPHY.—James, 154 Madison St., June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

QUOOS.—Otto, 311 East 134th St., June 4.

ROX.—Ellen, 628 West 52d St., June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.

SMITH.—Estelle F., 54 Barrow St., June 4. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Mary, 314-3d Av., June 5. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

TOBIN.—Mary, 273 East 10th St., June 5. Funeral today.

TOBIN.—Mary A., 92 Morningside Av., June 5. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

EMIG.—Conrad, 1,002 40th St., June 4, aged 80. Funeral today 2 P. M.

GERMAIN.—William L., 942 58th St., June 4. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GRUSCHOW.—Charles, 70 2d Place, June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

HARVEY.—William H., 536 18th St., June 5. Funeral to-morrow 9:30 A. M.

HOPPE.—Herman, 2623 East 23th St., June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

JUDD.—George W., 1286 New York Av., June 5, aged 87. Funeral and services today.

LAHIFF.—Edward, 433 Lincoln Place, June 5. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LEE.—James A., East 98th St. and Ralph Av., June 4, aged 48. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

McGOWAN.—George W., 30 Duffield St., June 5. Funeral tomorrow.

RHATIGAN.—Christopher, 128 Carlton St., June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

ROCHE.—Michael J., 372 Pacific St., June 5. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BAIRD.—Charles, 18 Marie Place, Newark, June 5.

BARR.—Mary, 208 7th St., Jersey City, June 6.

BLIGH.—Matthew, 505 Grove St., Jersey City, June 5.

CAPONE.—Minnie, West Hoboken, June 4, aged 8.

DALY.—John J., 420 Hoboken Av., Jersey City, June 5. Funeral June 9.

DEAL.—Harry C., Newark, June 5, aged 65. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

EIB.—Emma, 119 Clendenny Av. Jersey City, June 5. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

FRIEDRICHS.—Otto, Hoboken

YANKS YIELD TO INDIANS AND GIANTS, BEATEN AGAIN BY REDS, LOSE FIRST PLACE

LAMBETH RESTRAINS DONOVAN'S BATSMEN

Allows Only Two Hits, and Indians Carry Off First Fray of Series, 6 to 1.

FISHER WEAK FROM START

Ray Sometimes Scarcely Propels Ball to Plate, the Clevelands Collecting Twelve Bingles.

Otis Lambeth, who pitches for the Clevelands, emphatically refused to permit the Yankees to hit the ball at the Polo Grounds yesterday afternoon, so without fuss or protest Donovan's lads gloomily tolerated a 6 to 1 defeat. As Lee Fohl's Indians are crowding pretty close behind the Yanks, the hold the New Yorkers have on third place is none too secure.

Lambeth allowed the Yanks only two measly hits yesterday, both of them infield taps. The Cleveland flinger had a lot on the ball besides the stitching and the trade mark, and there was so much spin to the sphere that the Yanks monotonously jammed it into the waiting hands of the fielders.

Magee, the first man up in the first inning, beat out a bunt to Lambeth because of his fleet sprinting. In the third inning Nunamaker rolled a little tap down toward third and beat it out. That was the total of the Yankee batting yesterday. Everything that Lambeth had, Ray Fisher, pitching for the Yankees, didn't have. The Vermont pedagogue was a picture of despondency. He was hit so often in the fourth that he looked longingly toward the outfield to see if some other pitcher wasn't warmed up to take his place. At times Fisher lobbed them over so easily that it was an even bet whether or not they would ever reach the Cleveland bats.

Fisher tossed one ball to Steve O'Neill in the fourth just as a schoolgirl throws a bean-bag. All that O'Neill did to that was to pickle it hard to right field and send in two runs. A blind man could have walloped that easy one which Fisher served to the Cleveland batsman. The hitting ability of the Cleveland team isn't confined exclusively to Tris Speaker, by any means. Graney and Chapman were the only ones who didn't figure in the Indians' dozen blows yesterday, but they were probably waiting for some other game of the present series.

Fohl Works in Silence.

Lee Fohl, the pilot of the Clevelands, is one baseball manager who says little and accomplishes a whole lot. He is the most inconspicuous member of the club, and few of the fans even know when he is on the coaching lines. He's short on talk and long on action. Fohl has a player named Harris playing at first. This is the same Harris who was once a member of the Yankees when Frank Chance was manager. Chance couldn't see him through the Lick telescope, and the player didn't stay with the Yanks long enough to be introduced to all the other players. Chance had him about two days and then let him go.

Lambeth hasn't been pitching much this year, but he showed yesterday that he is about ready to do some steady work. He has a side arm motion which at times borders on an underhand service, which carries the ball up to the batters completely enveloped in puzzling twists.

The brightest spot in the Yankees' playing was a circus stop by Frank Baker in the ninth, when he cut short a Cleveland rally after one run had been scored. Tris Speaker walloped a bounder down close to the third-base line which was so hot that you could almost see the sparks sputter from it. Baker scooped it up with his bare hand and made a beautiful throw from behind third base, cutting down Speaker at first for the third out.

When Magee opened the Yankees' attack with a hit the New Yorks gave the impression that they had intentions of accomplishing something. Lee hurried ahead of a tap to Lambeth and High sacrificed. Maisel dropped another sacrifice and Magee went to third. Pipp did nothing to aid the cause, as he went out at the hands of Harris.

The lone run of the Yankees came in the third inning, in the nature of a gift. Nunamaker made the Yankees' second and last hit with a tap down the third-base line. Fisher forced him at second and Magee forced Fisher at the same station. Magee stole second and O'Neill's throw went on its merry way to centre field, Magee chasing around to the plate before the ball came back.

Indians Busy Early.

Cleveland hostilities began in the second inning. Roth walked and Chapman sacrificed. Baker knocked down a high bounder off Wambsganss's bat and threw him out at first, but so much time was consumed in accomplishing this that the fleet-footed Roth was able to score from second.

Speaker opened the third with an infield hit toward second, and Roth singled to left, sending Speaker to third. High juggled the ball long enough to make Speaker's trip to third safe, while Roth was able to reach second as a result of High's nervousness. With the infield playing close in, Chapman hit a grounder at Maisel, who held Speaker at third and threw the runner out at first.

Wambsganss smashed a bouncer to Peckinpaugh, who had a hard time gathering the ball and a harder time knowing what to do with it. First he thought he would throw it to first, but he changed his mind and thought he would throw it to second. Again he changed his mind and finally ran down Roth before he reached third, in the meantime completely overlooking the fact that Speaker was scoring with no one to question his right to do so.

Harris's hit to left sent Wambsganss to third and then Steve O'Neill came to the bat. By this time Fisher was simply lobbing them over, and when an easy one came over as large as a toy balloon, O'Neill just swatted it for a single to right and sent Wambsganss and Harris home.

Evans opened the eighth with a single to right and went to third on Speaker's single to left. Roth poled one to right and scored Evans. The last Cleveland tally was perpetrated in the ninth. With one out, O'Neill singled and went down on a perfect bunt hit by Lambeth. O'Neill went to third when Graney forced Lambeth at second, and the catcher scored on Evans's safe blow to centre.

The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney,lf	5	0	0	0	0	Magee,cf	4	1	1	1	0
Evans,3b	5	1	2	0	2	High,lf	3	0	0	2	0
Speaker,cf	4	1	2	2	0	Maisel,1b	3	0	0	5	4
Roth,rf	3	1	2	2	0	Pipp,1b	1	0	0	11	1
Chapman,ss	3	0	0	4	3	Baker,3b	3	0	0	1	3
W'gans,2b	4	1	1	1	3	Hendrix,rf	3	0	0	2	0
Harris,1b	3	1	2	12	2	P'paugh,ss	3	0	0	2	4
O'Neill,c	4	1	2	4	1	N'maker,c	3	0	1	4	2
Lambeth,p	4	0	1	2	0	Fisher,p	2	0	0	2	2
						aCaldwell	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	6	12	27	14	Total	30	1	2	27	15

a Batted for Fisher in ninth.

Errors—O'Neill, High.

Cleveland	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	1
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Stolen bases—Magee, Roth. Sacrifice hits—High, Maisel, Chapman. Left on bases—New York, 1; Cleveland, 5. Bases on balls—Off Fisher, 2; Lambeth, 1. Earned runs—Off Fisher, 4; Lambeth, 0. Struck out—By Fisher, 4; Lambeth, 3. Time—1 hour 50 minutes. Umpires—McCormick, Nallin, and Connolly.

New York State League.

Binghamton, 9; Utica, 0.
Wilkes-Barre, 3; Harrisburg, 0.
Syracuse-Elmira game postponed; rain.
Scranton-Reading game postponed; rain.

Southern Association.

Memphis, 1; Nashville, 0.
Chattanooga, 10; Little Rock, 7.
Atlanta, 1; New Orleans, 2.
Birmingham, 10; Mobile, 8.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Cleveland, 6; New York, 1.
Washington, 3; Chicago, 0.
Detroit, 3; Boston, 0.
Philadelphia, 11; St. Louis, 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Cincinnati, 6; New York, 3.
St. Louis, 8; Boston, 7.
Philadelphia, 4; Chicago, 0.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh. (Postponed; wet grounds.)

Standing of the Clubs.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	29	13	.690
Chicago	30	14	.682
New York	23	19	.548
Cleveland	25	23	.521
Detroit	18	24	.429
St. Louis	17	26	.395
Washington	16	27	.372
Philadelphia	14	26	.350

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	24	14	.632
New York	23	14	.622
Chicago	23	18	.609
St. Louis	22	20	.524
Cincinnati	20	26	.435
Brooklyn	14	20	.412
Boston	14	20	.412
Pittsburgh	14	27	.341

Where They Play Today.
AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Cleveland at New York. (Game starts at 3:30.)
Detroit at Boston.
Chicago at Washington.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.
Boston at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.

DUMONT BLANKS WHITE SOX

Allows Only Four Hits, and Senators Win by 3 to 0 Score.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Dumont allowed only four hits today and Washington shut out Chicago, 3 to 0. The locals bunched hits off Cicotte in three innings. The score:

WASHINGTON, (A.)	AB	H	PO	A	CHICAGO, (A.)	AB	H	PO	A
Shanks,1b	3	0	2	0	0	Leibold,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Milan,cf	4	0	2	0	0	Murphy,rf	1	0	0	0	0
Foster,3b	4	0	0	0	0	Weaver,3b	4	0	1	4	0
Rice,rf	3	0	2	4	0	E.Collins,2b	4	0	1	2	1
Morgan,2b	3	0	0	3	0	Jackson,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Manosky,lf	3	0	0	1	0	Felsch,cf	4	0	0	3	0
McBride,ss	4	1	1	0	3	Gandil,1b	3	0	1	7	0
Ainsmith,c	2	2	1	8	0	Risberg,ss	3	0	1	2	2
Dumont,p	3	0	1	0	3	Schalk,c	3	0	1	7	1
						Cicotte,p	2	0	0	0	3
Total	29	3	9	27	9	aJ.Collins	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	32	0	4	24	12

a Batted for Cicotte in ninth.

Errors—Shanks, Foster, (2,) McBride, (2,) Schalk.

Washington	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Two-base hit—Ainsmith. Three-base hit—Rice. Stolen bases—Rice, Manosky, Ainsmith. Sacrifice hits—Shanks, Morgan. Double plays—Dumont, Morgan, and Shanks; Risberg and E. Collins. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Washington, 4. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Dumont, 3; Cicotte, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Cicotte, 9 hits and 3 runs in 8 innings; Dumont, 4 and 0 in 9. Hit by pitcher—By Cicotte, (Manosky.) Dumont, (Cicotte.) Struck out—By Cicotte, 6; Dumont, 3. Time—1 hour 47 minutes. Umpires—Evans and Moriarty.

KALSOMINE FOR RED SOX.

Detroits Win Through Some Luck and Dauss's Effective Twirling.

BOSTON, June 6.—Detroit shut out Boston, 3 to 0, today. Dauss's pitching was so puzzling to the world champions that no Boston player passed second base. Ruth was hit hard and was wild. All of Detroit's runs came in the first inning, the result of Bush's double, Cobb's single, and a steal, a passed ball, a base on balls, Heilman's sacrifice fly, and a single by Burns.

The score:

DETROIT, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush,ss	5	1	1	1	3	Hooper,rf	4	0	2	1	0
Young,2b	5	0	1	2	6	Janvrin,2b	4	0	1	2	0
Cobb,cf	4	1	2	1	0	Hoblitzel,1b	4	0	0	10	0
Veach,lf	3	1	3	1	0	Lewis,lf	4	0	1	1	1
Heilman,rf	1	0	1	1	0	Walker,cf	3	0	1	2	1
Burns,1b	3	0	1	14	1	Gardner,3b	4	0	1	2	1
Vitt,3b	2	0	1	1	0	Scott,ss	3	0	0	1	4
Stanage,c	4	0	0	5	1	Thomas,c	2	0	0	4	2
Dauss,p	3	0	0	1	4	Ruth,p	2	0	1	1	1
						aShorten	1	0	0	0	0
						bHenriksen	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	10	27	15	Total	32	0	6	27	17

a Batted for Walker in ninth.
b Batted for Scott in ninth.
Error—Cobb.

Detroit	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Two-base hit—Bush. Stolen bases—Cobb, Heilman, Young. Sacrifice fly—Heilman. Double plays—Young and Burns, Janvrin and Gardner. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Detroit, 9. First base on error—Boston. Bases on balls—Off Dauss, 2; Ruth, 1. Earned runs—Off Ruth, 1; Dauss, 0. Struck out—By Dauss, 4; Ruth, 4. Wild pitch—Ruth. Passed balls—Thomas, (2.) Time—1 hour 55 minutes. Umpires—O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

MACKMEN BUSY WITH BATS.

Strunk and Bates Do Lusty Stickwork, Browns Losing by 11 to 6.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—The hard hitting of Strunk and Bates featured the game which Philadelphia won from St. Louis today, 11 to 6. Each of these batsmen had five times at bat and Strunk made four singles and a double, while Bates made a home run and three singles.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt,ss	3	3	2	2	6	Miller,lf	3	1	1	1	0
Strunk,cf	6	3	5	2	0	Austin,3b	4	1	1	2	0
Bodie,lf	5	1	3	1	0	Sisler,1b	3	0	2	6	0
Bates,3b	5	2	4	0	3	Jacobson,rf	3	1	1	1	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	1	11	1	Severeid,c	3	1	1	5	2
Schang,c	3	0	0	7	0	Marsans,cf	4	1	0	6	1
W.Johns'n,rf	5	0	2	0	0	Pratt,3b	3	0	0	0	2
Grover,2b	4	0	1	2	0	F.Johnson,ss	3	1	1	2	2
Noyes,p	1	1	1	0	1	Sothoron,p	0	0	0	0	1
Schauer,p	3	1	0	1	1	Hamilton,p	2	0	1	0	0
						Park,p	0	0	0	0	1
						Koob,p	0	0	0	0	1
						aSloan	1	0	1	0	0
						bRumler	1	0	1	0	0
						cShotton	0	0	0	0	0
Total	40	11	17	27	12	Total	35	6	10	24	11

a Batted for Hamilton in fifth.
b Batted for Park in eighth.
c Ran for Rumler in eighth.

Errors—Witt, E. Johnson, Koob, Austin.

Philadelphia	3	3	0	0	0	1	1	4	-	-	11
St. Louis	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	1	-	6

Two-base hits—Grover, Strunk. Home runs—Bates, Jacobson. Stolen bases—McInnis. Double play—Severeid and E. Johnson. Left on bases—St. Louis, 10; Philadelphia, 8. First base on errors—St. Louis, 1; Philadelphia, 2. Bases on balls—Off Park, 2; Koob, 1; Noyes, 3; Schauer, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Sothoron, 5 hits, 5 runs in 1 1-3 innings; Hamilton, 6 and 3 in 2 2-3; Park, 4 and 2 in 2; Koob, 1 and 2 in 1; Noyes, 6 and 2 in 2 2-3; Schauer, 4 and 1 in 1 1-3. Struck out—By Hamilton, 1; Park, 3; Noyes, 2; Schauer, 5. Passed ball—Schang. Time—2 hours 9 minutes. Umpires—Dineen and Owens.

Rain Keeps Superbas Idle.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., June 6.—Another terrific thunderstorm deluged the ball grounds at Forbes Field this morning and put them out of commission for the day. The game postponed yesterday will be played off as part of a double-header on Thursday, July 26, and today's contest will be staged as part of a double header on Saturday, July 28.

Mrs. Lasher Wins in Women's Golf.

Mrs. W. M. Lasher of Apawamis won the women's golf tournament at the Apawamis Golf Club yesterday with a card of 53—50—103. Mrs. L. C. Stockton of Apawamis was runner-up with 51—55—106, and third place went to Mrs. G. S. Presbrey of Spring Lake with a 61—50—111.

MATTY'S MEN AGAIN TOPPLE THE GIANTS

McGraw's Clan Crumbles Before Reds, 6 to 3, and Drops from Top of Ladder.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, June 6.—The Giants dropped another game to the Reds today when their offense suddenly crumpled and their defense weakened, the score being 6 to 3. Starting out fiercely the Giants banged seven hits off Toney in the first four innings. Similar hard hitting by the Reds off Benton, a base on balls, and a costly error by Herzog gave Cincinnati four runs and renewed Toney's confidence. His pitching was too much for the boys after that, not a hit being made off him in the last five innings. The Giants dropped to second place, as the Phillies trounced the Cubs.

The Giants had a fighting chance in the ninth, when with two down Toney walked Rariden, batting for Middleton, and Burns. Herzog, however, filed to Roush, and the second game of the series was gone.

The Reds apparently like southpaw pitching, treating Benton, today's starter, worse than they did Schupp yesterday. Rube might have got by, however, but for Herzog's blunder, which cost a run in the fourth. There was one out and two on at the time, and Herzog had a double play right in front of him. While the grounder was hit hard by Wingo, Herzog handles harder ones every day. A base on balls and two hits followed the error.

Middleton pitched the last three innings and held the Reds to three hits and one run. Cincinnati players were exceedingly cheaty after driving Benton to the bench and stepped into Middleton's good curve ball much more courageously than they would had they been battling on even terms.

Burns singled to left at the start and Herzog hit one too hard for Groh to hold. Robertson sacrificed and Burns came home when Wingo had a passed ball, Herzog moving up. He scored when Zim hit to Kopf, beating the throw home easily. Fletcher singled, but was left. Burns hit to centre with two down in the second, but went out stealing.

The Reds got one in their half, Chase leading off with a single and taking second on Cueto's out, and Thorpe had filed to Robertson. Chase stole third and scored on Shean's single to centre. Robertson's hit in the third was wasted, but the Giants pushed their last run over in the fourth. Holke beat one to Chase and took second when that worthy let Thorpe's throw get away from him after McCarty had filed to right. Benton came through with a single to centre and Holke scored.

Then came the bad fourth. Cueto hit to centre. Shean also singled. Then Wingo drove one to Herzog, who let it get away and Cueto went over, Shean taking third. Toney hit Robertson, scoring Shean. Wingo stole second and Groh walked. Both scored on Kopf's double to right centre. Roush beat a bunt, but Burns went a long ways after Chase's fly.

Bases on balls gave the Giants a chance or two after this. Herzog, first up in the sixth, strolled, but was forced by Zim, who in turn was forced by Fletcher. Kauff walked to start the seventh, but puny grounders followed. As recorded, two strolled in the ninth, but Herzog did not have the punch.

Toney's double in the Reds' sixth was followed by Groh's fielder's choice, on which he was pushed home. Kopf drove Groh home with a single.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (N)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh,3b	4	2	2	1	3	Burns,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Kopf,ss	3	0	2	1	3	Herzog,2b	4	1	1	1	2
Roush,cf	4	0	0	2	0	Robertson,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Chase,1b	4	1	1	8	0	Zimmer,n,3b	4	0	0	0	5
Thorpe,rf	3	0	0	2	0	Fletcher,ss	4	0	1	1	6
Cueto,lf	3	1	1	2	0	Kauff,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Neale,lf	1	0	0	1	0	Holke,1b	4	1	1	9	0
Shean,2b	4	1	1	5	3	McCarty,rf	4	0	1	4	0
Wingo,c	4	1	0	8	1	Benton,p	2	0	1	0	0
Toney,p	3	0	1	0	2	Middleton,p	0	0	0	1	1
						aRariden	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	6	10	27	12	Total	34	3	7	24	16

a Batted for Benton in sixth.
b Batted for Middleton in ninth.

Errors—Chase, Herzog, Robertson, Fletcher.

Cincinnati	0	1	0	4	0	1	0	0	-	-	6
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	-	3

Two-base hits—Kopf, Toney. Stolen bases—Chase, Shean, Wingo. Sacrifice hit—Robertson. Sacrifice fly—Toney. Left on bases—New York, 8; Cincinnati, 8. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 3. Bases on balls—Off Benton, 1; Toney, 4. Hits and earned runs—Off Benton, 7 hits, 1 run in 5 innings; Middleton, 3 and 1 in 4. Time—2 hours. Hit by pitcher—By Middleton, (Thorpe.) Struck out—By Benton, 2; Middleton, 2; Toney, 1. Passed ball—Wingo. Time—1 hour 55 minutes. Umpires—Byron and Quigley.

CARDS NOSE OUT BRAVES.

Boston Ties Score with Six Runs in Eighth, but Loses by 8 to 7.

ST. LOUIS, June 6.—A double by Hornsby and a single by Cruise in the eighth inning scored the run that gave St. Louis today's game over Boston, 8 to 7. Hornsby hit a home run with the bases filled in the third.

In this inning Doak and J. Smith singled and Gonsales walked. Nehf also passed Miller, forcing in Doak. Then came Hornsby. The locals made all of their hits count, having but one man left on bases. They got two runs in the sixth on three singles and an out.

In the eighth Doak weakened and Ames, who relieved him, was wild, and Boston made six runs, tying the score, on a triple, three singles, three bases on balls, a hit batsman, and two outs.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
J.Smith,cf	4	1	1	3	0	Twombly,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Gonsales,1b	3	1	0	5	1	Evers,2b	3	0	1	1	3
Miller,3b	3	1	0	3	2	aTyler	1	0	0	0	0
Hornsby,ss	4	3	3	3	2	bMassey	0	1	0	0	0
Cruise,lf	4	1	2	1	0	Barnes,p	0	0	0	0	0
Long,rf	3	0	0	1	0	Wilson,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Snyder,c	3	0	0	11	7	Mage,ss	4	2	1	2	5
F.Smith,3b	3	0	0	2	1	Konetchy,1b	3	1	2	11	0
Doak,p	3	1	1	1	2	J.C.Smith,3b	5	1	2	0	2
Ames,p	0	0	0	0	0	Gowdy,c	5	1	1	6	2
Packard,p	0	0	0	0	1	Rawlings,ss	4	0	2	0	2
						Nehf,p	1	0	0	0	2
Total	35	8	8	27	11	cBailey	0	0	0	0	0
						Allen,p	0	0	0	0	1
						dPitt'rick,3b	2	1	2	1	0
						Total	37	7	11	24	18

a Batted for Evers in eighth.
b Ran for Tyler in eighth.
c Batted for Nehf in seventh.
d batted for Allen in eighth.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	1 - 8
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	0	0 - 7

Two-base hits—Hornsby. Three-base hits—Konetchy, Mage. Home run—Hornsby. Stolen base—Mage. Left on bases—Boston, 11; St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Nehf, 3; Doak, 4; Ames, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Nehf, 9 hits, 7 runs in 6 innings; Allen, 0 and 0 in 1; Barnes, 2 and 1 in 1; Doak, 6 and 5 in 7; (none out in 8th;) Ames, 1 and 2 in 2-3; Packard, 1 and 0 in 1 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Doak, (Konetchy;) Ames, (Hawlings.) Struck out—By Nehf, 3; Allen, 2; Barnes, 1; Doak, 5; Packard, 1. Passed ball—Snyder. Time—2 hours 10 minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Harrison.

Eastern League.

Springfield, 7; New London, 6.
Lawrence, 8; Bridgeport, 2.
Hartford, 10; Worcester, 9.
New Haven, 4; Portland, 0.

American Association.

Minneapolis, 2; Louisville, 0.
Milwaukee, 5; Toledo, 2.
St. Paul, 4; Columbus, 2.
Indianapolis, 2; Kansas City, 1.

1916 CASE MODEL T-40
Seven-passenger touring. Completely overhauled and repainted. Elegant appearance, runs and looks like new. Sacrifice to quick buyer.
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Five-passenger touring in perfect mechanical and paint condition. Run less than 3,000 miles. An exceptional opportunity.
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HONUS WAGNER COMES BACK

Call of Game and Salary Too Great for Old Pirate to Resist.

PITTSBURGH, June 6.—John Henry (Honus) Wagner, the star shortstop, who failed to report to the Pittsburgh National League Baseball Club at the beginning of the season after twenty years as a player in the National League, today signed a contract with President Barney Dreyfuss of the Pittsburgh Club.

It was announced that Wagner will appear at first base in tomorrow's game with Brooklyn.

No statement was made as to the salary Wagner will receive under the new contract. For the last two years, it is said, he has been receiving a salary of $10,000, and, according to some reports, it was because of a reduction that the veteran shortstop failed to report this Spring. Officials of the club at various times announced that Wagner had not joined the team on account of business interests. Despite predictions and rumors, Wagner refused to make an announcement that he had retired from the game.

For more than a week it had been persistently reported that Wagner would rejoin the club, and it was known that he was being urged to do so by many who attributed this year's slump of the Pirates to his absence.

After signing a contract, Wagner sent the following telegram to August Herrmann, Chairman of the National Baseball Commission:

"Finding the call of baseball too strong to resist, I desire to continue to play the game I love, and to which I owe all I possess, and I hereby petition the National Commission to grant my request for reinstatement, so that I may play with my old club tomorrow."

ALEX SHUTS OUT BRUINS.

Also Contributes Two Runs in Phillies' 4 to 0 Victory.

CHICAGO, June 6.—Grover Alexander pitched in fine form today and Philadelphia shut out Chicago, 4 to 0. The visitors bunched hits behind Seaton's wildness in the fourth inning and scored two runs. Alexander scored the other two runs. He tripled in the fifth and scored on a single, and scored in the seventh on a sacrifice fly after his second triple.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paskert,cf	3	0	0	4	0	Zeider,ss	4	0	0	1	4
Bancroft,ss	4	1	1	0	1	Wolter,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Stock,3b	4	0	3	0	1	Doyle,2b	4	0	1	5	4
Cravath,rf	2	0	1	0	0	Merkle,1b	4	0	0	9	0
Whitted,lf	4	0	2	3	0	Williams,cf	4	0	0	1	0
Luderus,1b	4	0	1	11	0	Mann,lf	3	0	0	1	1
Niehoff,2b	4	0	0	4	3	Elliott,c	3	0	1	4	1
Killifer,c	4	0	1	7	1	Deal,3b	3	0	0	2	3
Alexander,p	4	2	2	0	4	Seaton,p	1	0	1	0	3
						aFlack	1	0	0	0	0
						Prendergast,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bRuether	1	0	1	0	0
						cWortman	0	0	0	0	0
						Aldridge,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	33	4	11	27	10	Total	32	0	5	27	14

a Batted for Seaton in sixth.
b Batted for Prendergast in eighth.
c Ran for Ruether in eighth.

Errors—Niehoff, Merkle.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	-	4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0

Two-base hit—Stock. Three-base hits—Alexander, (2.) Sacrifice hit—Stock. Sacrifice fly—Paskert. Double plays—Doyle and Merkle; Deal, Doyle and Merkle. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 8. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Seaton, 3; Prendergast, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Seaton, 8 hits 8 runs in 6 innings; Prendergast, 3 and 1 in 2; Aldridge, 0 and 0 in 1. Struck out—By Alexander, 7; Seaton, 2; Prendergast, 1. Passed ball—Killifer. Time—1 hour 55 minutes. Umpires—Rigler and Orth.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT RICHMOND.

									R.	H.	E.
Richmond	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	5	7	1
Newark	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	1	6	0	3

AT BUFFALO.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	9	2
Buffalo	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	2

AT BALTIMORE.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	2
Providence	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	7	2

(Called end seventh; rain.)
(Other game not scheduled.)

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Po.
Newark	32	12	.727
Providence	34	13	.723
Baltimore	24	17	.585
Toronto	22	18	.550
Rochester	20	18	.526
Buffalo	17	23	.425
Montreal	14	24	.368
Richmond	12	29	.293

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.
Newark at Richmond.
Toronto at Montreal.
Rochester at Buffalo.

BELMONT PARK ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For maiden two-years-olds; five furlongs, straight. Debadon, 115 pounds; Lucky Day, 115; Starry Banner, 115; Happy Go Lucky,

SOUNDS WAR CALL FOR MORE DOCTORS

American Army Will Need 28,000 and the Navy 2,000, and Only 3,000 in Sight.

YOUNGMEN DO NOT RESPOND

Dr. Martin Warns Medical Association That Doctors Must Be Found for Our Allies, Too.

Dr. Franklin H. Martin, Chairman of the Medical Section of the Council of National Defense, told the members of the American Medical Association at the Waldorf-Astoria last night that the physicians and surgeons of the nation had not risen to the call of duty. He said that the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps plan had failed to provide the surgeons needed for the army and navy; that of the 28,000 military medical men needed now, the Government had only 3,000 in sight, with England and France begging for doctors. He declared that if the doctors didn't come forward soon heroic steps would have to be taken. Dr. Martin declared that of 8,000 young doctors who had applied for commissions and to whom commissions had been offered, fewer than 3,000 had accepted them.

"If you are a member of the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps, for God's sake go home and accept," he appealed. "If you're not going to accept go home and say that, so we down in Washington can know what we are up against."

Dr. Martin's criticism was an unpleasant surprise to the 1,000 or more delegates in the hall, who on the night before had heard their President, Dr. Charles H. Mayo, declare that the doctors would never have to be conscripted; that they would be ready before the army was. Dr. Martin said that to stir up the doctors he would warn all those of conscription age that if they didn't enroll as medical men before they were conscripted, they might be digging trenches in France by next year.

Dr. Martin reviewed the work of the Medical Section, and then he said:

"In the army we have only a few hundred medical officers; we must have from 25,000 to 28,000. We must impress upon the 147,000 doctors of the United States that they must come to the front. Are they coming? I hope so—but they haven't come.

Balfour's First Call for Doctors.

"Do you know what was the first thing Mr. Balfour asked for when he came to this country? Do you know what was the first request that was granted? It was for doctors."

Dr. Martin told of the dinner at the White House for the British commission. He said he was talking to Mr. Balfour, when Mr. Balfour asked: "Have you anything to do with getting doctors?" Dr. Martin said he had, and Mr. Balfour asked for 1,000 doctors for England and a like number for France. He told how the next morning the official and formal request came from London for 500 doctors and 500 nurses, and 6 base hospital units. The doctors, he said, were now being sent at the rate of 200 a month, and ten base hospital units had been called out. "We ought to send them 500 a month," said Dr. Martin, "yes, a thousand a month."

He advised that instead of young doctors going to training camps in this country they go to France to get their training under war conditions, saying that an arrangement with England had been made by which these doctors would go to the American troops when they got to France.

Dr. Martin said that the doctors had to come from America. He said that rural England was stripped of medical men below the age of 54.

"What is the reason for this?" he asked. "It is because the death rate of medical men is greater than in any other service. In other wars doctors were in places of safety. But not so in this war. They are ten, twelve, or fifteen miles in the rear, but they never know when a big shell is going to wipe hospital, doctors, and patients out of existence. In a recent retreat of the Allies 267 doctors were killed in one hour. In another battle 400 were put out of service.

"And they're fighting our battle. It is difficult to know the needs and remain calm. So many of them have accepted these honorary posts in time of peace; you have become Lieutenants and the like. But this is war and we need you. I believe, of course, I know, we shall get the 21,000 or the 28,000 we need; we will get more when we need them. But it is disheartening to the men down in Washington who are working sixteen hours a day to have men fail to accept commissions when they are offered.

"To all medical men subject to draft, let me say that if they have not accepted or applied for commissions when drafted, they go into the army as privates, and not as medical officers. Let me say to them that if they intend to do their bit, they'd better send in their applications at once or they may be digging trenches next year."

Medical Inspector Long of the Navy said that the navy of 150,000 men needed 2,000 additional medical officers and asked the association to aid in the task of getting them. He told of the steps necessary to enter the naval medical service.

To Keep Well Men Well.

Conservation of the life of the average American for the great tasks of war and the great tasks of peace now before him was the paramount consideration of the 6,000 delegates who began yesterday the actual work of the largest convention ever held by the American Medical Association. There will always be a place for the great surgeon, but the big field opened now to medicine is to keep well men well and at work—that was the message of the leaders of American medicine. At one time yesterday there were in progress eleven meetings in the Hotel Astor, Hotel Biltmore, Hotel McAlpin, Hotel Manhattan, and other places, all with large attendances and distinguished speakers.

That physicians must abandon the old idea that health is an individual matter and that the physician is an individual worker, and both the patient and the physician must regard themselves as just a part of the society in which they live, Dr. Otto P. Geier of Cincinnati, Chairman of the preventive medicine section, told an large audience at the Biltmore. He made a plea to physicians to be leaders in community thought in all problems relating to disease, insanity, crime, and dependency. His subject was "Adequate Medical Service of the Future."

Dr. J. N. Hurty, State Health Commission of Indiana, speaking before the same section, said that man was to blame for many of his fancied ills.

"What a chump civilized man is to do so many things to make himself weak and sick," he said. "To make sure of sickness and weakness he begins with infancy. He will not give his child enough air, he will not take care of his children's teeth. If his child has a running ear he will let it run. He assaults his child's stomach with awful food. He gives the baby soothing syrups. He deforms his child's body with ill-fitting seats in school. He supplies his child drinking water which is polluted with sewerage, and when the innocent one dies of typhoid he rolls his eyes toward heaven and says The Lord has taken away."

Speaking before the Section on Stomatology at the Waldorf-Astoria, Dr. L. Duncan Bulkley of New York said that many cases of cancer of the mouth were caused by bad teeth.

"The dentist," he said, "has a great responsibility concerning cancer of the oral cavity, for he of all others is most likely to see the beginning of the disease, and an early warning, followed by proper treatment, lessens the prospect of an unfavorable termination. It is particularly desirable that the dentist should attend most carefully to the condition of the teeth, for rough, broken, and decayed teeth play a not inconsiderable part in the production of cancer of the mouth."

The Section on Surgery of the Association, including practically all the leading surgeons of the United States, started a movement yesterday to halt the performing of unnecessary operations by incompetent surgeons. A committee of ten to consider ways and means to this end was named after a strong address by Dr. Arthur Dean Bevan of Chicago, in which he decried the large number of operations performed where the patients did not need an operation. He blamed this on ignorance, incompetency and dishonesty. The three essentials of safe surgery, he said, are honesty, good judgment, and scientific training. He said surgeons should frankly admit to the public that there is such a problem and that it could be eliminated only through education, criticism and publicity.

"The law of the knife is an ignis fatuus to too many would-be surgeons," he said. "Self styled surgeons have been made too quickly in this country and when time and experience have turned out a few good ones from this number it has been at a stupendous cost to the health and life of the public."

Following on the call of Dr. Charles H. Mayo, the new President of the association, for national prohibition, Dr. Charles C. Leib of New York told the members of the section on Pharmacology at the Hotel Manhattan that the popular belief that alcohol is a heart stimulant is false. He said that experiments on the hearts of rabbits and cats showed that the heart was capable of utilizing alcohol. He said that the animals' hearts, after injections of alcohol, gave a few quick beats and then subsided to a point below that before the injection.

In an address in the afternoon before the Section on Stomatology, Dr. Joseph M. Levy gave results of an investigation of the relations between dental and eye diseases. As the result of dental treatment, 14.1 per cent. of a series of eye infections were cured; 36.85 per cent. were materially benefited, and 49 per cent. showed no improvement.

The ancient assertion of asthmatic patients that their trouble was due to cats or dogs was upheld in an address before the Section on the Practice of Medicine by Dr. I. Chandler Walker of Boston. By means of a skin test, which consisted of placing a small amount of the substance to be tested on a little scratch in the skin of the patient, the cause of asthma was determined in 50 per cent. of a given number of patients. In 20 per cent. of these cases horse hair or dandruff was the cause of asthma; in 5 per cent. cat hair was the cause; in 18 per cent. bacteria were the cause; in 15 per cent. wheat flour; in 25 per cent. the pollen of plants; in 7 per cent. common foods, such as eggs, milk, or chicken meat, and in 10 per cent. a combination of these causes.

A new operation for the cure of paralysis resulting from infantile paralysis was revealed to the members of the Orthopedic Survery Section of the American Medical Association at the Waldorf-Astoria by Dr. John Joseph Nutt of New York

SELL FAKE SALVARSAN.

Even Doctors Are Fooled by Imitation Compound.

None of the thousands of exhibits of the convention of the American Medical Association attracted more attention than that placed in the Hotel Astor yesterday by the New York City Department of Health, showing what was considered as the most effective and therefore most dangerous imitation of neosalvarsan. It was announced for the Health Department that two of the leaders in the scheme would soon be under arrest.

It was said by officers of the Health Department that it was conservative to say that several thousand persons in New York had been treated with the false neosalvarsan, which is nothing but ordinary table salt with a little yellow aniline dye and dirt. The cunning part of the imitation was that the package, circular, ampul, and every detail of the original article distributed by a company, of which Herman A. Metz is the head, had been reproduced by the imposters, and there was no way to tell the difference between the fake and the genuine medicine without a laboratory test or observing the effect on the patient.

Detectives working for the Health Department have found that at least 50,000 doses of the fake salvarsan were sold. It was put up, according to a statement by officers of the Health Department by two young pharmacists in a dirty room in West Twenty-ninth Street, over a tin shop. The ampul, dye and salt were mixed in a dirty sauce-pan—now in the possession of the Commissioner of Health.

The druggists of the whole country have been asked to examine closely any neosalvarsan they have in stock to guard against the use of the dirty yellow salt which may have cost many lives.

Mr. Metz is assisting the police and the health authorities in every way possible in rounding up the salvarsan fakers. They may face an additional charge for forging the copyrighted package of the concern Mr. Metz represents. The imitations were of packages put up in Germany by Farbwerke-Hoechst, the parent company for the manufacture of the famous Ehrlich discovery.

PLATTSBURG PAY HELD UP.

Status of 190 Members of Squadron A Affects 5,000 Men.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., June 6.—The pay for the 5,000 students at the training camp here is being held up because not all of the national guardsmen have been released from their State obligations. Those guardsmen who were ordered to Plattsburg have obtained their discharges from the National Guard and are in a position to receive their pay. But 190 members of Squadron A of New York who were not ordered to Plattsburg received furloughs from their organization to enable them to take the course. Technically these men are still a part of Squadron A and until they get their discharges from the National Guard none of the students at Plattsburg can receive their pay.

Another instance of the lack of equipment at the training camp developed today. Gallery practice was scheduled for two and a half hours this morning as a part of the musketry training. Rifles were sent nearly three weeks ago to the Northeastern and Eastern Departmental Headquarters for sub-calibre rifles for gallery practice. The Northeastern Department procured these rifles from National Guard and Coast Artillery organizations and sent them to Plattsburg for the New England regiment. The New Englanders engaged in their gallery practice today according to schedule, but Governors Island failed to send the sub-calibre rifles needed by the New York regiment. Pending the arrival of the needed 136 rifles for gallery practice, the New York students must do without this important branch of musketry training.

On the recommendation of Major Edgar T. Collins, senior instructor of the New York regiment, the following reserve officers have been appointed assistant instructors: First, Lieutenant Major Theodore Roosevelt, Jr.; Second, Captain C. W. Dell; Third, Captain H. E. Montgomery, 2d; Fourth, Major J. P. Drouillard; Fifth, Captain J. B. Brandreth; Sixth, Captain Francis R. Appleton, Jr.; Seventh, Captain Kenneth P. Budd; Eighth, Captain W. W. Metcalf; Ninth, First Lieutenant J. K. Olyphant; Tenth, Major Lewis Sanders; Eleventh, Captain H. F. Chinner; Twelfth, Captain Francis Bangs; Thirteenth, Captain J. C. Fargo; Fourteenth, Captain Moses King; Fifteenth, Captain Gilbert S. Crawford; Sixteenth, Captain W. E. Payson; Seventeenth, First Lieut. J. H. O'Reilly.

Captain S. C. Megill, C. A. C., arrived from Fort Terry, N. Y., to act as Adjutant of the New York Regiment, in place of Captain H. J. Brees, cavalry, who has been ordered to report to the General Staff at Washington.

DRAWN FOR PERSHING ARMY

Several Former Regulars at Sacket Harbor to Go Abroad.

Special to The New York Times.

SACKET HARBOR, N. Y., June 6.—Several ex-regulars, members of the student corps at Madison Barracks, have been ordered to prepare to accompany Major Gen. J. J. Pershing's expedition to France, it was learned today. The names of the fortunate men, and when and where they are to report, are voluntarily withheld.

With the schedule of training fast approaching its height, the strain of all day drills is beginning to tell. This morning it was announced that eighteen students had been forced to drop out of the course because of physical defects developed in the period from May 15 to June 1. Affairs at home caused twelve others to resign, while Thomas L. P. Lister and Louis R. Stickles left to take commissions in the Aviation and Marine Corps respectively.

Colonel Sample today informed the saloon keepers at Sacket Harbor that they were not to sell any more bottled liquors over their counters. He took this step, not because of any misconduct on the part of students, but because enlisted men were hiring civilian bootleggers to smuggle in beer and other drinks. Yesterday's pay day for the post garrison resulted in high jinks in Watertown, the nearest city of any size, and it is possible that the Colonel's mandate may be applied to Watertown.

Some idea of the big task the Government faces in preparing its commissary department to furnish subsistence to the million or more men who will shortly be called to the colors may be obtained from the following figures showing supplies required for the daily 50-cent rationing of the 2,500 men here. For three meals a day it takes 1,000 loaves of bread, 200 dozen eggs, 1,800 pounds fresh beef, 175 pounds bacon, 1,300 pounds potatoes, 100 pounds coffee, 110 pounds sugar, 170 pounds dried fruits, and 100 pounds cereals.

VOTE $25,000,000 CAPITAL.

Directors of Guaranty Trust Co. Take Favorable Action on Rise.

Directors of the Guaranty Trust Company, at their meeting yesterday, voted to increase the capital stock of the institution from $20,000,000 to $25,000,000, and it was decided to hold a special meeting of stockholders on June 25 to get their approval to the change. The Directors declared the usual dividend of 5 per cent. for the quarter ending June 30.

It is expected that the new stock will be offered to present shareholders at par ratably in proportion to their holdings, that is, each stockholder will have the privilege of subscribing for one new share for every four that he now owns. Subscriptions to the new stock must be made not later than July 16.

The capital stock of the Guaranty Trust Company was increased from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000 in November, 1915. The company was founded in 1864 under the name of the New York Guaranty and Indemnity Company. In 1891 the capital was increased from $100,000 to $2,000,000 with a paid-in surplus of $900,000. In 1893 the present title of the company was adopted. In 1910 the capital was increased to $5,000,000 and in 1912 it was increased to $10,000,000. The trust company's present resources total about $588,500,000.

FUSIONISTS PREPARE TO DRAFT MITCHEL

Committee Refuses to Consider Any Other Candidate for the Mayoralty.

FAVOR PRENDERGAST ALSO

Robert Adamson Likely to be Named to Head Aldermen—Borough Fusion in Doubt.

The proposal to draft Mayor Mitchel as its candidate in the Mayoralty campaign this Fall if he should refuse to accept a renomination was discussed by the Executive Committee of the new Fusion Committee of 250 at a meeting at India House yesterday. The Mayor has given the committee no assurance as yet that he will accept a renomination, but the committee has made up its mind that no other candidate will do and will go ahead on the theory that he will consent to run. Several fusionists suggested yesterday that a committee wait upon the Mayor and get a definite decision from him, but it was finally decided to take it for granted that he was willing to serve four years more.

William Hamlin Childs, Chairman of the Executive Committee, presided. The committee took up the problem of determining just how far fusion should operate this year, whether to confine its efforts entirely to the election of a city ticket, that is, Mayor, Controller, and President of the Board of Aldermen, or to take in all borough and county candidates and thus have a fusion ticket from top to bottom. Some members were against fusion on the smaller county offices, and it was decided to appoint the committee members from each borough as borough committees to canvass the situation and report back to the Executive Committee. These sub-committees will feel out the fusion sentiment in their boroughs and get a line on the Tammany strength.

While no other candidacy except that for Mayor was discussed, the Executive Committee practically decided that Controller Prendergast should be renominated and that Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson be nominated for President of the Board of Aldermen. The question of selecting candidates for Borough Presidents will be taken up at a later meeting.

At yesterday's meeting the Executive Committee also empowered the Chairman to select sub-committees on platform, finance, publicity, advertising, and speakers. There was also a discussion as to the selection of a Secretary to the Executive Committee. Each of the sub-committees, except the Platform Committee, is to have a bureau staff for the detailed work assigned to the committee. The selection of a headquarters was not determined upon, but it is likely that these will be in the Thirty-eighth Street Building, at Thirty-eighth Street and Madison Avenue.

The committee on candidates of the Democratic Fusion Committee, which is trying to unite all Democrats against the regular fusion ticket, will meet next Monday night at its headquarters in the Herkscher Building, 50 East Forty-second Street. The committee has a number of candidates for Mayor under consideration and a selection may then be made. The committee on platform of the same organization will meet on Friday evening of this week at the same place to hear suggestions from citizens of lower Manhattan.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Case on—Pearlman Rim Corp<Firestone Tire & Rubber.
No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Tillotson & Walcott< Morse.
Empire Mfg Co<Fraad Talking Mach Co.
Same<Cozens Cabinet.
Hughes<N Y, O & W RR.
Coleman<Fish, (2.)
Medlar<Standard Gas Power Co.
Helder<NY, NH & H RR.
Austin<Booth SS Co.
Polasky<Fuerst Bros & Co.
Oetjens<Finnegan Brown Co.
Donohue<C RR of NJ.
Wood<Penn RR.
Ahles<C RR of N J.
Bailey<same.
W. & S Job & Co< Heidritter Lumber.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Court Room No. 227, 2d floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Dailey & Ivins<S boat City of Yonkers.
Hagemeyer Trading Co<U S Steel Prod.
Anensen<SS Zelandia.
Quaker Oats Co<SS Laura Neversk.
Perale<Un Fruit Co.
L V Transp Co<SS Santa Clara.
Mulligan<Dailey & Ivins.
Gilbert & Morse< Yacht Crusader.
Reed<Comp Gen Tran.
Rosen, Reichardt Co< SS La Brome.
Stern<Comp Gen Tran.
Union Pac T Co<same.
Jones & N<same.
Spencer<Br Argentina.
Jolley<SS La Brome.
Reuping Leather Co< Ham-Am Line.
Schnoll<Comp Gen Trans.
Same<same.
Pailliser<same.
Higgins<SS La Drome.
Jaburg<same.
Miller<Prince, (2.)
Clark<Bankers Trust.
Saperstein<Saperstein.
Rosenthal<Autowear Mfg Co.
Johnson<Wm Fox Vaudeville Co.
Mayer<Union Ry.
Ash<Ash.
Berger<Berger.
Hershberg<Algase.
Jos Joseph & Bros Co<Federal S S Co.
Wickes<Mase Rty Co.
La Roy<Peninston.
Twombly<Twombly.
Negrin<Negrin.
Arnoff<Union Ry.
De Laney<US Trust.
Spellazza<US Stores.
Quinn<District Claridge, Inc, (3.)
Union Wharf Co<S S Eretrea Co (6.)

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 323, P. O. Bldg.—Admiralty.

Jamison<Winchester. Same<Essex.
Re Limitation of O'Brien Brothers.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 9:30 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Building.—Naturalization.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.

Howard<Breitung. Re Howard.
Re Security Tr Co< Miller. Re Banks.
Philips<Morgan. Re De Noyer.
Re Estate of Schreiver Re Skoczlola.
Agminas<Wilkes-Barre Colliery Co. Re Kucharuk.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Clarke, Laughlin, Scott, Davis, and Shearn, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.

Hentschel<Plaza Operating Co.
Watson<Ross.
East River Gas Co< Purdy (3.)
Burke<Union Pacific.
Hanlon-Gregory Gal Co<Vogelstein.
Coleman<Harris.
E Fougera Co<CNY.
Crittenden<same.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Lehman, Bijur, and Ordway, JJ.—At 10 A. M.—Appeals from Municipal Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Ford, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

The calendar of Special Term, Part I., will hereafter be called by the Clerk at 10:15 A. M. for the purpose of noting defaults, adjournments, and motions ready for argument and to allow submission of motions where papers are complete. At 10:30 A. M. the motions not thus disposed of will be heard in their regular order by the Justice presiding.

Prince<Behal.
Manhattan Petticoat Co<Loebinger.
Cohn<Cohn.
Miller<Spire.
Fuchs<Heninger.
Re Beaver.
Brandt<Schreiber.
Gough<Union Ry.
Ansorge<Rosenberg & Neugass Co.
Bilicyak<Lion.
Sebock<Leinwander's Cafe & Rest Co.
Solomon<Lowenthal.
Re McClellan.
Eagle Wet Wash Ldry Co<Persily.
Boanor<G Robitsek & Bro, Inc.
Com'wealth of Penn< Birdseye.
Higgins<SS La Drome.
Jaburg<same.
Austin<Seeman.
Thompson<Belt L Ry.
Israel<same.
Gray<3d Av Ry.
Godnick<NTC Int Ry.
Durant<Union Ry.
Duggan<same.
Price<Signet Shoe.
Blackwell<Blackwell.
Rubinstein<Rubinstein
Lanza<Sisti.
Quincey<Emery.
Bixby<42d St. Man Ry
Blond<Union Ry.
Adelman<3d Av Ry.
Scoville<Maxwell.
Kingsland<Miller.
Re Perf Riviera, Inc.
Com'wealth of Penn< Birdseye.
Morrison<Kings Farm Realty Co., (2.)
Berenson<same.
Herzog<Lavandera.
Landsman<Keith, CNY<Cohen.
Percival<Richardson.
Re B Gray & Sons Co. (Hewitt.)
Hencke<I R T.
Stevenson<O'Connor.

PART II.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Guy, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Holsinger<Wood.
Guglielmi<Star Pub Co
Phillips<Phillips.
Greco<Daralo.
Dunn<Dunn.
Brown<Brown.
Lacy<Lacy.
McDonough<New Amsterdam Cas Co.
Leonhardt<Leonhardt.
Schwegler Rty Co< Amoroso.
Todd<Brown.
Janewith<Janewith.
Preferred causes:
Export & Import Film Co<Fisher.
Olin<Kingsbury.
General calendar:
Griffin<Brody, Adler & Koch Co.
Griffin<Wellandt.
Herreshoff<Co-operative Syndicate.
Celestial Rlty Co< Childs.
Kemp<Liberman.
Libman<Libman.
Paetzold<Paetzold.
Sonnichsen<Sonnichsen.
Ring<Ring.
Kiddle<Dunham.
Moore<Strauss.
Schnell<Schnell.
Kabach<Hamilton.
Gale Nat Realty Co, Inc<Jones.
Schaefer<Levy.
Smith<Elliott.
Steiman<Libman Rlty
Haibe<Adams.
Thompson<Brown.
Teole<Corn Exch Bk. Case on.

PART IV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Not in session.

PART VI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Sherry<Purdy.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.

Kindler & C<Amadon.
J B Mast Co<Clark.
Kerr<Toglavia.
Sophian<Fid & Dep.

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—All causes on this calendar are deemed ready and will be assigned to the various trial parts for trial as reached. Calendar will be called at 10 A. M.

Glucksman<Union Ry.
Pragi<Leh C & N Co.
S Healy<Cushman's Sons, Inc.
J Healy<same.
Boston Ins<B H RR.
Calvano<I R T.
De Carli<same.
Ferrari<Newkirk.
Mantel<Moller.
Shattuck<Perkins.
Weeman<Board of Education, (2.)
Nye<N J & S I Ferry Co.
J. Collard<Garford Motor Truck Co.
F. Collard<same.
Green<NY Rys.
Lefkowitz<same.
Doble<Penn Coal Co.
Hausman<Oppenheimer.
Farber Const Co<Essig Const Co.
Budsinski<NY Rys.
J Murtha<NY Homeopathic Med College.
M Murtha<same.
H Siegel<Con Gas Co of NY.
B Siegel<same.
Sats<Sharp.
Staab<I R T.
Bila<Thompson Bros.
Baer<L I Louis Auto Trucking Co, Inc.
P Greallis<Griffin.
J Greallis<same.
Kerr<Davis & Co.
Weiss<Meyers Con Co
Waalsch<Blasing Chemical Co.
Cohen<Michelson.
Green<Ratsky.
Axler<Mayhood.
Hoffman<Blumstein.
O'Brien<Kelly.
Hansel<So Blvd RR.
M Buckles<Bremer.
M Buckles<same.
J Buckles<same.
Cassatta<Convent Court Corp.
A L Burt Co<A W Cowan & Bros.
Flamingo<Hennessay.
Settina<Westch RR.
Spreck<NY C & H R RR.
Hetzel<NY Tel Co, (2)
Brown<Hennessay.
O'Keeffe<Mailley.
Weizeltier<Tulohinsky
Tempesta<Rapuzzi.
D'Arcy<I R T.
O'Brien<CNY.
Palamara<NY Rys.
D Stern<Rosenthal Rty Co.
J Stern<same.
Abelea<Everett.
Gussardi<Am D Water
Sherry<Goodstein.
Brown<Blanche Rty.
Decker<NY Rys.
Apugliese<Pissutiello.
Griffin<Alanson Bruce Rty Co.
Shea, Jr<Saks & Co.
Amoroso<G M Sill, Inc
S Bernstein<Sladon.
B Bernstein<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Pellicki<Shaft.
Greenberg<April.
Gomestyle<I R T.
Halperin<Pullman Co.
Handel<Brimberg.
Lang<Robins D D Co.
Levine<NY Rys, (2.)
Marrillat<Tribune Assn.
Swoboda<Rural Pub.
Treesmerman<Goodman
Leahy<Nass El RR.
Murphy<Schramme.
L Tritt<Plaskosh.
M Tritt<same.
Bassford<Witt.
Charles<Hackley.
Chertow<Beaver.
Silver<Monahan, Expr.
Krug<Amsterdam Grocery Co.
Case on.

PART IV.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M.

Cypher<NY Cent RR.
Grossel<Newman.
Vichiarelli<Central.

PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bentz<Walke.

PART VI.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Liebowitz<Ki Exp Co.

PART VII.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VIII.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART IX.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.

Wohlberg<Wilson.

PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.

Kitses<NY Rys.

PART XI.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M.

Angelic<Chester.

PART XII.—Horner, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bonin<Nassau Copper Agencies Co.
Bostick<Jackolo.
Stutz<Diamond Silk.
Elkhorn Val Coal Land Co<Empire C & C.
Keating<Keating.
Stuart<Diemer.
Eckerson<Eckerson.
Booth<Hud Mill & L.
Re Locke, (1st Nat Bk. of Salamanca.)
Mahody<Valentine.
Re Shakt (Silverstein)
Re Parker.
C B Van Nostrand & Co<Va Zinc & C Co.
Elefante<Pizitz.
Re Hirsch.
Lyon<Ritchie.
Hooley<Watson Flass Co.
CNY<Nat Mourning Goods Co.
Di Puma<Behrens, (2)
Maimonides Ben Socy
CNY<Ti Holding Co.
Vivandou, Inc<Meyers
Davis<Ryan.
Re Winnock Press.
Sherman<Dunigan.
Bassman<Bassman.
Lanza<Sisti.

PART IV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Not in session.

PART VI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Sherry<Purdy.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

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Hausman<Oppenheimer.
Farber Const Co<Essig Const Co.
Budsinski<NY Rys.
J Murtha<NY Homeopathic Med College.
M Murtha<same.
H Siegel<Con Gas Co of NY.
B Siegel<same.
Sats<Sharp.
Staab<I R T.
Bila<Thompson Bros.
Baer<L I Louis Auto Trucking Co, Inc.
P Greallis<Griffin.
J Greallis<same.
Kerr<Davis & Co.
Weiss<Meyers Con Co
Waalsch<Blasing Chemical Co.
Cohen<Michelson.
Green<Ratsky.
Axler<Mayhood.
Hoffman<Blumstein.
O'Brien<Kelly.
Hansel<So Blvd RR.
M Buckles<Bremer.
M Buckles<same.
J Buckles<same.
Cassatta<Convent Court Corp.
A L Burt Co<A W Cowan & Bros.
Flamingo<Hennessay.
Settina<Westch RR.
Spreck<NY C & H R RR.
Hetzel<NY Tel Co, (2)
Brown<Hennessay.
O'Keeffe<Mailley.
Weizeltier<Tulohinsky
Tempesta<Rapuzzi.
D'Arcy<I R T.
O'Brien<CNY.
Palamara<NY Rys.
D Stern<Rosenthal Rty Co.
J Stern<same.
Abelea<Everett.
Gussardi<Am D Water
Sherry<Goodstein.
Brown<Blanche Rty.
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Apugliese<Pissutiello.
Griffin<Alanson Bruce Rty Co.
Shea, Jr<Saks & Co.
Amoroso<G M Sill, Inc
S Bernstein<Sladon.
B Bernstein<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Pellicki<Shaft.
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Halperin<Pullman Co.
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Treesmerman<Goodman
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PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bentz<Walke.

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PART VII.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VIII.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART IX.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.

Wohlberg<Wilson.

PART X.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.

Kitses<NY Rys.

PART XI.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M.

Angelic<Chester.

PART XII.—Horner, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bonin<Nassau Copper Agencies Co.

PART XIII.—Not in session.

PART XIV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Cases on this calendar will be deemed ready and sent to the various trial parts for trial in their order as reached.

Inc—Lustberg<Buttle.
Inc—Rosenthal< Lichtenstein.
Haibe<Adams (3)
Dairymple<Schwartz
Olthrug<W. Whitman
Leary<Smouha.
Martinelli & Co< Beatty.
I. Osserman Inc< Bd of Education.
McCormick<Maher.
Grief Eng. &c Co< Scourene Mfg Co.
Lansing Liq Corp< Heinze, (2.)
Painter<Fletcher.
Arkell & Douglas, Inc<N Y Borenstein & Co.
Willis<Nat Carbon Co.
Lansheim, Bauman & Co<Blue Ridge Furn.
Segalewich<Pollack.
Stamatopoulos<Levy.
Flugelman<Motor Tire Reconstruction Co.
People<Adelson.
Prud. Inv Co<Nat Bk of Commerce.
Kasden<Klein.
Sisson<Finn.
People<Adelson.
Helena Rub Co<Woodward.

PART XV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVI.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Held in Trial Term, Part XVIII. room.

Arrigoni<Universal M T Co, (2.)

PART XVII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M.

Evans<Whalen.

PART XVIII.—Not in session.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Estates of:
William Lummis,
Maria Bartlett,
Justin Wurzburger.
Wills for probate:
Morris Perl.
Agnes McGrath.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—Room 503, at 10:30 A. M.—No day calendar.

Contested wills:
Annie M Atwood (also known as A M Fosdick.)
Harry Spector,
Van De Water,
Johanna O'Brien,
Annie B Shriver,
Gustav L Passehl,
Sarah S Schley,
Blanche S Palmer,
Mary L Fanning,
Catherine Cairns,
William H McIntyre,
Mary E Headden,
Lucia Friedlander.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Strasbourger, J. At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Rosenblatt<Fliashnick.
Hapeman<Hooper.
Miller<Marlow.
Forman<Herrmann.
Silk Prin. &c. Wks< Morgen.
Levin<Triangle Waist.
Vogelle<J Doll & Sons
Clarke<Traymore.
Rathaus & Eichner< Am Dry Goods Co.
Deretchin<Workmen's Co-op Pub Assn.
Deaum<Hulbert.
White<Bradley Cont. Lawson<Auto Chem, &c. Co.

PART II.—La Fetra, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Sears<Capace Rlty.
Cohen<Hopaltrun Realty Co.
Rosenberg<Etlinger.
Aronowitz<CNY Con Ry Holdings, Inc.
Lyons<Morrison.
Bonnano<Candee.
Smith & Howland.
Albert<Johnson Harrison R Co.
Lang<Meyers.
Franco-Am Chemical Co<B Babbitt, Inc.
Golden<Dulkeit.
Sylvia Waist Co<West Side Warehouse, &c.
Gall<Greenberg.
Lenowitz<Weinberger.
Johns<NY Rys.
Yodis<Mendelsohn.
Schnuruck<Rubin.
Cleveland<Hayden.
Brown<Postal Transfer Service, Inc.
Vogel<Block.
Solomon<Ressler.
Schultz<Block.
Cooper<Nambil Rty.
Klee<Klein.
Silverman<Rosenswelg
Franklin Knitting Mills<James.
Moyses<Wolff.
Sherman Cushide Co< Williams.
Williams<Plaints Process Co.
Loewenfeld<Ferrari.
Moucak<Mogwitz.
Meyerowitz<Frank Wilson Const Co.
Northeastern Const Co<CNY.
Heneberg<Liebman.
Enright<Ficke.
McCread<Kraston.
Leifer<Gibbs.
Durant<Berger.
Huguenot Trust Co< Kronethal.
McSorley<Marico.
Schain<McMorrow Eng &Const Co.
Berline Aniline Works<White.
Bryan<Slinger.
Interstate Cartoon Co Inc< Paradis.
Greenberg<Ellenville Hotel Co.
Rogers<Frear (2)
Rubin<Siegel.
Holzman<Shenk Rlty.
Herrman<CNY (2). Case on.

PART XV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVI.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Held in Trial Term, Part XVIII. room.

Arrigoni<Universal M T Co, (2.)

PART XVII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M.

Evans<Whalen.

PART XVIII.—Not in session.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Estates of:
William Lummis,
Maria Bartlett,
Justin Wurzburger.
Wills for probate:
Morris Perl.
Agnes McGrath.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—

SEEK WAR PROFITS FOR THE RED CROSS

Bankers Hope Corporations Will Declare Extra Dividends in Its Behalf.

STOCKHOLDERS MUST AGREE

Eight Industrial Companies, Contributing 1 Per Cent. Each, Would Provide a Fund of $15,500,000.

A result of the appointment of Henry P. Davison as Chairman of the National War Council of the Red Cross, and the enlistment under him for the campaign to raise $100,000,000 in the next few weeks of many influential bankers may be the declaration of a large number of extra dividends this Summer by corporations which have profited by the expansion of business from the war. An effort will be made to have these extra dividends diverted to the uses of the Red Cross.

This plan has been under discussion for several days at meetings of bankers held at the Metropolitan Club, but it has not yet been placed before the boards of any of the companies represented, and will not be unless Directors of enough companies can be won over to the proposal to make its general adoption reasonably certain. Some opposition has developed on the ground that there is no precedent for such action, and that there is no way of insuring that the money appropriated will be donated to the organization. Nevertheless, bankers who are influential in the affairs of many big corporations are confident that the necessities of the situation will decide many leading industrial concerns to adopt the suggestion.

In general, the discussions have turned upon the idea that most of the corporations which are now paying substantial dividends upon their stock can easily afford to make one extra distribution for the benefit of the Red Cross. It is not considered advisable, or perhaps legal, for the companies to appropriate sums directly for charitable work, but it is proposed that they declare extra payments to be known as the Red Cross dividends. In lieu of the usual checks stockholders would receive notices of the dividend, with a request that they sign a release authorising the companies to pay it directly to the Treasurer of the Red Cross. Where stockholders insist they would, of course, receive the cash.

Bankers who have been urging the adoption of the Red Cross donation dividend would not hazard a guess as to the sum which ought to be provided in this way, beyond saying that if stockholders generally surrendered their claims the amount would run to perhaps half of the $100,000,000 which must be provided at an early date if the work of the organization is to be brought up to the needs of the army and navy. The campaign to raise this sum starts next week with teams headed by J. P. Morgan, Jacob H. Schiff, Albert H. Wiggin, and other leading financiers competing for subscriptions.

It is proposed that corporations make their Red Cross dividends commensurate with their profits, with 1 per cent. as the average. On this basis the eight industrial companies with $100,000,000 or more common stock listed on the New York Stock Exchange would declare dividends aggregating about $15,500,000. These companies, all of which pay substantial regular dividends, are the United States Steel Corporation, with $508,000,000 of common stock, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, with $300,000,000; the Pullman Company, with $120,000,000; Anaconda Copper, with $116,000,000; General Electric, with $101,000,000, and Consolidated Gas, Western Union, and Midvale Steel, each with $100,000,000.

The American Red Cross has done invaluable work, mostly back of the French lines, but it must prepare to take over practically all of the surgical and hospital obligations of the Allies. The French have practically dropped out in order to free their men for the fighting lines, but the British Red Cross has had ambulances, doctors, and hospitals with every unit of the allied forces on both fronts. All of the nations at war have depended largely upon voluntary contributions for this important department. It is expected that the United States will appropriate what sums are needed only after every effort has been made to provide for the enlarged work through gifts by individuals.

The sum apportioned by the Finance Committee of the Red Cross War Council to be raised in New York is $40,000,000 out of the total of $100,000,000.

"The total is large," said Seward Prosser, Chairman of the Executive Committee, in making this announcement, "but Mr. Hoover, on the Commission for Relief in Belgium, directed the expenditure of $350,000,000, and that was not nearly enough. The various sections of the country have had sums apportioned to them to collect in proportion to their resources as calculated by the most competent financial and commercial statisticians in the country."

This afternoon the formal mobilization of the Red Cross speakers will begin with a meeting at the Chamber of Commerce at 3 o'clock. H. P. Davison, Chairman of the War Council; Seward Prosser, Chairman of the Executive Committee; C. D. Hilles, and others will speak. The big drive of Red Cross Week will open with a dinner at the Waldorf Monday evening, June 18.

MISS PECK DEMANDS MONEY

Asks Police to Return $7,800 Which Waite Gave Embalmer.

An echo of the case of Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, the young dentist who was recently put to death in the electric chair for the murder of his father-in-law, John E. Peck, a wealthy drug manufacturer of Grand Rapids, Mich., came up yesterday when Miss Catherine Peck, a sister of the murdered man, made a demand at Police Headquarters for the return of $7,800, which was part of a sum of money Waite had paid to Eugene Kane, an embalmer, to swear that he (Kane) had used arsenic in the fluid with which he embalmed the body of Mr. Peck.

As the basis of her claim Miss Peck called attention to the testimony of Dr. Waite on his trial, in which she said he admitted that the money was part of $40,000 he had got fro mher some time previous to the murder of her brother. She told the officials of the property division of the department that she could prove by other evidence that the money belonged to her.

As it is necessary under the law to obtain a court order before returning any property, Miss Peck was instructed to take up the matter in the Supreme Court. She left the building to go before Justice Clarence J. Shearn, who presided at Waite's trial, but did not return while the property division was open. Miss Peck was much disturbed when she was told that she would have to be identified. Detective John Cunniff of District Attorney Swann's staff, who worked on the Waite case and knew the Pecks, identified her satisfactorily.

Kane's story provided one of the early sensations of the Peck murder case. He was called in as embalmer when Waite's father-in-law died from the effects of the poison. A few days later, when the dentist had been suspected and the autopsy had been performed, resulting in the discovery of arsenic, Dr. Waite met Kane by appointment near a garage and told him that he wanted the embalmer to swear that there was arsenic in the fluid. Dr. Waite handed Kane a check for $8,800 and departed.

The embalmer, bewildered by the situation, put the check in his pocket. A half hour later Waite met him again and renewed his request in an excited manner, ending by putting a roll of bills in Kane's pockets. Kane went to Orient Point, L. I., the next day and buried the money in the sand nearby. When he was later suspected he gave himself up to the police and took them to the spot. The roll, which contained $7,800, was turned over to the police and offered as evidence at Waite's trial.

Extra Dividend by American Can.

Directors of the American Can Company declared yesterday a dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred in addition to the usual quarterly declaration of the same amount. The payment is to be made on account of dividends in arrears, amounting now to 87½ per cent. Both dividends will be paid July 2. This is the first distribution ordered on the accumulated payments in more than four years, the last preceding disbursement being 24 per cent. on April 1, 1913.

G. L. Storm Heads Tobacco Products

George L. Storm has been elected President of the Tobacco Products Corporation, succeeding Daniel G. Reid, who becomes Chairman of the Board of Directors. Announcement regarding the change yesterday included the election of George Harder, head of the Essex Foundry of Newark, as a Director. Mr. Storm has been Vice President of the company for several years and previously was Vice President and General Manager of the General Cigar Company.

Chamber to Honor Choate Today.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University will deliver a eulogy of the late Joseph H. Choate at today's meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, following which to Camber will adopt resolutions. Various committees will make reports, and J. Howard Ardrey, Vice President of the National Bank of Commerce, will make an address on behalf of the Liberty Loan Committee.

Prefers to Clean Up Stocks.

In telling why he is moving out Spring stocks at reduced prices, a clothing retailer gave as his principal reason that he wants to be as "up to shape" as possible for the developments of the future. "It may turn out," he said, "that the retailers who are salting away their surplus merchandise are doing the wise thing, but I feel that it is better to have the decks cleared for action. These surplus stocks represent so much capital. It is true that the merchant who has goods bought at low prices will be able to average his prices a year from now and sell below the general trade. On the other hand, interest charges will amount to something and the saving may not be as great as supposed. believe that next Fall the economy wave will be over and people will buy as they never did before. I want money to make money with at that time."

BUSINESS NOTES.

A meeting of the Directors of the Syndicate Trading Company will be held today at 230 Fifth Avenue.

The Shoe Retailers' Association of New York has set aside $2,000 of its funds for the purchase of Liberty Loan bonds. It is probable that the amount will be increased in the near future.

The Far Western Travelers' Association has invested $5,000 in the Liberty Loan and the organization has also subscribed $1,000 to the Red Cross.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday by Adrian H. Muller & Son at the Exchange Salesroom:

$100 Chamber of Commerce (New York) Building Fund non-cumulative income bond, 10.

$5,000 John Stephenson Company first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, due 1926, coupons January and July, 61.

$3,000 Chicago & Erie Railroad Company non-cumulative income 5 per cent. mortgage bonds, due 1982, interest annually October, 91.

$10,000 Bingham Central Railway Company first mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds, due 1948, $5,000 have coupons from No. 13 to 30, inclusive, and $5,000 have coupons from No. 16 to 30, inclusive. 21.

204 shares E. C. Painter Fertilizer Company of Jacksonville, Fla., $25 each, $18.25 per share.

146 shares Chicago City & Connecting Railways collateral trust preferred participation certificates, $22.50 per share.

88 shares Chicago City & Connecting Railways collateral trust common participation certificates, $2.25 per share.

200 shares the West Helena Consolidated Company, Helena, Ark., $25 each, $100 lot.

700 shares Baldwin Locomotive Works common, $100 each, 67½.

$5,000 Public Service Corporation of New Jersey general mortgage of 5 per cent. sinking fund bonds, due 1959, coupons April and October, 87.

200 shares Quicksilver Mining Company common, $100 each, ¾.

100 shares National Railways of Mexico second preferred, $100 each, 4½.

50 shares Norfolk Southern Railroad Company, $100 each, 24.

10 shares Southern Railway Company common, $100 each, 20¾.

500 shares Calavaras Copper Company common, $5 each, $3.25 per share.

100 shares Wabash Railway Company common, old stock, $2 lot.

280 shares United Bottle Machinery Company preferred, $5 per share.

678 shares United Bottle Machinery Company common, $1 per share.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Lea L. Doblin Co.
Factors and Commission Merchants
40 Exchange Place
1906

AUCTION SALES.

SALE TO-DAY, 2 P. M.
also Fri. & Sat., same hour, at
VanBrink's Auction Rooms
2160 Broadway (76th St.)
Entire Household Effects, Objects of Art, also Personal Effects, including Jewelry.
By order of
Mrs. W. Elmer Lawrence
Also Goods Removed from
O'Reilly Bros. Storage Warehouse
Together with Estates of Caroline E. Marshall (Deceased)
by order of Dexter, Osborn & Fleming, 71 Broadway, and
Edmund C. Marshall (Deceased)
by order of Fross & Symonds, 233 Broadway, Attorneys for Penelope Agnes Lutgen, as Administratrix.
M. VAN BRINK, Auctioneer
NOTE—Select Medium Grade Furnishings will be offered TO-DAY at 1 P. M. Dealers invited.
CATALOGUES ON PREMISES.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, United States Auctioneer, will sell at public auction, on Thursday, June 14, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, made in the matter of A. J. Crawford Company, Bankrupt, on behalf of Julius Lewis as chattel mortgagee, the property located at the premises of A. J. Crawford Company, No. 5 East 48th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. The property consists of ART FURNITURE, CURIOS, ANTIQUES, CHINAWARE, SILVERWARE and other rare and valuable articles of Household FURNITURE and DECORATIONS. The property may be examined on any day between now and the day of sale, and catalogues of sale may be had upon application at the premises at any time after Monday, the 11th day of June, and for further particulars application may be made either to the auctioneer at his place of business, No. 539 Broadway, or to Leo Oppenheimer, attorney for the chattel mortgagee, No. 60 Wall Street.

Unrestricted Clearance Sale
THIS DAY & TOMORROW
at 3 P. M., at the
Keeler Art Galleries
12 Vesey St., near Broadway.
200
Oil Paintings
To close accounts of various
ESTATES AND PRIVATE OWNERS.
Some Canvases interesting to Collectors
GEO. W. KEELER, Auctioneer

AUCTIONEERS.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures, Van Fuss & Co., 13-17 Greene St. Spring 1248.
David W. Biow Co., 520-522 B'way AUCTIONEERS TO THE TRADE
Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc., 111-141 Fourth Avenue, at 28th St.
SAMUEL MARX WOOLWORTH BUILDING Tel. 6011-12 Barclay. 15-16 Liespard St. Tel. 497 Franklin.
HIRAM H. PARKE, Art Auctioneer Galleries, 924-926 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Chas. Shongood, Auc'r, 539 B'way, Sales large plants, Machinery under $7,500. Fifth Avenue Art Galleries.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

CLOTHS.—Wanted, all-wool Foiret twill or gabardine, tan colors; will pay cash, any quality. Paris Skirt Co., 116 West 39th. Far. 5499.

CLOTHS and Serges.—Olive drab for caps and shirts wanted immediately. P. Goldmann, 54 East 9th St., New York.

COATS, Suits, Dresses.—Large Western buyer with $50,000 cash open for jobs coats, suits, and dresses. Call 6th floor, 58 West 26th. None but real values considered.

COATS.—Contractor with plant desires work on military, navy, for coats or mackinaws; answer by mail. P 75 Times.

COATS, SUITS.—Looking at Fall line, better grade. 131 West 28th, 4th floor.

COATS.—Looking at Fall samples after 11 A. M., all week. Room 410, 25 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Looking at same, every morning. 132 West 27th, 1 flight up.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Open for 15,000 yards crepe de chine and Georgette in flesh and white, heavy quality; will pay cash. Elise Waist, 121 West 17th.

CREPE DE CHINES, Georgette, laces, chiffon, and nets; open to buy big quantities for cash at a price. Feinberg Bros., 22 West 18th.

DRESSES.—Large jobber placing stock orders on georgette and taffeta dresses of the better kind. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES.—Jobber placing orders on serge and new Fall silk dresses. Call, with samples, 11th floor, 54 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Contractors for low price taffeta and satin dresses. Call for samples all day, 3d floor, 12 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—Will buy for cash any quantity wash or silk dresses, to close out. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted on snappy silk dresses; stock orders placed. 29 West 21st St., top floor.

DRESSES.—Contractors on dresses wanted; show their own samples. Smith Bros., 130-132 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at Fall silk dresses all week. 15 E. 26th, Room 1800.

DRESSES.—Jobber open for jobs, silk dresses. 39 West 32d St., 5th floor.

FLAGS.—All kinds wanted. Room 1404, 347 5th Av.

FLANNEL.—10,000 yards, 27-inch bleached domet, good quality; immediate delivery. Russell, 116 West 32d St.

JERSEY SILK.—Will buy Jersey silk, remnants, one yard up, and quantity. L 396 Times Downtown.

LACE ALLOVERS.—Open for radium lace allovers, silk, ivory, white. Oberfelder, 185 8th Av.

LACES, Embroideries, and Braids; thousands of yards at sacrifice. Maurice Bandler, 136 Madison Av.

LADIES' APPAREL.—Highest cash prices paid for jobs ladies' wearing apparel, quantity; quality no object. Gruber, 448 Broadway. Spring 358.

PANAMA.—Open for half-tone green Panama. Spring 2850.

PLUSHES.—We will buy Salts and Hind & Harrison's plushes for cash. Farragut 2068.

POM POM.—Open to buy for cost price, less 10 per cent. Chelsea 9864.

POPLIN.—Can use 50 pieces dark green all-wool poplins; P. P. L. preferred; price must be reasonable. P. J. Barash, 36 West 20th. Chelsea 8359.

POPLIN—French serges, kersey, broadcloth, and velours, for cash. S. & S., 218 4th Av., Room 1713. Call between 12 and 2.

POPLIN AND SERGE.—American poplin and serge wanted for cash, 90610 and 0686, F 65 Times.

POPLINS, SERGES, BROADCLOTHS.—Open for quantity. T. Weinberg & Sons, 144 West 27th.

POPLINS.—Open for lot of poplins, all colors, Farragut 822.

SERGES.—Will pay spot cash for 0686 Americans, 285 and 538 U. S., 106 and 9 Whitman's, 1464 Andrew's, 519 Garfield's, Madison Square 1745.

SERGE.—Navy, American 0686, Whitman's No. 9 or 106, U. S. 285; will pay cash. Phone Madison Square 1380, Levett, Frank & Co.

SERGE.—Amoskeag serge wanted, 6301, 7301, 7614, shades 87, 735, 798, or 1166, Rosenberg, phone 1672 Stuyvesant.

SERGES.—Open for Juilliards, 44 inches; also 4421, in black and colors. Chelsea 9607.

SERGES wanted for export purposes, 0686, navy, or similar fabrics. Madison Sq. 2188.

SERGE.—American 0686 serge. 200 5th Av., Room 1210.

SILK JERSEYS.—Close out of silk jerseys wanted by manufacturer. Tel. Mad. Sq. 3702.

SUITS.—Scranton Dry Goods Co., Scranton, Penn.—H. D. Ehrlich open for jobs of cloth suits, coats, silk dresses, waists, wash skirts, children's coats; bring samples. Ben F. Levis, Resident Buyer, 72 Madison Av.

SUITS.—Jobber open to buy for cash cloth and silk suits; small or large quantity. Madison Square 1921. Second floor, 9 West 31st.

SUITS.—Jobber looking at suits all week. 32 East 31st St., 1st floor.

SUITS.—Looking at samples of Fall suits. 22 West 26th, 6th floor.

SUITS.—Navy, poplins, and serges in a job. Chas. Plager, 48 West 27th.

TAFFETA.—Open for big quantity stripped taffeta at a price for spot cash. J. Blumenthal & Brother, 14-18 West 24th St.

TAFFETA.—Looking for taffetas, cheap. J. Stern, 524 Marcy Av., Brooklyn.

WOOLEN CLOTH.—Open for E. B. Moore 4106 range, Raritan 1325-1373-1521-1533, Buckley & Cohen Burrella, Wilson & Lawrence 581 and 618, for cash in quantity or sample lots. E 412 Times Annex.

WOOLENS.—Will buy any quantity mixtures, light and heavy weights; spot cash. Elias Surut, 19-21 Greene St. Tel. 9697 Spring.

Offerings to Buyers

BROADCLOTH,—Columbia, Garfield 328, tan, navy, green, 54 inch; Whitman's styles, 90, 9; Wellington Sears 1855, 500 pieces, all colors, poplin, tan, copen, $1.35. Levensohn & Sats, Mad. Sq. 1206.

COATS.—Kayser silk jersey sport coats, all colors; exceptional values; immediate delivery. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 W. 28th.

COATS.—Silk plush, 48 inches long, 72-inch sweep, 11-inch collar; belt nicely trimmed; guaranteed lining; $10.50. Merit, 33 W. 37th.

COATS.—Charmeuse, satin, taffeta, en reste to close out. Mesirsky & Stollerman, 22 West 27th. Farragut 2262.

COATS—SUITS.—Silks and cloths; closing out; sacrifice. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

COATS, SUITS, to close; desirable styles; all colors. Jacobus Bros., 1,261 Broadway.

COATS, SUITS; new styles; all shades; low prices. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Silk and cloth, to close out. T. Weinberg & Sons, 144 West 27th.

COATS.—100 desirable ladies' coats, close out, own price. Dempe, 27 West 24th.

CORDUROY material, 823 yards Boyd's 8300 corduroy, white, Copen, rose, tan; will sell at a sacrifice. Phone Md. Sq. 6375.

DRESSES. — Silks, georgettes, ginghams, graduation dresses, exceptional values. Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Navy, taffetas in stock; immediate delivery; also jobs to close at a price. Harris, 150 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—1,000 voile, gingham, and tussahs to sell for a price. Gross & Liebowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—500 wash dresses to close out cheap. Chauser, 45 West 27th.

DRESSES for graduation and voile to close out. Apollo Dress, 129 W. 31st.

GABARDINES.—To close out. Fishman Bros., 8 East 17th.

JERSEYS.—All colors, light weight; for cash. Madison Sq. 2040.

LINEN.—Irish linen, French finish. Call Madison Square 6884.

MACHINES.—One hundred machines, complete waist plant, will sublet to responsible manufacturer or sell with lease. Particulars Mad. Sq. 1383.

NOTIONS, &C.—Importer and manufacturer of notions and fancy goods closing out the following lines at sacrifice: Dress belting, cotton and silk; silk hat nets, snap fasteners, fancy pincushions and baskets, ribbon novelties, sanitary belts and aprons, cotton and silk cable elastic. 320 5th Av., Room 811. Phone Mad. Sq. 1476.

POPLIN.—Andrews, mixtures, peau de cygne, satin, to close out below cost. F 68 Times.

POPLINS.—American 90810, in navy, Copenhagen, and black, for sale. Farragut 8334.

SHANTUNG, 125 pieces, 36 ounce, cheap. Phone Farragut 9501.

SERGES.—Botany 11432, Garfields 328, Juilliards 84349, all colors. Farragut 8316.

SKIRTS.—Will close out 100 silk and poplin tussah at $2.50; also about 200, assorted materials, in plaids, mixtures, and serges, $1.23. P. J. Barash, 36 W. 20th. Chelsea 8359.

SKIRTS.—Wash skirts, $7 per dozen. Fishman Bros., 8 East 17th St.

STOLES.—Capes in plush, moleskin and all fur effects; we are headquarters in this line. Michael Bros., 118 West 29th St.

SUITS.—Salt's wool jersey; you want them, we make them; style plus price. Hurwitz, 106 West 29th St.

SUITS.—Sport stripe, silk, poplin suits, to close out; $5. Triangle Coat Co., 127 West 28th.

SUITS, navy poplin, for immediate delivery, at special price. Hirschorn, 12 West 27th.

SUITS, COATS.—Must close out; sacrifice prices. D. Gutman, 43 West 24th.

SUITS and Coats.—Better grade; sacrifice price. L. Baumann & Co., 13 East 23d St.

SUITS.—Palm Beach suits; sacrifice price. L. Baumann & Co., 13 East 23d.

TAFFETA DRESSES.—For immediate delivery, in navy, black, and colors; exceptional values. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 W. 28th.

TAFFETAS.—Quantity of navy on hand for sale; good quality. Phone Madison Square 3706.

TRUNKS.—Will sell cheap, 8 Bal flat trunks, 42x26x28; excellent condition. Phone 1017 Madison Square. 105 Madison Av., 9th floor.

WAISTS.—We sell Georgette waists, very reasonable. Deutschman Bros., 15 West 20th.

WASH SKIRTS.—500 dozen khaki kools, stripes, whites, seconds, and perfects, to close $5.50 dozen up. Queen, 149 W. 36th.

WASH SKIRTS.—Rays piques, to close at 36 dozen. Gaiety Manufacturing, 3 West 29th.

Help and Situations Wanted.

BOOKKEEPER and credit man open for position; acquainted with ladies' ready-to-wear trade. D. A., Times Harlem.

SALESMAN wanted for city, New England, Middle West, and South, to sell decorative linen; commission. Address Box S 319 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday....5 per cent. for the best names.
Tuesday.....5 " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

No Silver Thread Available.

There is said to be no more silver wire thread available in the market. This article is used in filigree work, and has become quite popular in the trimming of millinery. According to the representative of a leading dealer in such goods, stocks of silver thread ran out about two months ago. The thread was formerly imported from Germany, and no one is manufacturing it in this country.

Capes Find Ready Sale.

During the last week there has been a noticeable picking up in the demand for women's capes. The call, however, still seems to be for garments in the darker shades, such as navy, black and copenhagen. There is some inquiry for the more vivid colors, and it is understood these shades will be put out in garments designed for Summer resort wear. The military model with standing collar and flowing sleeves is the favorite in the medium class line.

Vessels Open for Wool Cargoes.

Information was given out by the Textile Alliance, Inc., yesterday that there are two sailing ships open to take cargoes from South Africa to the United States. The first of these vessels has a capacity of 3,100 tons dead weight, and is now due to discharge at Delagoa Bay. The second ship is due shortly to discharge cargo at Algoa Bay. These vessels could take cargoes from the ports named and from any other adjacent ports, and, if desired, it might be arranged for them to go up to Mombasa. Importers of wool and skins may obtain further particulars from the Textile Alliance, Inc.

Drug Prices Continue High.

Drug and Chemical Markets will say today that trading has been restricted to moderate quantities in the last week except in glycerine. Increased activity by exporters and larger domestic business brought some heavy transactions in this product. Owing to the rapid curtailment of stocks further price advances are not improbable. The announcement from Washington that the 10 per cent. import tariff had been cut out of the War Revenue bill by the Senate failed to have any effect on the market. The principal declines of the week were suffered by mercury, santonin, and sodium benzoate.

Felt Sport Hats Not Yet Active.

Bulletins of the Retail Millinery Association of America have this to say on current trade: Sport felts and velours are shown in considerable variety, but action on these goods has not started yet. It is quite likely, however, that felt hats in the sweater colors may have considerable vogue after the Fourth of July, or earlier in localities where sport hats for sport wear are in demand. The Fifth Avenue houses are all showing mid-Summer dress hats of Georgette, in large mushroom shapes, trimmed with flowers. White and pink hats are favored, especially those with draped crowns or soft edges."

Looks for Big Run on Navy.

According to one of the most experienced silk buyers in the country, the run on navy blue that is now manifesting itself here largely in the call for taffetas of this color is only the forerunner of a general demand for navy that will be sustained for months to come. There are two reasons for it, the buyer in question says. One is that it is a good war color, and the second is that it is a staple among staples. For the latter reason, if nothing else, it falls right in line with the plea of the men in high places for reasonable economy and conservation. Fully 75 per cent. of the staple silks this buyer has due him in the next three or four months will be of light or dark navy.

Why They Don't Get Them.

Local wholesalers from time to time remark on the complaints out-of-town retailers make about the difficulty they experience in obtaining capable buyers. One of the wholesalers gave an illustration yesterday of why this may be true, he having heard the story from a well-known local buyer. As the tale goes, the retailer approached the buyer one day and asked him for help in getting a good man to select his silks. He said that his store did $250,000 a year in these goods and that he thought a good man could double it. He painted glowingly the advantages of life in his city, and then played his trump. He would pay an experienced man $25 a week! He got an awful shock when the buyer asked him what the man was to do for that salary—sell silks over the counter?

Ask Buyers to Share the Advance.

Several letters have been received by large buyers of hosiery lately from mills asking them to share in unavoidable increases in production costs of goods ordered some time ago at lower figures and delayed in manufacture by the scarcity of labor, needles, &c. Not the least of these increases has been the higher wages demanded by all classes of workers to meet the rising cost of living. So sharp has been the increase in production cost been in some cases, and so large the amount of goods still owed, that failure on the part of buyers to contribute 5 or 10 cents a dozen in the form of an advance on the original price will mean bankruptcy if the wage increases are given. If they are not, strikes will follow. Some buyers are "doing their bit," the chief reason being that, either in the case of bankruptcy or strikes, they stand to lose goods on which they can still make a nice profit when they get them.

Gray Goods Buying Large.

Further active trading was done in the local gray goods market yesterday, one of the features being the cleaning up of all the 37-inch 48-square, four-yard sheetings that were to be had for June-July delivery at 11 cents. Other features included the sale of 39-inch 68-72s for this month's shipment at 11¾ cents, late contracts having sold at a quarter less. Late snipments of 38½-inch 64-60s were sold at 9½ cents, while the same construction in the 27-inch width brought 6½ cents for Fall delivery. Prompt 27-inch 64-60s brought 6¾ cents. Nearby sales of 38½-inch 60-52s were made at 8¾ cents in certain quarters, but the general asking price was an eighth higher. Bids of 12¾ cents were refused for June deliveries of 39-inch 72-76s, while for similar shipments of 39-inch 80 squares, 13¼ cents was asked. Closing prices were:

39-inch, 80-92s	13¼	38½-inch, 64-60s	9¼c
39-inch, 72-76s	12¾	38½-inch, 64-56s	9¼c
39-inch, 68-72s	11¾	38½-inch, 60-52s	8¾c
39-inch, 56-64s	10¾	38½-inch, 60-48s	8¼c
38½-inch, 64-64s	9¾	27-inch, 64-60s	6¾c

*Asked.

Open to buy for spot cash any quantity of men's wear, serge and poplin. Joseph Durst, 1,333 Broadway.

FLAGS

FOR FLAG DAY AND 4TH OF JULY.
Buy Now, Don't Be Caught Napping.

12x18 inches cotton 6s staff, gilt spear, $8.50 gross. 6x9¼ silk American, English, French, for Autos, on black staffs, 90c dozen. 2x3 ft. on staff, $2.25 dozen. Wonderful 25c sellers; also large flags at low prices.

U. S. FLAG COMPANY
132 West 17th St. Tel. Chelsea 988.

Military Stores, Attention

Prices quoted on all military equipment, including Foxe's, M. E. C. and other makes of Spiral Puttees. Also all other lines of Military accessories. Inquiries solicited. The Military Equipment Co., 55 Toronto Arcade, Toronto, Ont., Canada.

FLAGS

FLAG HOLDERS FOR AUTOMOBILES.
American and Allied Small Flags.
4x6 inches. Mounted. Silk mixture. Immediate delivery. The also flag that all dealers want but cannot get.
SCHOPS-HAHN CO.,
156 Fifth Ave. Chelsea 9232.

WASH DRESSES
TO CLOSE OUT
PHIL MARK & CO. 71 W. 23D St. Gram. 4414
NAVY TAFFETA DRESSES
MAJESTIC DRESS CO. 129-133 W. 29th St.
WOOLENS OFF PRICE
ELIAS SURUT
NAVY TAFFETA DRESSES
Pongee and Silk Jersey Sport Suits.
TIP-TOP DRESS, 134 W. 37th
SKIRTS, SILK JERSEYS, $3.75
Also Jersey Coats, $5 and Up.
DAILY WAIST, 8 West 19th
OUR NEW FALL LINE.
COATS AND SUITS NOW READY.
Joseph Schwartz, 135 W. 25th St.
COATS, SUITS IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
M. B. KAUFMAN, 6 W. 32d
Our Fall Line of SUITS Now Ready.
TRIANGLE COAT CO., 127 W. 30th St.
SEWING MACHINES BOUGHT, SOLD EXCHANGED
Ribbon & Cleaning. 311 W. 37th. Phone Spring 6130
SALESMEN wanted, woolen fabrics, with small capital, mill agency. Box Y 337 Times Annex.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Lipshitz Bros.: J. Lipshitz, ready-to-wear; Wallick's.

ALBANY, N. Y.—J. G. Myers Co.; W. A. Findlay, cloaks, suits, waists; 220 8th Av.

AKRON, Ohio.—L. Frederman, silk waists, sport, tub suits, dresses, waists, jobs silk dresses, coats, suits; 1,140 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; L. K. Gutman, dry goods; 200 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—H. Katzenstein & Bro.; B. Katzenstein, men's, boys' trousers; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; J. W. Waldorf, housefurn. goods; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Cahn, Coblens & Co.; E. H. Blum, notions, jewelry; W. F. Jester, furn. goods; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—H. Witz & Co.; M. Witz, cotton piece goods; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—The Fashion; L. Gutman, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

BANGOR, Me.—A. L. Freese, general merchandise; 1,270 B'way.

BOSTON—Houghton & Dutton Co.; A. Van Norden, men's furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; Prince George.

BOSTON.—William Filene's Sons & Co.; Miss Nelson, misses' dresses; Mrs. Barrett, machine-made dresses; Miss Gilman, children's coats, dresses; Miss Vincent, women's suits; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; L. F. Hill, girls' coats, dresses; C. Kovan, men's clothing, 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; V. P. Ring, dresses; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; G. W. Little, upholstery goods; 432 4th Av.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; J. D. Granfield, gloves, hdkfs., knit underwear; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Kippe & Walte; G. Walte, tie silks; Broxtell.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss M. Langenhuber, jewelry, silverware; Miss L. Yaeckel, ribbons; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; W. D. Kent, carpets; J. A. Taylor, laces, neckwear; 2 W. 37th.

CHICAGO—S. Katz, cloaks, suits; York.

CHICAGO—C. Dernberg & Son; C. Dernberg, furs; Imperial.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Mandel Bros.; Miss Campbell, infants' wear; 13 E. 32d.

CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; W. M. Smith, gloves, umbrellas; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—N. Goldberg, furn. goods; Broadway Central.

CHICAGO—Strous & Schramm; H. Schramm, carpets; Ansonia.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; C. K. Gerwig, silks; W. G. Burt, upholstery goods; 1,107 B'way.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—S. Ach Co.; E. Ach, silks, velvets, ribbons, flowers, and feathers; 631 B'way.

CLEVELAND.—Bailey Co.; C. Mashak, millinery; 72 Madison Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—The Lindner Co.; A. H. Canning, jobs petticoats, neckwear; 1,140 Broadway.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Higbee Co.; C. O. Schaible, domestics; A. Hannels; F. Potts, linens; Miss C. Murray, white goods; A. Shiverick, misc. mgr.; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Wm. Taylor, Son & Co.; R. Davies, pictures, talking machines; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor, Son & Co.; Mrs. P. Keyes, misses' juvenile wear; Mrs. J. Oram, women's wear; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor, Son & Co.; M. Rogers, domestic rugs; 470 4th Av.; Prince George.

COHOES, N. Y.: Pearl Waist Co.; J. F. Quinn, waists, corset covers; Continental.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. Lazarus Co.; F. H. Myers, dress goods, silks; 220 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Elberfeld-Culp Co.; S. Elberfeld, furn. goods; B. S. Culp, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Sherman-Leechman Co.; H. C. Paul, G. F. Sherman, furn. goods; Breslin.

DETROIT, Mich.—D. J. Healy Co.; A. J. Wilson, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

DETROIT—Hudson-Symington Co.; R. Owens, draperies; Netherland.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. Gross, men's clothing, basement; 354 4th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; F. C. Peckenshaw, hosiery, underwear, shirts; N. Schieff, domestics; 48 Leonard.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—E. S. Brown Co.; D. M. Lamatie, cloaks, suits, waists, muslin underwear; 1,230 B'way; Brostell.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—A. McWhirr Co.; J. Conn, ready-to-wear; J. E. Bannister, carpets; 404 4th Av.; Brostell.

FORT SMITH, Ark.—Boston D. G. Co.; H. Kaufman, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.

HAMILTON, Ohio—The Schingen Co.; C. Sohngen, dry goods; 1,270 B'way.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; Miss M. Brophy, waists; S. F. McCubbin, dry goods; Mrs. M. Dunlap, cloaks, suits; 1,270 Broadway; Continental.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; William Seery, millinery; 404 4th Av.; Murray Hill.

HARTFORD, Conn.—C. S. Hills & Co.; A. F. Reganal, hosiery, underwear; Wallick.

HARTFORD, Conn. — Brown, Thompson & Co.; G. A. Gay, representing; 230 6th Av.; Park Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; I. Wise, cloaks, suits, waists; 404 4th Av.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Selig Dry Goods Co.; Miss Goeschel, millinery; 116 W. 32d.

INDIANAPOLIS — Efroymson & Wolf; L. Wolf, women's ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.

JACKSON, Miss.—R. C. Kennington Co.; R. C. Kennington, notions, hosiery, jewelry; 351 4th Av.

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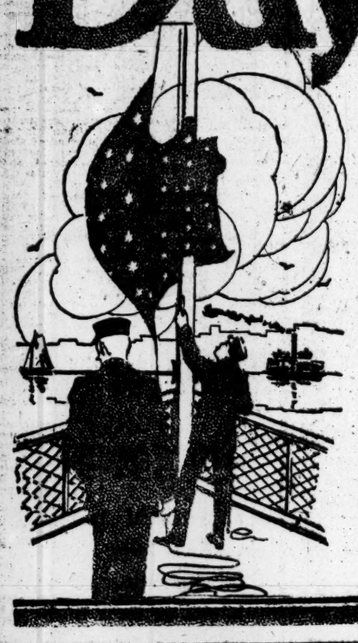

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Excellent cuisine; service. F. J. MAAS, Mgr.

MONTAUK HOTEL ASBURY PARK, N. J. Capacity 175. Modern. Homelike; excellent table; booklet. H. F. MILLER.

THE SHOREHAM SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.

Opens June 23. R. E. Spangenberg, Prop.

North Asbury Park Hotel Auditorium

Ocean End—Sixth Ave. Excellent accommodations at attractive rates. A. L. Harvey.

For Hotel Accommodations at ASBURY PARK, near Beach.
Write Publicity Bureau for Information.

NEW JERSEY.

The Pudding Stone Inn

A *Phoebe Snow* awaits at 5, and then the "movies" through the Morris Hills. At 6, a wave and she goes away and you to the pines and lindens, which add their graceful welcome to that of the Inn. The excellent dinner, twilight porch, and the misty distant mountain give the peace and quiet you may need. If you angle, there are fish. Ride?—there are horses. Canoe?—a beautiful river. If you love a glen, a waterfall, a tumbling river—they are but a stroll away. Booklet. Favorable weekly rates; $3 per day. Open all year. Phone 301. G. N. VINCENT. Boonton, N. J. (Mountain Lakes.)

Ideal Home for Spring and Summer

HOTEL MONTCLAIR

MONTCLAIR, N. J.

MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS. OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR. Exclusive Clientele. Golf. Splendid Orchestra. Dancing. English Grill. Private Motor Bus Meets Lackawanna Trains.

FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY.

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Sea Bright, N. J., Opens June 28th

Nearest Ocean Resort to N. Y.
220 Rooms, each with private bath. At attractive rates; every room faces the Sea; new Annex this year; excellent bathing beach, tennis courts.

NEW YORK BOOKING OFFICE
THE SHERMAN SQUARE HOTEL,
Broadway & 70th St.

The New HOLLYWOOD

West End, Long Branch, N. J.

Entirely renovated and improved; 200 rooms and baths; electric light; telephone. Golf and tennis grounds attached. Annex opens May 30. Hotel opens June 23.

Personal Management Walter E. Hildreth
Formerly of West End Hotel, Long Branch, N. J.
N. Y. Booking Office: 45 B'way. Phone 3139 Broad.

HOMELIKE

THE BREAKERS

SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Season
June 22 to Oct. 1
PHONE 780

The New MONMOUTH

Spring Lake Beach, N. J.

Season from
JUNE 23rd TO OCTOBER 1st
New York Booking Office, Hotel Biltmore.
E. S. Tyng, Representative.
FRANK P. SHUTE, Mgr.

LAKE VIEW HOUSE,

LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J.

Attractive rooms, with or without bath; boating, bathing, tennis, music. Thomas R. Moore Hotel Co. Address Mount Arlington, N. J.

THE LAFAYETTE

ASBURY PARK, N. J.

Exclusive patronage; private and public tub, shower and needle baths; bachelor apartments; running water in every room; white service. M. H. FROST.

THE COLONIAL

Spring Lake Beach, New Jersey
NOW OPEN
Misses Vanderhoof & Reynolds

HOTEL MARTIN Highlands, N. J. New and Modern.

Surf and still water bathing, good fishing. Rates $3 day up, $15 week up. M. Gerbrach, Prop.

NEW COLUMBIA HOTEL

Belmar, N. J. Opens June 23.

Directly on ocean front; $100,000 improvements. B. C. MUIRHEID, Proprietor.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
America's Famous All-Year Resort.
The Leading Houses Always Open.

QUEEN Ocean Grove, N. J. Directly on beach. L. J. Russell, Prop.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY.

CHALFONTE

HOSPITABLE - HOMELIKE
ON THE BEACH
ALWAYS OPEN

HOTEL ABSECON FIREPROOF Virginia Avenue, near Beach.

Steam heat, private baths, running water. Elevator to street level. $2.50 up daily, $13 up weekly. Booklet. C. D. PAINTER.

The Carlton **The Yarmouth**

Chelsea Av. & Beach. Belmont Av. & Boardwalk

Fifteenth season under same management. Booking office: Manager "Albemarle," 54th & B'way.

HOTEL ARLINGTON Michigan Ave., near Beach.

Open all year. R. J. OSBORNE & SON.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Summer Bookings Now Being Made.

The Breakers

The house of service and the home of the epicure. Atlantic City's newest fireproof hotel, with capacity for 1,200 guests. Sea water baths, showers and surf bathing from house. Open air restaurant and Roof Garden overlooking Boardwalk. American and European plans. Booklet. JOEL HILLMAN, Prop.

ROYAL PALACE

HOTEL and COTTAGES, on the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J. NEAR ALL PIERS and AMUSEMENTS.

ORCHESTRA · DANCING

Every CONVENIENCE and COMFORT and PLEASURE

HADDON HALL

ATLANTIC CITY
RIGHT ON THE BEACH
ALWAYS OPEN

THE LEADING RESORT HOTEL OF THE WORLD

Marlborough-Blenheim

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

ALAMAC HOTEL

Ocean front in the heart of Atlantic City. Fireproof. American and European plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Grill. Orchestra. Garage. Capacity 400. Open always. MACK LATZ & CO.

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PINE GROVE SPRINGS

ON THE SHORE OF LAKE SPOFFORD.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE INLAND RESORT IN THE PINE BELT OF SOUTHERN NEW HAMPSHIRE.
BRADBURY F. CUSHING, Manager.
Booking Office, Hotel McAlpin, 2d Mezzanine Floor. Tel. Gresley 5700, Extension 42.

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NEW HOTEL HAZLETON

45 South Street.

Now open for business. 70 bedrooms, single or en suite; private bath; electric light, electric elevator. Quiet and restful. First class service. Engage rooms and board now. Terms reasonable.

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Stockbridge, Mass.
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Roads in Excellent Condition.
Route Books and circulars on request.
ALLEN T. TREADWAY.

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Stockbridge, Mass.

In the Berkshire Hills. Open June 16th. This modern Hotel is finely appointed and delightfully located; golf, tennis, &c.; music of exceptional merit; only four hours from New York or Boston. For information regarding rates, &c., apply to ALLEN T. TREADWAY, Proprietor. W. G. HAVILL, Manager.

The Greylock Hotel

NOW OPEN.
WILLIAMSTOWN, MASS.
THE VILLAGE BEAUTIFUL.
Golf, Tennis, Swimming Pool.
Garage accommodating 70 cars.
Booklet. HENRY N. TEAGUE, Lessee.

Social & Scenic Center, White Mts.

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18-Hole Golf. Trap Shooting Tournament. Booking Office, 1,180 B'way, New York. Tel. Mad. Sq. 4748.

LAKE SUNAPEE, N. H.

For Sale Furnished Cottage, eleven rooms, fronting on lake. Boat house with two slips. One mile from Village by road or water. Ideal summer home. Particulars M. P. Ferris, 398 Canal St., N. Y. C.

VERMONT VACATIONS.

Books sent free: "Vermont's Silent Places"; "Lakes of Eastern Vermont"; "Cottage Rite"; "Green Mountain Tours"; "Hotels and Boarding Houses"; "Road Map"; "Fish and Game Laws." Write GUY W. BAILEY, Sec. of State, Essex Junction, Vt.

THE DORMS In Green Mts. 20 Acre Grounds

Shade, sports, good table. Near R. R. and trolley. 150 guests. Modern improvements. $10 up. Booklet. Box T, Poultney, Vt.

CAMP WOPOWOG—WOPOWOG LODGE

On Lake Salmon

All sports. Social Director. Excellent table. Booklet. $30-$14 weekly. Address The Wopowog, East Hampton, Conn., Box 40.

Hotel Ehrhart Sheffield, Mass., in the Berkshires.

High altitude; suites with bath; golf, tennis, fishing, dancing, garage. Booklet.

SPRUCE POINT HOUSE,
BOOTHBAY HARBOR, MAINE.
Fishing, Boating, Bathing. Accommodates 65. Booklet.

NEW ENGLAND.

Peerless in location, midway between Portland and the White Mountains, on the main auto trunk line.

Bay of Naples Hotel

NAPLES, MAINE

Extensively Improved and Refurnished
OPEN JUNE 23th

Immediately on the shore, facing Long Island and the Bay of Naples and offering high-class accommodations at reasonable rates. Every summer pleasure. Tennis, good fishing, bathing, boating. Fine walks, good roads, purest spring water. Garage.

A. C. BROOKS, Proprietor,
Formerly of the Summit Springs Hotel, Poland, Maine.

Booklet on Application.

ELY COURT

Opens June 4th. New modern building. Picturesquely situated on a high ridge overlooking Long Island Sound—two and one-half miles from Greenwich—forty-five minutes from New York. Bath in every double room; long-distance telephone in every room. Milk from our own Aldermey herd; vegetables fresh from our own garden. Tennis courts; playgrounds for children. Motor cabs meet all trains. Address

ELY COURT, Greenwich, Connecticut

HOTEL MANOR
SHIPPAN POINT
STAMFORD, CONN
Management of Harriet L. Hayes.
OPENS JUNE 16.

Orchestra, golf, tennis, bathing, dancing; finest beach along the shore; 55 minutes from Grand Central Terminal; express service. Booklet. Telephone 211

Chatham Bars Inn

and cottages. Newest hotel on Cape Cod. Golf course, electric lights, steam heat. Milk and vegetables from our own farm. Opens June 16. Chatham Bars Inn, Chatham, Mass.

The New Edgewood

Greenwich, Conn.

Under management of Misses Gillan and Edwards, formerly of The Hall, Glen Cove and Forest Hills Inn, Forest Hills, L. I. 45 minutes from Grand Central Station; tennis. Private garage.

N. Y. Office—M. E. Hewitt Studio, 536 5th Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 440.

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VACATION

10-Day Stop-Over on all through tickets. Illustrated booklet tells the whole story.

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EXCELLENT CUISINE AND SERVICE. BOOKLET.

KATHMERE INN, Sound Beach, Conn.—On the water; 50 minutes from New York. Double rates, $32.00 to $50.00 per week.

CANADA—Muskoka Lakes.

Get away to happiness—away to the nerve-resting, pine-scented, sleep-giving air of the

Royal Muskoka Muskoka Lakes.

There you will find this Hotel the cheery rooms, good food, golf, tennis, everything that makes life worth while. Passport not required. No heat tax. Booklet, Royal Muskoka Hotel, Toronto, Ont.

ENGLAND

SAVOY HOTEL, LONDON

Centre of American Life in Europe.
The Venue of the Great War Banquet.

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Men of Judgment

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BECAUSE-- They want to buy the best Security obtainable— They believe that Security will increase in value— They know their country needs the help of its citizens.

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ONLY EIGHT MORE DAYS IN WHICH TO BUY THIS LOAN.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Have Vigorous Advance in an Active Session—Russian Bonds Easier.

The stock market was greatly benefited by the extra day of rest which it had on Tuesday and opened yesterday with a fresh wave of enthusiasm over the prospects for further expansion in all lines of business. Gains of from 2 to 16 points resulted from active dealings that centred largely in the steel stocks, although there was unusual activity also in American Can, Smelters, the Locomotive issues, and Industrial Alcohol.

Why the market should have made such abrupt moves yesterday was not apparent. Traders talked about the satisfactory showing made in the registration of 10,000,000 young men for war without a single instance of serious disorder as a factor in the rise, but as few people had looked for any trouble the explanation left something to the imagination. Professional operators are convinced that the industrial companies which supply articles used in war are going to have a degree of prosperity never before experienced, even in the face of the expected heavy increases in the excess profits tax. The rise in Industrial Alcohol was due largely to concentrated buying, which carried the price up to 156½, 16¾ points above the closing figure on Monday. This is essentially a war issue and yesterday's activity was accompanied by reports of efforts to drive in a large short interest, and of an expected forthcoming dividend.

The steel issues were very much in public favor, United States Steel leading the list with a resumption of its activity before the payment of the extra dividend last week. This issue closed with a net gain of 3⅜. Bethlehem Steel B moved up 9¾ points and the common stock 6¾. Lackawanna Steel almost touched par, closing with a net advance of 3 points. American Steel Foundry, United Alloys, Transue-Williams, Midvale, Railway Steel Springs and Republic all showed pronounced strength based on the constantly increasing demand for steel products. The Iron Age yesterday reported a new high record for monthly output of iron and an advance in price to $50 a ton.

The Street is so puzzled by the Russian situation that it hardly knew whether to accept the news that the Allies had served notice on Russia that she must remain in the war as favorable or unfavorable. It served to some extent to remove the fear that Russia might conclude an agreement with Germany, but Russian bonds broke sharply yesterday and ruble exchange declined to a new low record. It is hoped that by another week some authoritative account of conditions at Petrograd will be received from the Root Commission.

LONDON MARKET IS QUIET.

Principal Orders Represent Reinvestment of Dividends.

LONDON, June 6.—Money and discount rates were easy today.

On the Stock Exchange most of the principal orders represented reinvestment of dividends into gilt-edge securities. The tone was quieter, but the tendency firm. Further activity developed in ammunition, shipping, and leading oil shares. Russians were steadier, but South American issues were still uncertain.

American stocks were occasionally dealt in at a fraction over yesterday.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High ..... 3½ | Last 3½
Low ..... 3½ | Renewals 3½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERAL. | ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Thirty days...4½@4¾ | Thirty days.....3@3½
Sixty days...4½@4¾ | Sixty days.....3@3½
Ninety days...4½@4¾ | Ninety days.....3@3½
Four months...4½@4¾ | Four months.....3@3½
Five months...4½@4¾ | Five months.....3@3½
Six months...4½@4¾ | Six months.....3@3½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....3 @3½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....3½@4½

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days.....4¾
4 to 6 months.....5
Other Names.
4 to 6 months.....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.76½	$4.75½	$4.75½	..
Cables	4.76½	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.73	5.73	5.73	—.00¼
Cables	5.72	5.72	5.72	—.00¼

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close—Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London 4.76⅛	4.76⅛
5.1825	Paris 5.73	5.72
	China—	
	Hongkong 57.50	57.60
	Peking 92.00	92.25
	Shanghai 86.00	86.25
19.295	Greece 19.85	19.90
32.44	India—	
	Bombay 32.75	33.00
	Calcutta 32.75	33.00
5.1826	Italy 7.05	7.04¾
49.84	Japan—	
	Kobe 51.87½	52.00
	Yokohama 51.87½	52.00
50.00	Philippine Islands—	
	Manila 50.12½	50.25
40.10	Holland 41.25	41.37½
51.85	Russia 25.80	25.40
26.79	Scandinavia—	
	Copenhagen 28.60	28.80
	Stockholm 29.95	30.50
	Christiania 29.30	29.46
9.205	Spain 22.70	22.85
	South America—	
42.44	Buenos Aires 44.87½	44.80
32.44	Rio 26.62½	26.75
5.1826	Switzerland 5.05	5.03½

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 33@34c. carload lots, spot delivery; 29¼@30c. third quarter; 28¼@29c. fourth quarter, delivered. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Tuesday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	130 0 0	130 0 0
Copper, futures	130 10 0	130 10 0
Tin, spot	237 0 0	239 10 0
Tin, futures	234 10 0	237 0 0
Spelter	54 0 0	54 0 0
Lead	30 10 0	30 10 0

Dividend-bearing stocks bid and offered in The Annalist every Monday by reputable firms in the Open Security Market. The stocks and bonds on sale are not listed on any Exchange. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$2,856,307	$210,120,255
Ord. internal rev.	6,908,262	299,583,212
Income tax	16,441,513	180,862,455
Miscellaneous	8,363,537	72,107,880
Total receipts	$20,565,520	$862,708,587
Excess of ord. recpts. over ord. disburse.	16,811,600	
Excess of ord. disb. over ord receipts		57,876,429
Excess of tot. disburse. over total receipts	34,084,905	43,980,187
Expenditures	13,253,910	920,584,587

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	60.50	61.00	60.50	61.50
Lead	11.37½	11.62½	11.37½	....
Spelter	9.75	....	9.75	....
Antimony	21.00	22.00	22.00	23.00
Quicksilver	$90.00	....	$90.00	....
Aluminium	*60.00	62.00	*60.00	62.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdy	45.00	46.50	45.50	46.50

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 33@34c. carload lots, spot delivery; 29¼@30c. third quarter; 28¼@29c. fourth quarter, delivered. London quotations were:

	£	s.	d.	¢	s.	d.
Copper, spot	130	0	0	130	0	0
Copper, futures	130	10	0	130	10	0
Tin, spot	237	0	0	239	10	0
Tin, futures	234	10	0	237	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	1,006,959	451,300	536,781
Year to date	85,617,747	75,153,269	55,188,969

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
28¼	32	200	Advance Rumely pf	29½	29½	29½	29½	—2
5	5½	1,500	Alaska Gold Mines	5½	5½	5	5	...
4½	4⅝	400	Alaska Juneau	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
30½	30⅝	3,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	29⅝	30⅞	29⅝	30½	+1⅛
85	86½	2,800	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	84½	86	84⅝	86	+1⅛
92	93	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	93	93	93	93	— ⅛
95¼	95¼	200	Am. Beet Sugar	96	96	95¼	96½	+ ⅜
52¾	52⅞	14,785	Am. Can	51	53	51	52⅝	+2¼
110¼	111½	1,500	Am. Can pf	108½	111½	108½	111½	+4
76⅜	77	5,299	Am. Car & Fdry	76½	77½	76½	76⅞	+1½
41½	43⅜	100	Am. Cotton Oil	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	41½	— ⅜
63	64	200	Am. H. & Leath. pf	64	64	63½	63⅝	+ ⅜
63	64	20	Do., odd lot	64	64	64	64	...
25⅝	25¾	9,300	Am. Linseed	25¼	26	25	25⅝	+ ⅜
63	63½	900	Am. Linseed pf	63½	63½	63½	63½	+ ⅜
75½	75⅝	13,400	Am. Locomotive	74½	75⅝	73⅞	75½	+1⅞
9⅝	10	400	Am. Malting	9¼	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	+ ⅛
57	57½	100	Am. Malting 1st pf	58	58	58	58	—5
110⅜	110⅝	33,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	110¼	111⅝	110¼	110⅝	+1⅝
73½	73⅝	3,800	Am. Steel F'dries	72½	73½	72½	73½	+2
117	117½	4,500	Am. Sugar Ref	117⅓	118½	116½	117	+1
37	37	3,100	Am. Sumatra Tob	38	38⅛	35⅝	36¼	— ⅝
121¼	122¼	500	Am. Tel. & Tel	121⅝	121⅞	121½	121⅞	+ ⅜
195¼	198	200	Am. Tobacco	195	195½	195	195½	+ ⅜
101½	103	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	102⅝	103	102⅝	103	+ ⅜
54⅝	54⅞	2,200	Am. Woolen	54	54⅞	54	54⅝	+ ⅜
47	48	200	Am. Writing P. pf	47	47	47	47	...
33¼	34	700	Am. Zinc L. & S	33½	34	33½	33½	— ⅛
62⅝	66	300	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf	62½	62½	62½	62½	—1½
85¼	85½	18,000	Anaconda Copper	85½	85½	84⅜	85⅞	+1
102¼	102⅞	1,900	Atch., Top. & S. F	101⅝	102⅝	101⅝	102⅝	+ ⅞
16	16⅛	200	At., Birm. & At	16	16	16	16	...
108½	108½	2,000	At. Gulf & West I	108	108½	107	108½	+1⅝
68	68¼	29,900	Baldwin Loco	66½	68¾	66	68¼	+3½
101¼	102½	200	Baldwin Loco. pf	102	102	101⅝	101⅞	+ ¼
72	72¼	800	Baltimore & Ohio	72	72¼	72	72¼	+1¼
69½	70	200	Baltimore & O. pf	70	70	70	70	+ ½
1	1⅛	100	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	...
150	150¼	3,600	Bethlehem Steel	145	150	145	150	+6¾
147¼	147½	81,600	Beth.S.class B t.cfs	139½	147½	139½	147¼	+9½
62½	62⅝	200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	62⅜	62⅝	62	62	— ⅜
103	104	1,000	Burns Brothers	103	108	103	103	...
43⅜	44	900	Butte & Superior	43	43⅝	43	43⅛	— ⅛
38	38⅜	700	California Packing	38½	38⅞	38¼	38¼	+ ⅛
23	23⅞	300	California Petrol	23	23⅞	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
51½	54	200	California Pet. pf	53⅜	54	53⅜	54	— ⅛
160½	161	2,400	Canadian Pacific	160⅜	161¼	160¼	161	— ⅛
93	95¼	8,300	Central Leather Co	92⅜	95½	93⅜	95¼	+2
36	37	300	Cerro de Pasco	37½	37¾	37	37	— ¼
60⅞	61	1,900	Chesapeake & Ohio	60¾	61¼	60¾	61	+ ½
5	7	100	C. & E. Ill.pf.Eq.tr	5	5	5	5	—1
11	12	100	Chi. Great Western	11	11	11	11	— ⅛
34	34½	700	Chi. Great West. pf	34	34⅛	34	34	+ ⅛
73	74¼	1,800	Chi., Mil. & St. P	73	74½	73	73⅝	+ ⅛
109⅞	111	1,100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	110	111¼	110	110¼	+ ⅛
111	112¼	200	Chi. & Northw.	111	111¾	111	111¾	—3⅛
140	150	700	Chi. & Northw. pf	149⅞	149⅞	149⅞	149⅞	...
43¼	43½		Chi., Rock Island & Pac. cfs.of d.2d pd	43¼	43¼	43	43	— ½
77⅜	78	200	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. 7 p. c. pf.w.i	77⅜	77⅜	77½	77½	— ⅛
66½	67	100	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. 6 p. c. pf. w.i	67	67	67	67	— ⅛
22	22¼	1,400	Chile Copper	22½	22½	22	22	— ⅛
58½	58⅝	2,300	Chino Copper	58⅛	59	58⅛	58⅜	+ ⅛
41	41¼	100	Chi., C. G. & St. L.	41	41	41	41	...
57	57¼	19,200	Col. Fuel & Iron	54½	57¼	54½	56⅞	+3¼
41⅞	42%	800	Columbia Gas & El	41½	42¼	41½	42¼	+ ⅞
108½	109½	400	Consolidated Gas	108	109	108	109	+ ½
...	...	100	Con. Int. Cal. Min	16½	16½	16	16½	+ ⅛
94½	98	500	Continental Can	95½	96¾	95½	96¼	+2⅝
32⅝	32⅞	29,400	Corn Products Ref	31⅞	33	31⅞	32⅝	+1½
104	104½	600	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	104⅜	104⅜	104⅛	104⅜	+ ⅛
81½	82	27,600	Crucible Steel	80½	82⅝	80½	82	+2⅞
44½	45	7,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	44½	44⅞	43⅞	44⅜	+ ⅛
91½	91¾	400	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	91½	91¾	91½	91½	+ ½
108	109¼	500	Delaware & Hudson	107⅝	109	107⅝	109	+1¾
15¼	16	600	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	16	16	16	16	+ ¼
18½	18⅝	4,800	Distillers' Secur	17½	18½	17½	18⅜	+1⅝
106⅜	107⅞	1,900	Dome Mines	11½	11½	10⅝	10⅝	—1
35½	36	1,800	Elk Horn Coal	35⅞	36½	35½	35⅝	+ ⅝
45½	46	100	Elk Horn Coal pf	45½	45½	45½	45½	...
25⅛	25⅝	3,600	Erie	24⅞	25⅝	24⅞	25½	+ ⅝
38	38½	800	Erie 1st pf	38	38½	38	38½	+1⅜
29	29¼	100	Erie 2d pf	29	29	29	29	+ ⅛
47½	48	200	Federal S. & R. pf	47½	47⅞	47½	47½	+ ⅛
87½	88½	100	Fisher Body pf	88½	88⅞	88½	88½	+1
32½	33¼	100	Gaston, W. & W	33	33	33	33	+1
163	164	1,200	General Electric	162⅝	164¾	162⅞	164	+2
103½	104	2,100	Gen. Mot. temp. cfs	105	105⅝	103½	104	— ½
52½	53	1,600	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	52⅜	53⅜	52⅜	53	+ ⅜
107½	108	400	Great Northern pf	107¾	107¾	107¼	107¾	+ ⅛
34⅜	34½	3,600	G. N. ctfs. for o. p.	34	34⅝	33⅞	34¼	+ ⅛
44½	45¼	600	Greene Cananea	44½	45¾	44½	45	+ ⅛
128½	129¾	200	Gulf States Steel	129	129	129	129	+6
102⅞	103	100	Illinois Central	102⅜	102⅝	102⅜	102⅝	...
63	64	7,700	Inspiration Copper	63	64¼	63	64¼	+1½
10¼	10½	500	Interboro Consol	10¼	10¼	10¼	10½	+ ⅛
19½	20	200	Int. Agricultural	19½	19½	19½	19½	+ ⅛
50	51	300	Int. Agricultural pf	51¼	51¼	51	51	—1
27⅝	27⅞	7,200	Int. Mer. Marine	29	29	27¼	27⅜	— ⅝
80	80½	20,600	Int. Mer. Marine pf	81	81¾	79½	80¼	+ ⅛
42	42½	10,900	Int. Nickel	41½	42¾	41½	42	+ ⅛
44	44¼	5,300	Int. Paper	44¼	45	44	44	+ ⅛
77	77½	400	Int. Paper pf. sta	77	77½	76¾	77¼	+ ⅛
50	52	200	Jewel Tea	50	50	50	50	...
22	22⅜	100	Kansas City South	22¼	22½	22¼	22¼	— ¼
51½	53	100	Kelly Spring Tire	51¼	51¼	51¼	51½	...
48	49¼	9,200	Kennecott Copper	48⅝	49¾	48⅝	49	+⅝
97½	98	20,900	Lackawanna Steel	97⅛	99⅞	97⅛	99⅞	+3
187	188		Lee Rubber & Tire	187	187	187	187	+ ½
63½	64		Lehigh Valley	63½	66⅝	63¾	65⅝	+ ½
225	225	100	Liggett & Myers	225	225	225	225	—6
115	115	100	Lorll., (P.) Co., pf	115	115	115	115	...
83	83	100	Mackay Cos	83	83	83	83	...
106	106½	2,000	Mackay Cos. pf	106	106½	107	106½	+1⅝
66	66½	29,900	Maxwell Motors	65½	66⅝	66	66⅛	+3½
102¼	102½	200	Maxwell Motors 1st pf	102	102	102	101⅝	+ ¼
72	72¼	800	Max. Motors 1st pf	67½	67½	67½	67½	+ ⅛
69½	70	200	Mexican Petroleum	100	100⅛	98½	98⅝	...
40	40¼	1,550	Miami Copper	40⅞	40⅞	40¼	40¼	— ⅛
65½	65⅝	29,800	Midvale Steel	63½	65¾	63½	65⅝	+2⅝
17	18	600	Minn. & St. L. new	17	17½	17	17½	...
6⅜	6¼	600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
28¼	28½	1,200	Mo. Pacific w i	28¾	28⅝	28⅜	28⅜	...
38½	38⅝	2,300	Nat. Enam. & St	37½	38⅝	37½	38¼	+ ⅝
58½	59¼	500	National Lead	59½	59⅞	59½	59⅝	+ ⅝
25½	25½	800	Nevada Con. Cop	25½	25⅝	25¼	25⅜	...
153	154	2,400	N. Y. Air Brake	148½	153	148	153	+4½
91¼	91½	2,100	N. Y. Central	91	91⅝	91	91⅜	+ ⅛
124½	124⅝	600	Norfolk & Western	124½	124½	124	124	...
103	103¾	1,000	Northern Pacific	103	103⅞	103	103	+ ⅛
92	96	100	Nova Scotia S. & C	94½	94½	94½	94½	+1½
139	140	5,200	Ohio Cities Gas	140	140⅞	139½	139½	+ ⅞
49½	50	100	Ohio Fuel Supply	49½	49½	49½	49½	+ ⅛
5¾	6	900	Ontario Mining	5¾	6	5¾	6	+ ⅛
24⅝	25¼	500	Pacific Mail	24⅝	24⅝	24⅜	24⅜	— ⅛
25	25	20	Do., odd lot	25	25	25	25	...
83	83	800	Penn. R. R	83	83¼	83	83½	...
78½	79	1,730	People's Gas, Chi	78½	77	78¾	76¾	+1¼
19	19	100	Pierce-Arrow pf	19	19	19	19	+ ⅛
84½	84½	100	Philadelphia Co	84½	84½	84½	84½	+ ⅛
49½	50	10,700	Pitts. Coal cfs. of d	49½	51¾	49½	50¾	+1⅝
27⅝	28⅛	2,500	Pitts. & West Va	27⅝	28⅝	27⅝	28⅛	+ ⅝
62	62	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	62	62	62	62	+1
78⅞	79	100	Pressed Steel Car	78⅞	78⅞	78⅝	78⅝	+ ⅛
102	103	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	103	103	103	103	+ ⅛
1	1	200	Quicksilver	1	1	1	1	...
1	1¼	1,100	Quicksilver pf	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
53⅝	55½	4,200	Railway Steel Sp	53⅝	55½	53⅝	55⅜	+1⅞
30½	30⅝	2,500	Ray Con. Copper	30½	30⅝	30½	30⅝	+ ⅛
93½	94⅝	18,500	Reading	93½	94⅝	93	93¾	+1
91	93¼	23,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	91	93¼	91	93⅛	+2⅝
103⅝	105	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	103⅝	105¾	103⅝	105¼	+ ⅛
65	65¼	400	Royal Dutch f	65	65¼	64½	64¾	+ ⅛
17	17¼	1,200	St. L. & San Fran	17	17¾	16⅜	17¼	+ ¼
75	80	200	Savage Arms	77	77	77	77	+2
41½	44	300	Saxon Motor	41½	42	41½	42	—1
175	175	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	175	175	175	175	...
26½	27	200	Shattuck-Arizona	26½	27⅛	26½	27¼	+ ⅛
55	55½	3,500	Sinclair Oil & Ref	55	56½	55⅛	55⅝	— ⅛
61	61¾	2,000	Sloss-S. Steel & I	61⅛	62⅝	61	62¼	+1⅛
92⅞	93	3,800	Southern Pacific	92⅞	93⅝	92⅝	93⅜	+ ⅛
27	27½	1,700	Southern Railway	27	27½	27	27½	+ ⅛
56⅛	56½	100	Southern Ry. pf	56⅛	56½	56⅛	56⅜	+ ⅛
82	82¾	3,800	Studebaker Co	82	82¾	79⅝	79⅝	—2¼
102	102	100	Studebaker Co. pf	102	102	102	102	+ ½
41	41	2,800	Superior Steel	45¼	48⅞	45¼	47	+1⅞
17	17	100	Tenn. C. & C	17	17	17	17	+ ⅛
222½	222¾	2,900	Texas Co	222½	222⅝	221½	221½	—2
15	16½	100	Texas & Pacific	15½	15½	15½	15½	+ ⅝
23	23	300	Third Avenue	23	23	22⅝	23	+ ⅛
56¼	58⅝	8,300	Tobacco Products	55¾	58⅝	55¾	56¼	+ ⅛
47	48	4,000	Transue & Wms	47	48¼	47	47	+1¼
96½	97¼	100	Underwood Typew	96½	96½	96¼	96½	...
136	136¾	8,500	Union Pacific	135½	136⅞	135½	136	+ ⅝
78	80	300	Union Pacific pf	78½	79¾	78½	79¾	+ ⅛
48⅜	49¼	2,900	United Alloy Steel	48½	49¾	48½	49	+1
99¾	100¾	100	United Cigar Stores	100	100	100	100	...
138	139	200	United Fruit	138	139	138	139	+2
30½	30⅞	100	United Paper Board	30½	30⅞	30½	30⅞	—2½
71½	71⅞	100	United Rys. Invest	71½	71⅞	71½	71½	+ ⅛
23¾	23⅞	1,800	U. S. C. I. P. & F	23¾	24⅞	23	23⅝	+ ⅛
155	156	54,400	U. S. Indus. Alco	141	156½	141	156	+16
15	16	100	U. S. R. & Imp. Co	15	15	15	15	+ ⅛
63	64	16,500	U. S. Rubber	61¼	64½	61¼	63½	+2⅞
62	62¾	1,300	U. S. Sm., R. & M	62½	62⅝	62	62	+ ⅛
131⅜	132	273,100	U. S. Steel	129½	132⅜	129½	131⅞	+6⅛
118	118½	1,800	U. S. Steel pf	118½	118⅝	118	118	— ⅛
114⅝	115	8,900	Utah Copper	113⅜	115⅝	113⅜	115	+1½
19	19¼	100	Utah Securities	19½	19½	19½	19½	+ ⅛
43¼	44⅞	400	Va.-Car. Chemical	44½	44⅞	43½	43⅞	— ⅛
12	12¼	300	Wabash	12½	12⅝	12½	12⅝	+ ⅛
48½	48¾	900	Wabash pf. A	47½	48¾	47½	48⅝	+ ⅛
25¼	25¾	300	Wabash pf. B	25	25¾	25	25¾	+ ⅛
96¼	98	200	Wells Fargo Exp	97¼	97½	97	97	— ⅛
104	104¾	100	Western Maryland	104	104¾	104	104¾	+ ⅛
17½	18	100	Western Pacific	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	+ ⅛
93	94	100	Western Union Tel	93½	93½	93½	93½	—1
54¼	54⅝	12,900	Westingh. E. & M	53⅞	55	53½	54⅝	+1½
14¼	14½	100	Wheeling & L. E	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14½	— ⅛
32	33	100	Wheel. & L. E. pf	32⅜	32⅞	32⅜	32⅞	+ ⅛
46	47	50	White Motors	46	46	46	46	...
73	73½	900	Wilson & Co	72¾	73⅝	72¾	73⅝	+1⅜
28⅜	28⅝	3,500	Willys-Overland	29¼	29¼	28⅝	29	— ⅛
34½	35	1,790	Worthington Pump	30⅜	35	30⅜	35	+4
95	98	100	Worth. Pump pf. A	95	95	95	95	+1
58	58⅝	400	Worth. Pump pf. B	57	58⅝	57	58⅝	+3⅝

DIVIDENDS DECLARED

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Rec.
American Can pf	1¾	Q	July 2	June 15
Do	1¾	Ac	July 2	June 15
American Cigar pf	1¼	Q	July 2	June 15
Am. Smelters pf. A	1¼	Q	July 2	June 15
Do pf. B	1¼	Q	July 2	June 15
American Snuff	3	Q	July 2	June 15
Do pf	1¼	Q	July 2	June 15
Am. Tobacco pf	1¼	Q	July 2	June 15
Arizona Unit. Min	1	Q	July 2	June 15
At., T. & S. F. pf	2½	SA	Aug. 1	June 29
Avery pf	1¾	Q	July 1	June 20
Bank of Cuba	5	SA	July 1	June 21
Continental Con	1¼	Q	July 1	June 20
Do pf	1¾	Q	July 1	June 20
Duluth-Sup. Tr. pf	1	Q	July 2	June 15
George W. Helme	2½	Q	July 2	June 15
Do pf	1¾	—	June 2	June 15
Gt. Western Sugar	1¾	Q	July 2	June 10
Do	$10	Ex	July 2	June 10
Do pf	1¾	Q	July 2	June 10
Guaranty Trust	3	Q	June 30	June 23
Hercules Powder	2	Q	June 25	June 15
Do	2	Ex	June 25	June 15
J. H. Dunham 1st pf	1½	Q	July 2	June 21
Do 2d pf	1¾	Q	July 2	June 21
Loose-W. B.1st pf	$1.75	Q	July 2	June 19

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PIG IRON MOUNTS TO FIFTY DOLLARS A TON

Dream of Trade Comes True, with Extraordinary Bidding for Steel Materials.

SHIP PLATES BRING 12 CENTS

Pittsburgh Has One of the Most Exciting Weeks in Bessemer Iron Market Since War Began.

Fifty dollar pig iron, the dream of iron makers, has come true. Reports from trade centres this week tell of extraordinary bidding for both the raw material for steel and steel itself, with important price advances among leading products. At Pittsburgh ship plates are selling at a range from 9 to 12 cents a pound, compared with a normal quotation under 2 cents a pound. Sales of pig iron at $50 a ton in quantity, coupled with persistent increases among steel prices, is said to be arousing many conjectures in the trade as to the probable level where quotations will be so high as to cut down consumption.

The Iron Age says:

"Pittsburgh has signalized the arrival of $50 pig iron by one of the most exciting weeks in the Bessemer iron market since the beginning of the war. Sales have amounted to 75,000 tons, of which one steel company took 40,000 tons at prices ranging from $46 to $50. At the latter figure at least 20,000 tons has been sold.

"Not only pig iron, but semi-finished and finished steel markets, have been affected by the developments at Pittsburgh, since they confirm what has been well-considered opinion in the trade for some weeks, that future war advances were likely to come as abruptly as any that have come in the last two years, and might go to lengths even now thought impossible.

"Pig iron production in May was 3,417,340 tons, or 110,238 tons a day, against 3,334,960 tons in April or 111,165 tons a day. Coke troubles cut down output in several districts, and yet more furnaces are getting in blast. The net gain in May was four, making 340 on the active list, the largest number in many years. The daily capacity of active furnaces on June 1 was 111,704 tons against 111,552 tons on May 1.

"The whole situation in steel products turns on the plans being worked out at Washington, from which plate, structural, and sheet steel mills in particular are constantly getting orders. Of the steel needed for the 7,500,000 8-inch shells the Government is buying a Central Western company will work about half of the 50,000 tons into shell forgings. Some questions as to the Government's specifications for shell steel are yet to be settled.

"One important interest in the Pittsburgh district is now furnishing enough plates on Government account for the building of three 3,000-ton vessels a week, and when another plate mill is finished in the coming Fall it will be able to roll sufficient plates for one 3,000-ton boat a day.

"The Government's $80,000,000 program of navy-yard extensions, and other work including hangars, gun shops, submarine bases, &c., has been pouring in heavy requisitions on steel mills, machine-tool builders, and many other concerns in the metal-working trades."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"Feverish buying of materials at phenomenal prices has aligned itself beside war requirements in finished steel as a paramount market factor in iron and steel. The week's developments have been extraordinary and have contributed notably to market history. They emphasize the extending shrinkage of purchasable supplies, which is rendering the position of the average buyer more unfavorable and uncertain. Unmistakable signs of famine conditions in pig iron continue to appear. The ascent of prices during the week has moved with a rush and by wide stages."

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
April gross	$2,920,855	$2,977,854	$2,703,188
Net after tax., and charges	276,650	460,239	502,901
4 mos. gross	11,362,047	10,966,591	9,523,337
Net after tax., and charges	1,144,852	1,510,686	2,718,122

GULF, MOBILE & NORTHERN—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
April gross	166,171	187,490	*21,319
Net after tax.	38,960	62,774	*23,814
Total income	59,138	71,433	*12,295
Sur. aft. chgs.	58,614	70,816	12,202
4 mos. surplus.	250,105	217,299	32,806

*Decrease.

WESTERN MARYLAND—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
April gross	1,068,462	901,835	793,209
Net after tax.	202,729	315,462	232,412
4 mos. gross	4,157,150	3,530,949	2,800,530
Net after tax.	1,046,851	1,073,089	645,043

Public Utilities.

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO. report as filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission for February—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Total op. revs.	2,876,572	2,352,358	524,213
Net op. revs.	55,202	155,230	*100,028
Oper. income	10,408	112,241	*101,832
Jan. 1-Feb. 28:			
Total op. rvs.	5,701,538	4,864,085	1,037,453
Net op. revs.	79,670	245,302	*165,692
Deficit	6,210	†156,111	162,321

*Decrease, †Surplus.

BRAZILIAN TRACTION, LIGHT & POWER CO., (earnings in milreis.)

April gross	7,453,000	6,882,000	571,000
Net	4,053,000	3,840,000	213,000
4 mos. gross	29,149,000	26,697,000	2,443,000
Net	16,091,000	14,983,000	1,108,000

Miscellaneous.

DOMINION STEEL CORPORATION for the fiscal year ended March 31—

	1917	1916	1915
Net earnings	$12,687,875	7,004,817	3,871,038
Chgs., dep.,&c.	3,416,709	3,000,092	2,715,802
Pref. divs.	980,000	630,000	630,000
Balance	8,571,166	3,015,225	225,236
Com. divs.	670,977		
Surplus	7,900,189	3,015,225	225,250

*After deducting all manufacturing, selling, and administration expenses, business profits, taxes, &c.

S. H. KRESGE & CO. sales for May were $1,390,397, an increase of $149,971 over 1916. For the five months ended May 31 sales amounted to $6,080,044, an increase of $749,184 over the corresponding period of 1916.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1917-'27	4 @4¼	4.95	4.65
Buff., Roch. & P.	1917-'30	4½@5	5.00	4.05
Can. Northern	1917-'26	4½@5	6.50	6.00
Can. Pacific	1917-'28	4½	5.20	4.90
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.00	4.65
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'23	4½	4.75	4.50
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.00
C., St. L. & O.	1917-'24	5	4.50	4.60
C. C. C. & St. L.	1917-'29	5	5.35	5.00
Cuba Railroad	1917-'36	5	6.50	5.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.85	4.60
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	5.20	4.90
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	5.50	5.00
Illinois Central	1917-'28	4½@5	4.88	4.60
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	4.85	4.65
Mich. Central	1917-'30	5	4.70	4.50
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'25	5	5.75	5.00
Mo. Pacific	1917-'22	5	5.80	5.00
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	5.10	4.90
N. Y. C. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	5.25	4.90
Nort. & Western	1917-'24	4½	4.75	4.50
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½@5	5.30	4.85
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1917-'22	4 @4½	4.80	4.50
St. Louis, S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Seaboard Air Line	1917-'26	5	5.30	5.00
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	4.90	4.80
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	5.05	4.90

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	42	44	Iron Cap	18¾	19
Bay S Gas	8	10	Do pf	18¾	19
Bingham	18¼	18⅝	Iron Bloss	1¼	1¼
Bohemia	1⅛	1⅜	Jer Verde	1⅜	1¼
Begole	50	60	La Rose	50	60
Boston Bly	60	80	Majestic	40	50
Bost & M	63	65	Mex Metals	25	30
Butte & L.	21	24	Mojave-T.	48	50
Butte & D.	60	70	New Baltic	1¼	1⅜
Bos & Ariz	1⅝	2	Nev Doug	1¼	1⅝
Calaveras	3½	4	New Ut B.	50	60
Chief Cons.	2⅜	2⅝	Nixon Cop.	45	48
Cons Cop.	5½	6	New Corn.	17	17¼
Crown Res.	30	35	Nat L & Z	66	68
Con Ariz	2	2⅛	Oneco	50	60
Cortez	20	30	Onondaga	50	60
Champ Cop	7	9	Ohio Cop.	1⅝	1⅞
Cal Corbin.	1½	2	Pio Con.	1⅛	1⅜
Eagle & B.	2½	2⅝	Rilla	3	4
Earl-Eagle	20	24	Ray Hero	3⅝	4
Fortuna	9	10	S W M pp	2	2⅜
Gold Lake	5	8	S W M pp	2	2½
Houghton	90	1	Truro Steel	1½	1⅝
Homa Oil	1	1⅛	Un V Ext	35	40
Humboldt	90	95	Tuk Gold	3	3½

PLEA FOR EMERSON MOTORS

Counsel Asks That Bankruptcy Proceedings Be Dismissed.

Argument will be heard by Judge Manton of the Federal District Court today on a motion by Bainbridge Colby to dismiss the bankruptcy proceedings against the Emerson Motors Company and to vacate the order appointing John R. Johnston receiver. Mr. Colby based his motion on the statement that the three petitioners in bankruptcy were stockholders of the company and not creditors within the meaning of the law.

William Loomis, Robert C. Hupp, and Byron H. Riess, three of the fourteen under indictment, appeared before Judge Howe yesterday and pleaded not guilty. Loomis and Hupp were held in $5,000 bail each and Riess in $2,500. An examination into the affairs of the company in the bankruptcy proceedings was begun yesterday before United States Commissioner Gilchrist.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Great Western Sugar Company declared the regular quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred and common stocks, also an extra dividend of $10 a share on the common stock.

At the annual meeting of the Reading Company the retiring Directors were re-elected.

Three utilities have recently been purchased by the Northern State Power Company, the Northwest Light and Power Company, the Renville County Electric Company and the Minnesota Valley Power Company, all operating in Southern Minnesota.

At the annual meeting of the Ohio Cities Gas Company, held in Columbus, Ohio, the stockholders authorized an increase in capital stock from $10,000,000 to $100,000,000. Plans for the purchase of the Pure Oil Company were brought before the stockholders, and N. H. Weber of Philadelphia, Vice President of the Pure Oil Company, was elected a Director to succeed Robert H. Cox of New York.

At a meeting of the Directors of Union Carbide Company a resolution was adopted offering to stockholders of record July 14 rights to subscribe to stock at par to the amount of 20 per cent. of their holdings, payment to be made in two installments, the first half on or before Aug. 15, the second half on or before Oct. 15. The first installment may be paid, as to any part or all thereof, in United States 3½ per cent. Liberty Loan bonds at par.

The California Railroad Commission has received a petition of the Southern California Edison Company to issue 10,000 shares of common stock at $38 a share.

The following new executives have been appointed by the People's Gas Company of Chicago: T. V. Purcell, Secretary, succeeding Lyman A. Wiley; Joseph R. Dougherty, Treasurer, succeeding W. S. McCrea; Robert Blair, Assistant Secretary, succeeding E. J. H. Wright, and A. L. Tossell, Assistant Treasurer, succeeding W. D. Gregory.

Directors of the General Petroleum Company declared yesterday a dividend of 10 per cent. per annum on the common stock, payable Oct. 1.

The Stanley Motor Carriage Company of Newton, Mass., manufacturing steam automobiles, has been taken over by a new Delaware corporation of the same name. The capital stock is $2,500,000 of 7 per cent. preferred, and 100,000 shares common of no par value. The new officers are Prescott Warren, President; Carleton F. Stanley and Frank Jay, Vice Presidents, and Edward M. Hallett, Treasurer.

Schulz & Ruckgaber have issued a booklet on the investment tax law of New York State.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.04	Hale & Norcross	.04
Alta	.03	Jacket	.06
Andes	.09	Julia	.02
Best & Belcher	.04	Mexican	.16
Bullion	.02	Occidental	.65
Caledonia	.14	Ophir	.02
Challenge Con	.01	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.06	Savage	.08
Confidence	.10	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.03
Con. Virginia	.27	Union Con	.25
Exchequer	.02	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.02	Mexican Dollars	.59

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Cons.	.56
Belmont	4.00	Goldfield Merger.	.05
Halifax	.25	Great Bend	.05
Jim Butler	.75	Jumbo Ext	.39
MacNamara	.29	Jumbo Junior	.06
Midway	.12	Kewanaa	.14
Mispah	.00	Silver Pick	.11
Monarch Pitts	.09	Spear Head	.08
Montana	.20	MANHATTAN.	
North Star	.10	Big Four	.07
Rescue	.24	Consolidated	.30
Tonopah Ext	2.00	Morning Glory	.17
Tonopah Nevada	5.75	Union Amal	.20
West End	.04	White Caps	1.32½
West Tonopah	.22	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
GOLDFIELD.		Big Jim	.09
Atlanta	.11	Nevada Hills	.25
Booth	.08	Packard	.85
Daisy	.03	Rochester	.50
Florence	.20	United Eastern	4.10
Fraction	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'kpot	5	6	Granite	85	85½
Cresson	5⅝	5¾	Isabella	11¼	12
Elkton	6¼	8	McKinney	22	30
El Paso	30	40	Portland	146	153
Fanny R.	4½	5½	Vindicator	77	80
Golden Cy.	221½	224	U. Gold M.	17½	20
Gold Sov.	3⅝	5½			

NEW COTTON RECORD

Prices at Highest Point in Season—July Sells Up to 22.97 and Closes at 22.95.

New high records for the season were made on the Cotton Exchange yesterday. Trading was less active, however, than on previous advances, and recent Wall Street and Western buyers seemed to be taking profits. Trade interests were credited with heavy buying, the belief being that domestic mills were purchasing new crop deliveries against sales of goods extending up to next January. October contracts sold up to 22.43c during the middle of the afternoon, making an advance of 72 points from the closing price of Monday, but no less than $3.65 per bale from the low level of Monday morning. July contracts sold up to 22.97c, and closed at 22.95c. The closing prices were several points off from the best under realizing, with the tone irregular, but the last quotations showed gains of 59 to 68 points.

The buying movement was stimulated by the strength in Liverpool over the local holiday. Private cables attributed the English advance to Bombay buying, good reports from Manchester, and renewed calling. The market here opened at an advance of 22 to 84 points in response to the higher prices abroad. There was enough realizing to cause some irregularity right after the call, but offerings were readily absorbed on a moderate setback, and the market showed net gains of 50 to 55 points during the middle of the morning. There was a second reaction late in the forenoon with realizing promoted by expectation of a favorable weekly weather report at midday, but as soon as this report had been published, prices developed increased strength. Both foreign and domestic trade interests were credited with buying, while there was covering by early sellers, as prices worked into new high ground.

The weekly weather report read more favorably than last week's, but mentioned various drawbacks, and failed to inspire any fresh selling of consequence.

No exports were reported for the day. Exports thus far this season total 4,952,856 bales, against 5,131,487 last year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	22.77	22.77	22.77	22.85@22.88	22.22
July	22.60	22.97	22.60	22.95@22.96	22.32
Aug.	22.58	22.78	22.57	22.75@22.78	22.14
Sept.	.....	.....	.....	22.45 bid	21.83
Oct.	21.96	22.43	21.95	22.31@22.35	21.71
Nov.	.....	.....	.....	22.33 bid	21.73
Dec.	22.06	22.52	22.02	22.41@22.43	21.80
Jan.	22.07	22.56	22.06	22.46@22.48	21.84
March.	22.20	22.73	22.20	22.60@22.62	22.01
May	.....	.....	.....	22.75 bid	22.16

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 50 points higher at 23.20 for middling upland. Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 22.40c; New Orleans, 22.13c; Savannah, 22¼c; Augusta, 22⅝c; Memphis, 22c; Houston, 22.25c.

The day's statistics follow:

	Wednesday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	9,177	7,622	15,109
Exports	.....	Holiday	3,922
Port stocks	862,295	Holiday	1,005,854
N. Y. arrivals	4,705	.....	.....
New York stocks	52,026	51,380	147,201

Liverpool cables.—Spot cotton in good demand; sales, 8,000 bales; speculation and export, 1,000; American, 7,000. Imports nil. Midupland, 15.2½d. Futures opened irregular, at 3 to 6 points advance compared with Tuesday. Closed irregular, 42 to 49 points higher than Monday: July-August, 14.53c; October-November, 13.84c; January-February, 13.62c; March-April, 13.46c.

Manchester—Yarns irregular; cloths, more demand.

Petroleum Co. Earns $4,149,693.

The Pan American Petroleum and Transport Company, which owns stock of the Mexican Petroleum Company and other oil concerns, reports income from its investments amounting to $4,149,603 in 1916. President E. L. Doheny says in his statement to stockholders that the company increased its fleet of oil ships during the year from 40,450 tons to 173,215 tons. After the war ends, he asserts, the demand for petroleum products all over the world should be stimulated, and preparations are to be made to develop the company's oil lands on an extensive scale in anticipation of a great call for oil.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The sharp advance experienced in the corn market caused an early upturn of 6 to 7 cents per bushel in wheat prices. Shorts were disposed to cover and offers were small. On the whole there was only a limited trade, however, and the market lost most of the advance—in fact September sold below the previous close at one time—and final quotations were ½@1½c net lower. Cash wheat prices in the interior were firm, ranging from 1 to 10 cents higher. Premiums were about unchanged, with one moderate lot of No. 1 Northern Duluth wheat offered at 85 cents over Chicago July, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

RYE.—Market firm; No. 2 Western, $2.45, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.23	2.17	2.19½	2.15	1.04⅝
September	2.01	1.93	1.96½	1.93	1.06⅝

CORN.

The firing of a maximum price of $1.65 for contracts in the Chicago market and $1.62 in Kansas City caused a heavy covering movement in the corn market, and prices at the close were 5½@6½c net higher. Exporters were making inquiry and sales for the day were estimated at 150,000 bushels. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $1.51½, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.57	1.51	1.53½	1.48	.70½
September	1.44⅞	1.39	1.44¼	1.34⅝	.69⅝
December	1.05	.98⅝	1.03	.95⅝	.61¼

OATS.

The oats market was less feverish than corn, but prices were firmer, closing with net gains of 2¼ to 2¾c. Exporters were in the market and sales were estimated at 750,000 bushels. The local cash market was firm; standard quoted at 70¾ to 71c; No. 2 white, 71½ to 72c; No. 3 white, 71 to 71½c; No. 4 white, 70 to 70½c; fancy clipped white, 72½ to 73c; ordinary clipped white, 71½ to 72c; all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	60¾	58¾	60¾	58	39⅜
September	52½	50½	52¾	50½	38½
December	54⅝	53	54½	52	39⅝

PROVISIONS.

In a small market the provision list was lower yesterday, with a moderate final rally. Much of the selling, part of which was for foreign account, was due to easier hogs and a less active cash trade. Support was scattered and very light throughout the session. Of 20,000 hogs at Western points Chicago had 34,000, with 18,000 expected Thursday; Kansas City had 5,000, and Omaha 6,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	21.32	21.17	21.25	21.32	12.47
Sept.	21.47	21.30	21.40	21.47	12.60
Ribs—					
July	20.75	20.55	20.70	20.77	12.40
Sept.	20.90	20.70	20.82	20.87	12.50
Pork—					
July	38.05	37.85	37.77	38.00	21.20
Sept.	37.90	37.60	37.50	38.00	20.90

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil moved in a feverish manner. There was a very sharp decline early under liquidation, prompted by the weakness in lard, but when shorts attempted to cover the market responded quickly and late in the day was firm. Final quotations ranged from 4 points lower to 5 points net higher. Total sales were 42,000 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	.....	.....	16.80	16.85
June	.....	.....	16.35@16.55	16.38
July	16.35	16.22	16.32@16.38	16.37
August	16.28	16.07	16.24@16.25	16.20
September	16.28	16.05	16.23@16.24	16.18
October	16.20	15.98	16.17@16.18	16.14
November	15.82	15.62	15.79@15.79	15.75
December	15.78	15.55	15.72@15.74	15.76
January	15.72	15.55	15.70@15.73	15.70

COFFEE.

There was further liquidation in the coffee market yesterday and another decline in prices. The selling was not as active as it was on Monday, and December contracts sold off to 7.97c, compared with 8.89c, the high level of last month, and 9.05c, the high point touched on the advance of last April. That delivery closed at 8.01c, with the general list closing at a net decline of 4 to 10 points. Sales were reported of 48,250 bags. The market for spot coffee was dull and unchanged on the basis of 10¼c for Rio 7s and 10¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	.....	.....	7.78@7.79	7.88
July	7.85	7.77	7.78@7.80	7.88
August	.....	.....	7.83@7.85	7.93
September	7.90	7.86	7.89@7.90	7.97
October	.....	.....	7.98@7.94	8.02
November	.....	.....	7.97@7.98	8.06
December	8.10	7.97	8.01@8.02	8.10
January	8.16	8.04	8.06@8.07	8.15
February	.....	.....	8.11@8.12	8.20
March	8.28	8.15	8.17@8.19	8.26
April	.....	.....	8.22@8.23	8.28
May	8.33	8.33	8.27@8.29	8.31

SUGAR.

The market for sugar futures opened unchanged to a decline of 2 points, with sales on the call 6,150 tons. Trading was rather quiet owing to the dull spot market, where refiners failed to show the buying interest expected earlier in the week. Cuban interests were free sellers late in the day, prices, however, being held fairly steady by the support of local operators. The market closed 1 point net higher to a decline of 4 points, with sales for the day 6,150 tons.

Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	.....	.....	5.04@5.06	5.09
July	5.12	5.09	5.11@5.12	5.10
August	.....	.....	5.15@5.17	5.16
September	5.22	5.19	5.20@5.21	5.22
October	.....	.....	5.20@5.22	5.22
November	.....	.....	5.22@5.24	5.24
December	5.08	5.06	5.06@5.07	5.08
January	.....	.....	4.82@4.85	4.85
February	.....	.....	4.58@4.61	4.62
March	.....	.....	4.56@4.59	4.60

There was no change in refined sugar prices, which were listed at from 7.50@8c for fine granulated. The amount of business was only moderate, but refiners are gradually catching up on old orders and are now in a better position to accept new orders, although buyers seem inclined to hold off owing to the wide differences between the raw and refined prices. Regardless of the fact that refiners hold out of the market for Cuban raw sugar, holders are steady and ask ⅛c above last paid prices, or 5c, cost and freight, for any position. American refiners bought 8,000 bags Porto Ricos, in port and afloat, at 5.77c, cost, insurance, and freight, and later there was a sale of 19,000 bags Porto Ricos at 5.83c, cost, insurance, and freight, prompt shipment, to Boston, the refiner to pay the extra freight. Spot quotations follow: Centrifugal, 5.89c; molasses, 5.01c; cost and freight, 4¾c. It is said that Cuban shippers have sold a large proportion of the crop at high prices, and that they feel disposed to hold the balance for an advance.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 12,100 packages. There was slight weakness at the opening, but the market recovered somewhat and closed steady to firm on the higher grades of creamery. Most of the business in extras was at 41c, with the fancier lots selling at 41¼@42c. Undergrades are a little easier and there is a tendency to widen the range of values. No change in renovated ladles and packing stock. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 41¼@42c; extras, (92 score,) 41c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 39@40¾c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 37@38½c; thirds, 36@36½c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 42@43c; extras, 41¼@42c; firsts, 39¼@41c; seconds, 38@39¼c; State Dairy, tubs, finest, 40¼@41c; good to prime, 38½@40c; common to fair, 35@38c; renovated, extras, 38½@39c; firsts, 37½@38c; lower grades, 34@37c; imitation creamery, firsts, 36@37c; ladles, current make, firsts, 34½@35c; seconds, 33½@34c; lower grades, 32½@33c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 33½c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 31@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 26,879 cases. The tone of the market is very unsettled. The Associated Warehouse report of June 1 was made public, and was generally considered unfavorable by speculators. Speculative support has been withdrawn, and some accumulation of stock carried over early in the week with yesterday's arrivals is being pressed for sale at lower prices. This stock is chiefly medium grades, but all grades have felt the weakness, and the market at the close was still unsettled. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 37½@38c; storage packed, firsts, 36@37c; fresh gathered, firsts, 35½@36c; seconds, 33@34½c; dirties, No. 1, 33½c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@32½c; checks, good to choice, dry, 32½c; undergrades, 30@31c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 38@39c; ordinary to good, 37@37½c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 37@38c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 36@37½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 37½@38½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, ungraded, 35½@36c.

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Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	95½	97	4s, registered, 1925	104½	106
2s, coupon, 1930	95½	97	4s, coupon, 1925	105	107
3s, registered, 1918	99	101	2s, Panama, '36, reg	93½	97
3s, coupon, 1918	99	101	2s, Panama, '36, coupon	93½	97
3s, registered, 1946	..	99	3s, Panama, 1961, reg	99	99
3s, coupon, 1946	..	99	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	99	99
3s, conversion, 1947	..	99			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
6s	Sept., 1917	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
4½s	June, 1965	103½	104½	104
4½s	Mar., 1963	103½	104½	104
4½s	Nov., 1957	103½	104½	104
4½s	May, 1957	103½	104½	104
4½s	Nov., 1917	100	..	100
4½s	June, 1917	100	..	100
4½s	May, 1960-30	99½	100	100
4½s	April, 1958	99½	100	99½
4½s	Mar., 1964	99½	100	99½
4½s	Mar., 1962	99½	100	99½
4½s	Sept., 1960	99½	100	99½
4s	May, 1959	98½	99½	99
4s	Nov., 1958	98½	99½	99
4s	Nov., 1955	97½	98½	97½
4s	Nov., 1936	97½	98½	97½

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
4s	May, 1919	99⅝	..	99⅝
4s	Nov., 1918	99⅝	..	99⅝
3½s	Nov., 1954	85½	87	85½
3½s	May, 1954	85½	90½	85½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1930	4.25	4.00	4.25
4½s	1918-1923	4.25	4.00	4.25
4½s	1924-1931	4.25	4.00	4.15
4½s	1922-1923	4.15	4.00	4.13
4½s	April, 1920	4.10	..	4.10
4½s	1917-1919	4.10	..	4.10
3½s	1940-1953	4.30	4.20	4.25
3½s	1930-1939	4.30	4.20	4.25
3½s	1922-1929	4.25	4.05	4.25
3s	1926-1930	4.20	4.05	4.20

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,000	‡Aetna Exp.	4	3⅞	3⅞
200	‡Do rc. of d.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
3,500	‡Air Red'n	90	86	89
200	‡Am. Tr. Pr.	4¼	4¼	4¼
200	B.-A. T. Co. Ord.	18⅝	18¼	18¼
250	‡Carbon St'l	108	103	108
1,700	‡Car L. & P.	2¾	2½	2¾
2,100	Carwun Steel	12¾	11⅞	12
100	‡Cent. Fdy.	31	31	31
500	‡Do pf.	52½	51½	51½
200	Char. I. Co. of Am. pf.	6½	6⅜	6⅜
1,500	Curtiss Aero.	35	‡32	35
300	Eastern St'l	118½	118¼	118½
400	‡Elite P. S.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,613	Emerson P.	8½	8	8½
1,000	Ev. H., Inc.	22½	22¼	22¼
450	H. & B. C. Co	41	40⅜	41
32	H. S. Cp. pf.	101	100¼	101
200	Int. Rubber	10⅞	10½	10⅞
950	‡Int. T. Corp	⅛	⅛	⅛
900	‡Do pf	1	1	1

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

700	Anglo-American Oil	18⅝	18	18¼

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

300	‡Atl. Petrol.	6¾	6¾	6¾
1,200	‡Barn.O.& G.	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜
175	‡Con.Mex.Oil (a pros.)	63	63	63
1,000	‡Cos. & Co. (Oil Ref.)	13½	13	13¼
1,000	‡Cos.O.& G.	13¼	13	13¼
500	‡ Do ctfs.	13¼	13	13½
2,400	††CrosbyPet. (a pros.)	32	31	32
1,300	‡Elk B. Pet.	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
1,500	‡Elk.O.& G.	⅞	⅞	⅞
4,500	‡Esmer.O.C.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
700	‡Federal Oil	5¾	5¾	5¾
800	‡Inter. Pet.	14¼	14⅛	14⅛
9,000	Kenova Oil (a pros.)	¼	¼	¼
3,800	Key. Cons.	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝
600	‡Knic.-Wyo. Pet. pf.	9¼	9⅛	9¼
2,000	‡Merritt Oil	27⅝	27	27½
15,000	Met. Petrol.	2¼	2⅛	2⅛

MINING STOCKS.

1,100	Al.-Brit.Col. Metals	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,750	Alaska M. C.	⅞	⅝	⅝
2,200	††Al.Std.Cp.	39	37	38
250	‡Ariz.Bisg.C.	6¼	6¼	6¼
15,000	‡Ariz.Copfds.	⅞	⅞	⅞
4,000	††Atlanta	11¼	11	11⅛
1,500	‡Atlas Cop.	¾	¾	¾
2,000	‡Aust.Amaz.	1¼	1	1¼
700	‡Beaver Con.	32	32	32
3,400	Bid. L. Cop.	3⅜	3½	3⅜
600	Bing. Min.	13⅜	13½	13⅜
1,600	‡Bisbee Cop.	¼	¼	¼
5,000	Bos. & Mon.	64	60	60
4,275	‡Brad. C. M.	*1⅛	1	*1⅛
3,000	Butte C.& Z. r. t. ctfs.	13¼	12⅝	13⅛
10,000	‡Butte Det.	¾	¾	¾
1,000	††Caledonia	54	54	54
12,000	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
700	Canada Cop.	2½	2	2½
2,000	‡Cashboy	8	8	8
600	‡Coco R. M.	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500	Con. Ariz.Sm.	2¼	2¼	2¼
6,000	Con.Cop.M.	7¼	6⅝	7⅛
500	‡Con.-H'stead	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,200	Creason G.	5½	5⅜	5⅝
1,200	Crystal C. M.	1	1	1
1,500	‡Do Ext.	12	12	12
1,500	‡EasternCop.	52	50	52
5,000	‡Ely Cons.	11	10	11
3,500	‡Ely Witch.	12	8	12
18,850	‡Emma Con.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,400	††FerberCop.	63	61	63
100	First Nat. C.	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,000	††Gl.M.& M.	18	18	18
200	Globe Dom.	⅞	⅞	⅞
5,500	‡Gold. Con.	55	56	55
1,500	††Gt. Bend.	6⅛	6	6
1,000	‡G'm'ster M.	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
9,000	††Harg. Min.	14	13	14
950	Hecla Min.	*8⅜	8¼	8¼
200	Howe Sound.	6	5⅞	6⅝
800	Hud.B.Z.M.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
12,000	‡Ind. Lead.	16	14½	14½
200	‡Iron Blos.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
8,000	‡Jer. Verde (a pros.)	2	1⅛	1⅜
1,200	Louis. Cop.	1⅛	1	1⅛
700	Magma Cop.	45	45	45
500	††M'mattic C.	23	23	23
5,600	‡Magnate C.	1	⅞	1
5,000	††MarshMin.	20	19	20
1,100	Maryo.G.M.	*1⅛	1	*1⅛
200	Mason Val.	5¾	5¾	5¾
200	Mcintyre De.	1½	1½	1½
2,500	‡Milford Cop.	1¾	1¾	1¾
600	Mines Hold.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
21,500	††Mcnamara.	26½	25	25
1,500	‡Moh. C. Co.	¾	¾	¾
100	Monitor Sil'r.	¼	¼	¼
10,000	‡Monster C'l.	¼	¼	¼
4,000	††Mother Lo.	31	29	29
800	††N. H. Mon.	1	⅞	1
1,800	‡Nat. Z. & L.	68	67	68
1,200	‡Newray M.	⅝	⅝	⅝
6,300	††N. Y. Zinc (a pros.)	½	⅞	⅞
200	Nip. M. Co.	7⅝	7¼	7½
300	††North B. D.	21	21	21
2,000	‡O. C., new, w. i.	1⅞	1⅜	1⅝
14,000	††Port. C. C.	36	34	36
3,475	‡Red W. M.	1	⅞	1
2,300	††Rochester M.	54	53	53
500	††Round Mtn	42	42	42
900	††Sag. M. Co	1¼	1¼	1¼
500	‡Santa R. D.	⅝	⅝	⅝
200	Sen. C. Cp.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
3,300	Sen. Copper	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
500	S. K. and A.	¼	¼	¼
500	††Silver P'k.	10¼	10¼	10¼
1,000	Stand. S.-L.	⅜	⅜	⅜
8,700	Stewart M.	¼	¼	¼
2,500	††Success M.	39	38	39
400	Sup. Copper. (a pros)	1¼	1¼	1¼
3,600	‡Sup. M., (a pros)	24	23	23
600	††Temisk's	39	38	38
500	Tonopah Ext	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000	Tri-Bullion	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,500	††Troy-Ar	30	26	28
100	Un. Eastern.	4¾	4¾	4¾
2,600	††U. S. Tin.	22	20	22
3,500	‡U. Verde E.	40	38½	40
300	U. G. M. Co.	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,200	††Utah N. M.	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
500	††V. E. Con.	68	67	67
400	‡White C. C.	⅜	⅜	⅜
3,000	††Ver. M. Cop	32	31	32

BONDS.

$2,000	Am. S. 1st 5s	92	92	92
10,000	‡Beth. St. 5s 2-yr. notes	98¾	98½	98¾
1,000	Cosden 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾
$14,000	‡Russ. Govt. new 5½s	72	72	72
53,000	‡Do 6½s	82	80	80½

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Ask.
Am. B. M. Co.	8	12	8	12
A.-Br.Mfg.pf.	30	35	30	35
Am.Drug.Syn.	13	15	10	15
Am. Int. Cp.	49	50	49	50
Am. Stores	35	37	35	37
Am. S. 1st pf.	96	98	96	98
Am. W. Wheel	19½	..	19½	..
Atl'c Steel	125	140	125	140
Brit.-Am.Tob. ordinary	17¼	18½	17¼	18½
But'w'th-Jud.	43	47	43	47
Cal. P. Corp.	33¾	36½	33¾	36½
Can. N. Gas.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Chal. Motors.	10	12	10	12
Charcoal Iron	8¼	8⅝	8¼	8⅝
Chevrolet Mot.	96	100	96	100
Cramp Ship.	85	89	85	89
CurtissAer.pf.	70	75	70	75
Electric Gun.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
Fall Motors	7	9	7	9
Fed. Sugar	79	82	79	82
Fisk Rubber conv. pf	..	103	..	103
Fisk Tire	78	80	78	80
Grant M. Car.	4½	5½	4½	5½
Hall Signal	5½	6½	5½	6½
Do pf.	12	14	12	14
Hendee Mfg.	30	34	30	34
Holly S. Cp.	43	46	43	46
Int. A. & F.	27½	..	27½	..
Kath. Br. pf.	1½	2½	1½	2½
Keyst'eT.& R.	16½	17½	16½	17½
K. (S. S.) n.100	105	100	105	100
Kres. (S. S.) pf. n.	105	110	105	110
K. T. & R. pf.	17¼	17⅝	17¼	17⅝
LakeTor.Boat	8½	9	8½	9
Do 1st pf.	8½	9½	8½	9½
Lima Locom.	55	58	55	58
L. Val. C. S.	78	85	78	85
Lukens St.	41	45	41	45
Do 1st pf.	101	..	101	..
Man. R. Sup.	43	..	43	48
Do pf.	93	98	93	90
Marconi of A.	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
Motor Prod.	43	46	43	46
Mitchell Mot.	48	55	48	55
Nat. Acid Cp.	15	25	15	25
N. Y. Transp.	16½	17	16½	17
N. Y. Ship. pf.	15	20	15	20
P. T. & M. Cp.	12	15	12	15
Pierce-Arrow.	40	42	40	42
Do pf.	95	100	95	100
P. E.& M.Co.	78	82	78	82
Pyrene Mfg.	10	12	10	12
Redden M. T.	17½	20	17½	20
Rep. Truck	69	71	69	71
Do pf.	93	95	93	95
Smith (A.O.)	85¼	94	85¼	95¼
Do pf	94½	96	94½	96
St. L., R. M. & Fac. v.t.c.	32	35	32	35
Stand. Motors	12½	13½	12½	13½
Texas Pr. Land	65	80	65	80
Port Co.,old.	625	650	655	670
Do new	44	46	46	47
United Sugar	36	37	36	37
U. S. Aircraft	5¾	6	5¾	6
U. S. L. & H.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
World Film v. t. ctfs	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
Wright-Martin	5¾	6¼	5¾	6¼
Aircraft pf.	50	60	50	60
Allen Oil	49	54	49	54
Cos. O. & G. pf.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Knic.-Wy.Pet.	1½	2	1½	1¾
Lost City O.	51	52	51	52
Midwest Ref.	135	137	135	137
N.Y.& Tex.Oil	2	2¼	2	2¼
Pierce Oil	12⅜	13¼	12⅜	13¼
Sinclair Gulf	33	34	33	34
Texas Co. rts.	24½	24⅝	24½	24⅝
Tide Wat. Oil.	190	195	190	195

MINING STOCKS.

Ariz. United	35	36	35	38
Butte & N. Y.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
Butte Cop. & Z. rights	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1½
Cerro Gordo	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Dundee-Ariz	⅛	1	⅛	1

BOND.

Pierce Oil 6s	82	84	82	84

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18	18¼	18
Atlantic Refining	930	975	980
Borne-Scrymser	420	450	420
Buckeye Pipe Line	98	102	100
Chesebrough Mfg.	390	410	390
Colonial Oil	50	70	50
Continental Oil	515	525	515
Crescent Pipe Line	37	39	37
Cumberland P. L.	155	165	160
Eureka Pipe Line	212	216	212
Galena Signal Oil	151	154	151
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	137	140	137
Illinois Pipe Line	272	277	212
Indiana Pipe Line	95	99	98
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	14	14¼	14
National Transit	15	17	15
N. Y. Transit	190	195	190
Northern Pipe Line	103	107	103
Ohio Oil	360	364	362
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co	49	53	49
Prairie Oil & Gas	530	540	535
Prairie Pipe Line	292	295	292
Solar Refining	345	355	350
Southern Pipe Line	195	200	195
South. Penn. Oil	297	302	297
Southwest. Penn.	113	116	113
Stand. Oil of Cal.	270	273	270
Stand. Oil of Ind.	775	785	775
Stand. Oil of Kan.	460	480	460
Stand. Oil of Ky.	345	365	355
Stand. Oil of Neb.	500	525	500
Stand. Oil of N. J.	618	622	620
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	292	296	292
Stand. Oil of Ohio	435	450	435
Union Tank	92	94	92
Vacuum Oil	368	375	370
Washington Oil	28	32	28

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Aetna pf.	14	18	14
American Brass	320	329	326
Atlas Powder	146	153	148
Do pf	99	101	99
Babcock & Wilcox	128	131	128
Bliss	450	500	450
Do pf	75	80	75
Can. Explosives	350	450	350
Do pf.	104	110	104
Can. F. & F.	155	160	158
Colt's Arms	106	110	101
Du Pont	235	237	235
Do old com.	107	..	107
Do deb. pf.	99	101	100
Hercules Powder	236	239	236
Do pf	115	118	115
Niles-Bem't-Pond.	172	176	172
Scovill Mfg.	615	625	615
Winchester Arms	725	775	725

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
American Cigar	109	112	109
Do pf	96	99	95
Conley Foil	250	275	250
J. S. Young	190	175	190
Do pf	100	110	105
Johnson T. F. & M.	100	125	100
MacAndrews & F.	205	215	200
Do pf	95	105	99
P. R.-Am. Tob.	215	220	215
R. J. Reynolds	600	640	600
Do pf.	110	114	114

PUBLIC UTILITIES

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Closing—Asked.
92	A. Water Works & E. 1st pf.	76	76	75	90
175	Cities Service	292	288	288	290
900	Cities Service pf.	87½	86½	87	88
250	Cities Service new	32½	32	32	32½

Closing quotations for issues not included in above transactions:

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	20	28	Interstate Elec. Corp.	32	42
Adirop. Elec. Pow. pf.	76	78	Interstate El. Corp. pf.	90	95
American Gas	118	120	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Am. Gas & Electric	120	125	Northern Ohio Electric	..	38
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	49	50	Northern Ohio Elec., pf.	..	74
Am. Light & Traction	330	333	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	13
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	110	113	North. Ont. L. & P. pf.	59	60
Am. Power & Light	67	69	Northern States Power.	94	95
Am. Power & Light pf.	87	90	Northern States P. pf.	98	100
Am. Public Utilities	30	35	North. Texas Electric	50	54
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	64	67	North. Texas Elec. pf.	79	83
Am. Water W. & Elec.	7½	8½	Ozark Power & Water.	35	45
Am. W. W. & E. part.	24	26	Pacific Gas & Elec.	59½	60
Appalachian Power	5	7	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	90	91
Appalachian Power pf.	23	32	Pine Bluff P. c. pf.	97	100
Carolina Power & Light	36	37	Public Service Inv. pf.	79	83
Carolina P. & L. pf.	98	100	Republic Ry. & Light.	31	32
Cent. States Electric	13	15	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	66	67
Cent. States Elec. pf.	73	76	Sierra Pacific Elec. pf.	..	75
Colorado Power	29	31	Southern Cal. Edison	89	91
Colorado Power pf.	99	102	South. Cal. Edison pf.	104	107
Consumers' P. pf.	95	99	Southwest. P. & L. pf.	97½	100
Commonwealth P. & L.	49	51	Stand. Gas & Electric	11	13
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	74	76	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	35	37
Conn. Power pf.	91	94	Tampa Electric	122	127
Dayton Power & L. pf.	90	93	Tenn. Ry., L. & Power	5	6
East Texas Electric	57	60½	Tenn. Ry., L. & P. pf.	25	26
East Texas Elec. pf.	84	88	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric P. & S. pf.	99½	100	Tri-City R. & L. pf.	85	90
Electric Properties	62	66	Un. Gas & El. 1st pf.	70	75
El Paso Electric	98	..	United Gas Improve.	89	89½
El Paso Electric pf.	102	107	United Light & Rys.	40	41
Empire Dis. Elec. pf.	90	94	United L. & Rys.1st pf.	70	71
Empire Gas & Fuel	99	100	West. P. Tr. & W. P.	14	17
Federal Light & Trac.	10	13	W. P. Tr. & W. P. pf.	65	70
Fed. Light & Trac. pf.	44	48	Western Power	15	16
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	..	30	Western Power pf.	52	54
Galveston-Hous.Elec.pf.	70	75	Western Penn. pf.	105	107
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	310	Wisconsin Edison	..	46
Gas & Electric Sec. pf.	94	100	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	101

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. W. W. & E. cl. 5s.	72	74	Nat. Sec. income	10	13
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	78	80	Nev. Cal. Elec. 6s, '48	96	99
Cent. Pr & L. 1st 6s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	97	100
Central Ill. Light 5s	96½	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s.'31	80	86
Cin., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	..	99	Nor. States P. 6s, 1926	98	99
Col. G. & E. 5s, '27	88	90	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	94½	96
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	80	83	Nor. Tex. El. col. tr. 6s	88	92
Com'wealth P. (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	93	99	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s,'31	95	100
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st ref. 5s, 1942	..	96	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	Puget Sd. Trac. notes	98	100
Defiance G. & E. 5s, '42	88	92	Seattle Elec. con. 5s	91	93
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	95	97	Stand. Gas & Elec. 6% notes, 1935	..	90
East. Ohio 1st 5s	99	102	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s,'46	94	96
El Paso Electric 5s	95	99	So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1939	95	97
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s	87½	90	Twin State Gas & El. 5s, 1953	89	92
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	93	Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	85	91
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	84	85	Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97	99
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	95	99	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	96	98½
Kan. Pub. Svc. 5s, '41	93	96	U. S. S. R. & M. 8s,'26	111	113
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	88	93	Utah Securities 6s	92	98
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s,'41	90	96	W. W. Light 6s, 1925	96	98
Mich. Light 5s, 1949	97½	98	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
Middle West U. 6s, '25	96½	99	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100	West. P. Pen. 1st 5s,'46	97	98½
Miss. R. P. Co. 1st 5s	68½	70	Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	93	97
Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	88	92	Yadkin River Pow. 5s	83	87
Nat. Sec. p. l. 6s	89½	92			
Nat. Sec. deb.	48	53			

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Excited buying of some of the industrials was a closing feature on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. The general trend of

FINANCIAL NOTICE.

STANDARD SCREW COMPANY.
To the Holders of Class B Preferred Stock of Standard Screw Company:

Notice is hereby given that Standard Screw Company, in pursuance to Article IV of its amended certificate of incorporation and all other authority vested in the corporation, has elected to redeem and has called for redemption on July 1, 1917, at the office of the Registrar of its stock, The New York Trust Company, No. 26 Broad Street, New York City, the entire outstanding amount of Class B of Preferred Stock of Standard Screw Company at the price of one hundred and ten dollars ($110) per share and accrued dividends. Payment will be made to the holders of said Class B upon presentation and surrender of the certificates representing their stock at the time and place above stated. After July 1, 1917, the holders of said Class B will not be entitled to any further dividends, and their rights will be transferred and limited to the fund deposited with said Registrar.

Dated at No. 26 Broad Street, New York City, May 31, 1917.

STANDARD SCREW COMPANY,
By The New York Trust Company,
Registrar.

TO HOLDERS OF
SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY
FIVE PER CENT. THIRTY YEAR FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

Bankers Trust Company, as Successor Trustee under the First Mortgage of the above Company, dated January 1, 1889 to The Mercantile Trust Company, as Trustee, in accordance with the provisions of Article Fourth thereof, hereby invites proposals for the sale to it of an amount of said bonds bearing all coupons maturing subsequent to July 1, 1917, at prices not to exceed 110% of the principal thereof, sufficient as nearly as may be to exhaust the sum of $56,620.14. All proposals should be enclosed in sealed envelopes and be delivered to the undersigned, at its office, 16 Wall Street, New York City, at or before 12 o'clock noon on June 26, 1917, after which notice will be mailed to bondholders whose proposals may be accepted, and the undersigned, to the extent of funds then in its hands and available therefor, will, on July 1, 1917, purchase the bonds so accepted. All proposals should be for all or any part of the bonds offered.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Successor Trustee.
By H. F. Wilson, Jr.,
Vice President.

Dated June 5, 1917.

TODD SHIPYARDS CORPORATION.
5-year 6% Convertible Gold Notes.
SINKING FUND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of Section 4, Article 4, of the Indenture of Trust, under which the above notes were issued, that the sum now on hand, together with the sum to be paid into the Sinking Fund on June 15th, 1917, amounts to Three hundred and Eighty-one thousand, Six hundred Fifty-nine, and 95-100 Dollars, ($381,659.95). Sealed offers for the sale of Notes at a price not exceeding 104% of the face amount thereof, with accrued interest, will be received by the undersigned at any time up to three o'clock P. M., June 11th, 1917, at No. 2 Wall Street, New York City, or No. 177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York. Offers should be marked "Tender of Todd Shipyards Notes." Payment for accepted offers will be made June 15th, 1917.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee Under Indenture of Trust.

EDISON ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY OF ERIE, PA.
Six Per Cent. First Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 12 P. M. on June 13th, 1917, for the sale to it for account of the Sinking Fund of Bonds as above described sufficient to use the sum of $5,150, said bonds to be delivered on July 1st, 1917. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Formerly New York Security & Trust Company, Trustee,
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.

New York, June 1, 1917.

BUTTE ELECTRIC & POWER CO.

Pursuant to the terms of the sinking fund provisions of the first mortgage of the Butte Electric and Power Company, dated June 1, 1901, $10,010.23 have been deposited with the Trustee. Proposals for the sale of bonds of the above company maturing June 1, 1931, for the amount of the deposit stated are invited, and will be received by the undersigned at its office, No. 55 Cedar St., New York, up to 12 o'clock noon, June 21, 1917. The right is reserved to reject any bid.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY,
By CALVERT BREWER, Vice President.

BUTTE ELECTRIC & POWER CO.

Pursuant to the terms of the additional sinking Fund provisions of the first mortgage of the Butte Electric and Power Company, dated June 1, 1901, $20,960.44 have been deposited with the Trustee. Proposals for the sale of bonds of the above company, maturing June 1, 1951, for the amount of the deposit stated, are invited, and will be received by the undersigned at its office, No. 55 Cedar St., New York, up to 12 o'clock noon, June 21, 1917. The right is reserved to reject any bid.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY,
By CALVERT BREWER, Vice President.

NOTICE: Certificate of membership No. 2856 issued by the New York Produce Exchange July 2, 1901, to William G. McCormick having been lost or mislaid, application has been made to the Board of Managers for a new certificate. All persons interested are hereby notified to show cause within the next six weeks why such new certificate should not be issued.

L. B. HOWE, Secretary.

New York, May 29th, 1917.

S. H. KRESS & CO.

The May sales of S. H. Kress & Co. were $1,896,897.00, an increase of $149,971.00, or 12%, over 1916.

The five months to May 31st the sales were $6,080,048.00, an increase of $749,184.00, or 14 1-10%, over the corresponding period of 1916.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, July 17, 1917, for a contract for the construction of the Shandaken tunnel. The tunnel is part of the Schoharie watershed development for the New York City water supply, is 18 miles long, and will carry water from the Schoharie reservoir to Esopus creek. The finished tunnel will be 11 feet 6 inches high by 10 feet 8 inches wide, lined with concrete masonry, and will have a fall of 8 inches.

The tunnel has been divided into two portions, to be known as the north and south portions, so that bids may be submitted for either portion or for the entire tunnel.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

This advertisement will not appear after June 25, 1917.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, June 19, 1917, for Contract 180, for erecting dwelling houses and various outhouses, remodeling 5 houses, and removing 4 buildings along the line of the Catskill Aqueduct between the Ashokan and Hill View reservoirs. The work has been divided into 6 groups arranged geographically, and the bidder may bid for one or more of these groups separately and also for the work as a whole.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, June 1, 1917.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 500, District Building, until 2 o'clock, P. M., June 15, 1917, for alterations and cell work at Police Station No. 2, at Fifth Street N. W., between M and N Streets. Blank forms of proposal, plans and specifications and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required from bidders to insure the return of the plans and specifications. Oliver P. Newman, Louis Brownlow, C. W. Kutz, Commissioners, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, June 1, 1917.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 500 District Building, until 2 o'clock, P. M., June 15, 1917, for constructing a Women's Ward at the Home for the Aged and Infirm at Blue Plains, D. C. Blank forms of proposal, plans and specifications and all necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required from bidders to insure the return of the plans and specifications. Oliver P. Newman, Louis Brownlow, C. W. Kutz, Commissioners, D. C.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 10 o'clock A. M. June 19, 1917, for delivering loading for Curtis turbines, brass, phosphor bronze, bar and sheet copper, sensitive drill, reamers, lathe, milling machine, abrasive wheels, pipe fittings, brass pipe, copper tubing, brass valve tubing, unions and valves at the navy yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., etc. Application for proposals to the supply officer, navy yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., or to the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., will receive prompt attention. Opening of proposals before June 19, 1917.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, June 19, 1917, for Contract 180, for erecting dwelling houses and various outhouses, remodeling 5 houses, and removing 4 buildings along the line of the Catskill Aqueduct between the Ashokan and Hill View reservoirs. The work has been divided into 6 groups arranged geographically, and the bidder may bid for one or more of these groups separately and also for the work as a whole.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 6.—Thirty-one new corporations, having an aggregate capital of $1,092,100, were chartered today. They include:

Kenmore Avenue Realty Corp., Kenmore, Erie County; $16,000; F. B. and G. V., and L. A. Eberhard, Kenmore.

Nyack Shipbuilding Corp., Nyack, build ships, yachts, boats, $100,000; A. M. Gage, I. Hopper, A. A. G. Luders, Nyack.

Scholler Mfg. Co., Inc., Buffalo, manufacture machinery, mechanics tools, $10,000; C. J. and E. J. and C. Scholler, Buffalo.

The Beaver Chemical Co., Inc., Manhattan, manufacture chemicals, drugs, $10,000; H. and B. Lichtenberg, S. Fillin, 2,013 Bryant Av., Bronx.

Van Glider Const. Co., Inc., Rochester, general contracting, building and realty, $10,000; E. U. Eley, R. Eton, W. H. Glider, Rochester.

The Patrick Falconer Estate, Inc., Falconer, take over estate of Patrick Falconer, $30,000; A. C. Davis, M. J. and K. D. Falconer, Jamestown.

Rochester Boat Works, Inc., Rochester, build ships, yachts and boats, $30,000; B. C. Maier, W. E. and F. H. Lacy, Rochester.

Triangle Card and Paper Co., Brooklyn, manufacture paper cards, cardboard, $7,000; W. Charney, H. Dwin, S. Kaplan, 8,813 Bay 19th St., Brooklyn.

Tilley Cueva & Co., Inc., Manhattan, exporting, importing, and general merchandise, $25,000; J. Cueva, E. H. Kelly, B. Leer Wood, 43 Cedar St.

Stamping Products Corp., Manhattan, manufacture and sell in metal molds, $25,000; C. A. Anderson, S. B. Sherman, G. C. Steeves, 630 West 141st St.

S. Phillips & Son, Inc., Manhattan, children's and children' dresses, $30,000; S. and L. A. and H. Phillips, 562 West 164th St.

Mundella Steamship Corp'n, Manhattan, transportation and navigation, $250,000; F. C. Munson, E. H. Bromell, C. M. Dimm, (no address given.)

Associated Paper Products Co., Inc., Manhattan, manufacture receptacles and containers, $5,000; W. F. Morgan, A. Moir, B. F. Messler, 336 Broadway.

Daniels Construction Co., Inc., construct railways, bridges, and docks, $500,000; W. D. Pratt, J. W. Black, E. Daniels, 233 Broadway.

Paulsen Realty Co., Inc., Bronx, realty and construction, $7,000; W. P. Paulsen, A. T. Otto, P. Held, 727 East 165th St., Bronx.

Harold Flammer, Inc., Manhattan, music publishing, $5,000; G. M. Vail, A. L. Wright, H. Flammer, 471 Roasmore Av., Bronxville.

Williamsburg-Flushing Scrap Iron Corp'n, Brooklyn, iron, steel, metals, realty, $5,000; M. Lachow, H. R. Frank, B. C. Risman, 1,411 Carroll St., Brooklyn.

T. J. Smith Co., Manhattan, contracting, trucking, stevedoring, $25,000; E. M. Loutrel, W. Coleman, W. A. Pratt, 440 Hancock St., Brooklyn.

Nation School of Method, Inc., Brooklyn, stationers' printer, bookseller, $5,000; O. M. Lagrua, J. T. Griffith, J. Blume, 614 West 114th St.

Capital Increases—The Broadway Phonograph Co., Inc., Manhattan, $6,000 to $10,000; Crosby Knitting Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $1,000 to $20,000; Mechanics' Bank of Rochester, Rochester, $300,000 to $500,000; Flushing Bay Improvement Co., Brooklyn, $500,000 to $750,000; Langstow-Fowler Co., Rochester, $150,000 to $600,000; F. R. Mallory Co., Inc., Manhattan, $35,000 to $41,000.

Authorizations—Scott & Williams, Inc., Massachusetts, knitting machinery, $1,750,000; representative, H. Swinglehurst or Robert W. Scott, 366 Broadway. Railway Audit and Inspection Co., Inc., Virginia, examination of gas and electric light properties, $100,000; representative, D. W. Thornton, 220 West 42d St. G. Lewis Woodford & Co., Inc., Minnesota, financial, brokerage business, $50,000; representative, G. Lewis Woodford, Rochester.

Dissolutions—George Konow, Inc., Brooklyn; Putnam Land Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 6.—Charters filed: Costello-Horner Co., Lakewood, deal in electric apparatus and conduct a plumbing establishment, $20,000; Charles W. Costello, Albert Horner, and Isaphene B. Peters, all of Lakewood.

Mill Creek Mining and Milling Co., Newark, mine minerals, &c., $50,000; Theodore Saunders, Jr., Augustus J. Mitchell, and Joseph L. Feibleman, all of Newark.

Linden Chemical Co., Linden, manufacture and deal in chemicals, $125,000; Adam J. Traub, Elizabeth; Norman W. Kempf and Louis A. Kempf, Newark.

Clifton Times, Clifton, publish newspapers and conduct a printing establishment, $25,000; Fred C. Barnes and Milton Devine, Paterson; S. Grant Thorburn, Clifton.

American Quilting Co., Jersey City Heights, manufacture silk, wool, &c., $25,000; Gustav A. Boettscher and Louis Diamond, Jersey City, and Adolph Weinberg, Flushing, L. I.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., June 6.—Charters filed: Canada Coal and Electric, to operate gas and electric plants, &c., $5,000,000; L. B. Phillips, J. B. Bailey, local Dover (Del.) incorporators.

Empire Oil and Gas Co., acquire oil and mineral lands and develop the same, $1,000,000; L. B. Phillips, J. B. Bailey, local Dover (Del.) incorporators.

Kenney Brennan Petroleum Co., bore for petroleum, &c., $1,000,000; P. R. Hansell, Vernon Flinn, S. C. Seymour, local Wilmington (Del.) incorporators.

New Era Oil Co., New York, produce oil, gas, and make and distribute the same, $300,000; C. W. Mann, J. Frederick, E. M. Harper, all of New York.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., adn Ga.—Probably fair Thurs. and Fri.; moderate and s. w. winds.

Fla.—Probably fair Thurs. and Fri.; moderate, variable winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Probably fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle s. wind.

Ind. and Ohio—Probably fair Thurs. and Fri.; fresh s. w. winds.

Lower Mich.—Mostly fair in s. and probably showers in n. Thurs. Fri. fair; strong s w winds.

Upper Mich.—Rain Thurs. Fri. fair; s. gales, diminishing and shifting to w.

La., Ark., Tenn., Ky. Okla. E. and W. Tex.—Probably fair Thurs. and Fri.

Ill.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., warmer in n. w. Thurs.

Mo.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri., warmer Thurs.

Wis.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., warmer Thurs.; diminishing w. winds.

Minn.—Cloudy Thurs. and Fri., warmer Thurs.

N. and E. Dak.—Cloudy Thurs. and Fri., warmer Thurs.

Kan., Neb. and Iowa—Fair Thursday and Fri., warmer Thurs.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED SALE OF THE ASSETS OF HOTEL HERMITAGE CO., AND NOTICE TO CREDITORS REQUIRING THE FILING OF CLAIMS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,
Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HOTEL HERMITAGE CO., Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 24497.

Please take notice that the undersigned, Charles Hirschfeld, Ferdinand J. Ficker and Isaac Heineman, have received an offer for the purchase of all of the assets and property of this estate from Frank C. Hurley, which offer is in substance to pay all priority and administration claims in full and to pay to the general creditors of the estate 20% in cash of their just, lawful, provable and allowable claims in bankruptcy, and to pay the third mortgage bond holders their claims in full, as set forth in the bid annexed to the petition herein, and to pay certain other charges against said property as contained in said bid.

Take notice further that an order has been made upon the petition of the said undersigned receivers, directing that a hearing be held before Hon. Julius M. Mayer, one of the Judges of the United States District Court, in Room 453 of the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of June 19th, 1917, to consider said offer, and that at said time any further offer for the assets of this estate may be made, and will be considered.

Creditors of the bankrupt are further notified that said order contains a provision reading as follows:

"No persons claiming to be creditors of the bankrupt excepting those whose claims appear on the books of the bankrupt as creditors, and whose claims are deemed by the receivers, or by the bidder (should said bid be accepted), as valid claims shall be entitled in the event of the acceptance of said bid to be paid a percentage of their claims as creditors unless their claims are filed with the receivers before June 19th, 1917, and all such persons claiming to be such creditors failing to file such claims with said receivers shall be barred from sharing in the distribution to be made in the event of the acceptance of any such percentage bid by this Court."

All such creditors are directed pursuant to said order to file their claims with the undersigned, the attorney for the receivers, before June 19th, 1917, at his office.

All persons are invited to make any and all bids as said time and place.

At said hearing such orders as may be just and proper will be made in respect to the sale or other disposition of any or all of the assets of this estate, the dismissal of the proceedings herein, and generally such other and further orders in reference to this estate as to the Court may seem proper.

For full particulars as to the terms and provisions of said bid of said Frank C. Hurley and of the order made by this Court thereon, reference is made to said bid, the petition of the undersigned thereon, and the order made by the Court upon said petition and offer, copies of which petition, offer and order may be had of the undersigned.

CHARLES E. NAUSS,
2260 Third Avenue,
ISAAC HEINEMAN,
217 Washington Street,
FERDINAND J. FICKER,
402 West Broadway,
Receivers.

CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receivers, 120 Broadway, New York City.

Persons desiring to purchase may inspect the property at any time.

Information with respect to the appraisal, etc., may be obtained at the office of the attorney for the receivers.

CREDITORS ARE NOTIFIED TO FILE PROOFS OF THEIR CLAIMS WITH THE RECEIVERS BEFORE JUNE 25TH, 1917.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

After four days of strenuous auctioneering Joseph P. Day and J. Clarence Davies disposed of the last lot in the Lorillard Spencer Bronx estate late yesterday afternoon in the Vesey Street Salesroom. The final sale was transferred to Manhattan from the property to afford a better opportunity for those who wished to bid on some of the choicest parcels.

A total of 1,445 lots was sold for $720,-150, averaging about $498 a lot. A woman investor carried off the honors for paying the highest price for a single parcel. She was Julia Fitzgerald. Her record purchase of the sale was the large triangular plot on Williamsbridge Road, Boston Road, and Radcliff Avenue, for which she paid $4,100. She also took five adjoining lots, making her purchases at that point $10,225. A smaller lot opposite was bought by Joseph J. McCabe for $1,850.

One of the choice plots was the triangular plot at Boston Road and Barnes Avenue, which was bought by George F. O'Connell for $1,225, and the tooth for adjoining lot for $900. Two others adjoining, running through from Boston Road to Barnes Avenue, went to Joan Katz for $1,000 and $775 respectively. The next lot on the road went for $800 to R. Berg-Von Linde, and $875 apiece was paid for the next two Boston Road lots. The adjoining gore at Boston Post Road and Wallace Avenue was taken on a bid of $1,225.

Mrs. R. Breitbart made one of the largest purchases during the first two hours of selling, paying $7,100 for nine lots on Boston Road, Wallace and Barnes Avenues, including the triangular corner of Boston Road and Wallace Avenue, for which she paid $1,225. For inside lots Mrs. Breitbart paid from $375 to $875 each. The block front on Mace Avenue, between Wallace and Barnes Avenues, brought from $625 to $850 per lot.

Twenty-seven lots in the block bounded by Boston Road, Mace, Wallace and Barnes Avenues brought $20,350, an average of $752 per lot.

William Fleming bought four lots for $6,200, including the corner of Radcliff Avenue and Boston Road, and J. Deutshberger bought the corner of Allerton Avenue and Bronxwood Avenue for $1,400, and two adjoining lots on Allerton Avenue at $950 each. Mrs. Townsend Phillips buying an adjoining lot for $800.

Despite the low prices that many of the lots brought, Messrs. Day and Davies called the sale last night a decided success in view of the fact that it had been possible to sell so large a number as 1,445 Bronx plots in spite of the upset conditions at this time and the demands that the Liberty Loan investments are making upon all classes of people.

Aldus Terrace Apartment Sold to Realty Company.

The Aldus Terrace Apartment, a six-story structure, occupying a plot 100 by 100, on the southwest corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 186th Street, has been purchased by the Nason Realty Company, Max Natanson, President.

It was held at $225,000, and was recently taken over in foreclosure proceedings by Abraham Dorb, Louis Albert, and Samuel Reich, from whom the Nason Company bought it. Frederick Zittel and George Rangen negotiated the sale.

Martin Samuels Increases East Side Warehouse Site.

The three old buildings 442 to 448 East Fifty-seventh Street, on a plot 72 by 123 by irregular, has been purchased by Martin Samuels of the firm of P. W. Prynchon & Co., dealers in antiques. Mr. Samuels recently purchased the property on the southwest corner of Avenue A and Fifty-seventh Street, and now controls a plot fronting 125.8 on Avenue A and 178.9 on Fifty-ninth Street, which will be improved with a warehouse.

Harlem Tenement Traded and Resold.

Samuel Lipman has purchased for investment from the V. R. Construction Company, Selig Rosenberg, President of plot 75 by 97.3, on the south side of 173d Street, 150.3 feet east of Fort Washington Avenue. In trade the buyer gave 348 to 350 East 119th Street, a six-story tenement, on a plot 40 by 100.11. The construction company has resold the tenement property to Samuel Katzman. Max Feldman negotiated both the sale and trade.

East Side Tenement Sale.

The three-story tenement house at 304 East 118th Street, 25 by 50.5, adjoining the southeast corner of Second Avenue, has been sold by Angelo Pramento for Lilly Newman to J. Cilento.

Bronx Sales.

The plot 25 by 95 on the west side of Prospect Avenue, 275 feet north of 187th Street, has been sold by the Samuel Cowen Agency for M. O'Rourke.

Estate Sells Brooklyn Lots.

E. J. Hollahan has sold ten lots on the north side of Eighty-third Street about 100 feet east of Fourth Avenue for the Kerns estate to an investor.

Long Island.

The Long Island City Realty Company has sold 60 lots at the development on the old Hunter, Van Alst, and De Bevoise farms, Long Island City, to the Schley Realty Corporation.

Herbert A. O'Brien has sold to O. Lies the plot 80 by 100 on the northeast corner of Campbell Avenue and Globe Place, Jamaica.

W. E. Field sold to the Stuyvesant Real Estate Company seventeen lots at Napier Park, Woodhaven.

J. W. Goodwin sold six lots adjacent to the Morris Park Railroad station to the Long Island Railroad Company.

Westchester County.

Kenneth Ives & Co. sold for Joseph Mendelsohn his country home at Hastings-on-Hudson to Annabella Curtis. The property was held at $18,000.

Wholesale Milliners on Fifth Avenue.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Gorham Company the seventh floor of its building at the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street to the Empire Novelty Company, wholesale milliners, for many years at Broadway and Waverley Place.

Since the exclusion of manufacturers in the retail centre the present lease indicates that the wholesale millinery trade will eventually share with the retailers in the occupancy of the buildings on Fifth Avenue and the side streets, between Thirty-fourth and Forty-second Streets. The trade has been welcomed by the interests behind the Save New York Movement.

Commercial Leases.

An important lease in the Third Avenue section of Harlem has been closed in a rental for a long term by D. Loventhal of the entire store space in the six-story building of 2,100 Third Avenue, southwest corner of 115th Street. The building covers a plot 32 by 100, and has been vacant several years. It was leased from William T. Koch and others. The lessees will open a shoe store.

William A. White & Sons have leased the store, basement and second floor at 10 Stone Street to Robert Krause and August Holtschmidt for a restaurant.

The John T. Peel Company leased for Mary A. Duffy the six-story building, containing 35,000 square feet, located at 532-35 West Twenty-fourth Street, to the Monahan Express Company for a term of years.

Henry Hof has leased for William Nierenberg the store at 750 Second Avenue to the Sheffield Farms Slawson-Decker Company.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased the building at 9 West Fiftieth Street for Mrs. Marie Winthrop Kellogg to Miss Julia W. C. Carroll, governs, now at 53 Fifth Avenue, for a long term of years. After extensive alterations Miss Carroll will occupy the premises.

The Allwin Realty Company, Adolph Humpfner, President, announces that it has arranged for the lease of a site on Twentieth Street, between Second and Third Avenues, for the construction of a four-story garage.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the third floor in the former Kuhn-Loeb Building, 27 and 29 Pine Street, for the Andrews Company to R. C. Mergel & Co. for three years at an aggregate rental of about $22,000.

Fence Gates Beyond Building Line.

The Board of Appeals, in a resolution adopted, has laid down the general interpretation that "fence gates, that are required to swing outwardly, may be so hung as to project beyond the building line, provided that such gates when open are securely fastened against the fence, and at other times are locked in the opening."

Realty Notes.

No plans for new buildings were filed yesterday. The only alteration plan of $5,000 or over was for changes to the four-story store building at 28 Division Street, owned by M. Sheiman, F. Horenburger and P. Bardes, the architects, place the cost at $5,000.

Under the exclusion of manufacturers in the retail centre the present lease indicates that the wholesale millinery trade will eventually share with the retailers in the occupancy of the buildings on Fifth Avenue and the side streets, between Thirty-fourth and Forty-second Streets. The trade has been welcomed by the interests behind the Save New York Movement.

The 788 and 790 West End Avenue, Inc., has been incorporated at Albany to hold title to the twelve-story apartment house at the southeast corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-eighth Street, 100 by 100, and the residence at 786, two doors to the south. The property was purchased a year ago by Rudolph G. Leeds of Richmond, Ind., from T. J. McLaughlin's Sons.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

Houston St, 303 East, s s, 54 ft e of Clinton St, 18x70, six-story tenement and stores; A. C. Fromm, exr., against Jos. Fiedel et al.; Joseph Roeder, attorney; due, $20,245.59; taxes, &c., $207.05; to the plaintiff for $16,500.

128th St, 215 West, n s, 188.4 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; W. M. Seward against David Vogel et al.; J. M. Harrington, attorney; due, $9,207.99; taxes, &c., $512.50; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

121st St, 209 West, n s, 148 ft w of 7th Av, 16x100.11, three-story dwelling; C. G. Koss, trustee, against E. J. Ellis and another; G. F. Warren, Jr., attorney; due, $9,741.13; taxes, &c., $501.39; to the plaintiff for $9,000.

By Henry Brady.

119th St, 358 West, n s, 82 ft w of Manhattan Av, 18x100.11, four-story dwelling; N. Y. Life & Trust Co. against A. L. Bell et al.; Emmet & P., attorneys; due, $12,-970.46; taxes, &c., $700; to the plaintiff for $18,500.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Hoe Av, 966, s e corner of Aldus St, 107x35, five-story flat; due, $10,184.18; taxes, &c., $468; prior mtg $37,000; also 982 Aldus St, 42x100, five-story flat; adjourned to June 13.

By James J. Donovan.

169th St, s s, 288 ft w of Concourse, 50x 112.2x irregular, three-story dwelling and stable; F. A. Southworth and another executors, against M. T. Walsh et al.; W. R. Brinckerhoff, attorney; due, $8,938.80; taxes, &c., $394.24; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

Vyse Av, 1,423, w s, 375 ft s of Charlotte Place, 25x100; two-story dwelling; Frank Lionin against T. W. Spangenberg et al.; P. E. Jackson, attorney; due, $638.62; taxes, &c., $465.61; to Georgo R. Rohn for $4,250.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

FULTON ST, 212, s s, 25x77; Helen J. Garrettson to Edward C. Cammann, Merrick, trustee, and Helen J. Hall, June 4; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St....$100

MADISON ST, 340, s s, 95.5 ft e of Scammel St, 24.7x95.10x24.2x96; Annie Shinsky to Rae Shinsky, 1,172 Vyse Av, Bronx, quitclaim, May 29; attorney, Louis Weinstein, 2,394 7th Av.....$1

ST. NICHOLAS AV, w s, 23 ft s of 173d St, 78x100; West Farms Const. Co. to William C. Schmidt, 1,058 St. Nicholas Av, b. w. & s. c. a. g., June 6; attorneys, Guggenheimer, N. & M., 120 Broadway.....$100

2D AV, 2,040, n e corner of 105th St, 75.11x 75, foreclosure, June 5, Middleton S. Borland, referee, to Virginia Dansiger, 11 East 79th St. and Moses J. Snendairg, 601 West 187th St, trustees, mtg $32,000, June 6; attorney, M. J. Snendairg, 309 Broadway. $2,000

8TH ST, 313 East, n s, 250.5 ft e of Avenue B, 20.7x80.10, foreclosure, June 5, 1917, Orseon A. Raynor, referee, to Lambert Suydam, 280 Park Av, executor, June 6; attorney, William R. Adams, 50 Broad St.....$10,000

8TH ST, 311 East, n s, 280.1 ft e of Avenue B, 20.7x80.10; same to same, foreclosure, June 5, 1917; attorney, same.....$10,000

9TH ST, n s, 465.10 ft w of 5th Av, 52.4x 92.8; the Manber Co. to the Daveun Co., 41 Park Row, mtg $36,000, all liens, June 1; attorneys, Skinner & B., 41 Park Row. $1

119th St, n s, 320 ft w of 2d Av, 17x100; Adeline Leitzbach to Helene Figge, 454 East 186th St, Bronx, mtg $8,000, June 4, 1914; attorney, Louis D. Schwartz, 37 Wall St. $1

97th St, 317 West, n s, 75 ft e of Av, 25x 100.5; Herman Evers to August Evers, 24 Kenmore Place, Brooklyn, 1-4 part, mtg $28,000, on whole, June 6; attorney, Henry Wendt, 99 Nassau St.....$10

84TH ST, 221 East, n s, 425 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.5; Mary L. Ryan, individual and executrix, to Josephine V. Ryan, 302 West 140th St, mtg $12,000, June 4; attorney, K. C. Newman, 280 Park Row.....$5,000

118TH ST, 316 East, n s, 350 ft e of 2d Av, 25x 100.5; Frederick Schwarz to Charles E. Lutter, 1,861 Avenue A, ½ part, all liens, May 25; attorney, Arthur Wieler, 261 Broadway.....$1

97TH ST, 134 West, n s, 400 ft w of Columbus Av, 21x102.2; Emma Evison to Hanover Mortgage Co., 49 Wall St, mtg $21,000, all liens, May 14; attorney, George R. Coughlan, 49 Wall St.....$1

71ST ST, s s, 125 ft e of 2d Av, 25x102.2; Nicola Basile to Dann Realty Corporation, 44 Court St, Brooklyn, mtg $11,500, June 5; attorney, Jno. L. Danzilo, 44 Court St, Brooklyn.....$1

80TH ST, 137 West, n s, 308 ft w of Columbus Av, 21x102.2; Mary E. to Mary H. Drake, all liens, Dec. 8, 1898; attorney, Wilson M. Powell, 2 Wall St.....$1

103D ST, 139 and 141 East, n s, 204 ft e of Park Av, 32x100.11; Sadie Realty Co. to Samuel Kiepner, 222 East 102d St, June 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Kiepner to Sharon Baptist Church, 137 East 103d St, June 5; attorney, same.....$100

111TH ST, 249 West, n s, 184 ft e of 8th Av, 36x100.11; Simon Gifield et al. to Provost Realty Corporation, 165 Water St, b. and s., all liens, June 5; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway.....$100

117TH ST, 415 East, n s, 109 ft e of 1st Av, 20x100.11; Emma Jergen to Joseph Av. Smith, 791 2d Av, mtg $17,000, June 2; attorneys, Weeks Bros., 52 William St.....$1

118TH ST, 304 East, s s, 75 ft e of 2d Av, 25x50.5; Lilly Neumann to Eugenio & Clinets, 354 East 104th St, mtg $4,000, all liens, June 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

119TH ST, 348-50 East, s s, 110 ft w of 1st Av, 40x100.11; Samuel Lipman to R. Building Corp., 600 West 181st St, mtg $26,-500, all liens, June 5; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; V. R. Building Corp. to Samuel Katzman, 34 West 118th St, mtg $26,500, June 5; attorney, Alex Kahn, 320 Broadway.....$100

Wholesale Milliners on Fifth Avenue.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Gorham Company the seventh floor of its building at the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street to the Empire Novelty Company, wholesale millinery, for many years at Broadway and Waverley Place.

Since the exclusion of manufacturers in the retail centre the present lease indicates that the wholesale millinery trade will eventually share with the retailers in the occupancy of the buildings on Fifth Avenue and the side streets, between Thirty-fourth and Forty-second Streets. The trade has been welcomed by the interests behind the Save New York Movement.

Commercial Leases.

An important lease in the Third Avenue section of Harlem has been closed in a rental for a long term by D. Loventhal of the entire store space in the six-story building of 2,100 Third Avenue, southwest corner of 115th Street. The building covers a plot 32 by 100, and has been vacant several years. It was leased from William T. Koch and others. The lessees will open a shoe store.

William A. White & Sons have leased the store, basement and second floor at 10 Stone Street to Robert Krause and August Holtschmidt for a restaurant.

The John T. Peel Company leased for Mary A. Duffy the six-story building, containing 35,000 square feet, located at 532-35 West Twenty-fourth Street, to the Monahan Express Company for a term of years.

Henry Hof has leased for William Nierenberg the store at 750 Second Avenue to the Sheffield Farms Slawson-Decker Company.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased the building at 9 West Fiftieth Street for Mrs. Marie Winthrop Kellogg to Miss Julia W. C. Carroll, governs, now at 53 Fifth Avenue, for a long term of years. After extensive alterations Miss Carroll will occupy the premises.

The Allwin Realty Company, Adolph Humpfner, President, announces that it has arranged for the lease of a site on Twentieth Street, between Second and Third Avenues, for the construction of a four-story garage.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the third floor

"SONNY BILL MANOR"

AT ROWAYTON, CONN., five miles from Stamford, one mile from South Norwalk, on N. Y., N. H. & Hartford R. R., one hour from N. Y. City.

Magnificent estate of seven acres, part in cultivation; 14-room house, 3 baths, including complete furnishings, conservatory, flower garden, tennis court, chauffeur's house of 5 rooms and bath; boat-house on Sound, golf and boat clubs in vicinity (originally planned and laid out at an expense of $70,000. The home of the late Charles Klein.)

Terms: Sale $30,000, half cash, half mortgage; or rent, $2,500 per year on 3-year lease. Apply to

ARCHIBALD SELWYN, 1451 Broadway, N. Y. City.

The Langham

73d St.—Central Park West—74th St.

Situated in one of the most exclusive locations in the city, this building combines the luxury and elegance of the finest private residences with the comfort, convenience and service of an apartment.

Suites of 9 Rooms & Upward

REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES, OR

L. J. Phillips & Co., Agents

72d St. & Columbus Ave. *Telephone Columbus 2750*

REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Easy housekeeping homes on Crown St., between Bedford and Rogers Avs.; both sides of street built up; two stories, 7 rooms and bath; driveway in rear. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

ATTRACTIVE Summer and ALL-YEAR HOMES now ready for inspection at HOWARD BEACH ESTATES, the seaside country home community within the city; 30 minutes from Broadway; all improvements; restricted; water frontage; bathing, boating, fishing; investigate before buying elsewhere. Office 51 Chambers St. Phone Worth 3556.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful home, South Yonkers; high ground, extensive view, overlooking Van Cortlandt Park; modern new stucco house, 10 rooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch, wide veranda; quartered oak trim, parquet floors, large fireplace, all improvements; sun parlor, well heated; garage; ground 75x100; large trees; must be seen to appreciate; two minutes' walk to Caryl station; $11,000; terms to suit, or will rent for $85 monthly. E. A. Fairbanks, 54 Manhattan St. Tel. 8924 Morningside.

To rent a beautiful all-year 9-room house, large yard and porch, four master's bedrooms, 2 servants' rooms; garden all planted; 18 minutes from New Haven Depot and bathing beach; rent $75 month or will rent furnished for $100 month starting June 15; party leaving City; can be seen any time. 88 West Castle Place, New Rochelle, N. Y.

RIVER VIEW MANOR.—Established community of homes, every city convenience, high elevation, no malaria, no mosquitoes; well designed and constructed houses; $7,000 and up. Hastings Homes Co., 41 Park Row.

$500 and your present monthly rental will buy your home at Mahwah, N. J. and Larchmont, N. Y. Country Home League, 40 W. 32d St. Phone 9880 Madison.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For Sale or Rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Five-room seashore bungalow, all large rooms, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, &c.; fireplace, beamed ceilings and panelled walls, modern kitchen and bath; decorate to suit; half block from bathing beach, plenty of fishing and boating, lawn, flowers, hedge, &c.; near trolley and station to New York City; bargain in price and terms to right, quick buyer. Write for any further details. "Shore Bungalow," Box 275 Times Downtown.

Old homestead, with 3 acres of fine cleared farm land, beautiful shade trees, apple and peach orchard, &c.; fine chicken house and outbuildings; on main road in good-sized town; stores, schools, churches, commuting distance to New York City; will sell cheap and on easy terms to a reliable family wanting such a place. Write for further information, Hocker, Box 244 Times Downtown.

If you are looking for an old house needing a few repairs, with a half acre of good land for cultivation of vegetables and chickens, near water and station, complete for $1,500, for $75 down and $10 monthly, answer at once to Johnson, Box 290 Times Downtown.

$15 lots, (in plots of 5 lots each,) cleared or wooded land, high location; near depot and water; bargain for home or investment; good title; only $1 down and 50 cents weekly. Call for free railroad tickets. B. Seaman, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

FREEPORT WATER FRONT.
Bungalows and houses, $2,500 up; also building plots on Randall Bay and Woodcleft Bay; low prices, easy terms; send for circular. JOHN J. RANDALL CO., Freeport, L. I.

Manhattan Beach lots, swept by ocean breezes, with all improvements in and paid for, can be bought now at $810 each; this is a war-time price. Joseph F. Day, sales agent, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

Small poultry farm, 6-room house; needs repairs; convenient to station and trolley; one hour out from city; sell to quick buyer, $100 cash, balance $12 per month. B. Thomas, 243 West 84th St., New York City.

LYNBROOK.—Modern six-room house for sale, $8,600; electric light, steam heat; corner plot; 115 feet deep; few minutes station. Address owner, Edgar S. Olivit, 76 Marion St., Lynbrook, L. I.

$975 for small house and land; room for garden and chickens; needs some repairs; will make nice year-round home; $100 cash, balance $8 monthly. B. James, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

84,000 square fet of fine fertile farm land, with small lake and shade trees; suitable for duck farming, &c.; will sacrifice to quick buyer. Trelss, Box 270 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IF SOLD THIS WEEK, $300 down and small monthly payments, like rent, buys my beautiful suburban home, 30 minutes from New York; 7c fare; Craftsman design; 6 rooms, tiled bathroom; parquet floors, beamed ceiling, open fireplace, and built-in bookcase in living room; hardwood trim; bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, sewer; near station and public school; 70 trains daily; trolleys also. OWEN A. BALDWIN, 80 Malden Lane, N. Y. 5047 John.

Choice bargain, 6-room house, bath, modern house, for $3,400; $800 cash, balance easy terms; water, gas, electricity, sewers, finished streets, high and dry; large verandas, lawns and gardens; 5 minutes to N. Y. R. station or trolley; commutation $4.85; 30 minutes to Broadway; house is two years old, in fine condition; rental income, $350 yearly. Act quick. Call, write, or phone Owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 West 58th St. Tel. Greeley 4535.

Exceptional Bargains.—$2,700 to $3,800 buys my modern homes and bungalows; sacrificing $500 under value, as building materials were bought last Fall when prices were low; buyer gets benefit; six rooms, bath; gas, electricity, steam; beam ceilings; 30 minutes on Erie; near station and trolley; restricted; high elevation; small payment down, balance like rent. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

CRANFORD, N. J. Three beautiful detached houses, just Lincoln Park Section, finished; each seven rooms, bath; most attractive surroundings in best neighborhood; $6,800 to $7,800; terms. Droescher, Owner, 79 Warren St., N. Y.

Madison, N. J., the Rose City.—Large house, large garage, suitable gentleman's estate; 5 acres, magnificent restricted surroundings; sacrifice sale, easy terms. Owner, 853 Broadway, N. Y., Room 20. Telephone 3964 Stuyvesant.

So. Orange.—Brick house, 14 rooms, 3 baths; stable; 2 acres; fine trees, shrubbery; choice location; $28,000; or will rent, unfurnished, $2,000 annum. Charles O'Brien Co., So. Orange, N. J., and 141 Broadway, N. Y.

DANDY FARM.
154 acres, Basking Ridge; two houses, large barns, three wells; splendid views; $4,000 worth timber; bargain.
LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway.

Montclair.—Charming residence, 10 rooms, 3 baths, beautiful grounds 120x150 feet, large screened veranda, near tennis club, rent $100 per month. Frank Hughes-Taylor Company.

MONTCLAIR.—Will sacrifice $9,000 residence (or $7,500; 9 rooms, 2 baths, 6 bedrooms, sleeping porch, latest appointments; only $500 cash required. Frank Hughes Taylor Company, at Lackawanna Ter., Montclair, N. J.

Fruit Farm, 62 acres exceptional, level land; 600 bearing trees; good buildings; near village and stone road. Price $5,000; half cash. E. S. SCOCUM, 141 Broadway.

Beautiful country place, 1¼ acres; new 8-room house and garage; cabinet trim; all improvements; price $8,500. C. H., 65 Kenzel Av., West Nutley, N. J.

HILL TOP SUBURBAN HOME SITE.—Near station; 50x200; water, electricity; grand views; $300 on terms. Room 1701, 141 B'way.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Gentleman's Estate.—Located in one of the most charming sections of Connecticut, near New Canaan and Stamford, within commuting distance of New York; 50 acres; house 6 master's rooms, garage, farm buildings; over 200 fruit-bearing trees; brooks and lakes; near new country club; bargain. Special, N 145 Times.

This office specializes in Connecticut inland and shorefront acreage, old houses with histories, big fireplaces, and Dutch ovens; also hilltops with fine views; what you want may be here. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

Farm, 280 acres; 9-room house; gravity water; practical barn; record corn land; 800 fruit trees; 3 acres berries; river affords boating and fishing; price $6,500. FARM & ESTATE CLEARING HOUSE, 141 Broadway.

FRONTING ON TWIN LAKES.
Charming estate of 26 acres; buildings cost $15,000; all in perfect repair; beautiful lake front; details and pictures mailed on request; price $9,000. E. Blocum, 141 Broadway.

Stamford, Conn. — Magnificent estate on Strawberry Hill; 8¼ acres; large house with every modern improvement; garage; greenhouses, gardener's cottage, &c. Address B. S. H., (Suite 1933,) 80 Malden Lane, N. Y.

Magnificent scenic estate; improved acreage; unencumbered; commutation. Owner, 807, 19 Liberty St.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Fruit and General Farm, 128 acres, Hudson River section; charming 10-room house, views; good land; price $7,000, $3,000 cash. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 B'way.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted, within easy commutation of New York, from one acre upward, good neighborhood, view, trees, with small house or without. Address Desirable, L 385 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FOR RENT.
JEWELER'S STAND,
MAIN HALLWAY, 74 BROADWAY.
Splendid location; low rent.
Apply at Office No. 1,506.

FOR RENT.
SMALL OFFICES,
74 BROADWAY.
Three windows, room for five desks; low rent. Apply Office No. 1,506.

404 6TH AV., CORNER 28TH ST. Private offices, or desk room, furnished and unfurnished. Efficient telephone and stenographic service. Rents moderate. OFFICE SERVICE CORPORATION

Loft, 247-253 West 19th St., 7,500 sq. ft., modern building, sprinkler system; rent reasonable. Supt., or Reed Realty & Securities Co., owner, 51 Chambers St., or your own broker.

To Let, for manufacturing purposes, two floors, 25x80; fireproof, good light; central; convenient to cars and freight yards; low rental; at 64 Main St., Yonkers, N. Y. Mackay.

MILLINERY house wishes to sub-lease 1,000-foot space in most desirable building in city for millinery or dressmaking business. Scully Bros & Co., 417 5th Av.

LOFT, 25x100, sublet, 113 West 23d; cheap rent; can renew lease. Senor-Wertheim, 13 West 20th St.

Large, light loft, 50x100, sublet, with fixtures and machinery; excellent for waist manufacturer. D 159 Times.

Store, ground floor; also back parlor, for light business. 16 West 47th.

To Sublet—Fifth floor, with show room fixtures. 18 West 27th St.

Office for rent, 16x24, front, 9th floor. Black Publishing Co., 470 4th Av.

SACRIFICE.—Corner loft, 18 windows, 40x85, 155 Lewis St. Telephone Lenox 9175.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

At Edgemere, L. I.—House, 10 rooms, 2 baths; steam heat; fireplace; garage; block from depot; rent $750; furnished, or sell, $7,000. Box L 296 Times Downtown, or phone 929 Far Rockaway.

ARTISTIC BUNGALOWS.
One hour out on north shore; charmingly situated; garden planted; $225 per season. Dr. Enright, 906 Greene Av.

Handsomely furnished old Colonial house, directly on L. I. Sound; 4 bedrooms, 2 baths, 5 servants' exclusive neighborhood; rent $2,500. Pell & Tibbits, 542 5th Av., N. Y.

Sayville.—$500 season; modern 12-room house; beautiful grounds; all improvements; garden; garage. C. H. Post, 108 Fulton St., N. Y.

SUMMER RENTALS—Cottages and Estates, Huntington, North Shore, and Shelter Island. Daniel M. Gerard, 1,270 B'way.(33d St.,) N. Y.

Westchester County.

Charming embowered home, furnished; six rooms, sleeping porches; $80; half hour to Grand Central. Cooley, 5271 Morningside.

House.—Four bedrooms; ample porch; best neighborhood; reasonable. L. Birdsall, Tarrytown, N. Y.

New York State.

Rustic Bungalow.—Sleeping porches; wild, wooded shore; across Schroon Lake from village; $175 season. W. F. Cooley, Columbia University.

Furnished bungalows, $125 and upward. Address E. R. Fox, Oakwood, Staten Island. Telephone Orchard 3767.

Rustic-furnished cottage, 5 rooms, Berkshire Hills; lake; $100 season. Bussmann, 230 West 42d. Phone Bryant 8794.

New Jersey.

Five-room furnished bungalow and large garden plot, near river; near station; $125 season, commutation 13 cents. Address Immediate Possession, 210 Times.

Desirable six-room bungalow, furnished, all conveniences, cool, shady, well located; season $200. Leland Wright, Bradley Beach, New Jersey.

Miscellaneous.

Coney Island, Henry St., 2,730.—House eight rooms; piazza, yard. Phone evenings, Coney Island 2779 R.

Wanted—Furnished.

House wanted, within commuting distance, on Sound or coast, for July and August; 6 bedrooms and 3 baths; in reply please give particulars as to location, rental, &c. Address Y 400 Times Annex.

Bungalow or small house wanted, furnished, easy commuting; refined young couple; exceptional opportunity for parties not usually renting; will consider boarding. Curtis, L 388 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Furnished house, July and August, four master's, two servants' rooms; commuting distance to New York. C 427 Times Annex.

Bungalow, furnished, one hour commuting from city; seashore; advise price and location. N 174 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 749.—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; hotel service; $17.50 week. Plaza 8793.

39TH ST., 124 EAST.—Attractively furnished floor, private house, near Park Av.; large, cool rooms; Summer or longer; references.

44TH, EAST.—Studio roof apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; unfurnished, $65; furnished, $85. Apply FALCO, 505 5th Av.

58TH, 43 EAST.—Two large rooms and bath; high-class apartment house. Coffyn.

60TH, 18 EAST.—Cool, attractive, two bedrooms, parlor, bath; reasonable rent; restaurant; non-housekeeping. Mrs. Elliot Smith, Plaza 4870.

82D, 108 EAST.—New six rooms, two baths, beautifully furnished apt., to rent from June to October to responsible party; references. Apt. 2D.

ATTENTION.—Summer rates now; apartments, furnished, 2 rooms, bath; full hotel service; block from subway; $10.50-$14 weekly. Hotel Benton, 35 East 27th St. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

ATTRACTIVE apartment for bachelor; two rooms and bath. Telephone Plaza 2200.

DELIGHTFUL FOUR ROOMS, Plaza section, charmingly furnished; housekeeping; sacrifice. Columbus 3974.

LEXINGTON AV., 163, (Hotel Rutledge.)—1, 2, or 3 rooms and bath; large, sunny, very modern; telephone, elevator service, electric light; $30 per month and up, or weekly rates; meals optional; extraordinary value.

LEXINGTON AV., 231, (near 24th St.)—Delightfully airy two rooms, bath and kitchen. Head.

MADISON AV., 726.—Two rooms and bath, beautifully furnished, to rent for Summer.

PARK AV., 1,229.—Sacrifice a corner apartment, 8 large, light rooms, 2 baths, furnished, or unfurnished. Inquire A. Kassel, Lenox 9173.

TO SUBLET, bedroom and bath, also a suite of parlor, bedroom, and bath; can be connected if desired; attractive rate. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 46th St.

SUBLET, furnished, elegant nine-room apartment, east; all magnificent furniture. L 897 Times Downtown.

Furnished—West Side.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just Off Broadway.)—New elevator housekeeping furnished apartments, 1, 2, 3 rooms; tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; highest references indispensable; $50 up monthly. Tel. Bry. 6255.

47TH, 16 WEST.—Small apartments, furnished or unfurnished; hot water, bath; moderate.

56TH, 208 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, 2 rooms and bath, just vacated; full hotel service free. Thorndyke Apartments.

57TH, 130 WEST.—Single studio, 16x24, furnished, bath, $55 per month. Inquire Superintendent.

57TH ST.—Choice 3-room apartment; piano; elevator; references; adults. Circle 1838.

59TH ST, 38 WEST.
Neatly furnished two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette; monthly or yearly.

65TH ST., 136-138 WEST, (The Shropshire.)—To sublet until Oct. 1, one bachelor apartment of two rooms and bath; attractively furnished; near subway and "L"; $60 a month.

68TH ST., 1 WEST, (Corner Central Park West.)—Seven rooms and two baths, completely furnished, for rent for the Summer months at $100 per month; the apartment is unusually desirable and has several rooms facing the Park.

69TH, 243-245 WEST, (The New West End.)—One, two, three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; Summer rates; $45-$85; completely furnished; satisfactory references absolutely necessary. Supt., on premises. Open evenings.

72D ST., 260 WEST.—Apartment, fully furnished, sublet for Summer; 5 rooms, 2 baths. Phone Mr. Orser, Plaza 6648.

74TH ST., (Hotel Berkeley.)—Large 3-room apartment; unobstructed view; if taken now, $75 monthly; lease expires October; can renew lease. Inquire directly, Apt. 1004.

74TH ST., 108 WEST.—Beautiful building, just altered, open three sides; large studios, suites, showers, $12 weekly upward.

76TH, 55 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive two large rooms, bath, kitchen; electricity; telephone.

78TH, 126 WEST.—Attractive 2 rooms, bath; kitchen, gas, electricity, phone; maid service if desired; low Summer rates.

80TH, 225 WEST.—Corner apartment; 3 rooms and 2 baths, completely furnished; from June 15; reasonable. Phone Schy. 8068.

81ST, 167 WEST.—Sublet; three months, furnished apartment, 7 rooms, bath; references. D W.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Handsome large rooms; private bath, kitchenette; parlor bedroom; piano; $7.

81ST, 117 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private baths; moderate; convenient to "L."

82D, 8 WEST.—Two large, attractive front rooms, with dressing room; all conveniences.

82D, 127 WEST.—Five-room apartment; sublet; exceptionally cool; immediate possession. Superintendent.

86TH, 315 WEST.—Attractive apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths; sublet to October, $100 month; new lease, $1,800. Kuh.

112TH, 528 WEST, (Apt. 31.)—To sublet, attractive, light, airy apartment; seven rooms and two baths; from June 15 to Oct. 1, at $70 a month.

129TH, 409 WEST, (Apt. 23.) — Six-room apartment to sublet, large, light, airy rooms, elevator service; $30 rental. Phone Morningside 8500.

141ST, 622 WEST.—Elegant 5 rooms, $62 elevator apartment, at Riverside, sublet to Oct. at $45. Robinson, 4D.

152D, 617 WEST.—Modern 6-room apartment; southern exposure; all conveniences. Norris.

APARTMENTS, 6 AND 7 ROOMS AND BATH; CONVENIENT TO ALL TRANSIT LINES; REASONABLE RENTS. APPLY SUPT., 33 WEST 61ST ST., OR CROSS & BROWN CO., 18 EAST 41ST ST.

HIGH-CLASS
elevator apartments, 4-8 rooms; rents reasonable. Inquire 41 Convent Av.

PINEHURST AV., 1, (Washington Heights.) —3-room apt., sublet, ground floor, Apt. 2.

RIVIERA.
790 Riverside Drive.
High-class elevator apartments.
4-5-6 large, light rooms,
with all improvements.

RIVERSIDE, 640, (141st St.)—Four rooms to sublet, unfurnished, two facing river.

SAN JOSE.
500 West End Av., corner 84th St.
11th floor, 5 rooms, 2 baths,
$100 per month, furnished or unfurnished; sublet to Oct. 1, 1917.
Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

STUDIO APARTMENT, 1 ROOM, ALCOVE AND BATH; REASONABLE RENT. APPLY SUPT., 23 WEST 36TH ST., OR CROSS & BROWN, 18 EAST 41ST ST.

STUDIO APARTMENTS, TOP FLOOR, TALL BUILDING, LOWER FIFTH AV. SECTION. FOR DETAILS APPLY CROSS & BROWN CO., 100 FIFTH AV.

305 WEST END AV.
New building, northwest corner 104th St.; now leasing from plans, 6, 7, and 8 rooms, 2 and 3 baths. Full particulars from Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

6 BEAUTIFUL LARGE ROOMS, $30-$32.
Steam heat, hot water supply; exceptionally well kept house, 47 8th Av., 2 blocks below 14th, facing Jackson Square Park; convenient location. Janitor at 49.

Queens.
JACKSON HEIGHTS APARTMENTS,
$35 to $45 a Month.
THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION.
Renting Office, Jackson Av., cor. 23th St.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—APARTMENTS; ALL SIZES. EXCLUSIVE REALTY, 176 W. 72d. Col. 848.

Unfurnished.

REFINED young married couple want 5 light outside rooms, elevator apartment, between 100th and 145th, west of Broadway; about $800; permanent. O 38 Times.

WANTED, unfurnished, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, below 100th St.; rental $40 to $50. Responsible, O 58 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Newly decorated, well-furnished room; bath; telephone; private house; moderate.

81ST, (Corner Lexington, 176.)—Comfortable large, also small room, in high-class apartment, elevator; refined; gentleman; references. Apartment 10.

37TH, 18 EAST.—Desirable rooms; newly decorated; also unfurnished; $4 up; telephone.

43D, 16 EAST.—Large room, with bath; also small room; comforts of home, with liberty of hotel; references.

53TH, 71 EAST.—Large, light room, running water, electric light, telephone; references.

56TH ST, 153 EAST, (Y. M. C. A.)—Rooms, $2.50 to $4 weekly. Lenox 6033.

COOL, attractive room, with lavatory, and breakfast, in a private home, east side, 70s; $40 monthly. O 54 Times.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 146.—Room, sunny, with running water, phone, elevator; electric light well furnished; excellent service; $5 weekly and up; with bath, $9 weekly and up; meals exceptionally reasonable; optional.

West Side.

127TH, 49 WEST.—Very large, high ceiling room and bath, with balcony, to sublet for Summer, reasonable. Apply E. C. Potts, Chelsea 9525.

12TH, 34 WEST.—Unusually large, medium, en suite; private bath; private house; electricity; references.

12TH, 35 WEST.—Large and small rooms, near bath; telephone; references.

22D ST., 302 WEST.—Allerton House for bachelors; congenial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new, fireproof building; billiard room; running water every room; single, $4.50 to $8.50 weekly; rooms for two, $8 to $3.50 weekly each.

23D ST., 250 WEST.—Colonial house for women; running hot and cold water in every room; telephone connection. Chelsea 9070.

23D, 258 WEST.—Large room, private bath, $7; single, $3.50; gentlemen.

29TH, 52 WEST.—Two large rooms, eight windows, bath; maid service; telephone.

39TH ST., 61 WEST.—Refined hotel for gentlemen; $4 up; transients, 75c. up.

40TH, 68 WEST.—Large, small rooms, adjoining bath; overlooking park; electricity, references.

54TH, 40 WEST; 52d, 61 West.—Large, southern exposure, rooms, private bath.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable room, gentleman; electric light; running water; Summer rates.

67TH ST., 260 WEST.—Small and large room in exclusive elevator apartment; references. Sewall.

67TH, 318 WEST.—Y. M. C. A. for young men coming into city.

67TH, 344 WEST.—Small front room; also large basement, furnished or unfurnished.

68TH, 128 WEST.—Large, airy room; convenient location; telephone; private house.

68TH, 47 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, alcove; running water; electricity; connecting bath.

69TH, 63 WEST.—Large front room, bay window, southern exposure, kitchenette exclusive house.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms; suites, single room; gentleman, business couple; reasonable; telephone.

79TH, 30 WEST.—Attractive large single, double rooms; well furnished; all conveniences; private residence.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Single, double; outside; nice and cool rooms; private house; accommodations unsurpassed; Summer rates; breakfast served.

72D ST., 58 WEST.—One, two gentlemen; shower, electricity, elevator; private family; $6. Phone Columbus 2081. Apt. 1.

72D, 336 WEST.—Large room, with private bath, facing Hudson; also small room.

72D, 306 WEST.—Desirable 2nd floor single or en suite; other rooms; reasonable.

72D, 131 WEST.—Desirable double rooms; also parlor floor; private baths; telephone.

73D, 139 WEST.—Just opening newly furnished, decorated house; large, small rooms; electricity; hardwood floors; excellent location.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room; private bath; also medium-sized room.

74TH, 108 WEST.—TWO LARGE, SKY-light studios; three suites, showers; light three sides; newly opened; $12 upward.

74TH, 23 WEST.—Elegant one and two room suites; private baths. Wheeler.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Large rooms, dressing room, adjoining bath; electricity; exclusive; very reasonable.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; excellent location; running hot, cold water; telephone; price, $4 and $4.50.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable, medium room; running water; bath, phone; select residence; $6.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive rooms, individual baths, electricity; references. Phone Schuyler 4586.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Room and bath; rooms with running water; all improvements; reasonable.

77TH, 109 WEST.—Well-furnished double front room; newly decorated; all conveniences; reasonable.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Exceptionally well-appointed, private house; individual baths; phone; references.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Furnished rooms; house newly furnished and decorated; parquet floors throughout; latest improved hot water system.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Beautiful large room, with piano; connecting shower bath; exclusive residence.

78TH ST., 317 WEST.—House just opened; fine large, small room; private bath.

80TH, 104-147 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms; private baths; medium rooms; references.

80TH, 104-147 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private baths; medium rooms; references.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Handsome large rooms; private bath, kitchenette; parlor bedroom; piano; $7.

81ST, 117 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private baths; moderate; convenient to "L."

82D, 8 WEST.—Two large, attractive front rooms, with dressing room; all conveniences.

82D, 20 WEST.—University professor's wife will rent newly furnished rooms; references exchanged.

82D, 52 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, attractive rooms; electricity; refined location; unusually reasonable rates.

82D, 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; baths; near "L"; breakfast; references.

83D, 324 WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Ideal for Summer months; 7 rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping. Phone 2482 Col.

83D, 30 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room, private bath; exceptionally clean; electricity; reasonable. Apt. 4.

84TH, 31 WEST.—Splendidly furnished back parlor, private bath; other rooms; electricity; parquet.

84TH, 51 WEST.—Attractive large suite, with bath, together or separate; refined surroundings.

85TH, 210 WEST.—Bedroom and sitting room, facing street; comfortable; gentlemen. Schuyler 6304.

85TH, 207 WEST, (Off Broadway.)—Large room, running water; cleanliness, refinements. Sharples.

86TH, 108 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, baths; wholesome home cooking; special low rates.

87TH, 113 WEST.—Beautifully furnished bed, sitting room; electricity; also comfortable small room.

86TH, (Near Broadway.)—Attractive large suite with bath; together or separately; refined surroundings. Schuyler 8388.

86TH ST., 533 West End Av.—Attractive large room; private bath, electricity; subway, elevated; references.

88TH, 337 WEST.—Elegant large and small rooms, private baths, near Drive; references.

87TH, 201 WEST.—Attractive newly furnished outside rooms, kitchenette; maid service; elevator. Kennedy.

87TH, 208 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable large, small; running water; telephone; $3.50. Anderson.

89TH, 318 WEST.—Attractive, well-furnished, large rooms; electricity; beautiful location; reference; reasonable.

93D, 265 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large room, private bath; smaller room; breakfast optional; all modern conveniences; Summer rates.

93D, 308 WEST.—Large, homelike; ample closets; water, electricity, telephone, elevator; subway, "L."

93D, 263 WEST.—Large room; private washroom; bath; every convenience. 8091 River.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Two attractive, medium rooms; also hall room; all conveniences.

95TH, 251 WEST.—Beautiful front suite, bath; high-class elevator apartment. Cowan.

97TH ST., (750 West End Av.)—Desirable furnished front rooms; Summer rates; convenient subway.

102D, 233 WEST.—Large front room, elegantly furnished; private house. Aarons.

105TH, 170 WEST.—Large front room, running water, phone; "L," subway; refined; reasonable.

108TH, 7 WEST.—Newly furnished room, adjoining bath. Phone 1240 Academy. Clinton.

112TH, 304 WEST.—Sunny, clean, single room, elevator, telephone; references, $4.50. Otis.

116TH, 438 WEST.—Single room for business woman; $4. Apt. 2B.

117TH, ST. AND AMSTERDAM AV., (Hotel La Porte.)—Two blocks subway express station; 6 minutes from 42d St.; overlooking Columbia University grounds; suitable rooms, with or without private bath; suite, full hotel service and conveniences; $5 weekly up.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Pleasant rooms near Columbia; elevator building; $3.50-$4. Apt. 3.

118TH, 427 WEST.—Exceptionally furnished, suitable two, adjoining bath; reasonable. Reynolds.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Beautiful corner rooms, all overlooking park; southeastern exposure; glorious view; $4-$7; fine restaurant; references.

120TH, 434 WEST, Apt. 9F.—Attractive room in high-class apartment, or share with business woman.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished rooms, opposite Columbia University, single or en suite; double, $7-$8; single, $3, $4, $5; kitchen privileges. Mrs. Finch.

123D, 348 WEST.—Attractive suite, one or two rooms, lavatories, and bath; private house; every improvement. Phone 654 Morningside.

126TH, 56 WEST.—First-class rooms for refined persons; every convenience; telephone; Lenox subway; references exchanged. Phone Harlem 7673.

138TH, 606 WEST.—Large, small rooms, nicely furnished, running water, phone, kitchen privileges.

140TH, 477 WEST.—Outside room, suitable for two; elevator; reference. Apt. 32.

142D, 603 WEST.—Large room, adjoining shower; also smaller room; elevator. Scott.

143D, 501 WEST.—Two front rooms, bath, kitchen; together, separately. Apt. 27.

144TH, 900 WEST.—River view, $7; front, $8; convenient location; electricity. Apt. 6B.

BROADWAY, (Corner 56th.)—Exceptional large outside rooms, newly decorated and furnished; Summer rates; references. Apartment 8, the Rockingham.

BROADWAY, 2,485, (81st.)—Beautiful light, airy suites; improvements, services; reasonable. Mahone.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (66TH ST.)
In charming apartment, delightful outside room; excellent transportation. Telephone 7915 Columbus.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 355, (96th.)—Beautiful rooms, overlooking park; separate or en suite.

CLAREMONT AV., 200.—Large front room, also single room, for ladies; kitchen privileges. Apartment 37. Call after 4.

LARGE ROOMS, suites, furnished, unfurnished; garden; 10 Charles, Greenwich Village. 8052 Chelsea.

LARGE, cool 1-2 rooms, bath; charmingly furnished; exclusive. Tel. Riverside 1943.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 106, (Apt. 4B.)—Ideal for Summer months; 5 rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping. Phone 2482 Columbus.

NEWLY FURNISHED high-class rooms; in private residence, near Washington Square. Telephone Stuyvesant 1788.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214.—Large room, overlooking Hudson; running water; all conveniences. Meek, Apt. 32.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 126.—3-room suite on river; rooms; light housekeeping. M.

WEST END AV., 319, (Corner of 85th St.)—Beautiful large rooms, en suite, private baths; private, modern home; breakfast optional; telephone Schuyler 10017.

WEST END AV., (Convenient 86th Subway.) —Handsome room, suite, bath; breakfast; new apartment; gentleman. Appointment, telephone Schuyler 8204.

WEST END AV., 672.—Large and single suite; private bath; electricity. Riverside 9042.

WEST END AV., 811 NEAR 89TH ST.
New, elegantly furnished large, small rooms; private baths; best location in city.

WEST END AV., 824.—Modern bachelor accommodations; service; breakfast; reference. Riverside 2050.

WEST END AV., 896.—Two connecting large front rooms, $10 weekly; electricity; private residence.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Floor, complete; light, airy; conveniences; "L," bus lines.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Double, single, bath, facing park, $10, $8, $5.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

BY gentleman, large rear room, 2 windows, for sleeping only; bath, telephone; $20 month. Address "Professional," L 395 Times Downtown.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Studios, large, small rooms; meals served; quiet surroundings.

51ST ST., (Madison Av., 1,060.)—Large room, suitable for two; refined house; one block from Central Park.

GENTLEMAN and wife will receive a man as guest in their home; every comfort and consideration; terms, $75 monthly. Address O 55 Times.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 30th St.)—Exclusively for women. Why not live at a hotel at a lower cost than a boarding house; Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; full hotel service; homelike, including high-class meals; $10 weekly and up. Phone Madison Square 616.

MADISON AV., 71.—Attractive large and small rooms; all conveniences; references.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large connecting rooms, private baths; unexcelled board; telephone.

50TH, 61 WEST.—Attractive double and single rooms, baths; electricity; exceptional table.

51ST, 58 WEST.—Large rooms, with private baths; table guests; references.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Very attractive rooms, baths; excellent table; rates; references.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms; private baths; references.

57TH, 333 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with or without board; references.

72D, 122 WEST.—Attractive rooms; also parlor floor; private baths; gentlemen; excellent board.

72D, 318 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Exclusive Pension; suite and large room; private baths; also small room; excellent table.

72D, 258 WEST.—Double room and bath; prices reasonable; table guests. Columbus 9687.

72D, 267 WEST.—Delightful, cool rooms, double and single; private bath; excellent table.

72D, 147 WEST.—Attractively furnished room, with private bath; table guest.

73D, 119 WEST, (TABLE BOARD.)—Desirable rooms; subway, elevated; references.

75TH, 56 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electricity; near park; table guests.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive large and small, airy rooms; excellent table; reasonable.

76TH, 289 WEST.—Large, small rooms; with, without baths; excellent table; fine location.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure second floor front, medium room; excellent board.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Select house; double rooms, baths; single, running water; excellent Southern cooking; dinners, 60c.

77TH, 123 WEST.—Desirable rooms; good table. Summer rates; table boarders; references.

77TH, 286 WEST.—Attractive rooms; all conveniences; Southern cooking; Summer rates. Riverside.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors, tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

80TH, 108 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, baths; wholesome home cooking; special low rates.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

83D ST., 40 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, private baths; excellent cuisine; table guests; references.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; gentlemen, couple appreciating superior table; homelike surrounding. Blumenfeld.

86TH, 137 WEST.—

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A LATE 1915 LOCOMOBILE, 6-48. Owner will sacrifice 6-48 touring; like new; only used 6,000 miles; fully equipped, with extra tires, tools, &c.; reasonable offer accepted. Manager, 761 Clymer St. Two blocks from Williamsburg Bridge, Brooklyn.

ATTRACTIVE BUYS!!
1917 LEXINGTON CHUMMY ROADSTER.
1916 LEXINGTON CHUMMY ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
1916 OLDSMOBILE TOURING.
1916 CHALMERS 6-30.
1914 CADILLAC TOURING.
LEXINGTON USED CAR DEPT.,
411 West 58th St. Columbus 1260.

BABY PEUGEOT, latest importation.
CADILLAC 1916 touring; like new.
STUTZ 1917 Roadster; wire wheels.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917 "6" Clubster.
STUTZ Roadster, 1914; excellent condition.
F. I. A. T. 1915 30 Fleetwood imported Tour.
CHALMERS 1916 Blue Ribbon Landaulet.
STUDEBAKER 1917 SEDAN.
OVERLAND 1917 Coupe; brand new.
BURRELLE, 1,704 Broadway, cor. 54th.

BARGAINS.
STUTZ 1915 BULLDOG.
CADILLAC 1915 "8" TOURING.
STUDEBAKER 1917 7-passenger, 6-cylinder.
STUDEBAKER 1917 SEDAN.
DODGE 1917 RUNABOUT.
BUICK 1916 "B55" 7-pass. touring.
OLDSMOBILE 1916 "48" TOURING.
OGLE 1915 5-pass. touring.
PACKARD 3-38 7-passenger touring.
MANY OTHERS.
GOTHAM AUTO EXCHANGE,
1,694 Broadway. Phone Circle 3515.
Open Evenings, and Sunday all Day.

BIANCHI RACEABOUT.
MERCER 1917 SEDAN—LIKE NEW.
MERCER 1916 "SPORTING 4."
STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG.
LANCIA SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1915 BULLDOG.
SIMPLEX 38 LANDAULET.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 B'WAY.

CADILLACS.—Touring, laudauiettes, limousines, coupes, $400 to $1,600; best cars made. Jandorf Automobile Co., 1,761 Broadway, near 57th.

CADILLAC, 7-passenger, 1914 model, used only during Summer months; looks like new, runs like new; sacrifice for $650. 559 West 23d.

CADILLAC, 1915, 8-cylinder runabout in A1 condition for sale, or will exchange for a larger car. Wm. Stickel & Co., 140 5th Av., City.

CADILLAC, 1915, 7-passenger touring; perfect condition; sacrifice. Karp, 1,790 Broadway, Col. 5322.

CADILLAC 1914 Phaeton; Westinghouse absorbers; perfect; $600. Owner, 214 W. 80th.

CHALMERS, 1916, seven-passenger, with sedan top, and touring car, absolutely perfect condition; will sacrifice if sold quick. John J. O'Donnell, 93 Jefferson St., Yonkers.

FRANKLIN 1916 convertible sedan; has been driven with exceptional care and in wonderful condition; tires good; paint fine; interior first-class; cost $2,850; will sell very reasonable. Mr. Art, 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. 3240 Mulberry.

LANCIA, 1917.
COLLAPSIBLE LANDAULET.
35 H. P. DE LUXE MODEL.
2180 Madison Sq.

LANCIA, 1917, TOURING;
35 H. P. DE LUXE MODEL.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
685 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

LOCOMOBILE, 1916, 38, 7-passenger touring; magnificent car; extras include two extra tires, tools; must be seen to be appreciated. 159 West 127th. Morningside 3960.

LOCOMOBILE, 6-38; used one season carefully; guaranteed mechanically perfect throughout; has electric starter, &c.; $750. 150 West 58th.

MARMON Model 34, 1917, run 3,500 miles, perfect condition, repainted any color desired. For interview call Beekman 4315.

MARMON 34 touring car; mechanically perfect; price reasonable. Blum, 741 6th Av. Tel. 5541 Madison.

MAXWELL touring, 1917, $450; slip covers, new tires and shoes, extra tire, shoe, rims, pump, jack. Call at private residence, 24 Lenox Road, Flatbush.

MERCER 22-72 1916 4-passenger sporting Six, wire wheels; price $1,950; no brokers. L 344 Times Downtown.

NATIONAL 12-16 Chummy Roadster; like new; cheap; Blue Ribbon. 1,700 B'way.

OLDSMOBILE, 1910 MODEL 43, light five-passenger touring; A1 condition throughout; guaranteed; $600. 150 West 58th.

OLDSMOBILE "8" roadster, late 1916, driven 700 miles only, practically brand new, $900. Phone Cortland 418.

PACKARD 1916 TWIN "6"
135 touring car, runs and looks like new; price $1,850. See Manager, 159 Clymer St., two blocks from Williamsburg Bridge, Brooklyn.

PACKARD, twin six, 135, 7-passenger touring; run 4,000 miles; perfect condition; sacrifice. Columbus 8222. 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD; 1917, BRAND NEW.
2-35 touring; special maroon color; no brokers need apply. L 342 Times Downtown.

PATHFINDER
1 CLOVER LEAF ROADSTER.
2 SEVEN PASSENGER TOURING CARS.
ALL IN EXCELLENT CONDITION.
1,875 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

RENAULT.—A beautiful limousine-landaulet Renault, 35-45 H. P.; a 1913 model, in first-class condition, equipped with Westinghouse shock springs.
Also, a Special Pullman, 48 H. P., 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring car; this car has a Rolls-Royce radiator and hood, with a victoria back; it is painted gray, and has only run 2,000 miles.
Both cars can be seen and tried by applying to George Stronach, Apthorp Garage, 214 West 80th St.

RENAULT, six cylinder, latest model touring body; very low price. R. E. Jones, 21 Central Park West.

SELL YOUR CAR AT AUCTION; QUICK DECISIONS; SATISFACTORY RESULTS. VAN TASSEL & KEARNEY SALES RING, 130-132 EAST 13TH ST.

SILENT KNIGHT, Limousine, six-cylinder model; in perfect condition; cost $6,100; owner will sell at bargain. R. E. Jones, 21 Central Park West.

SIMPLEX TOURING, 1914, 38;
ELECTRIC STARTING AND LIGHTING.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
685 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

SIMPLEX limousine, 38; any demonstration. Space 542, D. F. D. Garage, 77th St., Amsterdam Av.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 1917, light four, 5-passenger touring; double cowl body; newly painted Brewster green and black, yellow wheels; very desirable type; sold with new car guarantee by Mr. B. Stearns Used Car Department, 417 West 55th St.

STUTZ, 1916, BULLDOG SPECIAL.
MERCER, 1916, TOURING.
HUDSON, 1917, TOURING.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
685 5TH AV. PLAZA 4837.

STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
WALLACE, 1,739 BROADWAY.

WINTON Six, 1914 model, electric light, self-starter, overhauled and repainted, guaranteed. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE UNITED States District Court, for the Southern District of New York, held at the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of June, 1917. Present, Hon. Martin T. Manton, District Judge.—SUSQUEHANNA COAL COMPANY, Complainant, against INTERSTATE COAL COMPANY, INC., Defendant.—In equity 218-323.

Upon reading and filing the affidavit of Walter Peterson, verified the 5th day of June, 1917, and after hearing Abram J. Rose of counsel for the Receiver, and on motion of Kellogg & Rose, attorneys for said Receiver, it is

Ordered (1) that the notice of publication as hereinafter directed requiring all creditors and each of Interstate Coal Company, Inc., and all persons having claims of any kind against said company to exhibit their claims to said Receiver at a place to be specified in such notice and become parties to the above entitled suit within six months of the first publication of this order, and that in default thereof they be precluded from all benefit of the order or judgment which may be made in such suit and from any distribution which shall be made under such order or judgment, and (2) that this order be published once a week for three weeks, and that said notice be published once a week for six months in two newspapers published in the County of New York, to wit: The New York Times and The Daily News Record.

MANTON, U. S. D. J.

SUPERIOR COURT OF RICHMOND COUNTY, Georgia. May Term, 1915.—SMITH-MORE TRUST COMPANY vs. GEORGIA & FLORIDA RAILWAY.—In Equity.

To all parties to the above cause, and to all creditors of the Georgia and Florida Railway:

There exist issues between certain creditors of the Georgia and Florida Railway and the owners and holders of the First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Fifty-Year Gold Bonds of said Railway and of the General Mortgage Bonds of said Railway, as to who are entitled to priority of payment out of the assets of said Railway now in the hands of this Court through its Receivers. These issues will be heard and final judgment rendered thereon by this Court at its Court Room in Richmond County, Georgia, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 6th day of September, 1917. Let all those who wish to be heard be and appear at said time and place. After said date creditors cannot file their claims for the purpose of asserting such priority, except in accordance with the special order of this Court.

Witness, the Honorable Henry C. Hammond, Judge of the Superior Court of Richmond County, Georgia, this 15th day of May, 1917. D. KERR, Clerk,
Superior Court of Richmond County, Georgia.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

SALE OF USED CARS.
1916 WILLYS-KNIGHT.
Special Race Roadster, with large 40-gallon tank and trunk on rear; car cost new $1,650; only run 1,000 miles; owner bought Willys-Knight Eight.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway at 50th St.
Telephone Columbus 9400.

1917 WILLYS-KNIGHT.
Sedan; used during the Spring as demonstration car; will sell this very low.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway at 50th St.
Telephone Columbus 9400.

1916 OVERLAND TOURING CAR.
35 H. P., seating five comfortably; price attractive.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway at 50th St.
Telephone Columbus 9400.

1916 STUDEBAKER.
Six-cylinder, seven-passenger touring car in excellent condition; very low.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway at 50th St.
Telephone Columbus 9400.

1916 OVERLAND ROADSTER.
Excellent car for doctor or a lady to drive; very economical to operate; price right.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway at 50th St.
Telephone Columbus 9400.

TWO WILLYS-KNIGHT CLOSED CARS.
Suitable for taxicab service; engines practically noiseless; a demonstration will prove the quality of either of these cars; you can buy them on time payments.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway at 50th St.
Telephone Columbus 9400.

Automobiles for Hire.

BEAUTIFUL landaulet for rent, monthly preferred, reasonable rates. Call Wassel, Lenox 6211.

CADILLAC.—Beautiful limousine; large windows, coupe, day, or week; reasonable. Circle 2094.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 63d St. Phones 4219-3830 Bryant.

PACKARD.—Beautiful cars, by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARDS, twin and sixes, beautiful tourings; hour, day, monthly preferred. 1585 Plaza.

PACKARD limousine touring cars, $350 per month, with chauffeurs. Atlantic Coast Garage, Allenhurst, N. J.

PACKARD.—Beautiful new Packard touring, $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Morningside 7385.

PACKARD 7-passenger touring; monthly preferred. Gallo, 205 East 116th. Harlem 7595.

PACKARD, 7, touring, reasonable; monthly. De Bouver, 212 West 89th. 6200 Riverside.

PACKARD 6 touring, month, season. James Collins, 1502 Amst. Av. Schuyler 9600.

RENAULT landaulet; rates reasonable. Tel. Bryant 8252. Barr, 108 West 49th.

Automobiles Wanted.

CADILLAC 1916 Touring, or any other good make; must be in perfect order; no dealers. 2180 Madison Sq.

ROOMY seven-passenger touring body; also five-pass.; in good condition; cheap for cash. Address F 80 Times.

STUTZ.—Wanted, Stutz 1917 model only; what have you for cash? L., Times Harlem.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, Booklet I explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our classes. Be convinced. Ladies' 225 W. 57th St. classes. "Founded on Honesty at Broadway. 1909 Prospers on Merit."

Auto School. Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass W. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 302 W. 57th St. 7020. Spec. classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. 235 West 50th St. Ladies' classes.

COSMOPOLITAN AUTO SCHOOL, Practical. Thorough, moderate. Reliable. Ladies', 221 WEST 50TH ST. also Ford. Booklet.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.
Entire charge office, books; handle correspondence; good education, long, broad experience; $25; references. N 137 Times.

BOOKKEEPER — STENOGRAPHER. — Two years' experience; high school graduate; references; salary, $12. L 392 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, reliable, familiar with modern systems; best references; $15. O 42 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Complete charge; trial balances, controlling accounts, financial statements. L 393 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; expert; desires connection with reputable house; 8 years' experience. O 47 Times.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young girl wishes position. Dunne, 48 East 89th St., 1st apartment east. Phone Lenox 6862.

HOUSEKEEPER, American, Protestant, unsurpassed cook, wants position country for Summer. F 72 Times.

HOUSEWORKER.—Scotch Protestant; good cook, assist laundry; small family; references; sleep in or out. Wilson, 203 West 66th.

NURSE.—English, wishes to take charge of month old baby; testimonials and two years' reference; wages, $40. B. Helme, 46 Neptune Av., Far Rockaway.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—German; country preferred. 501 West 108th, Apartment 1A. Academy 1487.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, ambitious, seeks position with advancement. Z 219 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist; three years' experience; accurate, conscientious; $9. M 209 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY — STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, accurate, and intelligent worker, possessing tact and initiative; Hebrew; $16-$18; interview preferred. Address S 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Secretary, Confidential Assistant.—Highly educated; capable mastering technicalities grammatically; neat personality; age 22; five years one concern; capable making good; $18. S 230 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Six years' responsible, engineering experience; high school graduate; capable taking entire charge; excellent grammarian and mathematician; age 23; highest credentials; $15. L 200 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; high school graduate; 3 years' experience; knowledge bookkeeping; accurate; good penmanship; $12; highest credentials. L 824 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, Assistant Bookkeeper.—Experienced, competent; references; $15. R., 1,391 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER—SECRETARY.—Unusually accomplished; quick; executive; thoroughly reliable; $18. L 367 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Fast dictation; accurate typist; $10. Miss L., 1605 Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER.—4 years' practical experience, rapid worker; excellent references, $12. S 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge of bookkeeping, some experience, industrious, willing. Stenographer, 144 92d A.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; good education; general office routine; $12. L 856 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 17 years' experience, seeks position. Sarah Govelink, 756 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

TEACHER, experienced, wants to teach blind child. Zeigler Magazine, 280 W. 54th.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and clerical; 5 years' experience. (Party, 506 West 146th.

UNDERGRADUATE NURSE.—Practical experience; good reference; semi-invalid or elderly lady in country or going to country for Summer. Undergraduate, Times, Harlem.

Employment Agencies.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Experienced colored girls; excellent cooks; investigated references. Telephone Columbus 8165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits; $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, systematized, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT, college training, 5 years' mechanical, 2 years' bookkeeping, accounting experience, wants position where earnest effort is appreciated. O 40 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Capable junior, (24); over two years' experience; college education. L 809 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING COPY WRITER wants to connect with live, progressive agency or firm; have worked on largest national accounts; magazine, farm paper, newspaper, trade paper, and direct advertising; wide Chicago agency experience; age 31; married; samples and references. R. G. Gardner, 884 Riverside Drive, Apartment 12F.

AUDITOR, &c.—Auditor, office manager, competent executive, long experience, desires position with progressive concern. A. L., 210 East 21st.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, 27; eleven years' experience manufacturing, commission lines; experienced general sales, purchase, ledgers, payroll, correspondence, general office work. L 393 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, Office Manager.—American Christian, 31; now employed; thoroughly capable; splendid references; minimum salary $25. O 66 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; modern methods; trial balance; quickly acquainted with any line; desk and suit experience. S 216 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 19, assistant bookkeeper, 4 years last position; can take trial balance. A. E., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER.—General office man; seven years' experience; highest credentials. S. S., Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Cost accounting, controlling accounts; modern methods; six years' experience. Y 892 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Seven years' experience; capable of taking entire charge; at present employed; salary $22. O 44 Times.

BOY, 17, experienced with expert house, desires position; A1 references. S 379 Times Downtown.

BUILDING MANAGER will give all or part of time; expert constructor, alterations, repairs, collections, estates, corporations. O 10 Times.

BUSINESS MAN, 25, married, excellent correspondent, 10 years' business experience, wishes connection with strictly reliable house. D 269 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—American; temperate; excellent mechanic; long, clean record; exceptionally careful; highest reference; neat appearance; very polite; Pierce, Simplex, Cadillac, Stearns, Packard, Marmon, or similar. Bethel, 60 Manhattan Av. Riverside 7450.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.
Married; private family only; 11 years' experience; 5 years last employer; twin six Packard or Pierce preferred. Mack, 441 West 124th. Phone Morningside 7910.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, sober, careful driver, six years' experience, good references, wishes steady position with private family, city or country; any car. Zeronicky, 539 East 76th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Strictly temperate, energetic young man, 25, six years' experience, careful driver, unquestionable reference, desires private position, city or country; familiar with Cadillac 8; salary moderate. O 40 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.
Present employer laying up car; fourteen years' experience foreign, domestic cars; expert driver and competent mechanic. Phone Mount Vernon 163R.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. Lagergreen, care Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; 37; married; 16 years' experience; excellent private references; salary, $30. Muller, 56 West 96d. Riverside 6190.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, single, reliable, careful; city or country; excellent horseman. Phone Audubon 7170. W. Mooney, 398 Edgecombe Av.

CHAUFFEUR (32) wants position private; 8 years' experience. O 50 Times.

COAST REPRESENTATIVE, covering California, Washington, and Oregon, with Los Angeles office, wants an additional strong line of staples; new calling on notion, corset, and underwear departments in the better class stores in towns of 10,000 and over; gilt-edge credentials. J. Lyons, 2,973 Briggs Av., New York.

COMPANION, Secretary, Confidential Representative, Amateur Auto Operator.—By prepossessing American man, 41, of irreproachable legal, social, and educational standing. 480 Marlborough Road, Brooklyn, L. I.

EFFICIENCY ENGINEER,
with twelve years' broad experience and at present engaged in professional capacity, desires permanent connection with large concern as assistant manager or manager; graduate chemical engineer; American, 35 years old. O 8 Times.

ENGLISH college graduate, trained in English railway work, ex-chief accountant Central Cordoba Railway, Argentine Republic, South America, 7 years' experience in the Argentine, import and export, and as representative of several large American factories, desires to connect with good business house; references exceptional. Address O 2 Times.

FARMER.—Experienced gardener, married, take care of 4 farms to your full satisfaction. Address 1,287 2d Av. Telephone Plaza 4595.

FARM SUPERINTENDENT, theoretical and practical knowledge of modern farming, seeks engagement. Winkler, 1,904 Vyse Av., Bronx, N. Y.

MY QUALIFICATIONS—YOUR NEED.
19; now employed (cotton goods); of selling experience; correspondent; knowledge bookkeeping. Box 219 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, high school education, wishes office position; knowledge of stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping. Kerchof, 311 East 71st St.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Christian gentleman; 35; fully equipped to take charge of modern office; credits and collections; correspondence; many years' experience wholesale dry goods, commission, and kindred lines. O 59 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Thorough accountant, correspondent, stenographer; working knowledge Spanish; would travel if necessary. W. G., 163 East 125th.

OFFICE MANAGER and correspondent; middle aged, American; long experience in office work. Address, with particulars, S 308 Times Downtown.

PHYSICIAN of high professional standing in Paris wishes position or association with local practitioner or institution; credentials supplied at request. L 286 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE MANAGER, managing large estate, contemplating change; thoroughly understands everything pertaining to economical management of property; 9 years with one of largest real estate firms; highest reference. O 53 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young American, with highest references, experience, and exempt from military service, is desirous of becoming associated with concern where effort and results will be appreciated; willing to work on commission basis until actual results are demonstrated. F 78 Times.

SALESMAN, 31, neat appearing, educated, 8 years' successful record, selling staple and specialty lines South and Middle West; open for good line. O 57 Times.

SALESMAN, headquarters Binghamton, N.Y., would represent reputable concern handling staple line; salary and commission, leave Monday. O 52 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced traveling salesman (25) open for high-grade proposition; education. Wolf, 1,615 3d Av., City.

SALESMAN.—YOUNG MAN WISHES TO REPRESENT REPUTABLE HOUSE, PACIFIC COAST. O 60 TIMES.

SALESMAN. — EXPERIENCED GROCERY SPECIALTY; RESULT PRODUCER; BEST REFERENCES. L 389 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SIGN PAINTER.—With real estate or other concern. Bauer, 441 East 84th.

SPANISH CORRESPONDENT desires position and can use, gain experience; typewriter. O 65 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert stenographer and typist; seven years' experience; knowledge modern methods, cost, accounting, and office appliances; repair any standard typewriter; college education. O 1 Times.

VALET.—Competent Japanese; take entire charge gentleman's place; honest, reliable; neat appearance; experienced. Tomy, 47 Prospect Place, Manhattan.

WORKS MANAGER or Superintendent.—Extensive experience in modern manufacturing methods; expert at designing and planning floor space; production of interchangeable parts; executive ability, initiative; capable taking full charge of plant; will make salary concessions for position in New York or immediate vicinity. Address Confidential, Box 90, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St., New York.

YOUNG MAN (20) of refinement and good education desires to engage in some business or trade where there is opportunity for advancement; previous occupation private secretary; best of references from former employers. American, L 887 Times Downtown.

YOUTH, 17, American, bright, neat, and energetic, desires position where conscientious work and ability will lead to good future; two years' high school and business training; excellent references. O 46 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, college training, commercial education, year business experience. O 68 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position with reliable concern, anything. O 36 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

AD WRITER ASSISTANT.
A permanent job, with opportunity to become professional ad writer, is offered to a smart, educated young woman with literary ability and business training; work consists of rewriting newspaper ads and attending to correspondence; must operate typewriter rapidly; hours, 9 to 5; downtown office; state qualifications, religion, if living with parents, and salary wanted. S 312 Times Downtown.

AUDITORS.
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of a number of young ladies familiar with AUDITING DEPARTMENT WORK. Permanent positions, good salaries, and exceptional opportunities for advancement.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Have good positions for two young lady bookkeepers; reply in own handwriting stating age, experience, references and salary wanted; do not call; replies confidential. Burroughs Adding Machine Co., 217 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Lady of good experience, knowledge of typewriting and Italian preferred. Address, stating references, salary, Guindani, Room 561, 11 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady required in exporter's office; state experience and salary; good opportunity. D 177 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, for suburban gas company, to assist on consumers' ledgers; must be willing to live out of town; salary $65 to $75. D 261 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced; one familiar with trade journal bookkeeping preferred; salary to begin $30 a week. F 74 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, experienced, over 21; good salary; will advance. Thomas Loughman, Inc., 1,761 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, Experienced; one understanding controlling accounts. E 414 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, expert bookkeeper with knowledge of Italian; male or female. Apply 11 Broadway, Room 567.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT wanted for double entry set of books; give references, experience, and salary wanted. O 61 Times.

COOK and WAITRESS-LAUNDRESS wanted; experienced woman; references; one hour out of South shore, Long Island; private family of six. O 3 Times.

GIRL to operate Elliott Fisher billing machine; must have automobile accessory experience; references necessary; state salary, experience. T. B., Box 60, Room 1,305, 220 W. 42d St.

GIRL wanted who can read and write English; apply at the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 1,560 Amsterdam Av., between 136th and 138th Sts.

GIRL wanted in stock broker's office; must have good references; reply in own handwriting. D 270 Times Downtown.

GIRL who can do typewriting and billing; state age and salary. M 206 Times Downtown.

GIRL—High school education, to act as cashier and wrapper; references; apply today, Ivy Corset Shop, 448 5th Av.

HOUSEWORK.—English lady requires middle-aged woman; must be good plain cook, laundress; small house; good home; no children. L 1, Z 218 Times Annex.

MAID and mother's helper, refined, in New Rochelle, to assist in care of two boys attending school, ages 7 and 9 years; light household duties and mending; sympathy for children necessary; consideration and pleasant home for appreciative person; highest references; salary $30. Call Friday, between 10 and 11 A. M., at 16 West 60th St., New York City.

MAID wanted for general housework; industrious, no washing; references required. 89 Chestnut St., East Orange, N. J.

MATRON.—White; take charge ladies' retiring room local steamboat, attend passengers, and sell toilet articles; must live on board. Apply 2 West Broadway, 1 flight up.

MATRON.—White; take charge ladies' retiring room, railroad station, attend passengers, and sell toilet articles. Call 2 West Broadway, 1 flight up.

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted for two little girls; full particulars, age, and salary, or no attention paid. Z 208 Times Annex.

NURSE—A refined experienced English nurse for baby of 10 months; good references required. Apply 11-1 Hotel Savoy, Apartment 471.

NURSE. — German - American; a practical child's nurse for Elmhurst, L. I. 131 25th St., Elmhurst, L. I. Newtown 2093.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Opportunity young girl learn typewriting; ideal environment; Christian firm. D 21 Times.

REGISTERED SCHOOL FOR NURSES.
SYDENHAM HOSPITAL, 343 East 116th Street, New York City. A few vacancies exist for women desiring two or three years' training; diploma granted after passing successful examination. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses.

SALES MANAGERS.—Smart and active women to push sales in chain of toilet goods stands. 2 West Broadway, 1 flight up.

SECRETARY. Stenographer experienced theatrical office routine; permanent; mention references, salary. E 415 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and SECRETARY wanted; first class; female; American; must have good education, and be intelligent, rapid, and accurate; some knowledge of statistical and accounting work desirable; good salary to one who can qualify; others please not apply. Z 207 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady; 3 or more years' experience necessary; rapid and accurate; permanent position with large chemical house; salary $12 to $14. D 268 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady as stenographer and general office assistant; must be good at figures and billing; hours 8-5:30; salary $15; state age, reference, and last connection. Write Assistant, 8 Greenwich Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, competent stenographer; one having had experience in the steel, tool, and hardware business preferred; state salary and particulars. S 288 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Italian-American concern wants good, experienced stenographer, with knowledge of Italian preferred; references. Write or call, Guindani, Room 561, 11 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, Italian; must possess full knowledge of Italian language; rapid, accurate typist; state salary, references, and experience. L 384 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — Experienced, accurate, fast worker; give experience, salary expected. Address, with references, Thomas G. E. Norris, 11 Cliff St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced, refined, for permanent position in stock brokerage house. Apply Room 801, 61 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for patent office; state experience and salary. S 302 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish; experienced. 2801 Woolworth Building.

TYPIST.—French, English shorthand typist; thorough knowledge both languages. Caltucoli, 1,432 B'way.

WOMAN without any business experience, one who formerly was accustomed to luxury; a woman will be carefully instructed in our business; compensation on commission; woman with the right qualities may earn up to $5,000 a year and she need not be exceptional, simply of good education and good house; prefer a woman without any business experience, but if you have business experience state full particulars; also tell briefly of your education, your social connections and home life and why you are anxious to position. If you are not in earnest save your time and ours. Address M 204 Times Downtown.

WOMAN.—Wanted middle-aged woman, understands double entry bookkeeping and stenography; work in city for few weeks then go to Motortown, Conn; must be competent; state salary, experience and reference. O 56 Times.

YOUNG LADY wanted to fill vacancy in the organization of large manufacturer; splendid opportunity to gain experience in work along research lines; salary, standard office conditions; reply must state age, nationality, education, experience, and salary required. M 207 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted doctor's office; must have knowledge typewriting. Apply between 9-12, Dr. Horwitz, 65 West 73d.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS!!!

AN UNUSUAL NUMBER OF VERY GOOD POSITIONS AT $15 PER WEEK; WANT CAPABLE AND REFINED YOUNG WOMAN WHO CAN ADVANCE ON MERIT.

CALL 9 TO 1 DAILY.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
ROOM 725, 30 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

STANDARD COMMERCIAL BUREAU, Agency, 165 Madison Av., 34th St.—Worth-while positions with worth-while uptown and downtown firms for worth-while young business girls, beginners or experienced; No registration fee—just a standard. Miss Shelly, Prop.

STENOGRAPHERS, high class, $25-$20-$18-$15; Italian bookkeeper, $25; adding machine operators; ladies, knowledge mechanical drawing; girl messengers. Hirst Occupational Exchange, 96 Liberty St.

STENOGRAPHER, technical experience, $20; stenographer, bookkeeper, $15-$20. Gahagan's Agency, 256 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clerks; permanent. Doyle Agency, 154 Nassau; 39 East 42d.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllable Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Special Summer rates. Call, write, or telephone for free trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 527 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS TRAINING FOR WOMEN.
Business is already demanding trained women to fill actual and prospective vacancies—the greatest demand being for women trained in accounting and office procedures. Send for details of the 16-session Accounting Course for Women given at the Pace Institute, Hudson Terminal, afternoons or evenings. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N.Y.

$16
this week only, day or night, pays for complete course in stenography, typewriting, telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

Filing, Secretarial Course.—Instruction in day and evening classes; positions secured. Pace Institute of Filing, Singer Building, N.Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Cost accountant; general knowledge of manufacturing cost system, for assistant in a manufacturing plant located in Jersey City; prefer man with some shop experience. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and references. D 261 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT and auditor, by C. P. A. firm; unusually desirable permanent connection for high grade junior, competent set as senior, smaller audits; give full particulars, with salary expected to commence. L 400 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (over 21), in National Bank; must be willing, capable and accurate and furnish good references. Apply in own handwriting, stating salary desired. M 208 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted for mill city Western New York; married man preferred; must have experience and come well recommended; salary expected. M 202 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, (23,) experienced; must be good penman, accurate at figures, and come well recommended; state particulars and salary expected. D 181 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Familiar with opening new set of books and who understands cost accounting, for a small manufacturing concern. Room 1508, Equitable Building.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, with good credentials; plumbing lines; state age, experience, salary when applying. E 413 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, an assistant; one who has had some experience. L 390 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Stock broker's office experience; references. Apply Room 801, 61 Broadway.

BOYS for office work; must be 16 years old; we promote from the bottom; boys who enter our employ; excellent opportunities to advance themselves in position and salary. Call 10 A. M., Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

BOY.—Bright, ambitious boy for large office, between the hours of 8:30 P. M. and 12:30 A. M.; opportunity for advancement to one who comes well recommended; salary $6 weekly to start. Address, giving 'phone number, Z 212 Times Annex.

BOY wanted by large commission and importing house; experience not necessary; good chance for advancement. Apply in own handwriting, giving full particulars, O 28 Times.

BOY wanted, 15-16; manufacturing typist living home; write qualifications. O 39 Times.

BOY—Bright boy (16) wanted in architect's office; good opportunity for one with ambition. 48 Times.

BOY, bright, of good education and appearance, wanted, age 17-18 years. S 316 Times Downtown.

CASHIER, for first-class Broadway restaurant; $15 weekly and meals; state references. O 51 Times.

CLERK.—Man over 32 years old, who has had some experience in newspaper office preferred; must be quick and accurate; hours from 12:30 A. M. to 8:30 A. M.; opportunity for advancement; salary $15 week. Address, giving 'phone number, Z 211 Times Annex.

CLERK, Spanish-speaking, thorough knowledge of English, for shipping department in exporters' office; must have knowledge of typewriting; state age, experience, and salary. D 178 Times Downtown.

CONVERTER OF COTTON GOODS.
A well-known and long-established firm desires a competent man who understands grey goods, knows the best finishers for various cotton goods used by clothing and curtaining trades, and is conversant with getting up patterns in sleeve linings. None but experienced men need apply. An exceptional opportunity. Answers will be kept confidential. M 201 Times Downtown.

DIE SETTER on Bliss and other stamping presses; one with some knowledge of lathe work preferred. Address stating age, nationality, references and salary expected. Die Setter, 226 Times Downtown.

DRY CLEANER and spotter wanted, first class. Apply to Mr. Kift, Grant Hotel, between 9 and 10, Thursday morning.

ELECTRICAL DRAFTSMAN, familiar with wiring layout for motor and light wiring for industrial plants; apply by letter, giving experience and salary expected. P. O. Box 64, Wall Street Station.

ELECTR

FOYE TELLS STORY OF HIS TEMPTATION

Former Bank Employe, Who Took $200,000, Accuses Mrs. Briggs in Court.

LAWYER'S WIFE IN TEARS

Accused Woman Breaks Down When Foye Describes Their Past When She Was a Widow.

In the Centre Street Court, crowded with friends and neighbors, Mrs. Elizabeth Briggs, wife of F. Fossett Briggs, a lawyer, who, however, was not present, heard herself accused yesterday by James E. Foye, who was recently released from serving an indeterminate sentence for stealing $200,000 from Chandler Brothers & Co., bankers of 34 Pine Street. Mrs. Briggs was arrested at her home, 978 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, charged with receiving a part of this money.

Following Foye's arrest the bankers were able to recover $175,000 of the money he had taken. When Foye later applied for a pardon he was told that his chances of winning freedom were good if he would aid in the recovery of the remaining $25,000. Upon learning that Mrs. Briggs, who was Mrs. Austin, a widow, when he met her, had been married after his conviction, he told the authorities he had given her $21,000, and had spent $4,000 in having a good time, mostly in her company.

Foye, stylishly dressed and wearing a large diamond ring, told Magistrate Krotel that Mrs. Briggs had encouraged him to "take a chance" in order to make a fortune in an illegitimate way. He testified that he had a conversation with her during which he told her it was impossible for him to give her the things he desired because his salary of $75 a month from the Farmers Loan and Trust Company was inadequate. Foye said he was married, but was not living with his wife.

"I remarked to her that I could make a small fortune if I wanted to be crooked," Foye said. "She asked me how much I thought I could make this way and I told her at least $10,000 and perhaps $100,000. She said: 'That sounds good to me,' and I said, 'I'm liable to go to prison.'" Mrs. Briggs then said, according to the witness: "Why don't you get it, then?"

Mrs. Briggs, a tall and attractive brunette, listened to Foye's recital in silence, staring at him with a steady gaze while he occupied the stand. Only once, when he impugned her character, did she appear to be affected. Asked by Frederick McNish, attorney for Chandler Bros. & Co., how he had met Mrs. Briggs, Foye said he flirted with her on Christmas Day, 1912, while waiting for a car. Foye said he took her to dances and cabarets during the Winter and on several occasions posed as her husband at various hotels. At this Mrs. Briggs bowed her head and wept.

Foye said that he took some certificates of stock of the General Electric Company belonging to Chandler Brothers & Co. from the vaults of the Farmers Loan and Trust Company and negotiated a loan of $10,000 on them from Charles T. Brown & Co. in Philadelphia. This, he said, was the first of four illegal operations with the same bankers which netted him $200,000 before he was arrested and convicted.

"After I got the first $10,000 I called her up and we had dinner together," Foye said. "I told her that the suckers had swallowed the bait—hook, line, and sinker. She immediately suggested that we elope to California."

Foye told of meeting Mrs. Briggs in November, 1913, in a downtown restaurant, where he said he mentioned that he had just sent his wife $20,000 of the $90,000 he had taken thus far. Foye added that his wife returned the money to the rightful owners after his arrest.

"Mrs. Briggs insisted that I should give her an equal amount," Foye said. "I put two $5,000 bills and eleven $1,000 bills in an envelope and we took a taxicab to the Astor Trust Company. I gave her the envelope before we got out, cautioning her not to mention my name in opening her account. I left her at the bank, and we later met at the Waldorf-Astoria, where she said she had no trouble in banking the money. The extra $1,000 I gave her was to pay for some clothes and the expenses of the California trip."

After two bank clerks had testified Magistrate Krotel adjourned the examination until tomorrow, when Mrs. Briggs will be given an opportunity to testify. She refused to make any statement yesterday.

Aviation Student Saves Flag at Fire

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., June 6.—Fire damaged the dry goods store of A. L. Franck on Main Street last night, with a loss of about $5,000. When the fire broke out a flag was flying from a staff on the top of the building. Frank Barrett, a student at the Aviation Camp, saw it and climbed up a rain leader to the roof, hauled the flag down and wrapped it about his body. He was overcome by smoke, but when the firemen arrived he was brought down by Chief Harry Nichols and was revived at the Mercy Hospital.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Gentleman's solitaire diamond ring, 3¼ carats, glove setting, between subway station, 110th St. and Broadway and apartment at 233 West 109th St.; liberal reward. Return to Miner's Pharmacy, 203 Bowery. No questions asked.

LOST—Last Thursday, May 31, a small lunch kit containing a thermos bottle, around 89th St. and Riverside Drive, New York City. The finder will kindly return same to F. Gude, 21 Jay St., New York City, N. Y.

$50 REWARD—Lost, diamond bracelet, platinum setting, May 31, presumably at Globe Theatre or Sherry's; no questions asked if returned to 1 East 55th St. or telephone Lenox 159.

LOST—Monday afternoon, between 51st and 135th St., lady's brooch containing about forty-three diamonds and three pearls; liberal reward. Notify P. F. Devine, 404 West 51st St.

LOST—Diamond onyx circle pin, Saturday night, in Globe Theatre or between theatre and carriage door; liberal reward if returned to Miss Keegan, 4 East 85th St.

LOST—Gold diamond-shaped pin with S. C. in white enamel; "Anna Tigafus, 1910," engraved on back; reward. A. S. Cushman, 225 East 17th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Automobile rear seat, with slip cover, on road between Centreport and Bayville, L. I.; owner will reward. William Olvany, 177 Christopher, N. Y. C.

LOST—Kodak 1A, folding, at Riverside Park and 142d St.; reward to finder. William S. Peters, Jr., 644 Riverside Drive.

LOST.—Skunk scarf, ladies' room, Grand Central; reward. 34 Neptune Av., New Rochelle.

FOUND—Lady's watch, on Maiden Lane. Address, with identification, Finder, L 376 Times Downtown.

LOST.—A bar pin, diamonds, jet, three pearls; very liberal reward. Phone 3466 Columbus.

LOST—Gold watch, chain, pencil, pin attached. Finder phone 8169 Schuyler; reward.

LOST—On 3d Av. surface car, bead purse with gilt top and chain. Finder return to 226 East 17th.

LOST—Ring, 3 opals, initials M. E. B., ladies' room, Grand Central, Monday evening. Room 1908, 15 William.

LOST—Fur boa, taxicab, from Eltinge Theatre; reward. Fulton, 46 Washington Square South.

LOST—Gold ring with solitaire diamond. Telephone Schuyler 4620. Apartment 9-D.

$25 REWARD for gold meshbag, lost June 6, vicinity 6th Av. and 34th St., or on 6th Av. car between 23d and 34th Sts. TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av. and 37th St.

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BUY A BOND OR QUIT, SUNDAY COMMANDS

Tells All Persons Unwilling to Help Liberty Loan to Keep Away from Tabernacle.

PREDICTS U-BOATS' FAILURE

Sermon on "The Atonement" at Night Heard by Delegations from Industrial Plants.

"If you haven't got a Liberty bond you needn't come around" was Billy Sunday's salutation to an audience of 14,000 in the Tabernacle last night. "Unless you already have taken at least one of the bonds or intend to do so, don't come back here again. I think I'll put a booth on the platform here so that you can get a bond at any time. Yes, and we will have the doors closed and not let you out until you buy. We'll get you some way. If you won't volunteer to buy a bond we'll hold you up."

Charles E. Mitchell of the National City Company preceded Sunday with a plea for support of the Liberty Loan. He said:

"You can't stop Krupp guns by waving flags and singing 'The Star-Spangled Banner.' Every American who cannot go to the firing line should subscribe to the Libery Loan."

In a brief reference to the situation in Russia Sunday said: "I am glad we have representatives in Russia headed by Root. I believe they will be able to bring the factions into line for the common good and strengthen the weak places in the Provisional Government. As for the Allies' lines in the west, they will not give way."

Sunday declared that if Germany could have subdued the British fleet, New York would already have felt the Prussian wrath. He predicted that Americans would find a way to master the U-boat menace. Then he challenged criticism of the statement with this remark:

"If you don't like my pro-American talk you can beat it. We are going to get some one here every night to make an appeal for the Liberty Loan—among whom will be Frank A. Vanderlip, George F. Baker, and George W. Perkins."

"Get Teddy!" shouted a man near the platform.

"Yes, we'll get Teddy, too," said Sunday. "That is the only mistake, I think, that the Administration has made—not permitting Colonel Roosevelt to go to the front; but I'm back of the Government in everything else it has done."

In the evening Sunday preached on "The Atonement." He said:

"If any one tells me he has tossed aside the plan of atonement by blood, I say, what have you to offer that is better? Until they can show me something that is better I'll nail my hopes to the cross. If it wasn't for the atonement you might as well rip the roofs off the churches and burn them down."

Among the delegations at night were 4,000 employes of R. H. Macy & Co., 1,500 Standard Oil employes, and a delegation from the Staten Island Shipbuilding Company's plant.

Sunday's subject in the afternoon was "The Potter and the Clay." The number of trail hitters at the two services was 1,365.

Miss Grace Saxe of the Sunday party held services yesterday by invitation at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Baker, 8 East Seventy-fifth Street, for an audience of 300 women. This morning at 10:45 o'clock Sunday will speak at a drawing room meeting in the home of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Perkins, at Riverdale.

France Honors Mrs. Tyler.

PARIS, June 6.—President Poincaré has conferred on Mrs. Royall Tyler the gold medal for devotion, in recognition of her untiring work since the beginning of the war as Vice President of the American Hospital for Refugees and of the Association for the Children of Flanders.

POLES HERE THRILLED BY POINCARE'S ACTION

Think Creation of Separate Army in France Will Unite Their Various Factions.

Poles in New York were thrilled yesterday by the news from Paris that President Poincaré issued an order authorizing the Poles in the French ranks to organize themselves into a separate army, and fight as one of the Allies under the flag that was theirs before Poland lost her independence. President Poincaré's order was interpreted here as an open recognition of Polish independence, coming at a timely moment, and being of exceptional value to the Allies because it would serve to draw the disorganized Polish elements together in a united effort to defeat Germany in order that their independence as a nation might become a real and lasting fact.

"If the Allies had all recognized Polish independence at the beginning of the war," said W. A. Nazur, editor of the Polish Telegramme, yesterday, "they would have instilled so much fight and enthusiasm into the Polish people that the Germans could never have made such a devastating sweep of the eastern front. The Polish are the best fighters in the world if you only give them a cause to fight for, and the recognition of their independence as a nation by England and France at the beginning of the war would have been just such a cause. It would have brought together at once 20,000,000 people, ready to hurl themselves into a war for freedom and democracy.

"The Poles, whether they be Austrian, German or Russian subjects, cannot but help feel that now they have a common cause, the restoration of their own independence, which cannot be accomplished, however, without first bringing Germany to her knees and crushing German militarism. So long as the German menace prevails, they know now, they cannot hope for the freedom which the Allies are willing that they should have."

GREEKS BATTLE IN CHURCH.

Venizelists Win Victory in Row Over Prayer for King.

A miniature civil war between Venizelists and the supporters of King Constantine of Greece was fought in the basement of the St. Constantine's Greek Orthodox Church at 64 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, last night when the Constantine faction sought to expel the pastor of the church for omitting the usual custom of saying "Long Live the King" in every Sunday prayer.

Police were called to untangle the difficulties, and while the king's men were at the Adams Street police station making complaints about the religious, political, and military zeal of the Venizelists, the supporters of the pro-Ally ex-Premier elected a Board of Trustees and informed the pastor of the church, the Rev. Stephano Papamacaronis, that he could omit to pray for the King. One arrest was made.

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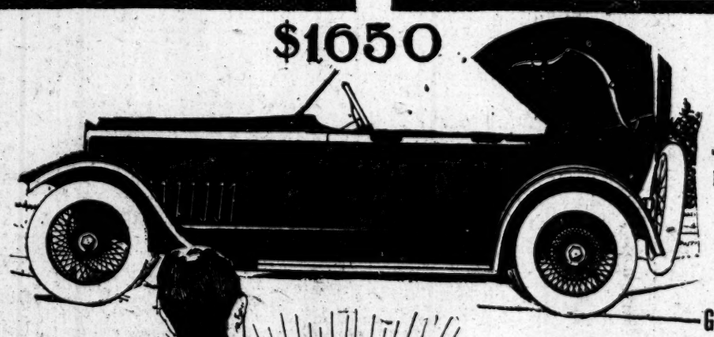

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What Happened Yesterday in Western Business?

Read C. B. Evans, editor of the Economist, in the Business Section of today's Public Ledger. His dispatch from Chicago gives not merely the customary figures of trading, but the undercurrent of commercial thought and the trend of business affairs that accurately show what the West is thinking and doing.

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